OLYMPUS OM-10 REPAIR MANUAL



OLYMPUS OPTICAL CO., LTD. TOKYO, JAPAN

PARTS LIST AND EXPLODED PARTS DIAGRAM

EXPLANATION OF MARKS

1	Indicates parts that are supplied both as a single piece and as an assembled unit. In the latter case, the single part is incorporated in the assembled unit indicated with the mark () are not supplied in single pieces. (Parts that are supplied only in single pieces are not indicated with any mark. While parts that are supplied as an assembled unit are prefixed with "Z" or "U".)
]	Several types of parts for the same position are available, from which most suitable one is to be selected.
* 3	Parts differ according to different models and types. This mark is used to indicate various combinations in a picture.
\cap	Left-handed screw. The mate screw hole is not marked particularly.
X	Indicates parts that should not be touched directly by bare hand because special surface treatment is applied. Wear fingerstalls or use tweezers.
*	Not supplied as a repair part.
	Used exclusively for black finish models.
	Indicates original parts. New, modified ones are not indicated with this mark. Both original and modified parts are supplied.
_	No more available parts due to design change or out of stock.
×<	A correction mark. Parts with this mark are not available.
〈 2 〉	Modified parts that are unable to show in the technical manual. The figure indicates reference page number.
2-A3	This notation is entered in the "Remarks" column of parts list and indicates parts position in the technical manual. 2-A3 Parts position. The technical manual is divided into 16 equal sections. Each section can be identified by using A, B, C and D from left to right and 1, 2, 3 and 4 from top to bottom. Indicates page number in which the technical manual appears. However, 1/1 (page 1 of 1) is not indicated particularly.

			(Q'ty used/
PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	NOTE	per unit
		1100 2.10	
CA738100	STOPPER SCREW	4 - B4	(1)
CA796300	E RING	4 - C1	(2)
CA807600	TUBE	3 - A3	(2)
CA841800	STOPPER SCREW	8 - C2	(1)
CA841900	HOOKING LEVER	8 - B2	(1)
CA842100	HOOKING LEVER SPRING	8 - B2	(1)
CA842200	TUBE 2	8 - D2	(1)
CA842300	RETURNING	8 - C2	(1)
CA843100	TUBE 1	0 02	(1)
CA843400	HOOK SPRING	8 - C2	
CA843700	MS SPRING	8 - C2	(1)
			(1)
CA844600	M RING	8 - D2	(1)
CA844700	M SPRING	8 - D2	(1)
CA844800	CONNECTING LEVER SPRING	8 - D2	(1)
CA846300	E RING 0.8	5 - C1, 8 - B3	(2)
CA849900	B MASK	4 - D3	(1)
CA852300	PLATE L	4 - C1	(1)
CA852900	ROLLER B	4 - B1, 4 - C2	(2)
CA853100	TENSION NUT	4 - B4	(2)
CA853200	TENSION NUT STOPPER	4 - B4	(1)
CA858900	1st C, SPRING	5 - A2	(1)
CA859400	1st C. SPRING	5 - A2	(1)
CA859800	WASHER	3 - A1	(1)
CA871600	R COLLAR SPRING	7 - C1	(1)
CA872200	KEY SPRING	1 - D2	(1)
CA874600	LIGHT PROOF R		
CA877000		1 - A3	(1)
	SPOOL SPRING	2 - B2	(1)
CA881500	S TUBE SHAFT HOLDER	3 - D2	(1)
CA881600	GEAR NO.1	3 - D2	(1)
CA881700	GEAR NO.1 SCREW	3 - D2	(1)
CA881800	GEAR NO.1 SPRING	3 - D2	(1)
CA881900	K CLAW	3 - D2	(1)
CA882100	CHECKING LEVER	3 - D1	(1)
CA882400	LOCK LEVER	3 - D1 short	(1/2)
CA882600	LOCK SPRING	3 - D1, 3 - D2	(2)
CA882700	SHAFT NO. 2	3 - C1	(1)
CA884000	S WINDING PLATE	3 - B2	(1)
CA884100	GEAR NO.4 BASE	3 - C2	(1)
CA884300	SHAFT NO.4	3 - B2	(1)
CA884800	KS SHAFT	3 - B2	(1)
CA884900	KS SPRING	3 - B2	(1)
CA885100	GEAR NO.3 SPRING	3 - B2	(1)
CA885200	SHAFT NO.4 SCREW	3 - C1	(1)
CA885400	S RING	3 - C2	
CA885700	BASE PLATE SHAFT		(1)
CA885900		3 - C2	(1)
	BULB PALTE SCREW	3 - C1	(1)
CA886100	RETURNING SPRING	3 - C1	(1)
CA886400	KL SHAFT	3 - B1	(1)
CA888800	MOUNT SPRING	6 - C4	(3)
CA889700	FP SYNCHRO CONTACT POINT	1-B2, 4-A3, 6-A1, 8-C3	(4)
CA890000	INSULATING PLATE	6 - B1	(1)
CA907000	C SCREW	3 - D3	(1)
CA908400	BUTTON SHAFT	3 - D4	(1)
CA910600	SHIM 1	t 0.01 6 - B2	(0 - 4/3)
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	mttp.//orympus.u	vincina.org/11a	uwait

NAME OF PARTS

LIGHT PROOF PADDING

L HOLDER WASHER

ADJUSTING PLATE

3G SPRING HOLDER

M LEVER SHAFT

RUBBER BAND LOWER STOPPER

BULB PLATE

RUBBER BAND 3

STOPPER PLATE

X CONTACT POINT

BULB PLATE 2

LOCK LEVER 2

SW WASHER

FELT C

TAPE

LIGHT PROOF PADDING (UPPER)

SHIM 2

SHIM 3

GUIDE

L HOLDER

M HOLDER

FORNT SCREW

PARTS NO.

CA910700

CA915400

CA915500

CA915600

CA917000

CA917400

CA917500

CA917600

CA919200

CA937400

CA937700

CA937900

CA938000

CA938900

CA946400

CA947200

CA948800

CA949100

CA949400

CA961100

CA965500

CA968800

CA989700

				MDJ	2/8
				(Q'ty	
	NOTE			per u	
r ().	03 6	- B2		(0 ~ 4	(3)
	- B2			(2	
6	- B2			(4	1)
	- B3			(2	
		- B2		(0 ~ 4	
	- D1			(1	
	- D1			(1	
	- C2			(0-	
	- B1			(1	
	- B3			(1	
	- C2			(1	
	- B2			(1	
		unch 1	3 - C1		
	- A3		_	(0~	
	- C2			(2	
w/oval			Dl	(1/	
4	- B4			(1	
t 0.	4 2	- C3		(0~1	To a Charles
		h 3 -	C1	(1/	
5	- C3			(1)
1	- 01			(1	1
	- C4			(1	
	- B1			(1	
6	- B1			(2	
	- B1			(1	
	- D3			(2	
	- C1			(1	
	- C2			(1)
				(3)
	- C1			(1	
	- C2			(1	
	- B2			(1	
	- C3			(1	
3	- Al			(1)
5	- B3			(1	
	- C3			(3	
2	- C3			(1	
	- D3			(1	
2	- D3			(1)
4	- A4			(1	
	- B3			(1	
	- B2			(1/	
-				1000	7.1

CE051400 TRIPOD SOCKET 1 CE057800 SR TUBE 8 CE 05 79 00 F CONTACT (UPPER) 6 CE058200 F SCREW CE066500 INSULATOR 6 CE 06 7300 B LIGHT PROOF CE070600 COLLAR SPRING HOLDER CE070700 R SPRING 7 CE071600 R COLLAR 1 CE073000 TUBE CE081100 UPPER PLATE 5 CE082300 REAR SHAFT 5 CE086100 GEAR SCREW 5 CE086700 GEAR SHAFT CE088300 MR SHAFT 5 CE088400 PLATE 3 CE089900 GEAR SHAFT 5 CE094000 TOOTH STOPPER 18 CE100100 T FASTENER 2 CE100200 T CONTACT A 2 CE100300 T CONTACT B 2 CE100400 T CONTACT C CE112200 CELL PLATE CE126600 LOWER BASE PLATE CE126900 WINDING PIN CE127000 WINDING GEAR 1 CE127200 RING 2 - C1 (4) CE127400 SPRING (1) http://olympus.dementia.org/Hardware

PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	NOTE	(Q'ty used/ per unit)
CE127500	SPRING	2 - C2	(1)
CE127600	SPRING	2 - C2	(1)
CE128200	IDLER 2	2 - B3	(1/3)
CE128300	FILM COUNTER GEAR	2 - B3	(1)
CE128600	FILM COUNTER SPRING 1	2 - C1	(1)
CE128700	FILM COUNTER LC	2 - A1	(1)
CE128800	FILM COUNTER SPRING 2	2 - A1	(1)
CE128900	FILM COUNTER STOPPER	2 - A1	(1)
CE129300	SPROCKET	3 - A2	(1)
CE129400	TAPE	t 0.5 2 - C3	(0~1/2)
CE129600	WASHER	2 - B1	(1)
CE129700	WINDING GEAR 12	2 - 61	(1/2)
CE129900	IDLER 22	2 - B3	(1/3)
CE130000	IDLER 23	2 - B3	(1/3)
CE200100	DIECAST BODY	Not on sale 1 - D3	
CE200700	B RUBBER	1 - B2	(1)
CE200900	FW LEVER HOLDER	1 - A1	(1)
CE201000	FILM COUNTER COVER	1 - B2	
CE201400	R KNOB	1 - D1	(1)
CE201600	R PLATE	1 - D1	(1) (1/2)
CE201700	R SPRING	1 - 61	
CE201800	R SCREW	1 - C1	(1)
CE202200	HOT SHOE	1 - B1	(1)
CE202400	M WASHER	1 - D2	(1)
CE 202500	A BOARD WASHER	7 - B3	(1) (1)
CE202800	H, SCREW	1 - B1, 7 - A2	
CE 203100	SW FASTENER	1 - B1	(2)
CE203200	A NAME PALTE	1 - 81	(1)
CE203300	KNOB FASTENER	1 - B1	(1) (1)
CE203400	A BOARD STOPPER	7 - B3	
CE203600	SW KNOB	1 - B1	(1)
CE203700	M PIN	6 - D1	(1)
CE203800	R.P. MARK	1 - C2	(1)
CE204100	DISK	1 - A1	(1) (1)
CE204200	FW LEVER WASHER	1 - A2	(1)
CE204300	R PLATE 2	1 - D1	(1/2)
CE204400	SPRING	1 - B1	(1)
CE204700	SW CLICK	1 - B2	(1)
CE205000	U INSULATOR 1	1 - C2	(1)
CE205100	U INSULATOR 2	1 - C2	(1)
CE205400	U INSULATOR 3	1 - C2	(1)
CE210300	REAR LEATHER	1 - B2	(1)
CE210800	SHAFT	1 - A4	
CE211000	KEY TAPE	1 - B3	(1)
CE211100	SIDE TAPE	1 - A4	(1)
CE211200	RUBBER TAPE	1 - B4	(1)
CE211300	UPPER TAPE L	1 - A3	(1)
CE211400	LOWER TAPE	1 - A4	(1)
CE211500	FRONT LEATHER L	6 - D2	(1)
CE211600	FRONT LEATHER R	6 - A2	(1)
CE211700	SPOOL B	2 - B3	(1)
CE211800	R SHAFT HOLDER	7 - C1	(1)
CE211900	R SHAFT	1 - B3	(1) (1)

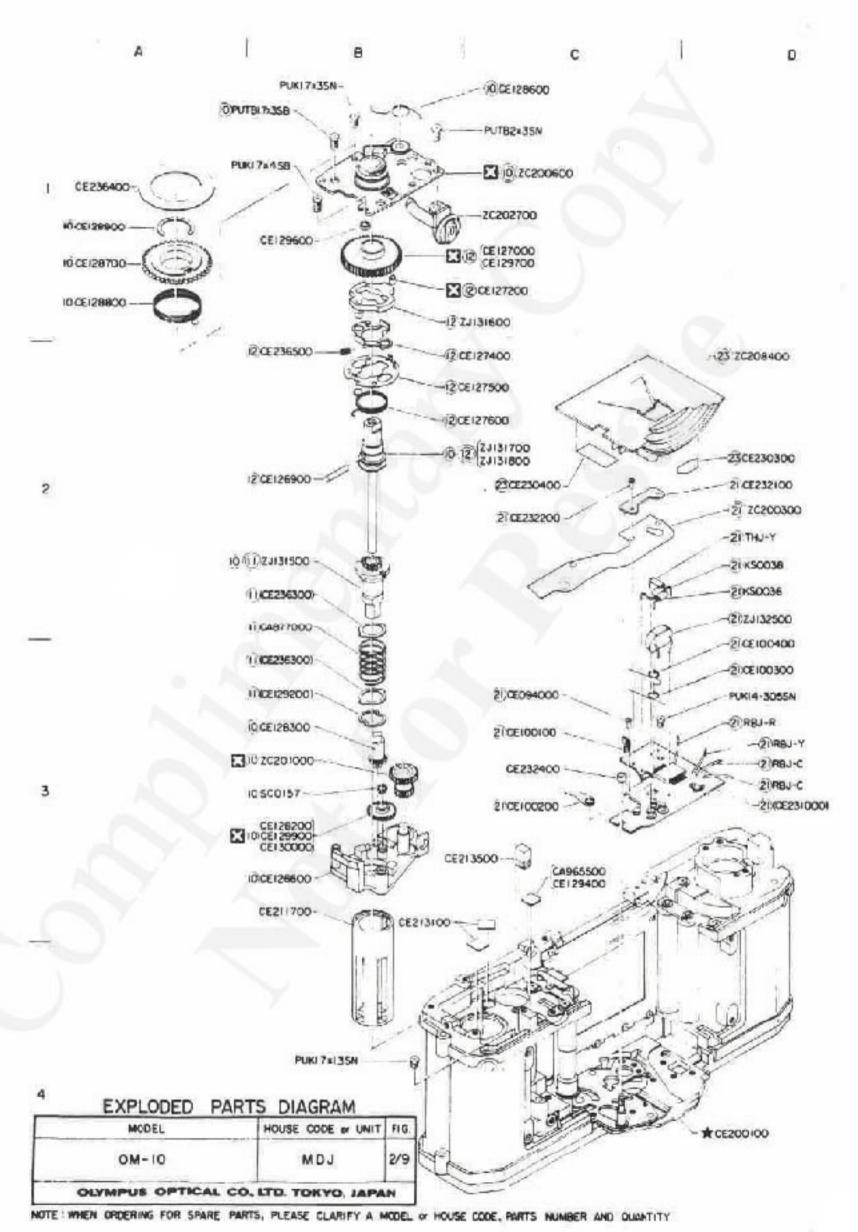
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PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	NOTE	(Q'ty used/ per unit)
CE212100	KEY COVER	1 - D3	(1)
CE212700	SPRING	4 - A4	(1)
CE212800	COVER	1 - B4	(1)
CE213100	BLACK TAPE	2 - B3	(2)
CE213300	STRAP EYELET	1 - D3	(1)
CE213400	SP 18	1 - C3	(1)
CE213500	LIGHT PROOF TAPE	2 - C3	(1)
CE214000	P LIGHT PROOF	1 - B3	(2)
CE214100	CELL BASE	4 - A4	(1)
CE220100	CC LEAD	3 - C4	(1)
CE220200	SPRING		
CE220200	SPRING	3 - C3	(1)
CE220500	CC CAM HOLDER	3 - C4	(1)
CE221600		3 - C2	(1)
	M RELEASE	5 - C3	(1)
CE222700	ME GUIDE	3 - C1	(1)
CE223100	TUBE	3 - A2	(1)
CE230300	T INSULATOR	2 - D2	(1)
CE230400	T TAPE	2 - C2	(1)
CE231400	L FRAME	7 - A1	(1)
CE232100	FPC HOLDER	2 - D2	(1)
CE232200	CONNECTOR 182	2 - C2	(2)
CE232400	JM FASTENER	2 - C3	(1)
CE236400	FILM COUNTER	2 - Al	(1)
CE236500	SPRING 2	2 - B2	(2)
CE240100	S UPPER PLATE	5 - C1	(1)
CE240200	GEAR BM	5 - B2	(1)
CE240300	GEAR AM	5 - B2	(1)
CE240800	SPRING	5 - C2	(1)
CE240900	SPRING	5 - C1	(1)
CE241300	MG BASE	5 - D3	(1)
CE241400	м ноок	5 - A2	(1)
CE241600	M HOOK SPRING	5 - A2	(1)
CE241700	CLAW	5 - A2	(1/2)
CE241800	SHAFT	5 - A2	(1)
CE241900	KS WASHER	3 - C2	(1)
CE242000	CURTAIN SHAFT	4 - B2	(1)
CE242200	GUIDE	4 - B2	(2)
CE242300	CURTAIN SHAFT BM	4 - B2	(1)
CE244200	REAR RING	5 - C2	(1)
CE244400	PLATE	5 - C2	(1)
CE244600	U. STOPPER	4 - B1	(1)
CE244900	SPRING	5 - C2	
CE245100	FELT D	4 - C4	(1)
CE245300	WASHER		(1)
CE245500	FELT A	5 - D3	(1)
CE245600		4 - C4	(1)
	FELT B	4 - D3	(1)
CE246100	A LEVER SPRING	5 - C2	(1)
CE246200	B LEVER SPRING	5 - A2	(1)
CE246300	CLAW 2	5 - A2	(1/2)
CE246400	T TUBE	5 - C2	(1)
CE250200	1M TAPE	8 - A2	(2)
CE250300	F COVER 1	6 - C1	(1)
CE250400	F COVER 2	6 - A2	(1)
CE250500	S FRAME	7 - B2	(1)
CE250700	INDICATOR BASE	7 = A1	(1)
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			(Q'ty used/
PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	NOTE	per unit
CE250800	L INSULATOR	7 - A1	(1)
CE250900	U. MOLT	6 - D2	(1)
CE251100	MS TUBE	8 - C2	(1)
CE251400	MF INSULATOR	6 - B1	(1)
CE251500	LIGHTPROOF	8 - A2	(1)
CE251600	F INSULATOR	6 - B1	(1)
CE251700	F CONTACT	6 - Bl	(1)
CE251800	M LEVER SHAFT	8 - C1	(1)
CE251900	SW TUBE	6 - B1	(2)
CE252600	L. COVER	6 - D2	(1)
CE 25 2700	PC INSULATOR	6 - Al	(1)
CE253000	RIGHT SIDE COVER	8 - B3	(1)
CE253100	C COVER 2	7 - C2	(1)
CE 25 3200	L COVER	6 - A2	(1)
CE253300	P FASTENER	7 - C2	(1)
CE253400	P FRAME	7 - C2	(1)
CE253500	F FASTENER	6 - D2	(1)
CE253600	F FASTENER 2	6 - C1	(1)
CE253700	F WASHER	t 0.2 7 - C3	(1/3)
CE253900	PC COVER	6 - A2	(1)
CE254500	FRONT COVER	6 - C3	(1)
CE254600	B MOUNT	6 - D3	(1)
CE254700	P COVER	7 - C2	(1)
CE254800	F WASHER 10	t 0.1 7 - C3	(1/3)
CE254900	F WASHER 35	t 0.35 7 - C3	(1/3)
CE255000	L MASK	7 - A2	(1)
CE255100	F COVER WASHER	6 - C2	(4)
CE260200	M STOPPER	8 - A3	(1)
CE260300	SPRING	8 - A3	(1)
CE260400	STOPPER SHAFT	8 - A3	(1)
CE261500	CUSHION	8 - A2	(1)
CE261600	45 RUBBER	8 - A2	(1)
CE261800	45 PLATE	8 - A3	(1)
CE261900	45 SCREW	8 - A3	(1)
CE262200	ML SPRING	8 - A3	(1)
CE262300	K STOPPER PLATE	8 - B3	(1)
LC408600	PENTAPRISM	7	(1)
LC409000	MIRROR (IM)	7 - C2	(1)
LC409100	M SPLIT	8 - B2	(1) (1)
10,10,100	0.011	7 - C3	(1)
SC0155	B THREAD	Length 10m 6 - A3	(1)
SC0156	CLIP 15	8 - B3	(1)
SC0157	CLIP 20	2 - B3	(1)
SC0158	MR 90	1 - D1	(1)
		± 11±	277
ES1008	DIODE	D101 1SS53	(1)
ES5010	CdS CELL	P201	(1)
ES7001	PCV	SP101 7PB-206A	(1)
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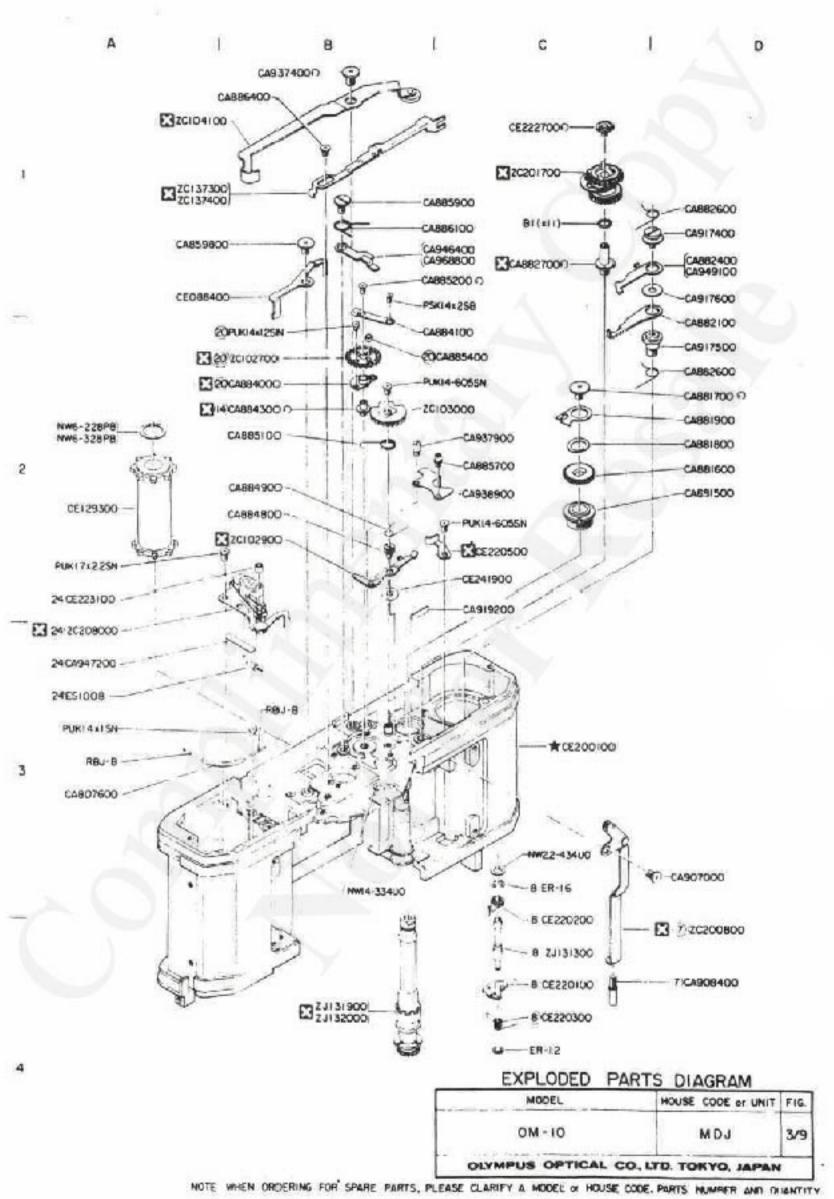
DS 800 3	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	NOTE	(Q'ty used/ per unit
DS8004 V. RESISTOR RV203, 204, 205 (3)	DS 8003	V. RESISTOR	RV103	(1)
RS0034	DS 8004			
RS0034	KS0033	CONDENSER	C101	(1/4)
RS0035	KS0034	CONDENSER		
RS0036	KS0035	CONDENSER		
RS0037 CONDENSER C103 6800pf 50V CERRANIC (1)	KS0036	CONDENSER	그들으로 살았다. 그 그 이 이 생생님이 있는 것이지 않아요 하는데 하는데 하는데 하는데 하면 하면 하는데 하는데 하다 하다.	
RS0038	KS0037	CONDENSER		
KS0039 CONDENSER C105, C201 0.022µF TANTALUM (2)	KS0038	CONDENSER	마이를 하고 있었다. 그 그렇게 하게 하는 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그	
RS0040 CONDENSER C202 10µF TANTALUM (1) RS00541 CONDENSER C203 1000pF CERRAMIC TIP (1)	KS0039	CONDENSER		
RS0041 CONDENSER C203 1000pF CERRATIC TIP (1)	KS0040	CONDENSER		
RS0120 RESISTOR R201 C.1MΩ 1/8W (1)	KS0041	CONDENSER	그 사람이 가는 어떻게 되었다. 그 사람들은 사람들이 되었다면 하는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는데	
RS0121 RESISTOR R202, R203 C.10MQ 1/16W (2) RS0122 RESISTOR R204 C.330KQ 1/8W (1) RS0123 RESISTOR R205 C.180KQ 1/8W (1) RS0124 RESISTOR R105 C.160Q 1/8W (1) RBJ-A LEAD WIRE (BLUE) Length: 10m RBJ-B LEAD WIRE (BLACK) Length: 10m RBJ-C LEAD WIRE (BROWN) Length: 10m RBJ-G LEAD WIRE (ORANGE) Length: 10m RBJ-G LEAD WIRE (OREEN) Length: 10m RBJ-H LEAD WIRE (WILET) Length: 10m RBJ-W LEAD WIRE (WHITE) Length: 10m RBJ-W LEAD WIRE (WHITE) Length: 10m RBJ-Y LEAD WIRE (YELLOW) Length: 10m RBJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 0.7d length: 5m TKJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 3.00 length: 5m TE-N TUBE Inside diameter: 3.00 length: 5m TC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC102700 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC102700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 SIDE PLATE LASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL PLATE 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.40 3 - A1 (1/2)	KS0056	CONDENSER		
RESISTOR R204 C.330KΩ 1/8W (1)	RS0120	RESISTOR	R201 C.1MΩ 1/8W	(1)
RS0122 RESISTOR R204 C.330KΩ 1/8W (1) RS0123 RESISTOR R205 C.180KΩ 1/8W (1) RS0124 RESISTOR R105 C.160Ω 1/8W (1) RBJ-A LEAD WIRE (BLUE) Length: 10m RBJ-B LEAD WIRE (BROWN) Length: 10m RBJ-C LEAD WIRE (BROWN) Length: 10m RBJ-G LEAD WIRE (GREEN) Length: 10m RBJ-H LEAD WIRE (GREEN) Length: 10m RBJ-G LEAD WIRE (GREEN) Length: 10m RBJ-W LEAD WIRE (RED) Length: 10m RBJ-W LEAD WIRE (WHITE) Length: 10m RBJ-Y LEAD WIRE (YELLOW) Length: 10m RBJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 0.7d length: 5m TKJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 3.00 length: 5m TE-N TUBE Inside diameter: 3.00 length: 5m ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC135500 SIDE PLATE LASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL PLATE 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.40 3 - A1 (1/2)			R202, R203 C.10M2 1/16W	
RS0123 RESISTOR R205 C.180KΩ 1/8W (1) RS0124 RESISTOR R105 C.160Ω 1/8W (1) RBJ-A LEAD WIRE (BLUE) Length: 10m RBJ-B LEAD WIRE (BLACK) Length: 10m RBJ-C LEAD WIRE (BROWN) Length: 10m RBJ-D LEAD WIRE (GREEN) Length: 10m RBJ-G LEAD WIRE (GREEN) Length: 10m RBJ-H LEAD WIRE (VIOLET) Length: 10m RBJ-R LEAD WIRE (WHITE) Length: 10m RBJ-W LEAD WIRE (WHITE) Length: 10m RBJ-Y LEAD WIRE (WHITE) Length: 10m RBJ-Y LEAD WIRE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 0.7φ length: 5m TKJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 3.0φ length: 5m TE-N TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 3.0φ length: 5m ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC135500 SIDE PLATE LASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL PLATE 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4φ 3 - A1 (1/2)		RESISTOR	R204 C.330KΩ 1/8W	
RBJ-A LEAD WIRE (BLUE) Length: 10m RBJ-B LEAD WIRE (BROWN) Length: 10m RBJ-C LEAD WIRE (ORANGE) Length: 10m RBJ-G LEAD WIRE (ORANGE) Length: 10m RBJ-G LEAD WIRE (GREEN) Length: 10m RBJ-M LEAD WIRE (VIOLET) Length: 10m RBJ-R LEAD WIRE (RED) Length: 10m RBJ-W LEAD WIRE (WHITE) Length: 10m RBJ-Y LEAD WIRE (YELLOW) Length: 10m THJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 0.7d length: 5m TKJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 3.0d length: 5m TE-N TUBE Inside diameter: 3.0d length: 5m ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 SIDE PLATE LASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL PLATE 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.40 3 - A1 (1/2)			R205 C.180KΩ 1/8W	(1)
RBJ-B LEAD WIRE (BLACK) Length: 10m RBJ-C LEAD WIRE (BROWN) Length: 10m RBJ-D LEAD WIRE (ORANGE) Length: 10m RBJ-G LEAD WIRE (GREEN) Length: 10m RBJ-G LEAD WIRE (GREEN) Length: 10m RBJ-M LEAD WIRE (VIOLET) Length: 10m RBJ-R LEAD WIRE (RED) Length: 10m RBJ-W LEAD WIRE (WHITE) Length: 10m RBJ-Y LEAD WIRE (YELLOW) Length: 10m THJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 0.7d length: 5m TKJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 1.0d length: 5m TE-N TUBE Inside diameter: 3.00 length: 5m TCC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) CC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) CC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) CC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) CC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) CC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) CC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) CC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) CC135500 S:DE PLATE L ASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) CC137300 KL PLATE 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.40 3 - A1 (1/2)	RS0124	RESISTOR	R105 C.160Ω 1/8W	(1)
RBJ-C LEAD WIRE (BROWN) Length: 10m RBJ-D LEAD WIRE (ORANGE) Length: 10m RBJ-G LEAD WIRE (GREEN) Length: 10m RBJ-M LEAD WIRE (VIOLET) Length: 10m RBJ-R LEAD WIRE (RED) Length: 10m RBJ-W LEAD WIRE (WHITE) Length: 10m RBJ-Y LEAD WIRE (YELLOW) Length: 10m THJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Length: 10m THJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 0.7¢ length: 5m TKJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 1.0¢ length: 5m TE-N TUBE Inside diameter: 3.0¢ length: 5m ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC137300 KL PLATE 1 ASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL PLATE 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4¢ 3 - A1 (1/2)			Length: 10m	
RBJ-D LEAD WIRE (ORANGE) Length: 10m RBJ-G LEAD WIRE (GREEN) Length: 10m RBJ-M LEAD WIRE (VIOLET) Length: 10m RBJ-R LEAD WIRE (RED) Length: 10m RBJ-W LEAD WIRE (WHITE) Length: 10m RBJ-Y LEAD WIRE (YELLOW) Length: 10m THJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 0.7d length: 5m TKJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 3.0d length: 5m TE-N TUBE Inside diameter: 3.0d length: 5m ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 SIDE PLATE LASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL PLATE 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4d 3 - A1 (1/2)			Length: 10m	
RBJ-G LEAD WIRE (GREEN) Length: 10m RBJ-M LEAD WIRE (VIOLET) Length: 10m RBJ-R LEAD WIRE (RED) Length: 10m RBJ-W LEAD WIRE (WHITE) Length: 10m RBJ-Y LEAD WIRE (YELLOW) Length: 10m RBJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 0.7¢ length: 5m TKJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 1.0¢ length: 5m TE-N TUBE Inside diameter: 3.0¢ length: 5m TE-N TUBE Inside diameter: 3.0¢ length: 5m 2C102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) 2C102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) 2C103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) 2C104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) 2C104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) 2C106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) 2C107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) 2C133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) 2C135500 Side PLATE LASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) 2C137300 KL PLATE 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4¢ 3 - A1 (1/2)		[17] [16] [17] [17] [17] [17] [17] [17] [17] [17	Length: 10m	
RBJ-M LEAD WIRE (VIOLET) Length: 10m RBJ-R LEAD WIRE (RED) Length: 10m RBJ-W LEAD WIRE (WHITE) Length: 10m RBJ-Y LEAD WIRE (YELLOW) Length: 10m THJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 0.7d length: 5m TKJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 1.0d length: 5m TE-N TUBE Inside diameter: 3.0d length: 5m ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 SIDE PLATE LASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL PLATE 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4d 3 - A1 (1/2)		그리다 보다 하면 하는 사람들이 있다면 하는데 그렇게 하고 있다면 사람들이 하면 하는데		
RBJ-R LEAD WIRE (RED) Length: 10m RBJ-W LEAD WIRE (WHITE) Length: 10m RBJ-Y LEAD WIRE (YELLOW) Length: 10m THJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 0.7d length: 5m TKJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 1.0d length: 5m TE-N TUBE Inside diameter: 3.0d length: 5m ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 SIDE PLATE LASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL PLATE 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4d 3 - A1 (1/2)		[- [- [- [- [- [- [- [- [- [-		
RBJ-W LEAD WIRE (WHITE) Length: 10m RBJ-Y LEAD WIRE (YELLOW) Length: 10m THJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 0.7d length: 5m TKJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 1.0d length: 5m TE-N TUBE Inside diameter: 3.0d length: 5m ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 SIDE PLATE LASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL PLATE 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4d 3 - A1 (1/2)				
RBJ-Y LEAD WIRE (YELLOW) Length: 10m THJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 0.7d length: 5m TKJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 1.0d length: 5m TE-N TUBE Inside diameter: 3.0d length: 5m ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 Side Plate L Ass'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL Plate 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4d 3 - A1 (1/2)				
THJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) TRJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) TINSIDE diameter: 0.7d length: 5m TKJ-Y TUBE TUBE TUBE TUBE TUBE TUBE TUBE TUBE				
TKJ-Y TUBE (YELLOW) Inside diameter: 1.0¢ length: 5m TUBE Inside diameter: 3.0¢ length: 5m ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 Side Plate L ASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL Plate 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4¢ 3 - A1 (1/2)	RBJ-Y	LEAD WIRE (YELLOW)	Length: 10m	
TE-N TUBE Inside diameter: 3.00 length: 5m ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 Side Plate L Ass'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL Plate 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4φ 3 - A1 (1/2)			그 그 그게 되었다. [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18]	
ZC102700 4 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 Side Plate Lass'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL Plate 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4¢ 3 - A1 (1/2)			·	
ZC102900 KS LEVER ASS'Y 3 - B2 (1) ZC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 Side Plate L Ass'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL Plate 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4¢ 3 - A1 (1/2)	TE-N	TUBE	Inside diameter: 3.00 length:	5m
ZC103000 3 GEAR ASS'Y 3 - C2 (1) ZC104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 Side Plate L Ass'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL Plate 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4¢ 3 - A1 (1/2)				
2C104100 KM LEVER ASS'Y 3 - A1 (1) ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 Side Plate Lass'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL Plate 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4φ 3 - A1 (1/2)				
ZC106700 M CHARGE LEVER ASS'Y 8 - C2 (1) ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 Side Plate L ASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL Plate 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.40 3 - A1 (1/2)				
ZC107800 EYE PIECE ASS'Y 7 - C2 (1) ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 Side Plate L ASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL Plate 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.4¢ 3 - A1 (1/2)				
ZC133200 B PINCH ASS'Y 5 - A2 (1) ZC135500 Side Plate L ASS'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL Plate 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.40 3 - A1 (1/2)				
ZC135500 Side Plate Lass'Y 8 - C3 (1) ZC137300 KL Plate 3 Ass'Y Pin 1.40 3 - A1 (1/2)				
ZC137300 KL PLATE 3 ASS'Y Pin 1.40 3 - Al (1/2)				
11.1.				
				(1/2)
122202220 TO 100000 TO 10000 T				
ZC161000 FX BASE ASS'Y 5 - C3 (1) ZC162600 DIAPHRAGM LEVER ASS'Y 8 - B2 (1)				
ZC164100 PRESSURE PLATE ASS'Y 1 - A2 (1/5)				
ZC168900 LEVER ASS'Y 5 - C1 (1)				
ZC182700 PRESSURE PLATE 4 ASS'Y 1 - A3 (1/5)				
ZC182800 PRESSURE PLATE 5 ASS'Y 1 - A3 (1/5)				
ZC182900 PRESSURE PLATE 6 ASS'Y 1 - A3 (1/5)	ZC182900			
ZC183000 PRESSURE PLATE 7 ASS'Y 1 - A3 (1/5)	ZC183000		10 3 - 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
ZC200200 TOP COVER ASS'Y $1 - A2$ (1)	ZC200200	TOP COVER ASS'Y	1 - A2	

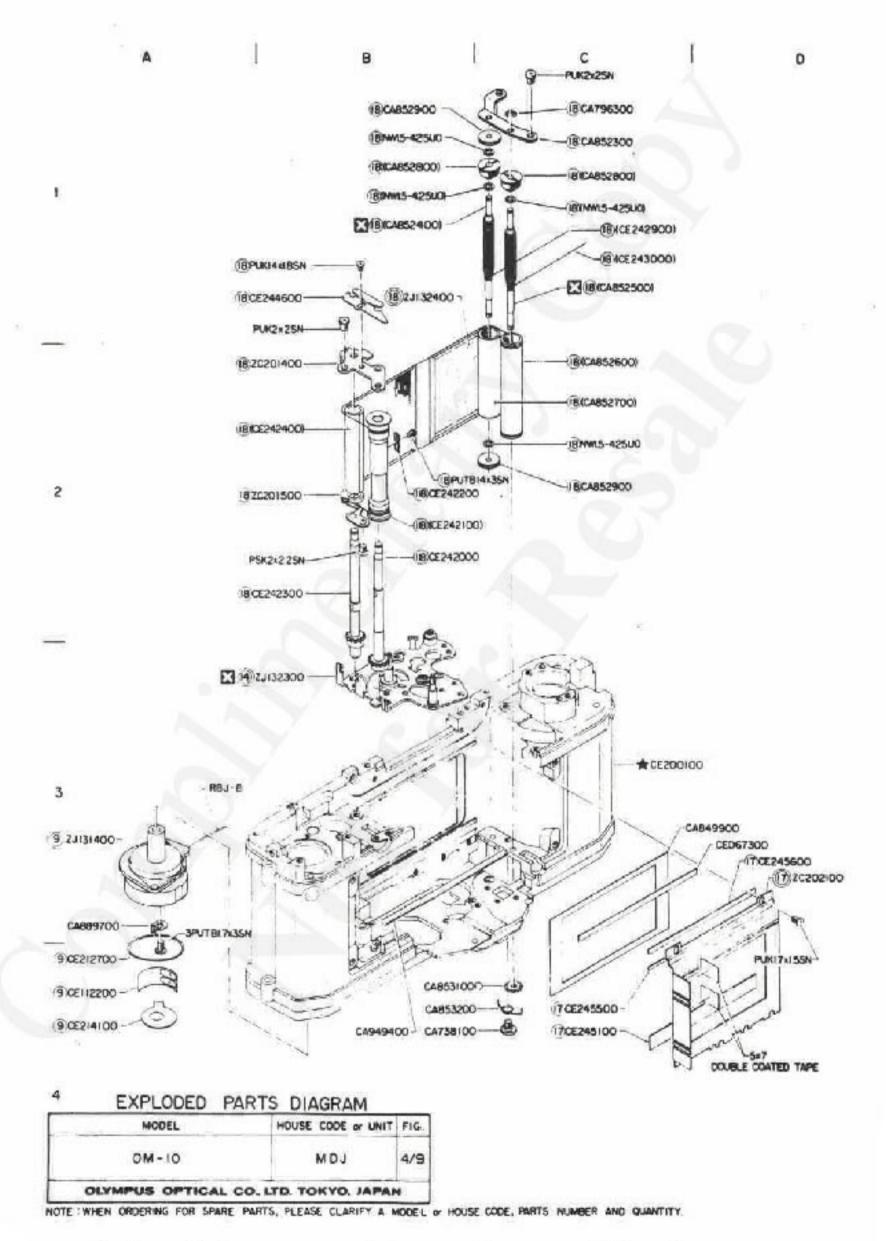
PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	NOTE	(Q'ty used/ per unit)
ZC200300	FPC-1 ASS'Y	2 - D2, 7 - A1	(1)
ZC200500	REAR COVER ASS'Y	1 - A3	(1)
ZC200600	FW BASE ASS'Y	2 - C1	(1)
ZC200800	RELEASE PLATE ASS'Y	3 - D4	(1)
ZC201000	IDLER ASS'Y	2 - B3	(1)
ZC201200	KEY PLATE ASS'Y	1 - D3	(1)
ZC201400	U GUIDE ASS'Y	4 - B2	(1)
ZC201500	L GUIDE ASS'Y	4 - B2	(1)
ZC201600	SW 2 ASS'Y	5 - C3	(1)
ZC201700	2 GEAR SHAFT ASS'Y	3 - C1	(1)
ZC201800	A PINCH ASS'Y	5 - B2	(1)
ZC202100	FRAME ASS'Y	4 - D3	(1)
ZC202200	R CLAW A1 ASS'Y	No.1 L 7.8 5 - C1	(1/5)
ZC202300	R CLAW A2 ASS'Y	No.2 L 8.1 5 - C1	(1/5)
ZC202400	R CLAW A3 ASS'Y	No.3 L 8.4 5 - C1	(1/5)
ZC202500	R CLAW A4 ASS'Y	No.4 L 7.95 5 - C1	(1/5)
ZC202600	R CLAW A5 ASS'Y	No.5 L 8.25 5 - C1	(1/5)
ZC202700	K KNOB ASS'Y	2 - C1	(1)
ZC205100	SIDE PLATE R ASS'Y	8 - B3	(1)
ZC207200	WINDING LEVER ASS'Y	1 - A2	(1)
ZC207300	BUTTON ASS'Y	1 - B2	(1)
ZC207500	R LEVER ASS'Y	1 - D1	(1)
ZC207900	A HOLDER ASS'Y	7 - B2	
ZC208000	SW BASE PLATE ASS'Y	3 - A3	(1)
ZC208100	F MASK ASS'Y	7 - C3	(1)
ZC208200	S FRAME ASS'Y	7 - B2	(1)
ZC208300	R KNOB ASS'Y	1 - D1	(1)
ZC208400	COVER PLATE ASS'Y	2 - D2	(1)
ZC208500	R CHANGE ASS'Y	1 - D1	(1) (1)
ZJ128400	M BASE PLATE ASS'Y	8 - C1	(1)
ZJ130400	SIDE PLATE L ASS'Y	8 - C3	(1)
ZJ130600	CONNECTING RING ASS'Y	6 - B3	(1) (1)
ZJ130700	SPRING HOLDER ASS'Y	6 - A2	(1)
ZJ130800	R SPRING ASS'Y	6 - B1	(1)
ZJ130900	M FRAME ASS'Y	8 - B2	(1)
ZJ131000	FRONT CASTING ASS'Y	6 - C2, 8 - B3	
ZJ131100	MS BASE PLATE ASS'Y	6 - C1	(1) (1)
2J131200	LED ASS'Y	6 - A1	
ZJ131300	CC SHAFT ASS'Y	3 - C4	(1)
ZJ131400	CELL CASE ASS'Y	4 - A3	(1)
ZJ131500	SPOOL GEAR ASS'Y	2 - B2	(1)
ZJ131600	WINDING CLAW ASS'Y	2 - C1	(1)
ZJ131700	WINDING GEAR 1 ASS'Y	Diameter: < ZJ1318 2-	(1) C2 (1/2)
ZJ131800	WINDING GEAR 12 ASS'Y	Diameter: > ZJ1317 2-	
ZJ131900	SP SHAFT ASS'Y	Diameter: < ZJ1320 3-1	
ZJ132000	SP SHAFT ASS'Y	Diameter: > ZJ1320 3-1	
ZJ132100	MG BASE ASS'Y	5 - D3	
ZJ132200	TR PLATE ASS'Y	5 - C2	(1)
ZJ132300	S BASE PLATE ASS'Y	5 - B3	(1)
ZJ132400	CURTAIN J ASS'Y	4 - B1	(1)
ZJ132500	L BASE ASS'Y	2 - D2	(1)

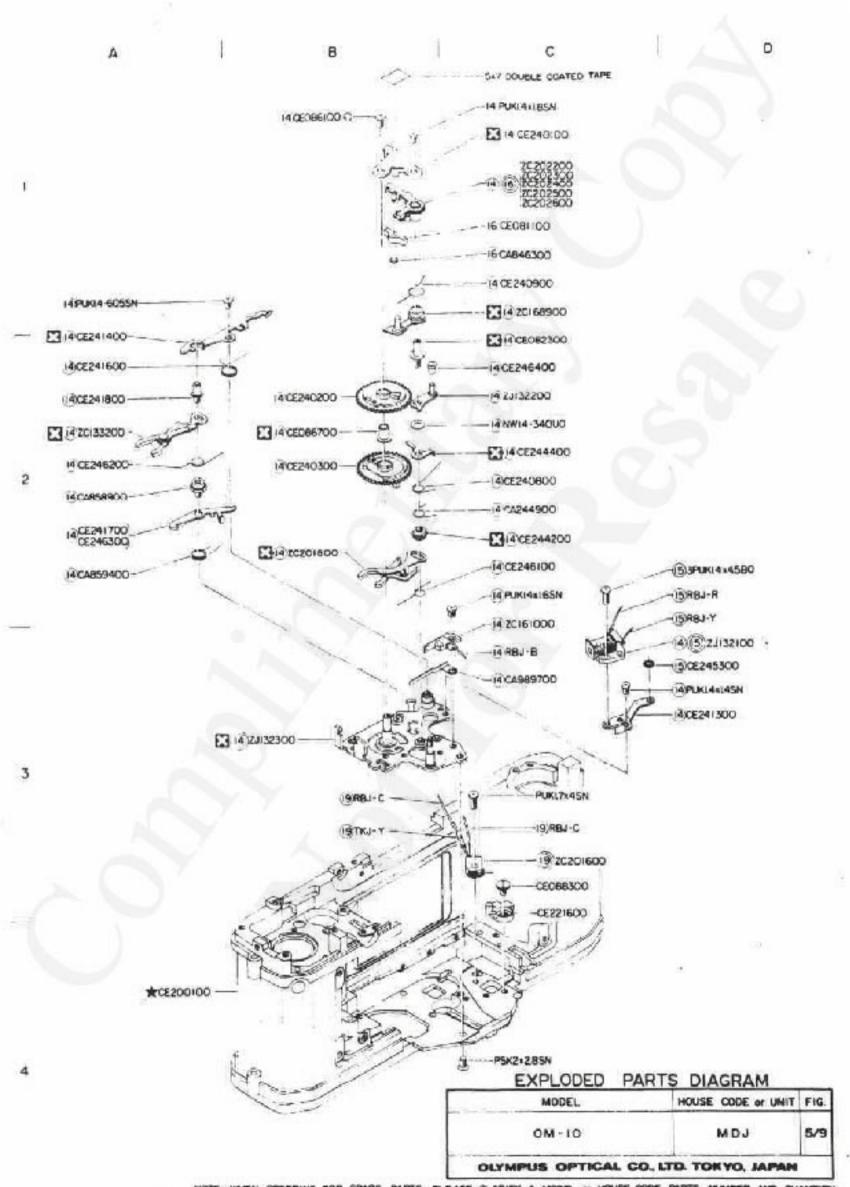
PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	NOTE		(Q'ty used/ per unit
ZJ132600 MINI	JACK ASS'Y	1 - D2		(1)
	TOM PLATE	Not on sal	a 1 - D/	(1)
	JLATION WASHER ASS'Y	1 - B1	E 1 - D4	
	-3 ASS'Y			(1)
	ION WASHER ASS'Y	1 - B2 1 - B1		(1)
	NOB ASS'Y	1 - B1		(1)
	DARD ASS'Y		6 100	(1)
316 Part (1931) Table (1931) - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	DARD ASS'Y	Lead wire orange Lead wire blue		(1/5)
[19] [19] [19] [19] [19] [19] [19] [19]	DARD ASS'Y	Lead wire red		(1/5)
	DARD ASS'Y	Lead wire green		(1/5)
	DARD ASS'Y	Lead wire black		(1/5)
	OARD ASS'Y	Lead wire orange		(1/5) (1/5)
	DARD ASS'Y	Lead wire blue		(1/5)
	DARD ASS'Y	Lead wire red		(1/5)
	OARD ASS'Y	Lead wire green		(1/5)
	ORD ASS'Y	Lead wire black		(1/5)
		Ludu wile biden	,	(1/3)
PUK1.4 x 1SN	SCREW	PSK1.4 x 2SN	SCREW	
PUK1.4 x 1.2SN	SCREW	PSK1.4 x 25B	SCREW	
PUK1.4 x 1.4SN	SCREW	* DIVE * 7 200	30143#	
PUK1.4 x 1.65N	SCREW	PSK2 x 2.2SN	SCREW	
PUK1.4 x 1.8SN	SCREW	PSK2 x 2.8SN	SCREW	
PUK1.4 x 3SN	SCREW	PSK2 x 3SN	SCREW	
PUK1.4 - 305SN	SCREW	PSK2 x 4SE	SCREW	
PUK1.4 - 605SN	SCREW	TORE A TOD	D CILLW	
		PUTB1.4 x 3SN	SCREW	
PUK1.7 x 1.3SN	SCREW	PUTB1.7 x 3SN	SCREW	
PUK1.7 x 1.5SN	SCREW	PUTB2 x 3SN	SCREW	
PUK1.7 x 2.2SN	SCREW	7.5.5.5.7.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5	ooid.	
PUK1.7 x 3SN	SCREW	NW1.4 - 334U0	WASHER	
PUK1.7 x 3.5SN	SCREW	NW1.4 - 34000	WASHER	
PUK1.7 x 4SN	SCREW	NW15 425UO	WASHER	
PUK1.7 x 4SB	SCREW	NW2.1 - 24000	WASHER	
PUK1.7 - 308SN	SCREW	NW2.2 - 434UO	WASHER	
PUK1.7 - 410SB	SCREW	NW6 - 280PB	WASHER	
PUK1.7 - 410SG	SCREW	NW6 - 380PB	WASHER	
PUK1.7 - 416SG	SCREW			
PUK1.7 - 512SN	SCREW	ER1.2		
PUK1.7 - 516SN	SCREW	ER1.6		
PUK2 x 1.8SN	SCREW	NN1.4BN		
PUK2 x 25N	SCREW			
$PUK2 \times 2.2SN$	SCREW	в 1	BALL	
PUK2 x 2.5SN	SCREW			
PUK2 x 3SN	SCREW			
PUK2 x 4.5B0	SCREW			
3PUK1.4 x 1.8SN	SCREW			
3PUK14. x 2.5SN	SCREW			
$3PUK1.4 \times 4.5SN$	SCREW			
200102342 0 6501				
3PUK1.7 x 1.8SN	SCREW			
3PUK1.7 x 2.8SN	SCREW			
3PUK1.7 x 3.5SN	SCREW			

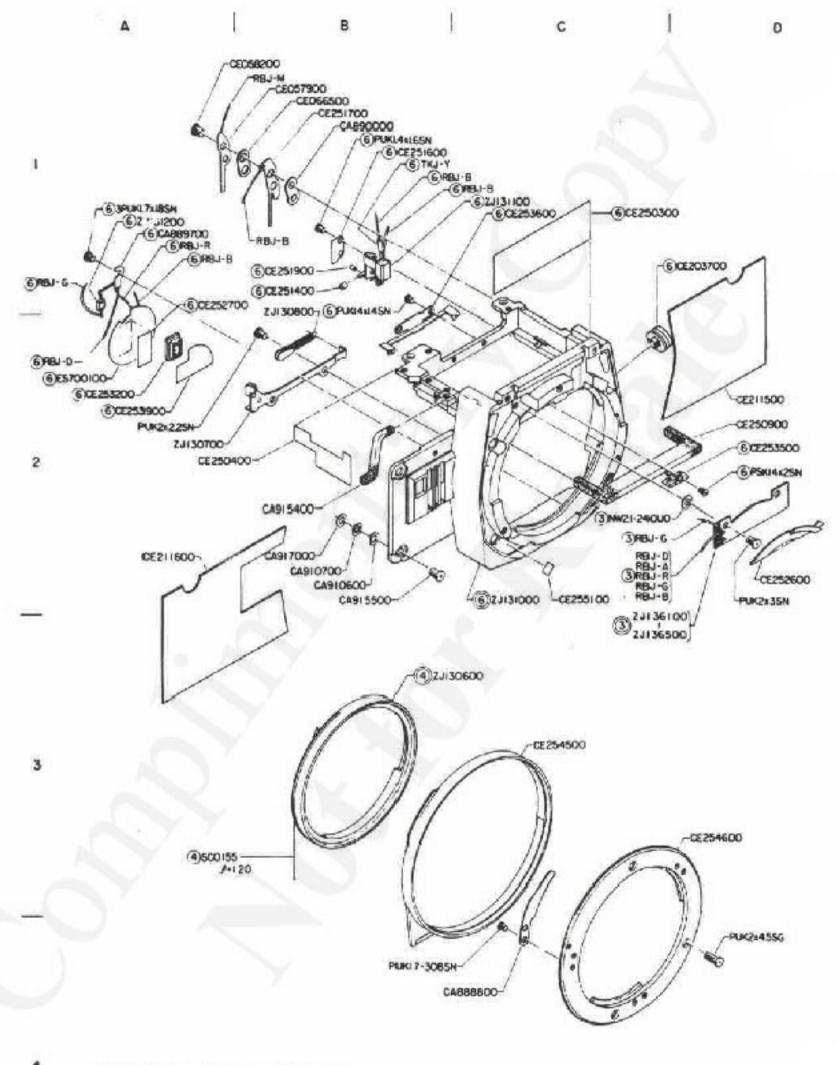


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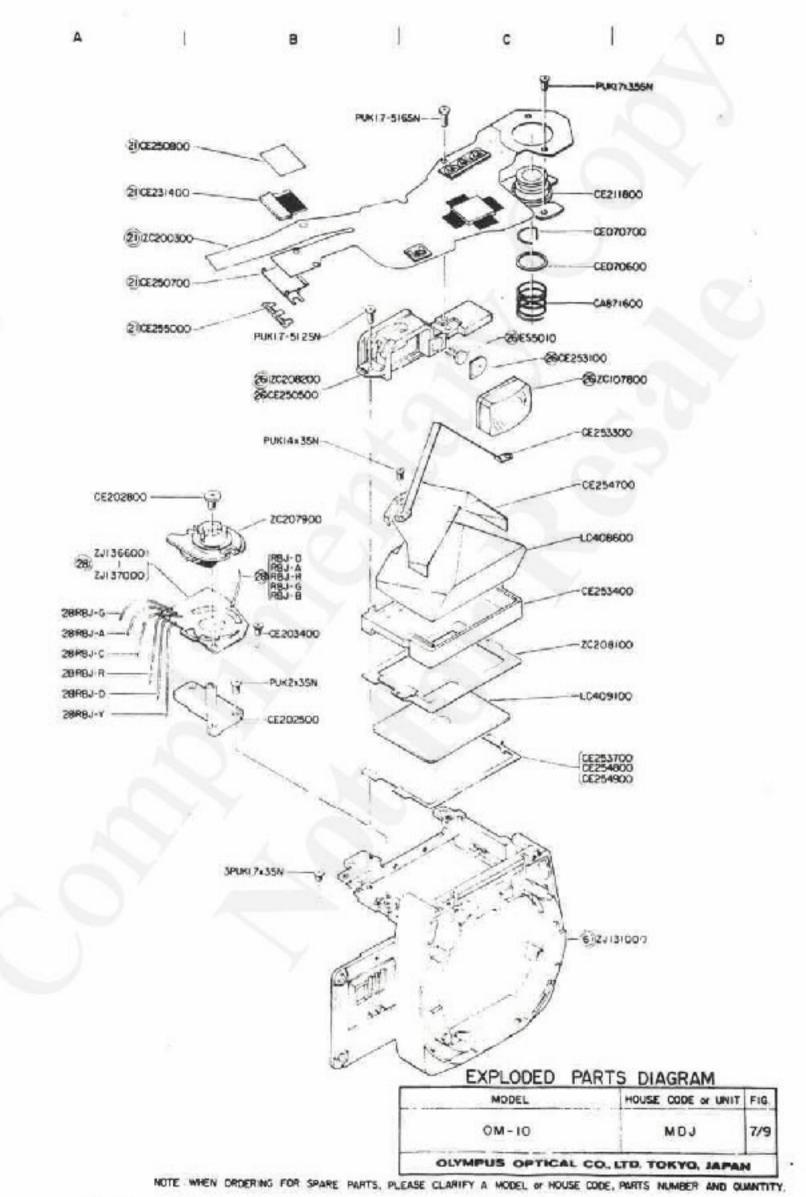


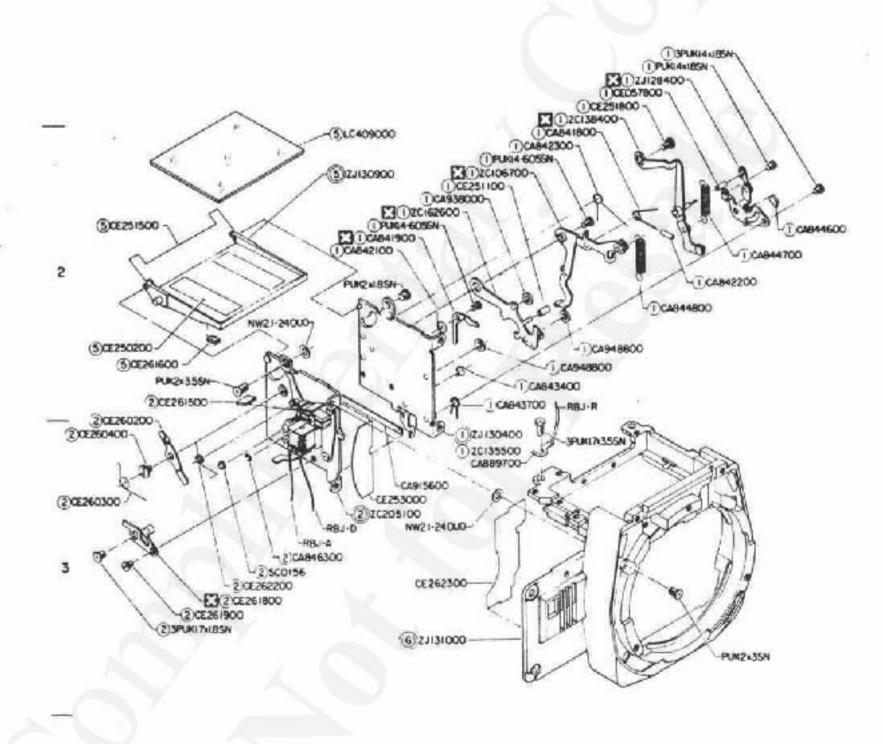


EXPLODED	PARTS	DIAGRAM

MODEL HOUSE CODE or UNIT			
OM - 10	MDJ	6/9	
OLYMPUS OPTICAL CO. LTD. TOKYO, JAPAN			

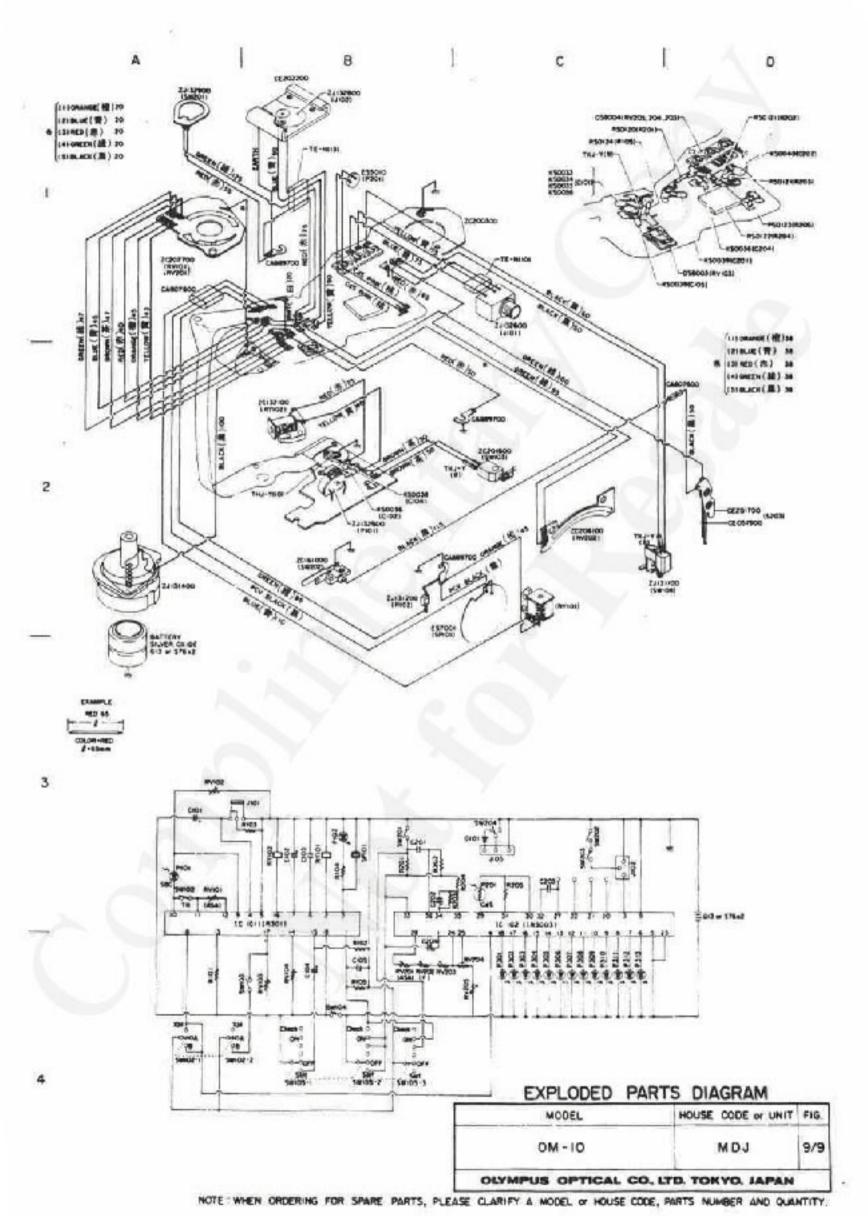
NOTE: WHEN ORDERING FOR SPARE PARTS, PLEASE CLARIFY A MODEL OF HOUSE CODE, PARTS NUMBER AND QUANTITY.





4 EXPLODED PARTS DIAGRAM			
	MODEL	HOUSE CODE or UNIT	FIG.
	OM-10	MDJ	8/9
	DIVMPUS OPTICAL CO	LTD. TOKYO, JAPAN	

MOTE : WHEN ORDERING FOR SPARE PARTS, PLEASE CLARIFY A MODEL or HOUSE CODE, PORTS NUMBER AND QUANTITY.



http://olympus.dementia.org/Hardware

GENERAL OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL FEATURES

A. GENERAL OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL FEATURES

1. MAIN SPECIFICATIONS

Camera type:

35 mm SLR single lens reflex camera with electronic control automatic exposure and focal palne shutter.

Image format:

24 x 36 mm.

Lens mount:

Olympus OM Mount, bayonet type.

Shutter:

Electronically controlled focal plane shutter.

Flash synchronization:

X contact. Direct contact only.

Automatic exposure control:

Aperture-priority electronically controlled shutter. TTL direct light measuring system. Light measuring range: EV— 0.5 to 17 from 2 sec. to 1/1000 sec. at normal temperatures and humidity with ASA 100 and F1.2 standard lens.

Exposure compensation: ±2 EV.

Film speed range:

ASA 25 to 1600

Battery checker:

Battery voltage can be checked by both LED and PCV. Mirror lock to limit drainage.

Power source:

Two 1.5V silver oxide batteries.

Eveready (or UCAR) EPX-76 or equivalents.

Viewfinder:

Pentaprism type.

Focusing screen:

Microprism/split image-matte type.

Finder View-field:

93% of actual picture field.

Viewfinder magnification:

0.92X with standard 50 mm lens at infinity.

Viewfinder information:

12-step shutter speed scale and flash charge indicated by LEDs.

Mirror:

Oversize, quick return mirror.

Film advance:

Lever type with 130° angle. It can be wound with one long or several short strokes. 30° pre-advance angle. Power winding is possible with the Olympus OM System Winder 1.

Self-timer:

Electronic self-timer with about 12 second delay.

Accessory shoe:

Built-in type, with direct contact.

Dimensions and weights:

Body only:

135 (W) x 84 (H) x 50 (D) mm 450 gr. (5.3" x 3.3" x 2") (15.9 oz) With F1.8 lens: 135 (W) x 84 (H) x 81 (D) mm 620 gr. (5.3" x 3.3" x 3.2") (21.9 oz) With F1.4 lens: 135 (W) x 84 (H) x 86 (D) mm 680 gr. (5.3" x 3.3" x 3.4") 680 gr. (24 oz)

Specifications subject to change without notice.

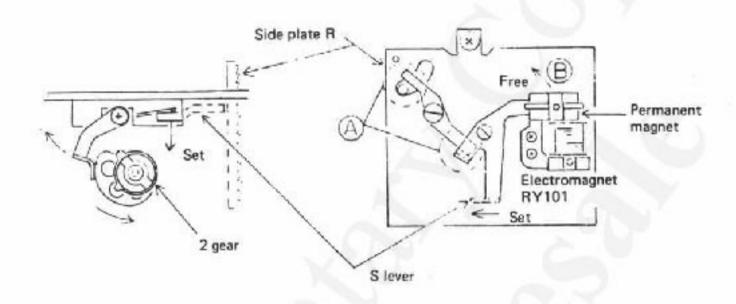
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(1) SHUTTER LOCK MECHANISM (MIRROR LOCK MECHANISM)

This mechanism is so arranged that, when the shutter fails to operate in the normal manner because of such as battery trouble, the mirror becomes locked and, consequently, the shutter becomes locked.

It is due to this relationship that an electromagnet (RY101) is provided on the side plate R as a means of unlocking the mirror.



Sequential actions

- By the cam of 2 gear, the mechanism gets set, that is, shifts to the condition shown on the above, in which the mirror is set in locked state.
- As electromagnet RY101 gets energized, S
 lever disengages by moving in the direction (B)
 thereby releasing the mirror from locked state.
 (The polarity of RY101 is the same as that of
 its permanent magent: when energized, it
 develops repulsive force.)

(2) FINDER INDICATION

1. Shutter speed indication

The speed is indicated not as an analog quantity (as when a pointer is provided so that the user has to "read" speed from pointer position) but as a digital quantity. As illustrated on the right, one of the LEDs lights up to tell the speed.

2. Strobo indication

With an exclusive-use strobo (such as T20) connected to the shoe, the light (shown in the illustration on the right) signifies either of the two consequences:

2-1. Light remaining on

This means that "strobo charging is completed."

2-2. Light flickers

This means that "flashing was satisfactory."

Strobo	indication	\Rightarrow 0	26	5
Oversp	eed	->0	•	
1/1000	second	-> (1000	0
1/500	second	->	500)
1/250	second	\rightarrow	250)
1/125	second	->-	125	
1/60	second	->-	60	
1/30	second	\rightarrow	30	
1/15	second	\rightarrow (15	
1/8	second	\rightarrow	8	
1/4	second	\rightarrow	9 4	
1/2	second	\rightarrow	2	
1 seco	nd or longer	->	1	

(3) RELATION BETWEEN STROBO T20 AND INDICATION INSIDE THE FINDER

1. Three on-off actions of LED

1-1. On-off cycles equal in number to that of strobo on-off cycles

This manner of lighting signifies that the main capacitor is taking more time than usual in getting recharged after a strobo flashing.

1-2. Flickering for about 1.5 seconds

This short flickering signifies that the strobo bulb did not produce enough light flux in flashing. (After each strobo flashing, the charge lamp will light up first, followed by the finder's LED: the charge lamp has priority over this LED.)

1-3. Flickering for less than 1.5 seconds

This manner of flicker could occur when two flashes have been made in succession.

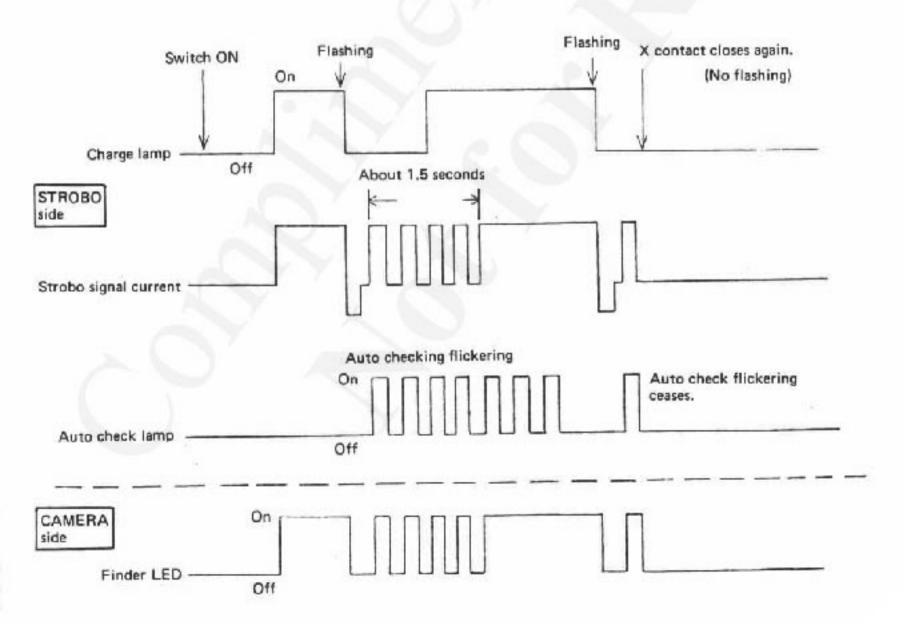
It means that the main capacitor is not charged adequately. If the shutter button is pressed under this condition, no flashing might occur. Whenever the LED ceases to flicker upon pressing down of the shutter button, it means inadequate recharging.

NOTE:

Under the condition of inadequate charge, the auto lamp on the strobo, too, stops flickering.

If X contact happens to be unsteady and should chatter, the flickering will cease even when the strobo has flashed satisfactorily. This is because such chatter produces the same effect as two contact closures in rapid succession.

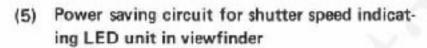
2. Signal patterns



(4) SELF-TIMER

Timing action of the self-timer is electrically induced. With the power on-off switch set in SELF-TIMER position, pressing the release button does not result in energization of the electromagnet RY101 for releasing the mirror from locked condition, so that the mirror remains locked.

As the self-timer times out, the electromagnet becomes energized to unlock the mirror and then the shutter operates to make an exposure. While the self-timer is clocking, the LED (shown in the illustration on the right) flickers and concurrently a buzzer sound issues forth.



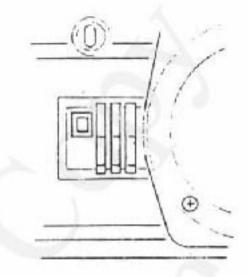
In order to minimize power consumption by the shutter speed indicating LED unit in the view-finder, the circuit is designed to automatically turn off the LED unit in about 1.5 minutes even if the LED unit switch is kept turned on.

(6) Switch for re-energizing shutter speed indicating LED unit in viewfinder

The shutter releasing button seat serves as the switch.

When the LED unit is turned off by the power saving circuit described in (5) above, the LED unit can be turned on again by slightly touching the shutter releasing button seat.

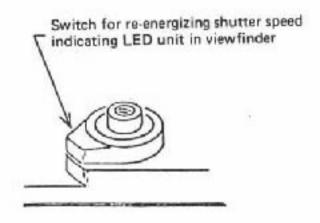
- The power saving circuit is automatically cut off in about 1.5 minutes after the LED unit is turned on.
- The circuit will be cut off in about 1.5 minutes, even if the shutter releasing button seat is kept pressed.



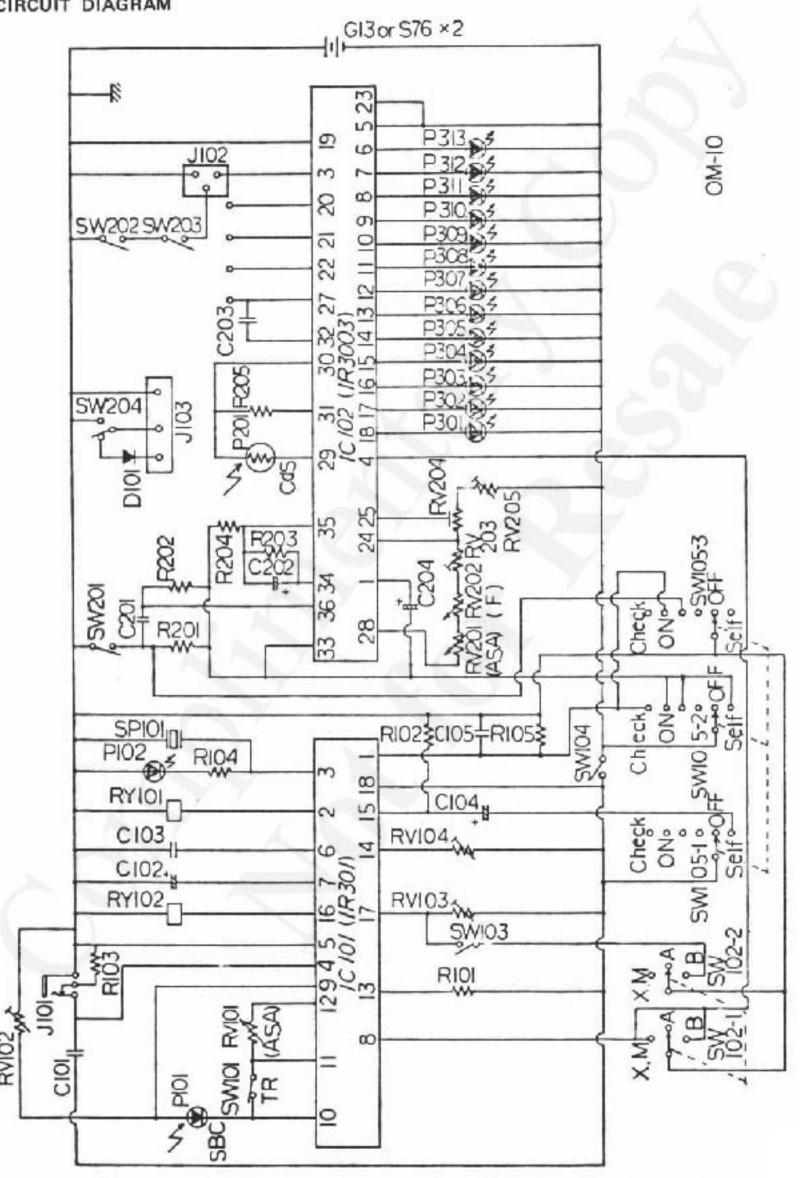
Indicating window of self-timer,



Switch for shutter speed indicating LED unit in viewfinder



Switch for re-energizing shutter speed indicating LED unit in viewfinder

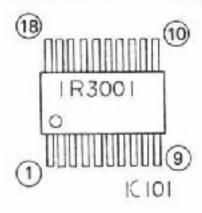


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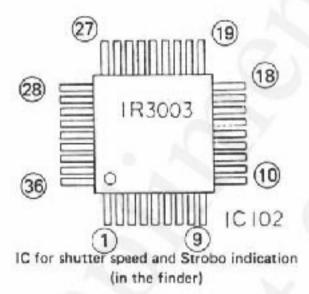
(8) CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

1. Circuitry

The circuitry may be viewed as being composed of a shutter circuit and a finder indication circuit. In terms of hardware, these circuits are implemented by ICs soldered to a printed-circuit board. The IC for shutter circuit is IC101 (IR3001), and that of finder indication circuit is IC102 (IR3003). It is inside these ICs that the two circuits are formed respectively.



IC for shutter circuit



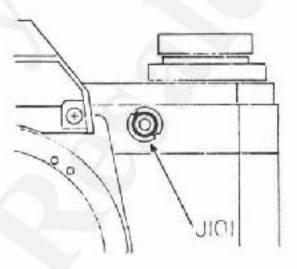
2. Circuit elements and parts

2-1. Terminals

1) J101 (manual adaptor jack)

When the manual adaptor is not inserted, R103 is in service and, by this resistor, the effective timing action is that of X (X timing). Inserting the adaptor into this jack, however, cuts R103 out of the circuit but places a resistor corresponding to a speed of 1 second up to and including 1/1000 second. The ohmic values of the resistors, one of which goes into the circuit, are as follows:

Shutter speed		Resistor		
1 sec.	_	8.3	МΩ	
1/2 sec.	4	4.15	$M\Omega$	
1/4 sec.	_	2.1	$M\Omega$	
1/8 sec.		1.0	$M\Omega$	
1/15 sec.	_	0.52	МΩ	
1/30 sec.	_	0.26	$M\Omega$	
1/60 sec.	_	0.13	$M\Omega$	
1/125 sec.	_	65 K	Ω	
1/250 sec.		32 K	Ω	
1/500 sec.	_	16 K	Ω	
1/1000 sec.	_	8 K	Ω	



2) J102 (shoe)

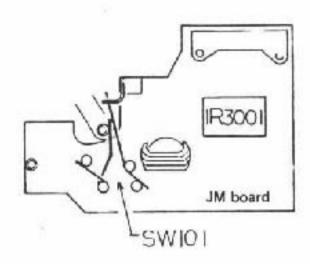
The shoe has a terminal for the flasher and another for the indication inside the finder. The only synchro contact is X.

J103 (winder contacts)

Diode D101 is included in J103 to keep motor drive out of service. (Do not cut motor drive into service even with the diode removed.)

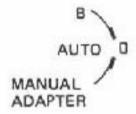
2-2. Switches

1) SW101 (trigger switch)



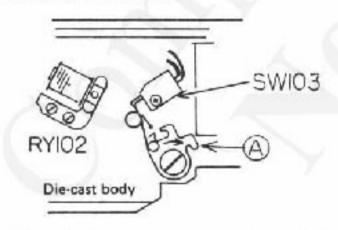
This switch is on JM board. It closes on shutter charging and opens on shutter releasing. The moment the shutter is released for exposure, light measuring action commences.

SW102 (mode selector switch)



This switch is located near ASA dial on the upper plate. It has three positions: B (for bulb), AUTO and MANUAL. With this switch set in MANUAL, the timed duration for X is about 1/45 second.

3) SW103 (bulb switch)



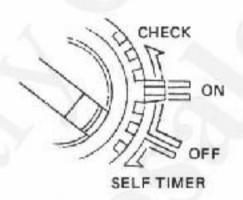
This switch is secured to the die-cast body of the camera by means of a screw, and is accessible when JM board is removed. Pressing the release button causes the actuator (A) to turn in the arrow direction, thereby closing the switch; releasing the button opens the switch.

As long as this switch (SW103) is on, the shutter stays in released condition because M.G. (RY102) remains on.

4) SW104 (main switch)

Interconnected to the lever for automatic aperture control, this switch closes when the aperture begins to be narrowed. By its closure, the shutter circuit is energized to operate the shutter.

5) SW105 (power on-off switch)



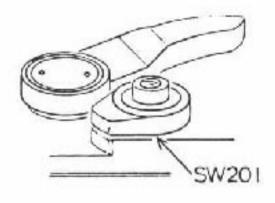
Lincated below R knob, this switch has four positions:

OFFFinder indication is off.
ONFinder indication is on.

SELF-TIMER The timer starts clocking for the self-timed dura-

tion of about 12 seconds.

6) SW201 (indication starting switch)



The seat of the shutter release button has this switch built in it. Actually, the switch is a pressure-sensitive element, which presents an ohmic resistance of several megohms when it is in relaxed (not pressed) state. Even a small thumb pressure causes its resistance to decrease drastically, making the element conductive.

- 7) SW202 (X contact) Interconnected to the leading curtain brake, this switch turns on (closes) instantly when the shutter has opened fully (not over 1/60 second) following the running of the leading curtain. (The same as in OM-1 and OM-2.)
- 8) SW203 (OFF switch for X contact)
 This switch is interconnected to the movable mirror. It closes when the mirror goes UP, and opens when the mirror goes DOWN. (This action is the same as that of FP contact in OM-2.)
 Switch 203 is in series with switch 202, mentioned above: it is provided because SW202 remains on after the shutter is released.
- 9) SW204 (winder switch)
 This switch operates in conjunction with the
 movable mirror. It has two positions: windup side (D101 side) and brake side (body
 ground side). On mirror DOWN, it moves to
 wind-up side; on mirror UP, it moves to
 brake side. (This feature is the same as in
 OM-1 and OM-2.)

NOTE:

Closure on wind-up side does not set motor drive in operation because a diode (D101) is provided on that side. (This feature, too, is the same as in OM-1 and OM-2.)

2-3. Capacitors

- C101 (manual-timing capacitor)
 This capacitor is secured to the flexible board above the penta prism by soldering.
 The timed duration for X timing and manual timing is determined by this capacitor.
- C102 (2-Hz oscillation capacitor)
 Installed on and secured by soldering to JM board, this capacitor times the flickering action of the LED during the clocking action of the self-timer.
- C103 (3-KHz oscillation capacitor)
 This capacitor, too, is soldered to JM board; it takes part in generation of buzzer sound during the clocking action of the self-timer (and also for B CHECK).

- 4) C104 (self-timer capacitor)
 Pressing the shutter release button on self-timing initiates recharging of this capacitor and, when its charging voltage rises to about 1.8 volts, the shutter gets released to make an exposure. The timed duration terminates with the capacitor voltage reaching the level of 1.8 volts. This capacitor is soldered to and installed on JM board.
- 5) C105 (anti-misoperatio capacitor) Soldered to the flexible board above the penta prism, this capacitor serves to prevent the battery checker circuit from misoperation upon turning on of main switch.
- 6) C201 (indication-start capacitor)
 Soldered to the flexible board above the penta prism, this capacitor permits current to flow upon turning on of SW105 or SW201, in order to bring up indication inside the finder. This current persists until C201 becomes fully charged, even when SW105 or SW201 remains on. For this reason, it is located in the subsequent stage. The indication disappears in about one minute and a half as a result of the action of time-constant circuit.
- 7) C202 (indication time-constant capacitor)
 This capacitor is located close to the gang of
 three variable resistors on the flexible board,
 and secured to the board by soldering. It
 takes part in timing the 1 and 1/2 minutes
 duration for indication in the finder.
 Its recharging commences with the turning
 on of SW105 (power on-off switch) and,
 before C201 becomes charged, it becomes
 fully charged. Its discharging action takes
 place after C201 gets fully charged: the 1
 and 1/2 minute duration corresponds to the
 time this capacitor takes to discharge.
- 8) C203 (anti-resonance capacitor)
 This capacitor, too, is soldered to the
 flexible board above the penta prism, and
 prevents IC102 from developing resonance.
- C204
 This capacitor for preventing misoperation in strobo flashing. It is secured to the flexible board above the penta prism by soldering.

2-4. Resistors

1) R101 (bias resistor)

This is a printed resistor on JM board. It reduces the input current of the comparator inside IC101.

2) R102 (self-timer resistor)

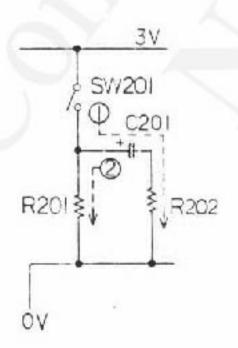
This, too, is a printed resistor on JM baord. It is associated with C104 for the time constant for the timing action of the self-timer.

- R103 (X timing resistor)
 Printed on JM board, this resistor works with C101 to time the X duration.
- 4) R104 (LED resistor)
 This resistor is soldered to JM board. It is
 used to adjust the brightness of LED turned
 on for and at the time of self-timing or
 battery checking.
- R105 (alternative resistor for combination M.G.)

This resistor is soldered to the flexible board above the penta prism. It serves as a substitute for the combination M.G. during B checking since no current flows in the M.G. dur this duration.

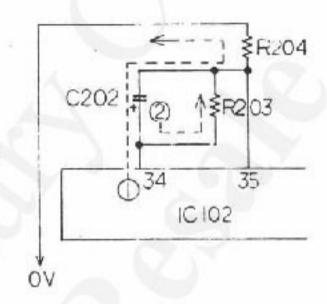
The ohmic value of this resistor is just about equal to that of the M.G. As the M.G. becomes energized, the supporting plate separates to defeat mirror locking, thereby taking the self-timer out of service: this is the reason why the M.G. is not energized during B checking.

R201 (discharging circuit resistor)
 R202 (charging circuit resistor)



Both R201 and R202 are soldered to the flexible board above the penta prism. With the turning on of SW201, charging current flows through R202 into C201. With the turning off of SW201, discharging current flows through R201.

R203 (discharging circuit resistor)
 R204 (charging circuit resistor)

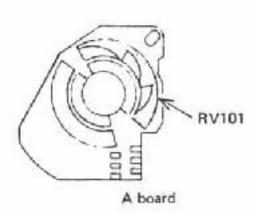


Charging current is indicated as (1), and discharging current as (2), in the diagram on the right. Charging of C202 is initiated by the turning on of SW105, discharging by the switching action of a transistor inside IC102. These resistors are soldered to the same flexible board.

8) R205 (temperature-compensation resistor) Soldered to the flexible board above the penta prism, this resistor works in conjunction with IC102 to maintain a constant amount of exposure light under varying temperature condition. Its ohmic value is approximately equal to that of CdS at the battery voltage of 9.5 volts (BV 9.5).

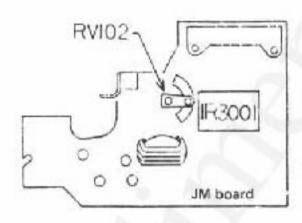
2-5. Variable resistors

1) RV101 (Auto ASA resistor)



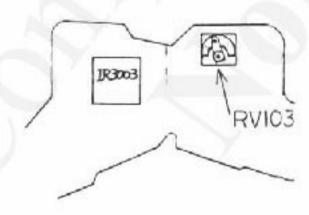
This resistor is printed on the board (A board) under the ASA dial. The ASA sensitivity depends on the setting of this variable resistor in AUTO.

RV102 (mirror locking voltage adjusting resistor)



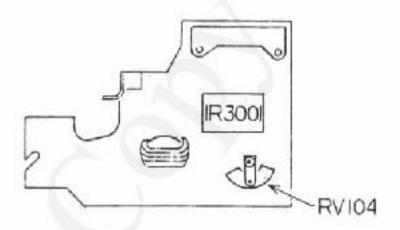
This variable resistor, too, is printed on JM board. The locking voltage can be adjusted by means of this resistor.

3) RV103 (EE level adjusting resistor)



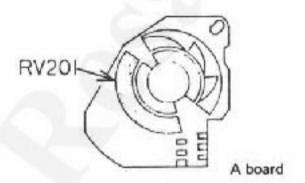
Soldered to the flexible board above the penta prism, this variable resistor serves as the means of adjusting the EE level.

4) RV104 (offset variable resistor)



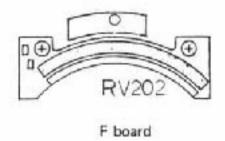
RV104 is a printed variable resistor on JM board. The offset in the AUTO comparator is adjusted by means of this resistor.

5) RV201 (ASA resistor for indication)



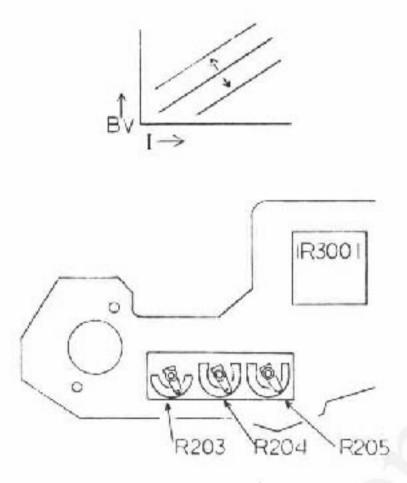
RV201 is a printed variable resistor on A board under the ASA dial. ASA sensitivity for indication inside the finder is adjusted by means of this resistor.

6) RV202 (F resistor)



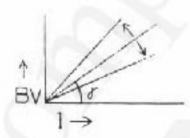
This variable resistor is printed on F board under the ZJ130600 (CONNECTING RING). It is a means of translating the lens aperture setting into an ohmic value to related the aperture ring to the LED inside the finder.

RV203 (level adjusting resistor)



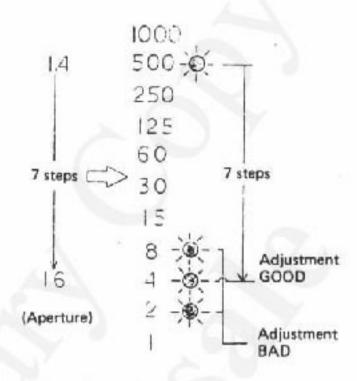
This is one of the three variable resistors forming a gang on the flexible board. The setting of this resistor is to be changed to adjust the brightness of the LEDs inside the finder. Changing its ohmic value shifts the lighting level for all of the LEDs at a uniform rate, as will be noted in this graph:

8) RV204 (gamma adjusting resistor)



This variable resistor is located right next to R203, as shown above. It is used to compensate the current for changes in the intensity of light falling on CdS. In other words, it is a variable resistor for gamma compensation.

RV205 (aperture resistance matching resistor)

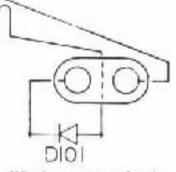


Match the number of aperture stops to the LED steps.

Located right next to R204, shown above, this variable resistor is used to match the successive aperture positions to the corresponding successive steps of indication inside the finder. (This matching adjustment is necessary because of some variations that are unavoidable in resistance values (on F board) and also in IC102.)

2-6. Diodes

1) D101 (motor drive diode)

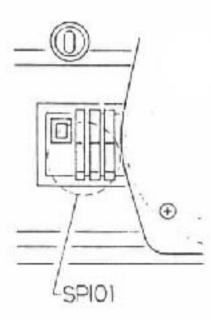


Winder contact circuit

This diode is provided on the winder contact. During winding action, current flows in the normal direction (through this diode). Motor drive needs current in reverse direction, but diode D101 blocks this current so that the motor does not run.

The camera itself does not withstand such a fast drive as 5 frames per second. In this regard, D101 is a safety device.

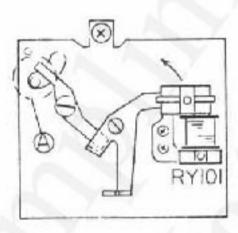
2-7. SP101 (piezoelectric element)



This element is built on the front casting, at the location indicated on the right. When voltage is impressed in a rapid on-off manner upon this element, it physically expands and contracts in rapid succession to make a buzzing sound. The frequency of this sound is set at a level of about 3 KHz by means of capacitor C103.

2-8, Relays (M.G.)

1) RY101 (combination magnet)

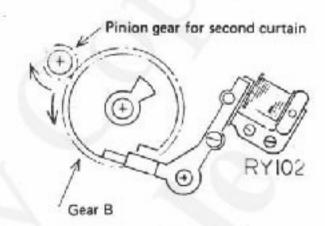


Mirror locking action is made at (A). Emergizing RY101 causes the support plate move in the arrow direction to separate itself from the hook, thereby unlocking the mirror.

Composed of a permanent magent and an electromagent, this relay (RY101) is mounted on the side plate R. With this relay in deenergized state, pressing the shutter release button results in mirror locking: the shutter refuses to be released. As the electromagnet becomes energized, the mirror then gets unlocked, allowing the shutter to be released for making an exposure.

(The polarity of the electromagnet is such that, when it is energized, it kicks up the permanent magnet on the lever arm, thereby separating the supporting plate.)

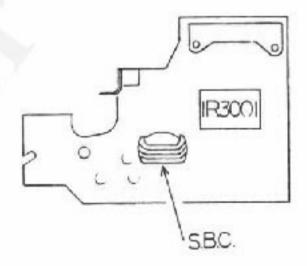
2) RY102 (Second curtain magnet)



This electromagnet is secured to "S" plate by mounting screws. It is this magnet by which the second curtain in charged condition is held up. De-energizing RY102 frees the second curtain, allowing it to run for making an exposure.

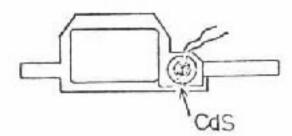
2-9. Light receivers

1) P101 (S.B.C.)



This photoelectric element is located at the middle of JM board. It is a part of the automatic circuit.

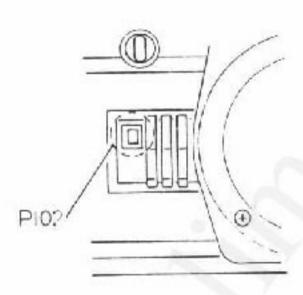
2) P201 (CdS)



This photocell is on the left-side part of the frame. It has two lead wires. It is the light receiver for indication inside the finder. Matching for high and low intensities of light (brightness) is effected by means of R203 and R204.

2-10. LEDs (light-emitting diodes)

1) P102 (self-timer LED)



The location of this LED is as shown on the right, that is, on the front plate. It flickers with a frequency of 2 Hz when the self-timer is running. It remains lit during B (battery) checking.

2) P302 ~ P312 (shutter speed indicating LEDs) These LEDs are installed on and soldered to the flexible board. The numerical value next to a speed indicating LED is a denominator, whose numerator is unity. When LED P302 is on, for example, it means that the shutter speed is 1/1000 second.

P313			×				S 60
P301							(OVER)
P302						•	1000
P303	2						500
P304				٠			250
P305						•	125
P306						•	60
P307	+		+			•	30
P308		٠				•	15
P309			٠			٠	8
P310				,		•	4
P311						•	2
P312			,	,		•	1
					(1	E	D)

3) P301 (overspeed LED)

This LED is included in the array of speed indicating LEDs and, by lighting up, signifies overspeeding, that is, a shutter speed faster than 1/1000 second. It lights up whenever this maximum speed is exceeded.

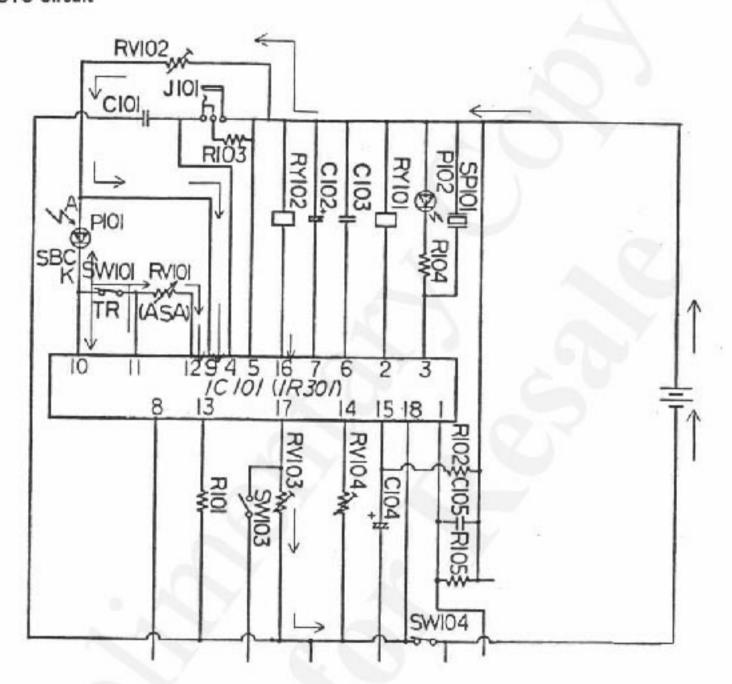
4) P313 (flash indicating LED)

As one of the array of speed indicating LEDs, this one is effective when an exclusiveuse strobo (such as T20) is connected to the camera. It remains on or flickers to signify the action related to strobo flashing:

- (a) P313 remains on to mean that the strobo has been charged.
- (b) P313 flickers to mean that the flashed exposure was satisfactory.

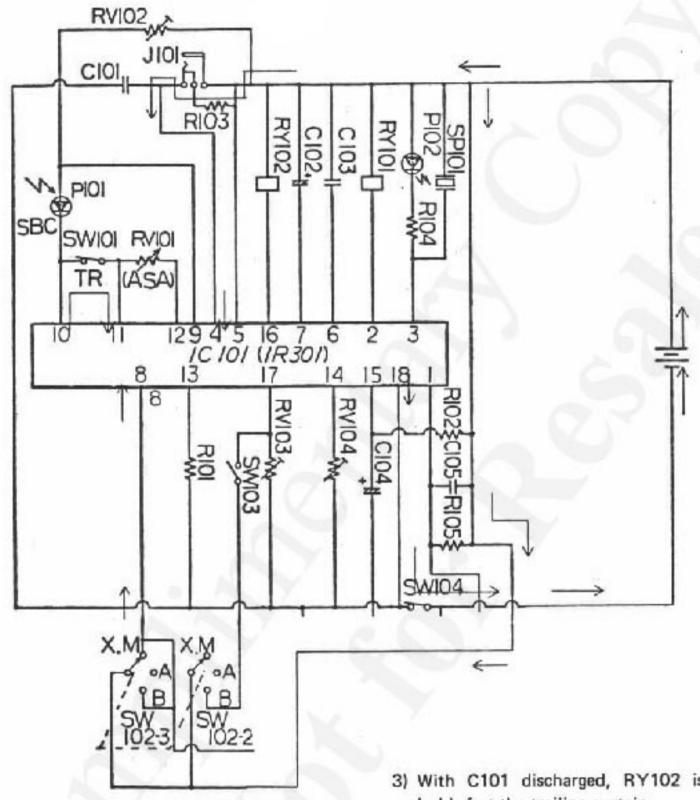
3. Operational description of circuits

3-1. AUTO Circuit



- Main switch (SW104) closes as the shutter is released. From the moment of this closure to the moment of turning-off of trigger switch (SW101), S.B.C. becomes charged from terminal 11 through switch (SW104). Note that the cathode side of S.B.C. is indicated as K and the anode side as A. (After each picture-taking, the potential of K side is low.)
- 2) As the leading curtain runs to turn off switch (SW101), current begins to flow through S.B.C.: this is equivalent to discharging. As a result, the potential of K side gradually falls. This means that the potential of terminal 10 falls. The speed of this potential fall is proportional to the light intensity.
- 3) On the other hand, terminal 12 (which is connected to terminal 11 through RV101) has been lower in potential than terminal 10. When the potential of terminal 12 is low, RY102 is in closed condition (ON) and holds fast the trailing curtain.
- 4) As discharging action proceeds in S.B.C., terminals 12 and 10 become equal in potential level. When this occurs, the potential of terminal 16 reaches 3 volts to turn off RY102, thereby closing the shutter.

3-2. X Timing Circuit



- 1) Turning the switches (SW102) to X.M. position isolates S.B.C. and RV101 from the rest of the circuit and, at the same time, connects C101 to R103. (In other words, MANUAL is selected by applying voltage (+) to terminal 8.
- From the moment of turning-on of SW104 (following the shutter releasing) to the moment of turning-off of SW101, terminal 4 remains connected to terminal 18: during this period, C101 is in discharged state.

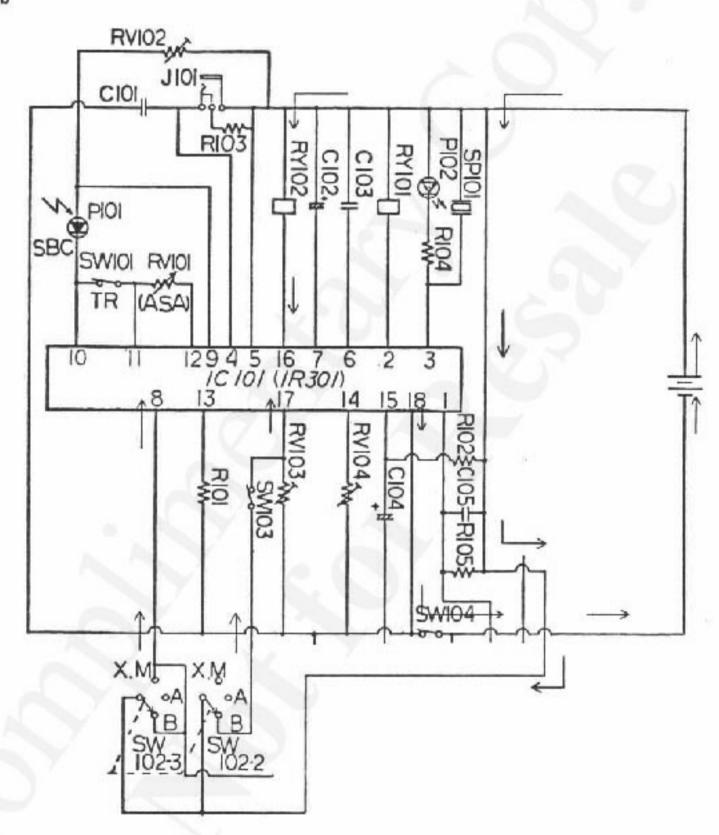
- 3) With C101 discharged, RY102 is on and holds fast the trailing curtain.
- 4) As the leading curtain runs to turn off SW101, terminal 4 becomes disconnected from terminal 18, and C101 gets charged through R103.
- While the charging of C101 is in progress, terminals 10 and 4 become equal in potential level. When this equality occurs, the potential of terminal 16 reaches 3 volts to turn off RY102, thereby closing the shutter. The time that C101 takes to get charged is about 1/60 second.

3-3. MANUAL Timing Circuit

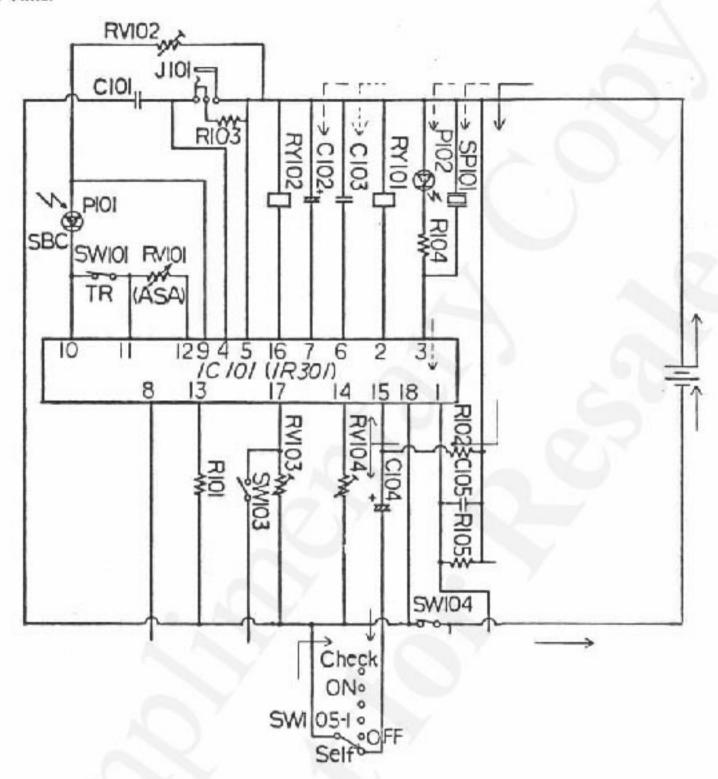
This circuit is essentially the same as the X timing circuit, the difference being that a manual adaptor is inserted into J101. Each

exposure time is obtained by varying the resistance corresponding to that of R103.

3-4. Bulb

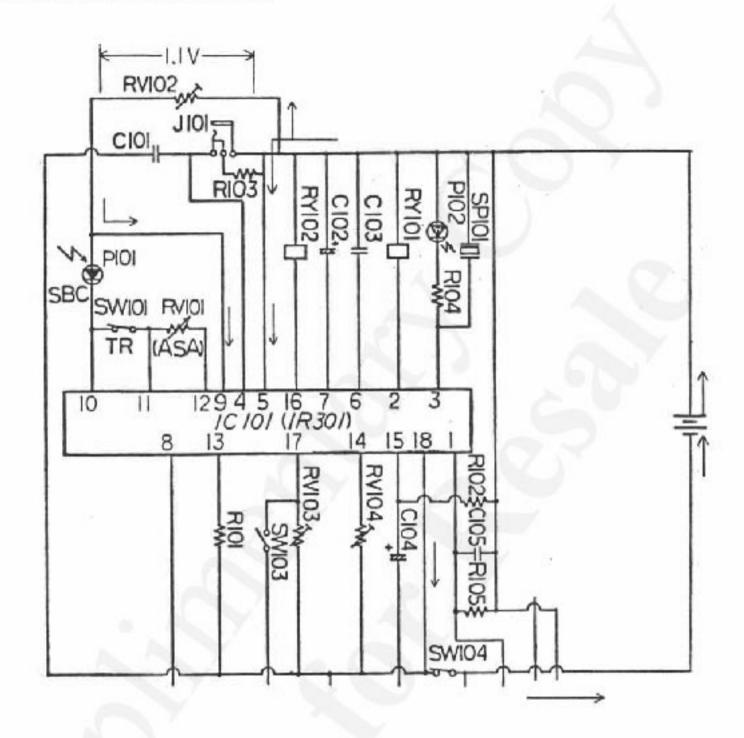


- Turning the switches (SW102) to B position applies 3 volts to terminal 8, and this alters the internal circuit of IC101, thereby introducing a manual circuit in this IC. (If the manual adaptor is off, manual control is completed in about 1/45 second of X timing and, thereafter, RY102 comes under control of SW103.)
- 2) With IC101 set for MANUAL, application of 3 volts to terminal 7 turns on RY102, so that the trailing curtain becomes held up rigidly to leave the shutter in released state.
- Removing the finger from the release button opens SW103, causing the shutter to close.



- 1) C104 is in discharged condition, so that terminal 15 is at a lower potential. Turning the switch (SW105) to Self position under this condition allows terminal 2 to reach a potential level of 3 volts to turn off RY101, thus introducing a mirror-lock condition. At the same time, current begins to flow through terminal 3, causing the Self LED to flicker and the beep sound to issue forth.
- 2) As the voltage of C104 getting charged rises to about 1.8 volts, terminal 2 goes down to 0 volt to turn on RY101, thus unlocking the mirror and releasing the shutter. When this occurs, both the flicker of LED and the beep sound cease.
- 3) Inside the circuit of IC101, 2-Hz oscillation is induced by C102 connected to terminal 7 and 3-kHz oscillation by C103 connected to terminal 6. These oscillations are combined in IC101 to make the LED flicker and produce the beep sound by means of piezoelectric element.

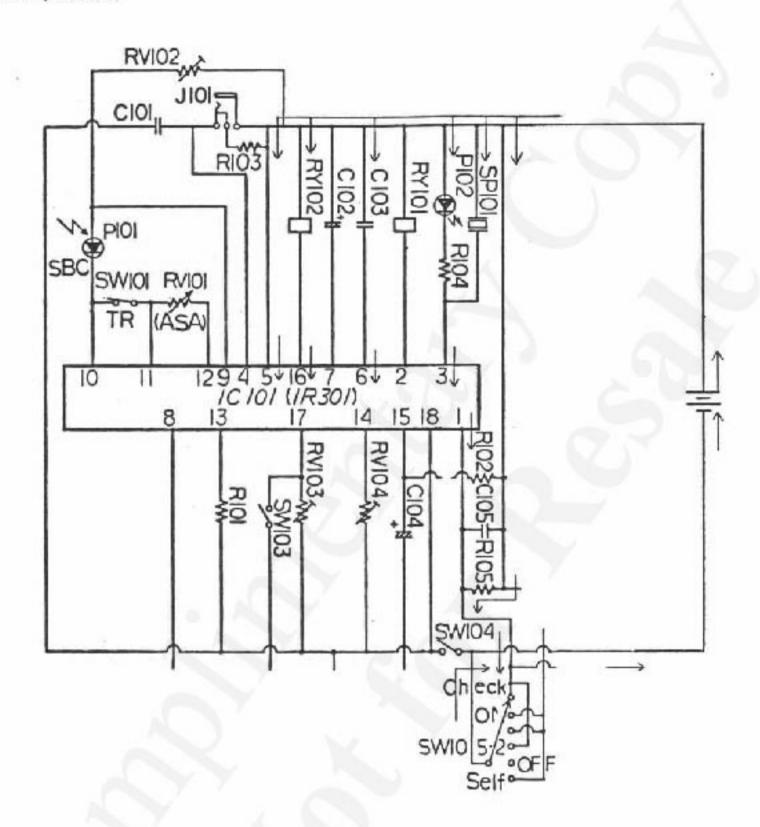
3-6. Shutter-Lock (Mirror-Lock) Circuit



- The potential level of terminal 9 is maintained at a steady level lower by 1.1 volts than
 the plus side of the voltage source even when
 the battery voltage changes. It is the voltage
 regulator circuit inside IC101 and the resistance of RV102 that holds terminal 9 at the
 steady level.
- The voltages of terminals 5 and 9 are compared inside IC101.
- If the source voltage is 2 volts or higher, terminal 2 goes to 0 volt, turning RY101 on to defeat mirror locking.

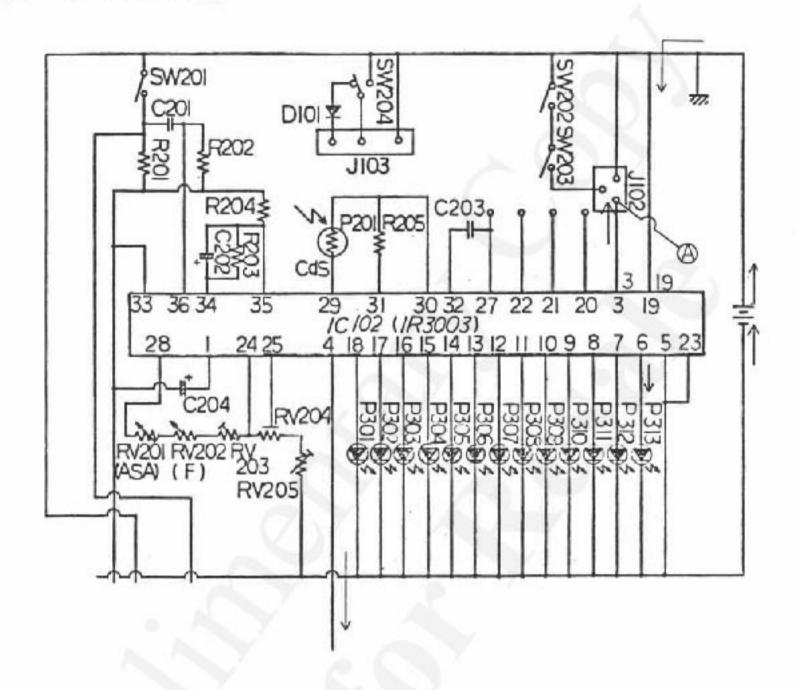
- If the source voltage is lower than 2 volts, terminal 2 comes up to the level of the source voltage. Under this condition, RY101 does not turn on.
- If RY101 does not go on, as in the case 4) above, then the mirror refuses to get unlocked. Releasing results in mirror locking.

3-7. Battery Checker



- Turning the switch (SW105) to Check position, the internal circuit of IC101 goes into a condition close to full operating condition.
- The resistance of R105 is approximately equal to the ohmic resistance of RY101.
 The moment SW105 goes into Check position, current starts flowing through R105.
- In battery checking, RY101 becomes deenergized and current is permitted to flow through R105 instead of RY101. The reason of this scheme is as follows:

Once RY101 is energized, mirror lock becomes released. Thus, if SW105 is moved to Check position with RY101 kept energized, shutter lock as well as self-timer remains defeated after checking. In order to hold both shutter lock and self-timer effective, R105 is used in place of RY101.



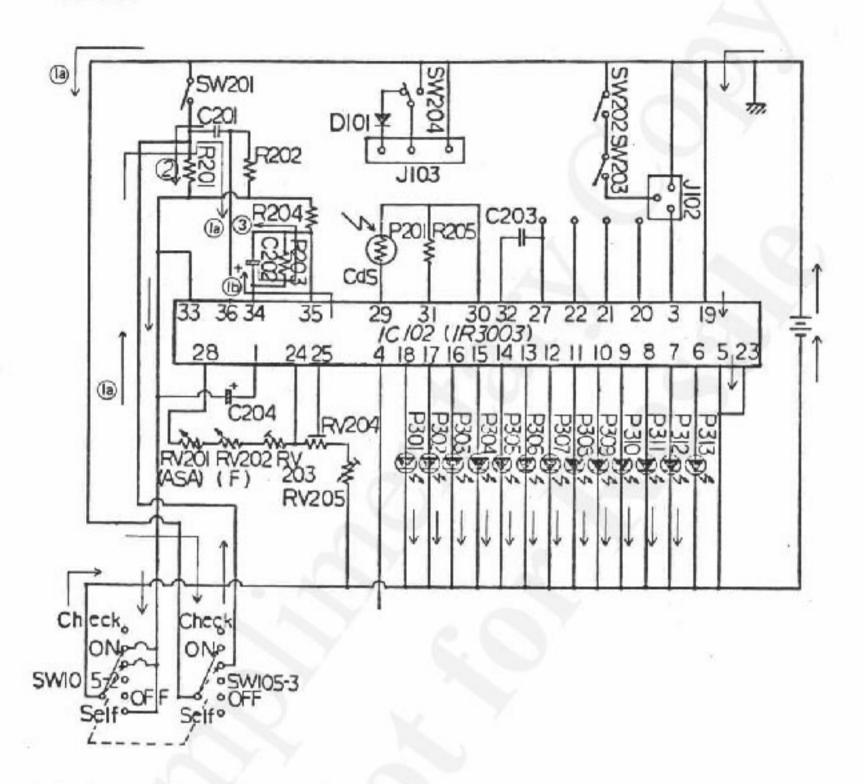
3-8-1. Automatic switch-over to X timing

- Assume that a proper strobo (such as a T20 strobo) is attached to the camera. Turning on the strobo power on-off switch introduces current through the terminals of J102 (which the shoe of the camera), as shown by arrow lines.
- As current flows from terminal 3 to terminal (A), the transistor connected to terminal 4 switches on, thereby establishing continuity from terminal 19 to terminal 4.
- The voltage (3 volts) of terminal 4 applies to terminal 8 of IC101, and this automatically induces X timing.

3-8-2. Strobo-charge indication and light check indication

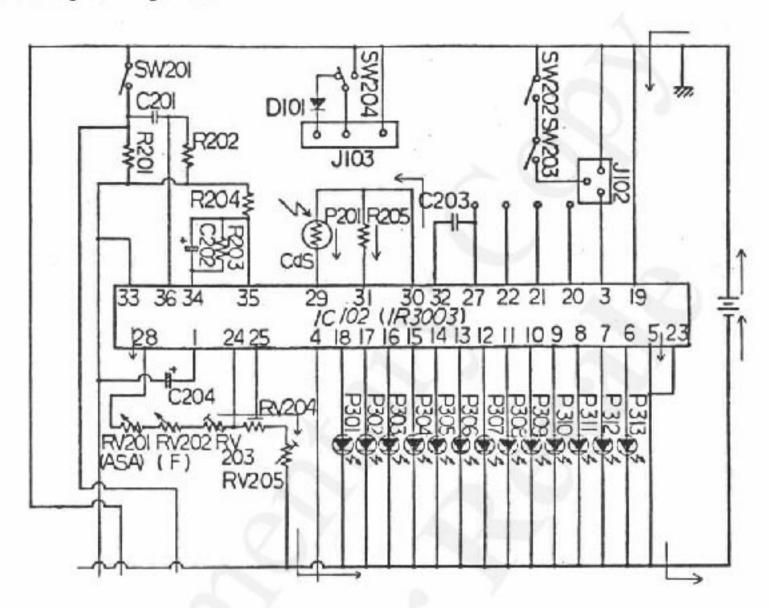
- The current that flows from terminal 3 of IC102 to terminal (A) is small before strobo charging starts: since this current is small then, another transistor inside IC102, which is connected to terminal 6, does not switch on.
- As the strobo becomes increasingly charged, the current, too, increases to switch on the transistor, thereby causing P313 to light up.
- As the strobo checks the incident light, current flows intermittently to it and P313 flickers.

3-9. Indication Timing Circuit (for shutter speed indication)



- Moving the switches (SW105) to ON position switches on the hold circuit inside IC102 by the current (a), which flows through C201 and SW105-3. The pulse generating circuit remains off. C202, too, gets charged at the same time by the current (b).
- As the hold circuit gets switched on, the indicator circuit becomes energized to commence indication.
- Also, with this switching-on of the hold circuit, C202 begins to discharge. The discharging current is indicated as 3). (The time constant circuit starts its action.)
- 4) As C202 becomes increasingly discharged, the potential of its positive (+) side goes down. When this falling potential reaches the reference level, the hold circuit becomes released. About a minute and a half will be required to release the hold circuit.
- The releasing of the hold circuit puts out the indication.
- The second indication is initiated by SW201. (the switch at the seat of release button).

3-10. CdS Light Sensing Circuit



- The path of current is from terminal 30 through CdS, terminals 29 and 28 and then through PV201, RV202 and RV203.
- IC102 operates in such a way that, when the intensity of incident light is high, the voltage (through CdS) at terminal 29 is high, and vice versa.
- 3) This voltage at terminal 29 is checked and compared with the reference voltage at terminal 31 next to R205. It is according to the checked voltage that LEDs (P301 ~ P312) are lit.
- P312 is the 1-second LED; P311 being the 1/2-second LED; . . . P302 is the 1/1000second LED. P301 is for OVER indication. (P313 is for strobo indication.)

CHECK POINTS (INSPECTION STANDARD)

B. CHECK POINTS (INSPECTION STANDARD)

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	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
	5.	1 March 1985 - William 1985 - De De Marcharde C. 1975				
	6.					_
	7.					
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Delay Time
Contact Efficiency
Contact Resistance
Insulation resistance
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I. APPERANCE AND FUNCTIONAL QUALITY

What to inspect	What to check	Checking method or criteria
1. Finder	1) Field of view	Be sure there's no stain or dust on this face. Be sure there's no shading due to foreign matter. The pentaprism edge lines must be perfectly free from any flaw. Percentage of field: 93 ±2% (W/50 mm, F1.8) The finder to be within the frame of true picture.
	2) Indicating plate	O mm Min. This mark to be free from any obstruction.
	Indicating LED	Be sure the plate is trued up as observed with naked eyes. Position
		This dimension to be within T 1
		 (1) Be sure that light comes on always at one point. (Sometimes at two points.) (2) With a prescribed strobo connected to camera, be sure that the indicating LED for the strobo lights up upon the charging up of the strobo, i.e., when the strobo power source is turned on. Also, be sure that this LED flickers when light-checking action is in progress after the release button has been pressed.

What to inspect	What to check	Checking method or criteria
2. R knob	1) R knob rattle	O.3 mm Max. O.1 mm Max. Omm When in home position When pulled out
	Clearance between R knob and crank	O,3mm Max.
	Smoothness of re- winding motion	Whether the camera is loaded with film or not, this motion must be smooth, free of any sticking.
	4) Friction	With the film removed, be sure that no more cranting force than is indicated is required.
	5) Force for pulling out the knob	±2009 1350 Be sure that the knob is capable of self-returning
3. Winding lever	1) Lever retainer	Be sure there is no evidence of galling at these parts.

What to inspect	What to check	Checking method or criteria
(Winding lever)	2) Winding lever rattle	0.1mm Max. 0.2mm Max. 0.2mm Max. A-B=±0.25 Max.
	3) Accuracy of winding action	 Make sure that a single stroke of the lever accurately advances the film by one frame and charges the shutter and mirror. Operate the lever rapidly to be sure that the shutter gets charged positively at each turning of the lever.
	4) Smoothness of wind- ing action	There shall be no initial sticking; and the lever shall move without any abnormal noise, squeak or hitch through its full stroke.
	5) Operating force	Measure the force, with the camera loaded with film.
	6) Accuracy of partial winding	Wind the film by operating the lever by repeating partial stroke, and be sure that each stroke advance the film by a corresponding amount and locking the film in partially advanced position.
4. Release button	1) Button rattle	0.25mm Mex.
		(1) Make sure that the shutter is positively
	Accuracy of releasing action	released when the button is pressed. (2) Press the button hard and let it go gently to see the returning action occurs properly.
		released when the button is pressed. (2) Press the button hard and let it go gently to

What to inspect	What to check	Checking method or criteria
(Release button)	5) Releasing force	200 ^{±80} g
	6) Releasing position	Be sure that releasing action occurs when, with 240 grams applied to its boss, the button is pressed to the indicated height. 2409
	7) Locking position	Make sure that the button becomes locked at the indicated position before the winding action is completed.
5. Film counter	Correspondence be- tween index and graduated marks	(1) Where "S" letter is provided, be sure that the index is within the width of this letter, when the back lid is opened and closed.
		(2) Where letter "S" or an odd number is used, the deviation, if any, must be within the value indicated. O.4 mm O.8 mm (Index width)
	2) "No.1" indication	After or before chargin, open and close the back lid and advance three frames of film to see if "No.1" indication occurs as it should.
	3) Stopping position	Requirement: Pointing to (37) and "E" clearly visible.
	Accuracy of returning action	Open the back lid to be sure that the counter returns to "S" from any position.
6. Rear cover	1) Condition of skin	 Clearance: 0.2 mm max. Swells and dents: Not to be appreciably large. Bond: The skin should be free from any evidence of coming off.

What to inspect	What to check	Checking method or criteria
(Rear cover)	Rattle in fore-aft direction at the time of locking	With or without patrone, the key part should have no rattle.
	3) Hinge rattle	(1) Wooble: There should be no rubbing of the edges of the camera body.
		(2) Vertical: 0.15 max.
	Smoothness of open- close movement	Be sure that the cover moves without any hitch and that it moves smoothly with its own weight.
7. Key	1) Accuracy of action	Make sure that pulling the winding knob out to second position opens the back cover positively and that releasing the pull-out knob allows the key to return home.
	Force for closing the rear cover	With the patrone in, a force of 1 to 2.5 kg applied to the patrone part of the cover should close the cover.
8. Pressure plate	Direction of plate in place	Be sure that the fixed side is on the hinge side.
	2) Trueness of plate in place	A - B = 2 mm Max.
9. Sprocket	1) Tooth position	±0.4mm
		Measure the amount of rattle by pushing it to the mask side.

What to inspect	What to check	Checking method or criteria
(Sprocket)	2) Rattle	O.35mm O.15mm EDES 1.8mm (at the tooth root)
10. Spool	1) Rattle	0.25mm ←→
	2) Preload	Max. 180 - 4009
11. Shutter curtains	1) Curtain frame position	Mask Clasps Be sure that, before and after charging, the clasps shy away from the mask.
	Blur, fading and moire due to lead- ing curtain	There should not be any appreciable blur, fading o moire.
	3) Curtain tensioning	Make sure that the curtain is neither tilted nor sag- ged and that it is properly tensioned.
12. Rewinding clutch	Trueness of rewind- ing clutch	2°-1-2° B-10°
		A = ordinary range B = (seldom)

What to inspect	What to check	Checking method or criteria
(Rewinding clutch)	Accuracy of setting on R side	Be sure that the clutch, when turned by more than 90°, stays firmly set without any tendency to move back. (The clutch should so stay also during winding.)
	Reliability of clutch action	Be sure that, with the clutch set on R side, its sprocket freewheels.
	4) Smoothness of action	Make sure that the clutch restores itself smoothly when the subsequent winding action is started.
13. Mode knob	1) Reliability of ASA dial	+2 +1 0 -1 -2 25 50 100 200 400 800 1600 Each blank box represents a combination. Be sure that all combinations are available.
	Offset between index and graduation mark	Allowable
	Accuracy of mode lever action	Make sure that a switch-over occurs for certain at each click position.
	Smoothness of mode lever motion	The lever should move without any hitch.
	5) Mode lever operating force	The mode lever should get out of arresting (click) position when acted on with a force of 0.57 ~ 0.82 kg at the arrowhead.
14. Select knob	1) Angle of selecting action	C SELF TIMER CHECK A = ON B = C =

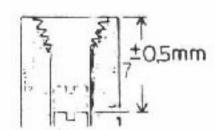
What to inspect	What to check	Checking method or criteria
(Select knob)	2) Knob operating force	Force for disengagement from arresting position (click): 350 ±50g Force for turning from one arresting position to another: 90 ±20g
	Confirmation of ON-OFF action	Be certain that the indicating LED in the finder lights up when the change is being made from OFF to ON.
	4) Reliability of CHECK action	Audible sounding and LED lighting should occur without fail.
	5) Reliability of self- timer action	Be sure that the timer starts up upon releasing and operates as accompanied by the audible (sound) and visual (LED) indications.
	6) Self-timer delay	12 ±3 seconds
	7) LED brightness	In the ambient conditions equivalent to BV15, the light should be clearly recognizable against the sun from a distance of 3 meters.
	8) Flickering interval for SELF mode	ON 250 ± 100 ms; OFF 250 ± 100 ms; Total 500 ± 150 ms
	9) Indication limiter time	45 ~ 120 sec. (tentative)
15. Aperture lever	1) Operating force	Aperture lever should move downward when subjected to the indicated force. ±209
16. Aperture link ring	1) Operating force	1509 Max. 50~2509

What to inspect	What to check	Checking method or criteria
17. Movable mirror	Smoothness of move- ment	There should be no hesitation, abnormal noise or hitch in its movement.
	2) Shutter releasing position	Lower limit
	Mirror rebound upon rising	
18. B mount	Condition of mount screw	Be sure that the screw is free from any sign of stripping or other malcondition.
	Smoothness of re- moval and fitting	Check to be sure that the reference lens fits and comes off smooth, without any sticking or abrading tendency.
	3) Turning effort	The force required to turn the reference lens should be from 4 to 7 kg-cm (tentative).
19. Mounting seat of manual adaptor	1) Nicks and scratches	There should be neither nicks nor scratch marks in the mounting parts.
	Force for pushing in the adaptor	500 ∼ 1400 g
	Force for pulling out the adaptor	400 ~ 1300 g
20. Release lock	1) Lock voltage	2 ±0.05 V
	2) Accuracy of locking	Operate the select switch on and off and check to be sure that, at any position of SELF, — (a) Releasing is possible at any voltage from 3.2 V down to the lock voltage indicated above. (b) Locking occurs positively at a voltage level below the lock voltage.
21. Winder	1) Contact	 Be sure that the point face is below the contact seat by 0 ±0.05 mm.
		(2) Contact seat should be below the lower plate by 0.1 ±0.2 mm.

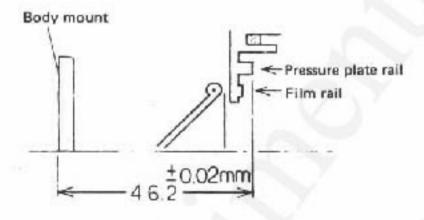
What to inspect	What to check	Checking method or criteria
(Winder)	2) Reliability of action	Check to be sure that no action occurs when the motor drive is attached and that the action takes place for certain when the winder is attached.
	 Circuit continuity be- tween contact points and insulation resis- tance 	 (1) Continuity to be noted with not more than 0.2 ohm indicated by the tester. (2) Insulation resistance to be at least 50 megohms at 500 volts.

II. FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE QUALITY

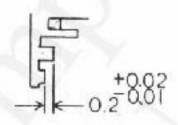
Depth for initiating release in the core
Releasing action to be initiated at the indicated depth.



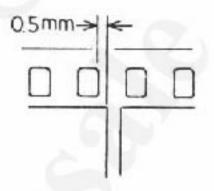
Flange backFrom pressure plate to film rail face



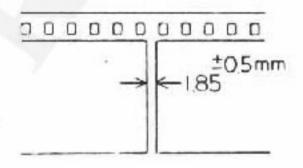
3. Tunnel distance



- Vertical deviation of picture image face
 The picture image face (frame) to be off perforations.
- Perforation position Picture frame must be at least 0.5 mm off the perforation.



6. Distance between picture frames



7. Indicating accuracy of exposure meter

7-1. Test conditions:

Voltage:

3.15 ±0.005 V

Previous illumination:

20,000 lux for 30 minutes or longer

K value of light source box: K = 1.3

7-2. Indicating accuracy requirement:

LEDs should light for the combinations, as follows:

(a) Brightness accuracy (ASA100 F5.6)

Brightness	BV4	BV6	BV8	BV10	BV12	BV14	BV15
12.0350		1		- 1			
LED	1	2	8	30	125	500	1000

(b) Aperture actuating accuracy (ASA100 BV10)

Aperture	F1.8	F2	F2.8	F4	F5.6	F8	F11	F16
LED	250	250	125	60	30	15	8	4

Alternatively (ASA100 BV12)

Aperture	F1.8	F2	F2.8	F4	F5.6	F8	F11	F16
LED	1000	1000	500	250	125	60	30	15

(c) ASA conversion accuracy (F5.6 BV10)

ASA	25	50	100	200	400	800	1600
		ALI			1		I
						125	250
LED	8	15	30	60	125	250 500	500 1000

Alternatively (F5.6 BV12)

ASA	25	50	100	200	400	800	1600
		y 1		ı	1	500	
LED	30	60	125	250	500	1000 and over	1000

8. Curtain speed

Standard speed: 12.0 ms

Difference in speed between first curtain and second curtain to be 0*8.15 , with the former being faster.

9. MANUAL timing

With the tool manual adaptor, whose error is not greater than 1%, the following requirements should be met:

Time in second	Reference value for adjustment	Requirement on camera in use		
1/8	74.8~209 ms (±0.75)	(Same as the left)		
1/500	1.17~3.27 ms (±0.75)	(Same as the left)		
1/1000	0.5 ~ 2 ms (±1.0)	(Same as the left)		
MINI	0.3 ~ 2.0 ms			
X	15 ~ 3- ms	/		

(Tentative)

10. Exposure time variation

1 ~ 1/1000 sec.

0.35 EV max.

AUTO

(Use the tool manual adaptor to check for 1 ~ 1/1000 second range.)

11. Erratice exposure

12. Delay time

The first curtain to start closing immediately upon the full opening of second curtain; and the switching-in to occur within 1.5 ms.

13. Contact efficiency

50% or greater for Int. 1 ms; the permissible minimum being 40%.

14. Contact resistance

The resistance is statisfactory if continuity can be noted at 3 volts.

15. Insulation resistance

At least 30 megohms at 50 volts

MANUAL exposure time where voltage varies Time variation for 3.2 V down to lock voltage should be within 0.3 EV.

17. Auto exposure accuracy

The following requirements should be satisfied under the conditions of ASA100, F5.6, two new batteries of 3.15 ±0.01 V and no previous illumination:

Brightness	Center value	Reference value for adjustment	Requirement on camera in use
BV 15 +0.3		-0.15 ~ +1.2 EV	-0.45 ~ +1.5 EV
BV 14 +0,3		-0.15 ~ +1.2 EV	-0.45 ∼ +1.5 EV
EV 12	+0.1	−0.5 ~ +0.9 EV	
EV 11	0	-0.6 ~ -0.85 EV	−0.75 ~ +1.0 EV
EV 10	-0.1	−0.7 ~ +0.75 EV	
EV 8 -0.25		-0.9 ~ +0.65 EV	−1.0 ~ +0.75 EV
BV 6	-0.3	-1.2 ~ +0.4 EV	

18. ASA selecting accuracy

The following tabulated requirements are deviations from actually measured value under BV8, F5.6 and ASA 100:

ASA selected	Reference value for adjustment	Requirement on camera in use
400	-0.35~+0.65EV	-0.35~+0.65EV
800 *1	-0.75~+1.25EV	-0.75~+1.25EV
1600 *2		

NOTE:

- *1. There must be a deviation of at least EV from actually measured value at ASA400.
- *2. There must be a deviation of at least 0.3 EV from actually measured value at ASA800.

19. Temperature characteristics

Deviations from the values at normal temperature must be within the following limits:

1) MANUAL and X exposure

0.2 EV max, at -10°C

2) AUTO (ASA25 ~ 400)

At -20°C ~ +50°C

Equivalent of 1/250 and under 0.3 EV Equivalent of 1/500 and under 0.4 EV ASA800 ~ 1600

The limit is higher by 0.3 EV than the above-indicated limit.

20. Humidity characteristics

Leave the camera in a controlled atmosphere held at 20°C ~ 25°C and 90 ±5% relative humidity for 2 hours, after which the exposure time is to be measured to determine the deviation from the reference value noted before the camera is put to the test.

The deviation must be not greater than 1 EV for equivalent of AUTO, ASA100, 2 sec.

NOTE:

There should be no evidence of abnormal condition with respect to releasing action and speed.

21. Release lock voltage

2 ±0.05 V

22. Battery check voltage

This voltage to be not lower than the lock voltage but not higher than 2.2 volts. (Check indication should cease in the above voltage range.)

23. Change in exposure for voltage change

This change must be less than 0.3 EV for the range from 3.2 V to pre-lock voltage in both AUTO and MANUAL modes.

24. Current consumption

Selector switch position	Current	
OFF	mA	
ON	mA	
CHECK	mA	
SELF TIMER	mA	

25. Leakage current

Not greater than 1 μ A when selector switch is OFF.

26. Protective circuit

Put in the batteries the other way around to reverse the polarity: under this condition, no rupture should occur in IC and capacitor.

27. Maximum exposure time

The shutter should close in 2 to 20 seconds in complete dark when operated in AUTO and ASA100.

28. Finder-indication limiter time

45 ~ 120 sec. (tentative)

29. Self-timer interval

12 ±3 sec.

30. SELF flicker interval

ON 250 ± 100 ms; OFF 250 ± 100 ms; and Total 500 ± 150 ms.

31. Finder viewing

-0.533 dioptric value

One-side blur

Not greater than 0.25 mm as compared to the center.

33. Accuracy of focal plane position

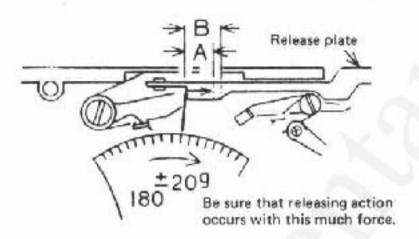
Optical difference between film rail race and focal plane to be within the following limit:

- When tool is fitted. +0.51 ±0.02 mm
- At center, when optical path is through focussing glass.+0.05 ±0.02 mm

34. Winder

Operating force and stroke of release plate. (Check with bottom plate removed.)

A = Shutter releasing position 2 ±0.4 mm B = Stopping position 2.5 mm max.



ORDER OF DISASSEMBLY

C. ORDER OF DISASSEMBLY

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	ZC205100 SIDE PLATE R	15



Indicates parts that should not be touched directly by bare hand because special surface treatment is applied. Wear fingerstalls or use tweezers.

1. ZC200200 Top Cover

Parts to remove	Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
CE200900 FW lever holder	1	KCCE 2009	ZC207200 Winding lever CE204200 FW lever washer	
CE201800 R screw	1	KCCE2119 R shaft holder	CE201700 R spring ZC208300 R knob	Phillips screwdriver KCCE 2119
SC0158 MR90	1	OT0065 Stop ring pliers	CE201600 (204300) R plate ZC208500 R change	

Parts to remove	Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
PUK1.7—410SG Screw	4		CA872200 Key spring ZC207300 Release button	
PUK1.7—416SG M washer	2		< D	
CE202400 M washer	1	KCCE2024 Driver		CE202400 KCCE2024
Undo soldered connection of FPC.	4	0	ZC200200 Top cover	
the t	top cov		which how to put on Putting on this cover rise to trouble.	Red Blue Green

2. ZC200500 Rear Cover (Top cover, ZC200200, is assumed to be off.)

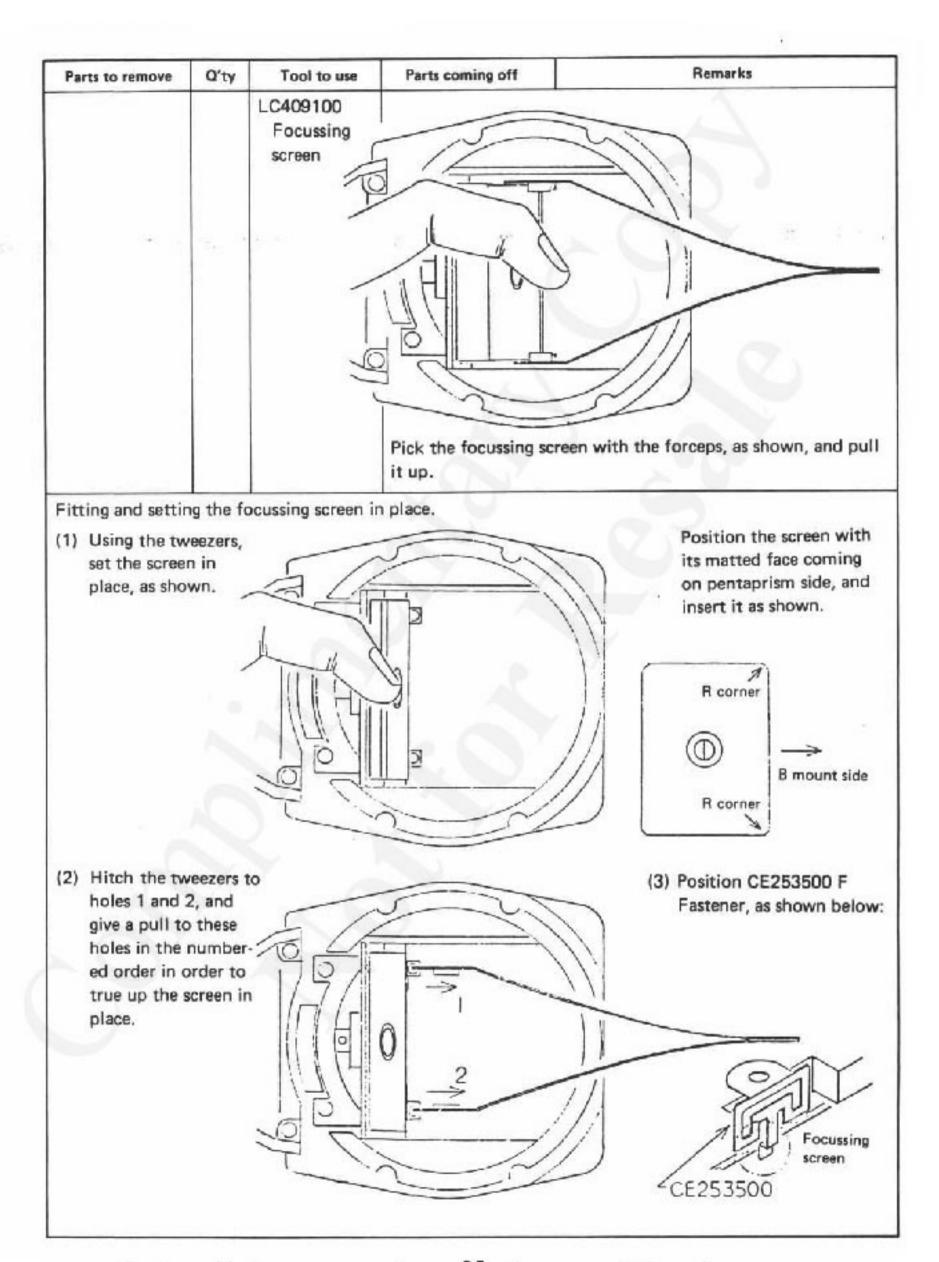
Parts to remove	Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
PSK2×4SE Screw	2		ZJ133700 Bottom plate	THE COLUMN TWO IS NOT
CE210800 Shaft	1	No. 2 screwdriver	ZC200500 Rear cover	

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3. LC409100 Focussing Screen

Parts to remove	Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
PUK2x4.5SG Screw	3		CE254600 B mount CE254500 Front cover ZJ130600 Connecting ring	B mount PUK 2 X 4,5 SG
CE252600 L cover	1		attached with PLYO	might not come off easily because it is OBOND. To facilitate its removal, apply the mixture liquid.
PSK1.4x2SN Screw	1		CE253500 F fastener	PSKI.4X2 SN OL OLO CE253500
LC409100 Focussing screen	1	KCCE4091 Screen tweezers	Lay the camera dow to facilitate work.	Bottom side KCCE4091

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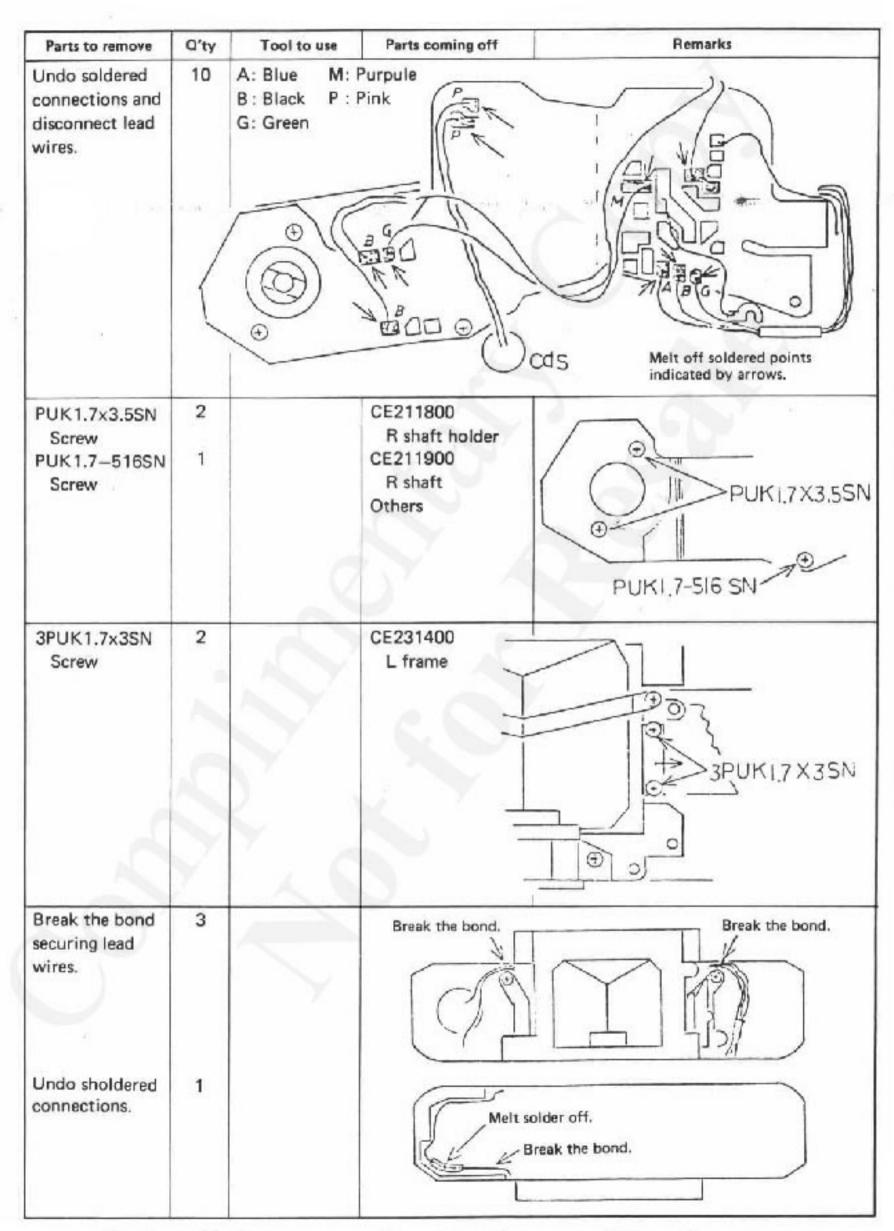


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4. ZJ131000 Front Casting (Top cover, ZC2002, is assumed to be off.)

Parts to remove	Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
CA915600 Light proof padding	2			Light proof padding
ZC208400 Cover plate	1			1. Push up the mirror with a fingertip. (Be sure that the shutter is not in charged condition.) Cover plate 2. Lift it in the arrow direction and take it out.
CE202800 H. screw CE203400 A board stopper	1		ZC207900 A holder ZJ136600 ~ ZJ137000 A board	H. screw ZC 207900 A board stopper ZJ 136600 ZJ 137000
PUK2x3SN Screw	2		CE202500 A board washer	O A board washer O PUK2X3SN
3PUK 1.7x3,5SN (Be sure to re- move this.)	1		CA889700 FP terminal	FP terminal 3PUKI.7X3.5SN

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Parts to remove	Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
Parts to remove CE211500 Front leather L CE211600 Front leather R CE915500 Front screw	1 1 4	Tool to use	Front leatehr R	CA91550C Front leather L The by pulling it out from top side, whitch onto FPC. Front casting side The Casting side

5. ZC200300 FPC-1 (ZJ131000 Front casting is assumed to be off.)

Parts of remove	Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
Undo soldered connections and disconnect lead wires.	S			Black
			(Brown lead wires need not be discriminated from each other when soldering them to the spots indicated.)	Red Prown Brown Brown

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Parts of remove	Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
PUK1.4-305SN Screw	1		ZJ200300 FPC-1	PUKI.4-305SN
				F300I
			(Bear in mind that tape whose both faces are adhesive is used in securing FPC-1 at the indi- cated locations.)	Double-adhesive tape
				FPC-I

6. ZJ132400 Shutter Curtains (Be sure that ZJ200300 FPC-1 is in place.)

Parts of remove	Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
PUK1.7x1.5SN Screw	4	I doi to use	ZK202100 Frame	PUKI.7 XI.5 SN ZC202ICO (Just loosen these screws.)

Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
1		ZC103000 3 gear CA885100 3 gear spring	PUKI,4-6055N ZC103000
1		CA882600 Lock spring CA882400 Lock lever CA917600 L holder washer CA882100 Lock spring	CA917400
1		ZC201700 2 gear B1 (11 pieces)	CE222700 (Reverse screw) ZC 201700
2		F C. C	(2-gear shaft) PSK2 X2.25
2		그 계속 그렇게 되어 이 기계하면 된다고 있는데 이 하는데 되지 않는데 되었다. 하는데 이번 하는	PUK screw PUK screw 2 stopper in sliding direction while securing remove the two screws, PUK2x2SN.
	1	1	1 ZC103000 3 gear CA885100 3 gear spring 1 CA882600 Lock spring CA882400 Lock lever CA917600 L holder washer CA882100 Lock spring 1 ZC201700 2 gear B1 (11 pieces) 2

Parts of remove	Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
PUK2x2SN Screw	2			PUK2X2SN
4	74		-	
PUK 1.7x2.2SN Screw	2		ZC208000 SW base plate	ZC208000 PUKI.7 X2.2 SN
CA853100 Tension nut	2	0	ZJ132400 Shutter curtain CA852900 Roller B NW1.5-425UO	CA853100 Tension nut
	1			CA853100 Tension nut is secured rigid by means of ALON ALPHA, and may not come off easily: if so, prise it with No.4 screwdriver and break the shaft to permit its removal.

7. ZJ132300 S base plate(The parts mentioned in the preceding pages are assumed to be all off.)

Parts of remove	Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
CA937400 M lever shaft	1		EZC104100 KM lever	CA937400 EXECUTED TO SERVICE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE P
PSK2x2.8SN Screw	3	7	ZJ132400 S base plate	- Ca/(200)
Undo the solder- ed connection of the black lead wire.	1			

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8. CE127000 Winding Gear (ZC200200 Top cover is assumed to have been removed.)

Parts of remove	Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
CE128900 Film counter stopper	1	1	CE236400 Fil counter CE128800 Film counter spring 2	1. Push out CE128900 in the arrow direction. 2. Raise CE236400 Film counter and then let it go to remove tension from Film counter spring. 3. Raise lug plate again, and take out lug spring. 4. For the method of reassembly, refer to the repair procedure.
PUK1.7x3SN Screw PUK1.7x4SB Screw PUTB2x3SN Screw	1 1		EZC200600 FW base ZC202700 K knob	PUTB2 X3 SN PUKI,7 X3 SN PUKI,7 X4 SB PUKI,7 X4 SB PURI OUT K knob in the arrow direction, and pick out FW base.
PUTB1.7x3SB Screw	2		CE126600 Lower base plate ZJ131700 Winding gear 1 ZC201000 Idler CE128300 Film counter gear	PUTBI.7X3SB6~8 kg-mm Removal of the screws indicated allows Upper base plate and Lower base plate to separate.

Parts of remove	Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
4.17 4.17 7.1			Winding shaft and widing gear come off.	
				1. Rest the winding shaft on the block, as shown. 2. Using such as forceps, push down the gear by putting the forceps to the two spots indicated by arrows.
	2 / 2		CE127500 Roll spring CE236500 Roll spring 2 CE236400 Film counter CE127400 Spring ZJ131600 Winding pawl	Tweezers CEI27500 CEI27500
				Using tweezers, lift CE127500 Roll spring and pick it out. For the method of reassembly, refer to the repair procedure.

9. ZJ131100 MS Base Plate (Main Switch) (ZJ131000 Front casting is assumed to be off.)

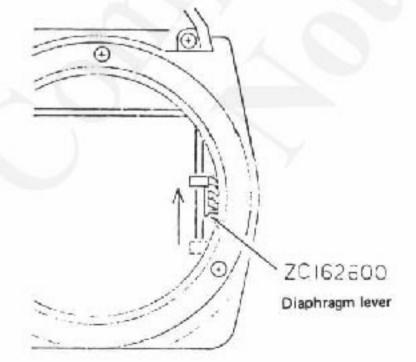
Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
2		CE057900 F contact CE066500 Insulator CA890000 Insulation washer	CE058200
1/2		ZJ131100	CA8 447007
2	ZJ131100 MS base plate		Disengage M spring here.
	1/2	2 1/2 2 ZJ131100	2 CE057900 F contact CE066500 Insulator CA890000 Insulation washer 1/2 ZJ131100 MS base plate

9-1

Tips on removal of ZJ131100 M base plate: Have the diaphragm lever, ZC162600, raised as shown on the left before removing ZJ131100 M base plate.



The job of re-hitching the hook eye of M spring, CA844700, onto the stud will be facilitated if a tool like this one is used.



Spring hitching tool

(Use this when re-hitching M spring.)

10. ZJ130400 Side Plate L, ZK205100 Side Plate R (ZJ131000 Front casting is assumed to be off.)

Parts of remove	Q'ty	Tool to use	Parts coming off	Remarks
(PUK2x4.5SG) Screw	3		CE254600 B mount CE254500 Front cover	PUK2X4.5SG
PUK2x3SN Screw PUK2x3.5SN Screw	1		ZC205100 Side plate R	PUK2 X35N
PUK2x3SN Screw PUK2x1.8SN Screw	2		ZJ130400 Side plate L	PKU2XI.85N PUK2X35N

OUTLINE OF REPAIR

D. OUTLINE OF REPAIR

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I. WINDER MECHANISM

1. CE1270 winding gear re-assembly

1-1. Combine winding gear (CE127000) and ring (CE127200) together by fitting the referencenumbered parts 1 through 5, sequentially and in ascending order, to the winding gear.

CE127500 Spring (5)

CE127400 Spring (2)

CE236500 Spring, two (4)

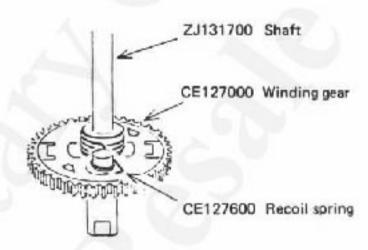
CE127200 Ring (3)

ZJ131600 Winding claw (1)

CE127000 Winding gear

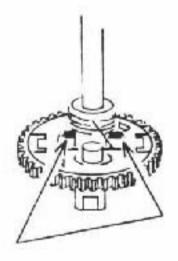


NOTE: Assembly of ① , ② , ③ and ④. 1-2. Insert winding shaft (ZJ131700) into the winding gear assembled as above, and mount spring (CE127600), hitching its free end onto the stud, as shown, to produce a proper biasing force.



NOTE:

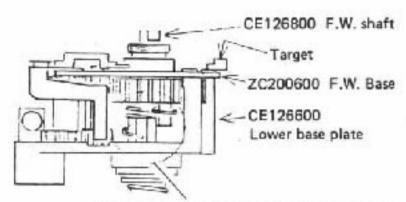
So that the winding gear will not break apart when hitching the return spring, hold down the roll spring and set the spring as shown.



NOTE:

Equalize the amounts of protrusions, right and left, and push in the winding shaft.

1-3. Insert F.W. shaft sub-assembly (CE126800) into lower base plate (CE126600), put on F.W. base (ZC200600), and fasten down the base with screws.

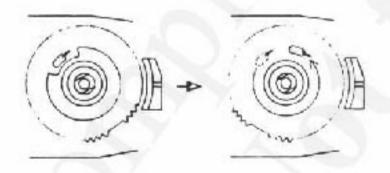


Returning spring (CA886100) is shown here as hitched onto the protrusion.

NOTE:

There are two protrusions. Be sure to hook the spring onto the one shown.

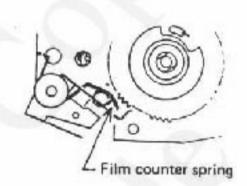
- 1-4. Referring to the above sketch, hitch spring (CE127600) onto the protrusion of lower base plate (CE126600).
- Put on film counter spring (CE128800) and film counter LC (CE128700), and tension the counter spring.



Hitch film counter spring onto the notch formed of film counter LC.

Turn the counter LC about one rotation to override the stopper and set it beyond the stopper.

- 1-6. Push film counter stopper (CE128900) into the groove of washer (CE126700), guiding the stopper through the recess formed of film counter LC (CE128700).
- 1-7. Put on film counter spring 1 (CE128600).

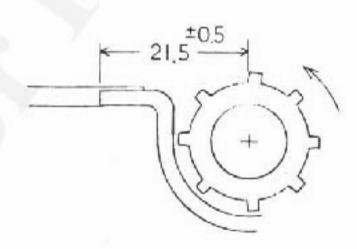


2. Sprocket positioning

Positioning adjustment is to be made by displacing gear No. 2 (CA883400) in place. To do so, gear No. 1 (CA881600) must be removed.

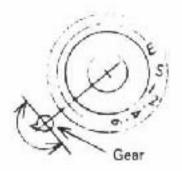
NOTE:

Check the dimensions while urging the gear toward mask side.



NOTE:

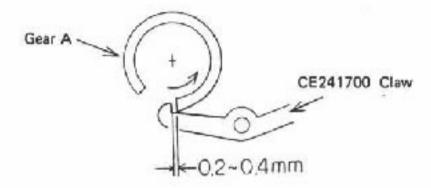
Locate the gear as shown here.



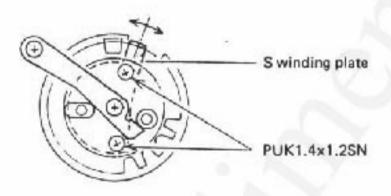
Position the gear so that its protrusion will come within the range indicated by arrows.

3. Adjusting marginal clearance on Gear A

Gently wind up to see if the clearance, indicated in the sketch, occurs after the leading claw (CE241700) has passed over the end of gear A; if not, make the following adjustment to produce the indicated amount of clearance.



To adjust, reposition S winding plate (CA-884000) in the following manner:



Loosen two screws (PUK 1.4 x 1.2 SN), and angularly displace S winding plate to produce a clearance of anywhere between 0.2 and 0.4 mm.

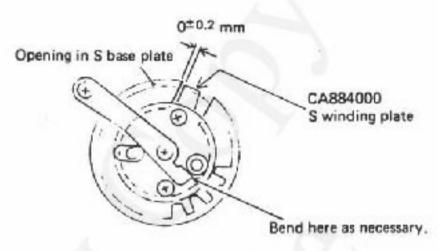
NOTE:

After completing the adjustment, lock with ALON ALPHA.

To be locked are:

Two PUK1.4x1.2SN and slot (indicated by an arrow).

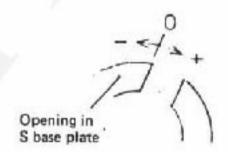
4. Positional adjustment of 4-gear (ZC102700)



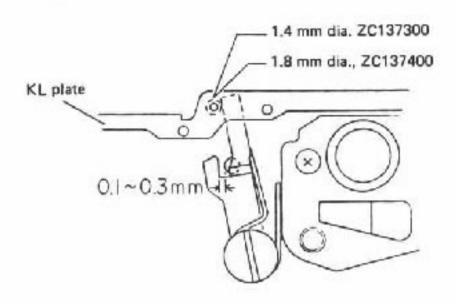
The clearance of S winding plate (CA884000) relative to the hole edge of S base plate should be 0 ±0.2 mm; if not, bend the 4-gear stopper.

NOTE:

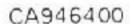
After making this adjustment, make sure the bent portion will not rub the high spots of 4-tooth gear.



Adjustment of bulb plate (CA946400) and KL plate pin



- 5-1. Obtain the clearance (0.1 ~ 0.3 mm) by using a KL plate (ZC137300 or ZC137400) whose pin is of the right size for keeping the clearance between 0.1 and 0.3 mm.
- If the above adjustment is not possible, replace plate CA968800.



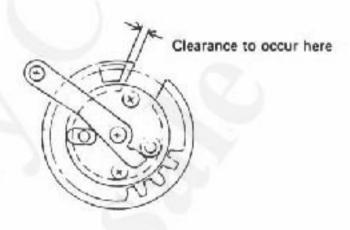




6. First curtain adjustment

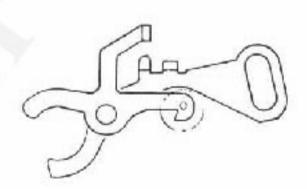
This brake is not provided with an eccentrically shaped means for adjusting the braking force, but its A pinch (ZC201800) is of such a shape that no contact occurs between the protrusion of gear A and S base plate.

 Check to be sure that, after shutter releasing, a clearance occurs at the indicated location.

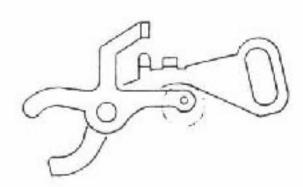


2) Brake replacement

There is no interchangeability between the first curtain brake of OM-10 and those of other models. See the difference in the two sketches:



A pinch for OM-10 (ZC201800)

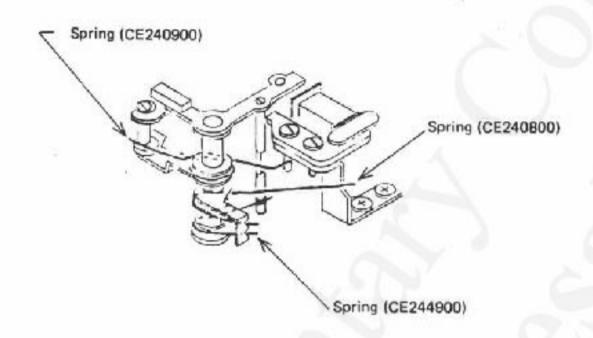


A pinch for OM-1 and OM-2

II. ADJUSTMENTS RELATED TO S BASE PLATE (ZJ132300)

1. How to hitch springs

Hitch the three spring as illustrated.



Positional adjustment of gear BM (CE240200) and R claw

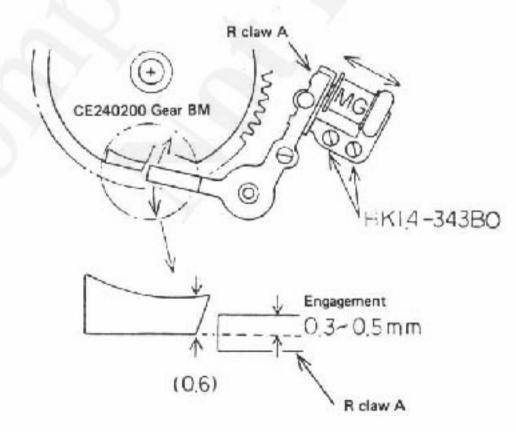
2-1. Adjusting the amount of claw engagement

The prescribed amount of engagement is from 0.3 to 0.5 mm, as shown. To obtain this much engagement of the claw with gear BM (CE240200), displace the magnet.

Loosening the magnet securing screws (HK 1.4 - 343 BO) permits the magnet to be moved.

NOTE:

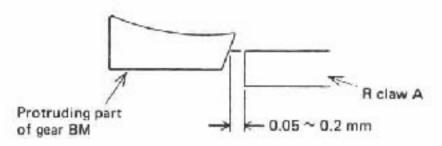
After repositioning the magnet in place, be sure that the magnet and upper plate (CE-081100) are nearly parallel to each other, and that the contact is made under spring force.



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2-2. Clearance adjustment

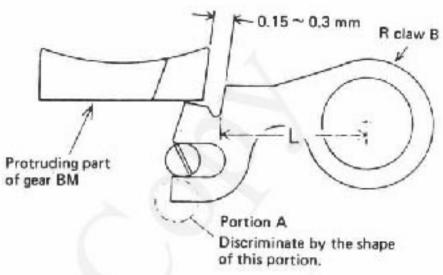
R claw A is available in five sizes listed below. Use the one that will provide the prescribed clearance $(0.05 \sim 0.2 \text{ mm})$.



R claw A1	(ZC202200)	L = 7.8
R claw A2	(ZC202300)	L = 8.1
R claw A3	(ZC202400)	L = 8.4
R claw A4	(ZC202500)	L = 7.95
R claw A5	(ZC206000)	L = 8.25

NOTE:

- Check this clearance upon winding up.
- Trailing R claw A is constructed as shown below. It is combined with trailing R claw B. Selection must be made by taking R claw B into account.
- L dimension and size number.



R claw A1 and R claw B1 (CE243600) L = 6.65 R claw A2 and R claw B2 (CE243700) L = 6.95 R claw A3 and R claw B3 (CE243800) L = 7.25 R claw A4 and R claw B4 (CE245900) L = 6.8 R claw A5 and R claw B5 (CE246000) L = 7.1

The two are punched. Consider the balance between the two in replacing the claw.

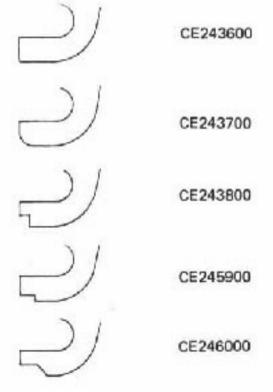
NOTE:

To check the clearance, wind up and remove R claw A from gear BM.

The portion A of is shaped as follows:

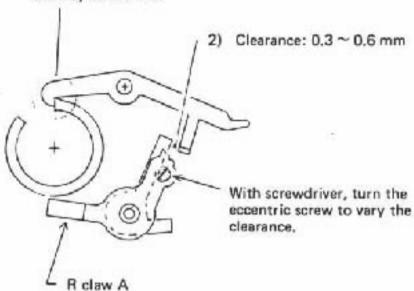


3. Positional adjustment of gear BM and R claw B R claw B is available in five sizes listed below. Use the one that will provide the prescribed clearance (0.15 ~ 0.3 mm) between the protruding part of gear BM and R claw B.



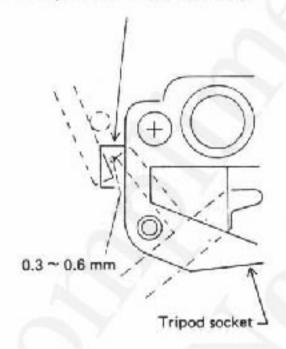
Adjustment of clearance between claw (CE-241700) and plate (CE244400)

The claw should hitch all the way to the hilt.

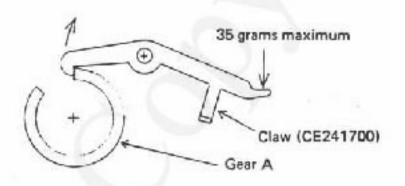


NOTE:

Check the clearance by observing through the side hole of tripod socket (CE051400).



Checking the releasing force required of claw (CE241700)



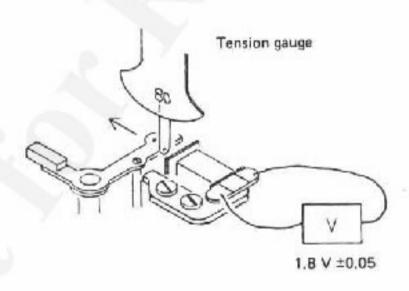
NOTE:

Check to be sure that no greater force than 35 grams is needed to disengage the claw from gear A.

Be sure, also, that leading pawl disengages too easily.

Use a tension gauge to measure this force.

Testing the electromagnet for attractive force and continuity



NOTE:

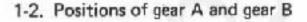
From a regulated-voltage power source, apply 1.8 ± 0.05 volts to the electromagnet. In this condition, the electromagnet should develop a force of at least 80 grams, as measured with a tension gauge.

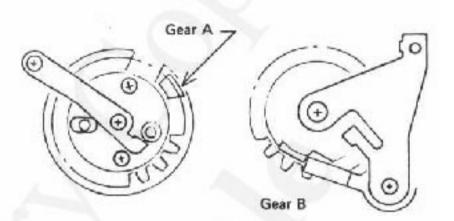
To check the circuit continuity through the coil, measure its ohmic resistance with a circuit tester. The coil is in sound condition if the tester shows 600 ohms or thereabout on its 100X range.

III. SHUTTER MECHANISM

1. Shutter curtain replacement

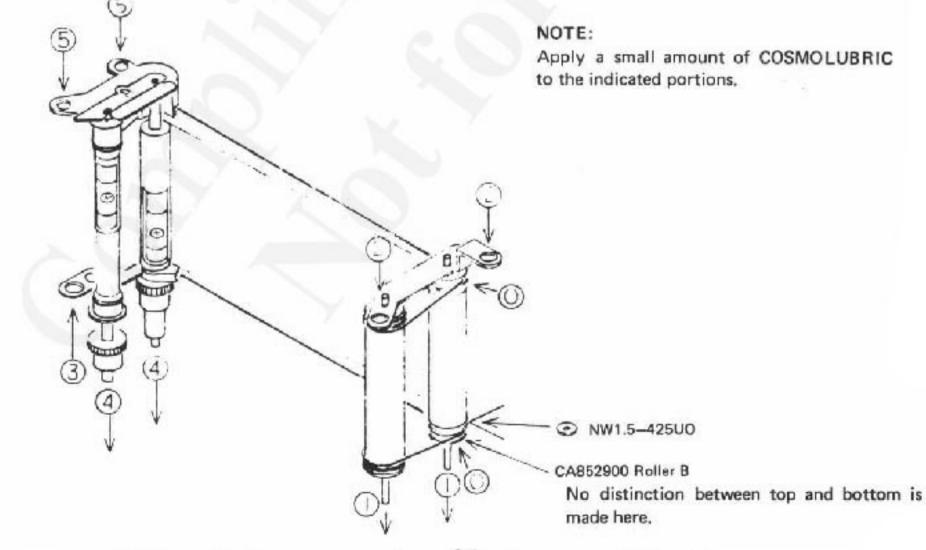
1-1. Assuming that the existing curtains are in faulty condition and are to be replaced, it may occur that the tension nut (CA853100) will not come off. In such a case, raise the nut by prising it with a screwdriver and break the curtain shaft to permit removal of the curtains.





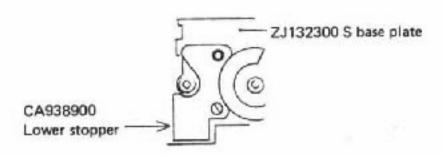
1-3. Install the replacement curtains in the following order:

The parts to be set in the camera body are given reference numbers in this sketch according to the sequential order of installation: part ① goes in first, for example. After installing the curtains, be sure to apply BELL LOCK to each screw.

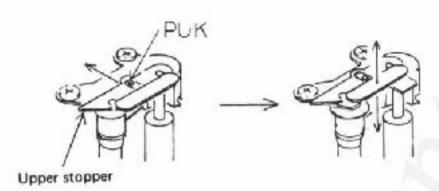


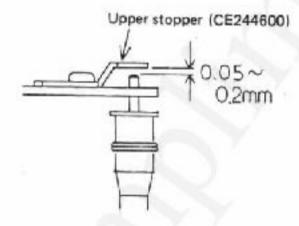
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1-4. Install lower stopper (CA938900), as shown.

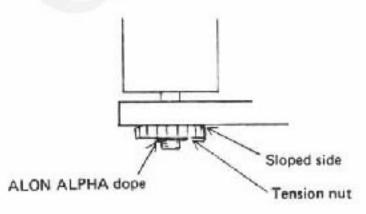


 Displace upper stopper (CE244600), as shown, to eliminate the rattle, if any, of the curtain shaft.

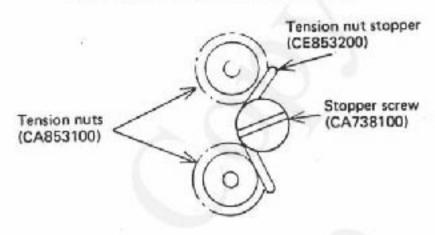




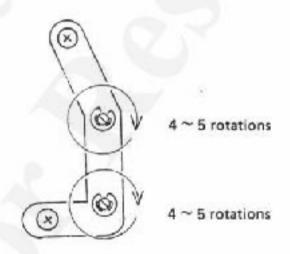
1-6. Fit the tension nut. After tightening this nut, lock it by applying ALON ALPHA 202. (There are two tension nuts to tighten. Be sure to apply ALON ALPHA in a dot amount.)



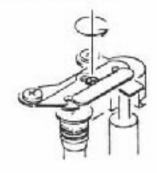
 Install tension nut stopper (CA853200) and stopper screw (CA738100), as shown.



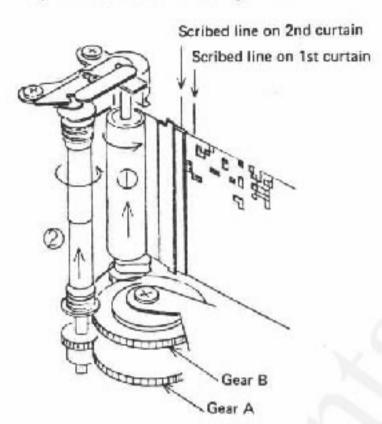
- 1-8. Tentatively position the curtains in the following sequence of steps:
 - Tension first curtain and second curtain by making 4 to 5 rotations: this is tentative tensioning.



Loosen PUK screw holding down upper stopper (CE244600).



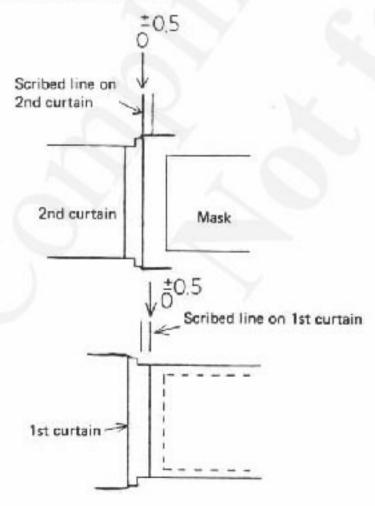
 Disengage curtain shaft B (CE242300) from gear B, and adjust 2nd curtain: this is for coarse positional adjustment. Next, similarly adjust curtain shaft A and gear A.



Each tooth of the shaft corresponds to a 1.4-mm displacement.

NOTE:

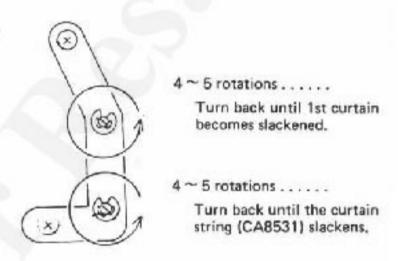
Coarse positioning of curtains is illustrated in the sketches below:



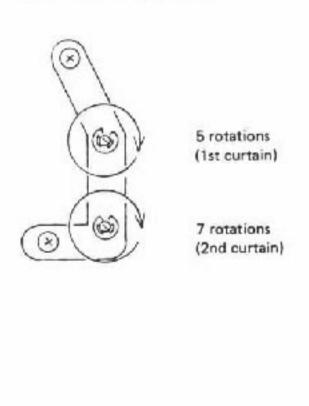
 Tighten PUK screw to secure upper stopper (CE244600).



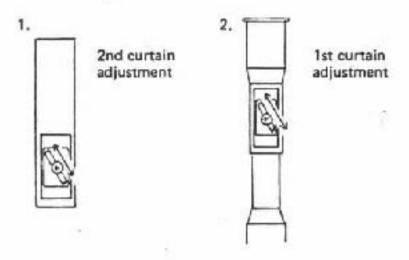
- 1-9. The curtains have been roughly positioned. The next step is to position them accurately (fine adjustment), in the following manner:
 - Reduce the tension to naught (zero) by turning back, as shown.



Tension both curtains by turning exactly 5 and 7 rotations, as shown.

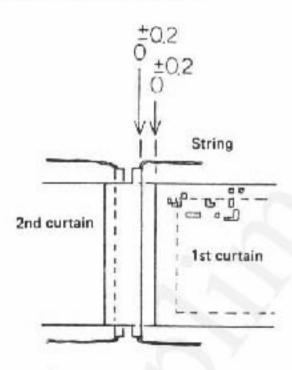


Position the curtains accurately (fine adjustment).



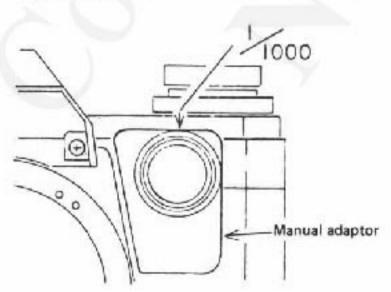
NOTE:

Refer to the scribed lines.

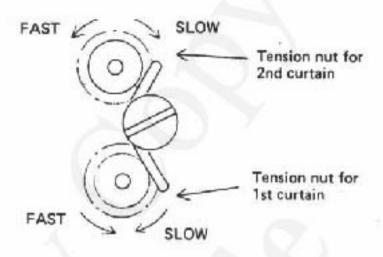


2. Manual timing adjustment

- 2-1. Curtain speed adjustment
 - Fit the manual adaptor, and set the speed at 1/1000 sec.



Turn tension nuts to set the respective speeds to the values stated on the right.

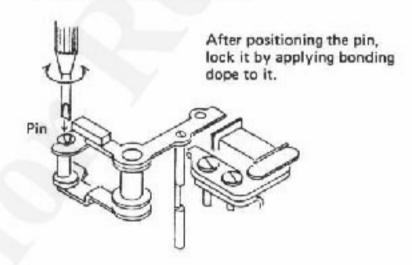


NOTE:

2nd curtain speed: 12.0 ±0.1 milliseconds 1st curtain speed: 12.0 ±0.1 milliseconds

2-2. Timing adjustment

 Turn the pin to set the timed duration to MANUAL 1/1000 second.



NOTE:

If disturbed curtain speed is complained of the camera brought in, adjust the speed in the foregoing manner.

If adjustment by the pin is not successful, replace the trailing pawl assembly. (Refer to page D-6 and D-7.)

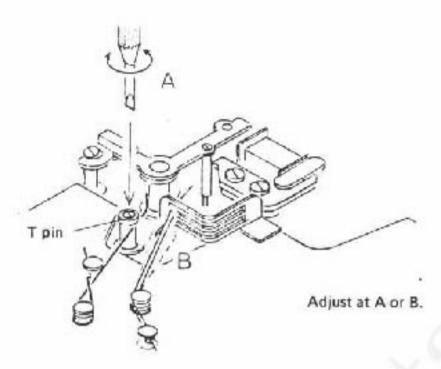
Adjust to anywhere between 0.5 and 2 mS.

Check AUTO MINI time,
 Adjust by means of the pin, as before, distinct from 1/1000-second adjustment.

NOTE

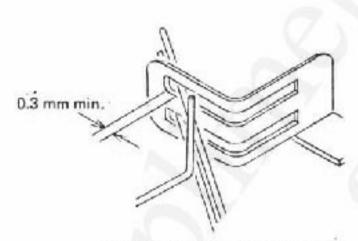
Be sure that AUTO mini time (center exposure time) is between 0.3 and 2 mS.

 Turn T pin to adjust for 1/500 second. (If this pin will not rotate, bend the trigger piece.)



NOTE:

Adjust to anywhere between 1.17 ~ 3.27mS.



Of this two, refer to the narrow one.

- Check the 1/1000-second adjustment again and if necessary, repeat the steps 1) through 3), above.
- 5) Check each timing to be sure that the shutter speed is within the specified range:

Tin	ning	5	Speed	
1/1000	second	0.5 ~	2	milliseconds
1/500	second	1.17 ~	3.27	milliseconds
1/8	second	74.8 ~	209	milliseconds
X timir	ng	15~	30	milliseconds
Mini ti	ming on AUTO.)	0.3 ~	2.0	milliseconds

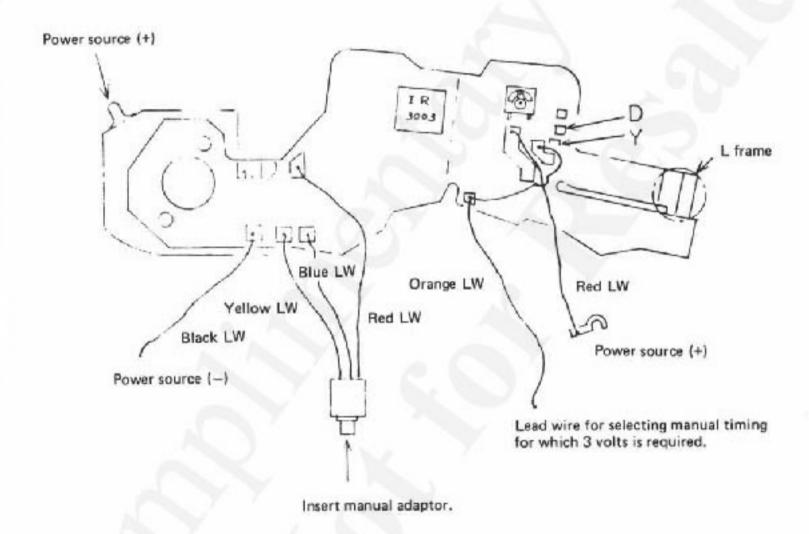
Manual timing adjustment where front casting is not attached

- 1) Wiring
 - a. Connect the body and red lead wire to voltage source 3 V (+).
 - b. Connect black lead wire to voltage source
 0 V (-).
 - c. Insert manual adaptor.
 - d. Connect orange lead wire to 3 V (+), as shown.

NOTE:

In the case of AUTO timing.

- a. Same as in MANUAL.
- b. Same as in MANUAL.
- c. Manual adaptor pulled out.
- d. Orange lead wire disconnected from (+).



- Carry out adjustment for each timing in a manner already explained for the case in which the front casting is attached.
- In making this adjustment, take these precautions:
 - a. Do not allow lead wires and terminals to touch one another or come in contact with the shutter tester.
 - b. Handle L frame carefully: this frame is easy to injure.
 - c. Note that the shutter will be left open if the power source voltage is too low.

4) MINI time checking and adjustment Referring to the diagram above, disconnect orange LW from 3 V; insert 6.8-kilohm resis or (ASA100) between Y and D; and check to see if adjustment is necessary.

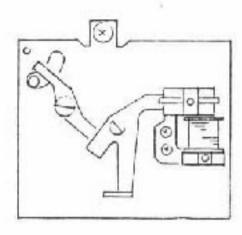
NOTE:

Refer to page D-20, 1-15, and solder at A on the board.

This permits omission of soldering orange LW and 6.8-kilohm resistor.

1. Side plate R (ZC205100)

1-1. If side plate R (ZC205100) is in faulty condition, replace the plate and what are on it. This is because the permanent magnet does not lend itself to easy adjustment: when malcondition is noted in this section, it is better to replace the whole as a set.



- 1-2. Check to be sure that -
 - Winding-up motion will lock the mirror if the battery is absent.
 - The electromagnet will exhibit about 380 ohms when tested for continuity through its coil by using a tester on 10X ohmic range.

(Internal resistance of the magnet.)

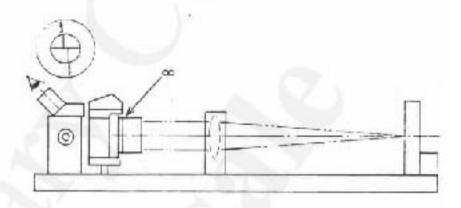
 The mirror will get unlocked (released) when 2 volts is applied to the blue lead wire (—) of RY101 and to the die-cast body.

NOTE:

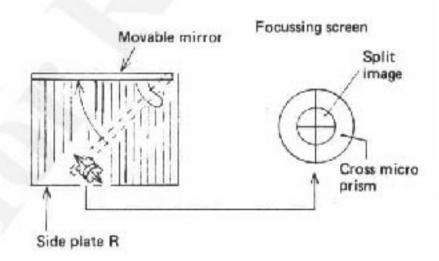
While measuring, do not turn the regulated source voltage on and off.

2. Finder Focussing

- 2-1. Normal finder focus adjustment
- 2-1-1. Attach the focussing lens (adjusting tool) to the camera, mount the camera on the collimator, and measure focussing error.



2-1-2. Adjust the 45° position of movable mirror to line up the split images straight in the finder.



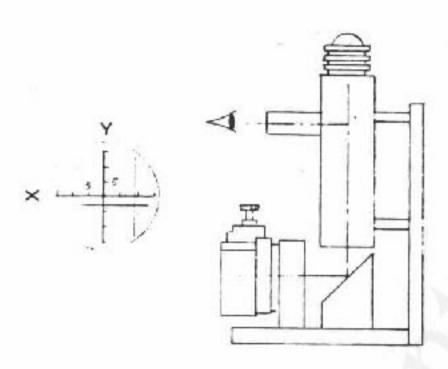
Use the collimator as explained in 2-1-1 to make this adjustment.

NOTE:

Displace the 45° position and if blur on one side exceeds ±30′ in Y direction, replace washer.

Displacing the focus position by 0.01mm shifts one-side blur by 1.2'.

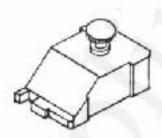
- 2-2. Finder focussing adjustment involving CE-253700 F washer adjustment,
- 2-2-1. Remove CE253700 F washer. Put on test mirror to locate the 45° position. (This is to be effected for Y direction only.)



NOTE:

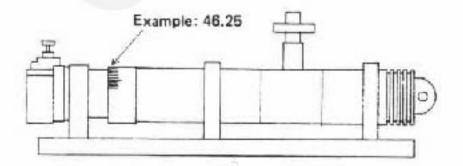
Approximately within ±5'.

(No need to adjust for X direction.)

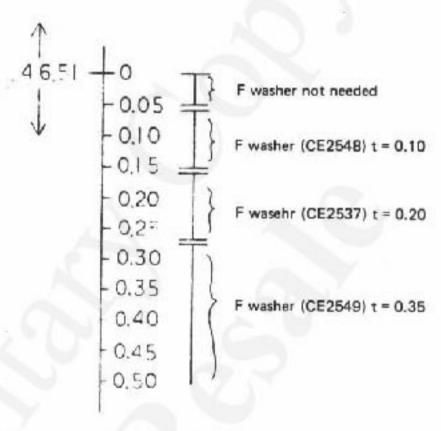


Test mirror

2-2-2. Mount the camera on the photoelectric collimator, put on the test mirror, and measure the focus position.



2-2-3. Select the washer by referring the measurements taken in 2-2-2, to the table below. Example: t = 0.20



NOTE:

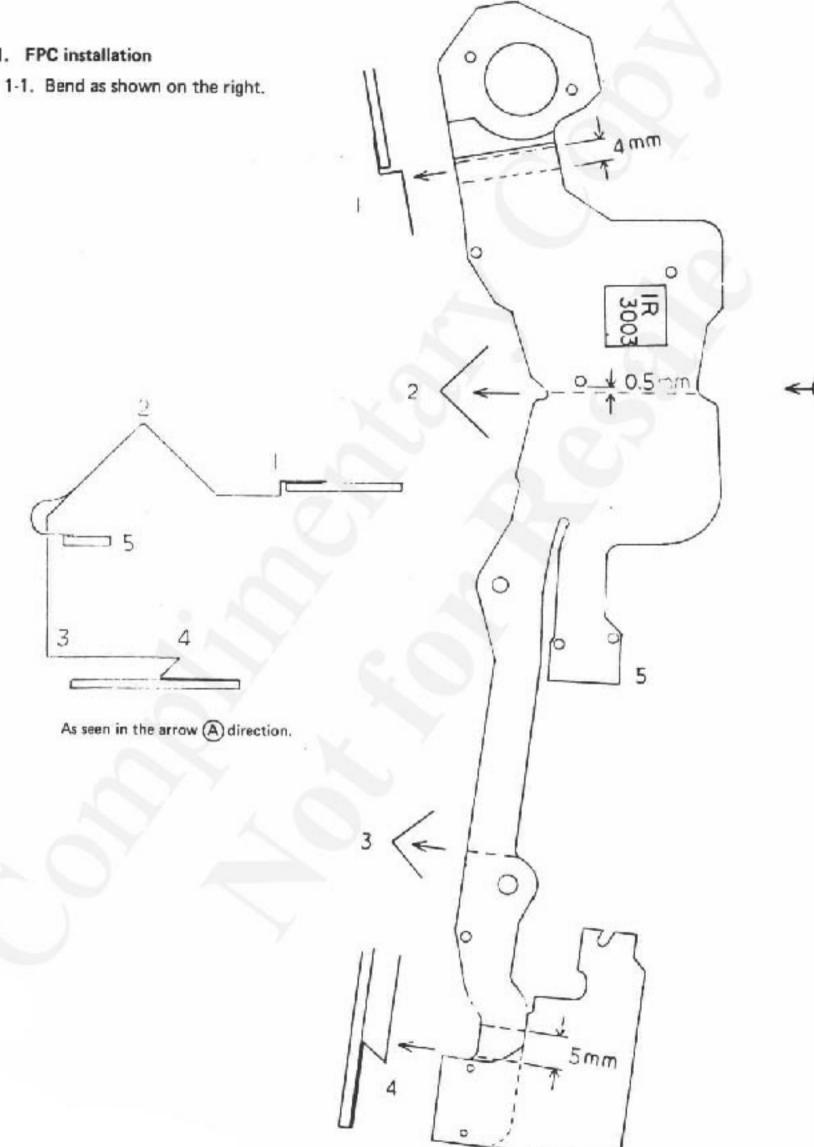
If t = 0.50 or larger, check on one-side blur after adjusting the focus.

The blur must be within ±30'.

- 2-2-4. Install F washer, focussing screen, F mask (ZC2081), P frame (CE2534), penta prism, P cover (CE2547) and P retainer (CE 2533).
- 2-2-5. Determine the focus by normal finder focus adjustment, Refer to 2-1.

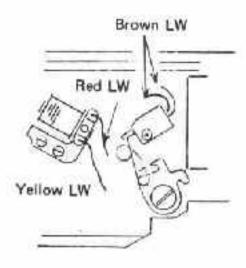
V. DOCKING AND SUBSEQUENT ADJUSTMENT

1. FPC installation

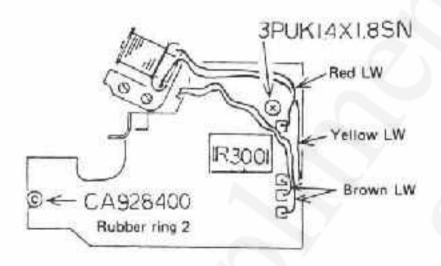


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 Connect lead wires (see the sketch) by soldering.

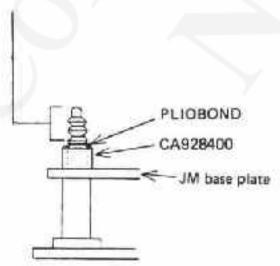


- 1-3. a. Route the lead wires neatly.
 - b. Secure JM board by tightening the screw (3PUK1.4x1.8SN) and rubber ring 2 (CA928400).

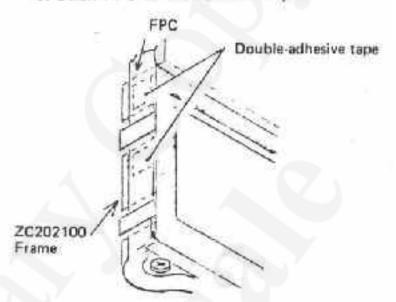


NOTE:

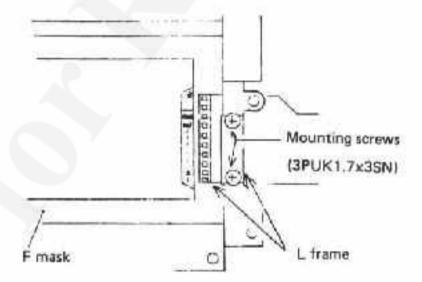
Do not use a bonding dope or electrical continuity to cover plate (ZC208400) will deteriorate.



- 1-4. a. Stick pieces of double-adhesive tape to frame (ZC202100).
 - b. Insert FPC into frame (ZC202100) in an inserting manner.
 - c. Stick FPC to the adhesive tape.



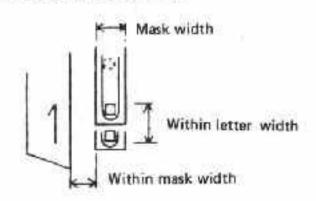
- 1-5. Fit front casting to die-cast body.
- 1-6. Position L frame in place and secure it. Positioning of L frame will be easier when the prism has been removed.



NOTE:

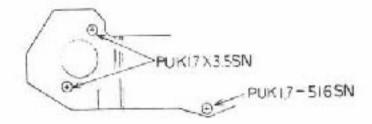
When positioning L frame, be sure to:-

- a. True it up.
- b. Observe these limits:



- Corner radius portion of the screen comes on B mount side.
- Bring F mask toward right-hand front.

- 1-7. Install the prism.
- Rest FPC on R shaft bearing, and secure it with two screws (PUK1.7x3.5SN).



NOTE:

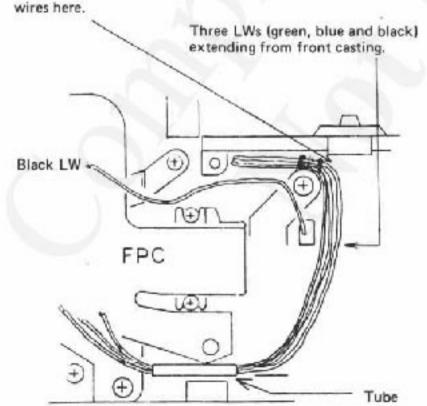
Be sure that FPC is properly formed.

- Fasten down FPC by tightening PUK1.7-516SN screw.
- 1-10. Disconnect the two lead wires and 6.8kilohm resistor.

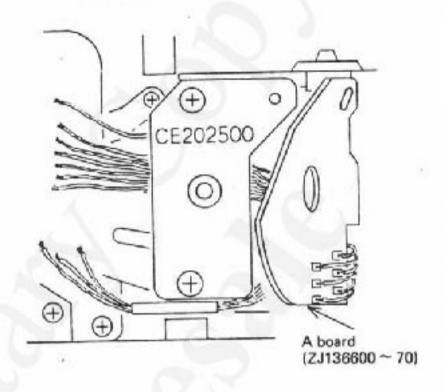


1-11. Route the lead wires neatly.

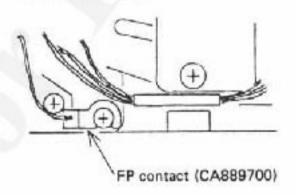
Using PLIOBOND, stay lead



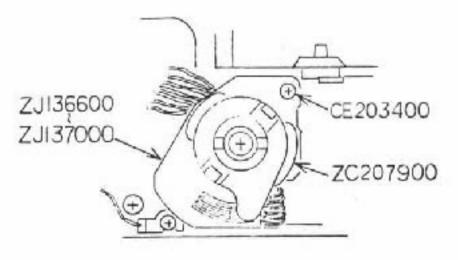
1-12. Install A board washer (CE202500).
Route A board lead wires through under the washer, making sure that these wires do not cross over one another.



1-13. Install FP contact.
Be sure that FP contact does not protrude from the body.



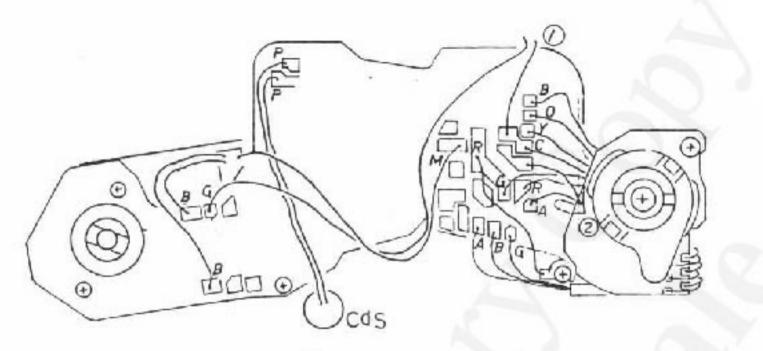
1-14. Install A boards (ZJ136600 ~ ZJ137000) and A holder (ZC207900).



NOTE:

Clean A board with DYFRON S3E before mounting it on A holder (ZC207900).

1-15. Solder lead wires.



Refer to Page D-22 for lead wires (1) and (2).

NOTE:

Letter symbols stand for lead wire colors:

A for blue LW

B for black LW

C for brown LW

G for green LW

M for purple LW

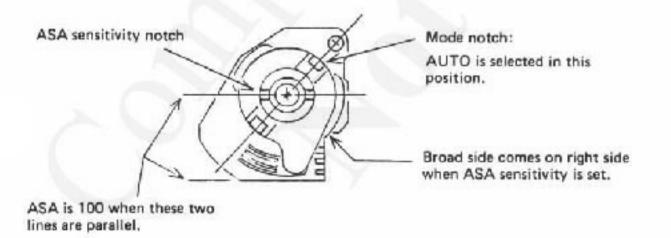
O for orange LW

P for pink LW

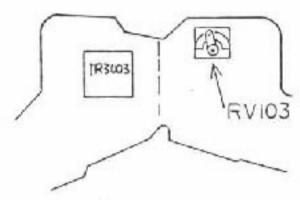
R for red LW

2. EE adjustment

2-1. Set the camera for AUTO and ASA 100.



- 2-2. Install temporary upper plate.
- 2-3. Install jig lens.
- 2-4. Be sure that DC 3 volts is available from the camera power source.
- 2-5. Check EE level with EE tester, and, as necessary adjust the level to the reference value by changing the setting of RV103.



Upper portion of penta prism

Criteria for adjustment

BV11 F5.6 ASA100 ±0.04 EV

- Measure five times, and be sure that 5 readings are within the above limits.
- Try to obtain zero readings.

Tentative

(In the absence of BV11, use BV12, set to +0.1 ±0.04 EV, and check the whole for balance.)

2-6. Vary the brightness under the conditions of ASA 100 and F5.6, and check the EE at each level of BV against the following reference values:

ASA 100	F5.6	BV 4	+0.2 EV -1.5 EV
ASA 100	F5.6	BV 8	+0.65 EV -0.9 EV
ASA 100	F5.6	BV14	+1.2 EV -0.15 EV
ASA 100	F5.6	BV15	+1.2 EV -0.15 EV
		(BV 6	+0.4 EV) -1.2 EV)
		(BV10	+0.75 EV) -0.7 EV)
		(BV12	+0.9 EV) -0.5 EV)
		(BV15	+1.2 EV) -0.15 EV)

2-7. Check the accuracy of ASA sensitivity.
Be sure that actual measurements on ASA 100 F5.6 BV8 do not differ from the standard value by more than what are shown below:

ASA 400 F5.6 BV8 -0.35 ~ +0.65 EV ASA 800 F5.6 BV8 -0.75 ~ +1.25 EV

ASA1600 F5.6 BV8 1) A distinct offset of at least 0.3 EV relative the actually measured value of ASA800 is re-

quired.

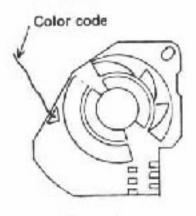
 There should be no shuter jumping, sticking open, M locking, or any other erratic action.

NOTE:

When turning the ASA dial, hold down the temporary upper plate, so that the dial will not slide away from the set position.

3. Selective use of A board and F board

3-1. For A board, resistance values are in ranks, 1 through 5, identified by the colors of lead wires, as follows:



A board

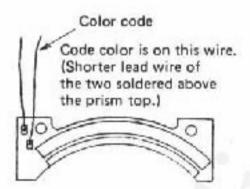
Rank	Set number	Color
1	ZJ136600	Orange
2	ZJ136700	Blue
3	ZJ136800	Red
4	ZJ136900	Green
5	ZJ137000	Black

(In camera of earlier production, colors are painted on the board and purple code color is used.)

NOTE: Rank and resistance

Rank	Resistance (KΩ)
1	2.86 ~ 3.06
2	3.06 ~ 3.26
3	3.26 ~ 3.46
4	3.46 ~ 3.66
5	3.66 ~ 3.86

3-2. Resistance values are similarly in for F board, as follows:



F board

Rank	Set number	Color
1	ZJ136100	Orange
2	ZJ136200	Blue
3	ZJ136300	Red
4	ZJ136400	Green
5	ZJ136500	Black

(In cameras of earlier production, color code is WHITE, which is painted.)

NOTE: Rank and resistance

Rank	Resistance (KΩ)	
1	3.66 ~ 3.92	
2	3.92 ~ 4.18	
3	4.18 ~ 4.43	
4	4.43 ~ 4.69	
5	4,69 ~ 4.96	

3-3. Combination of A board and F board

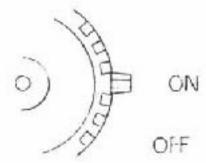
A BOARD		
Rank	Set number	Color
1	ZJ136600	Orange
2	ZJ136700	Blue
3	ZJ136800	Red
4	ZJ136900	Green
5	ZJ137000	Black

F BOARD				
Rank	Set number	Color		
1	ZJ136100	Orange		
2	Z 1136200	Blue		
3	23136300	Red		
4	ZJ136400	Green		
5	ZJ136500	Black		

- Five combinations are indicated by solid lines drawn between the two tables, below.
 If necessary, however, different combinations may be formed as shown by dot lines.
 No other combinations are permitted.
- Wrong combinations will deteriorate the follow-up action of the indicating LED for each combination of brightness, ASA, aperture and S.S.

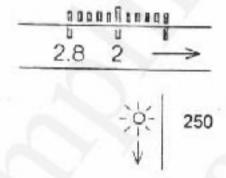
4. Finder indication matching

- 4-1. Preparation for matching
 - Remove top cover, so that the variable resistor can be adjusted.



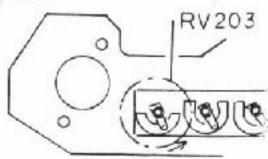
- Put in a new battery, and turn on power onoff switch.
- 3) Set the ASA dial to 100.
- 4) Install the matching jig lens.
- F board aperture step matching (Matching of F board resistance to IC102.)
 - 1) Set the brightness chamber to BV 11.
 - Starting from F2, squeeze the aperture slowly until the lighted finder LED shifts by one step.

(In this adjustment, the LED lighting position is permitted to be anywhere between 60 and 1000.)



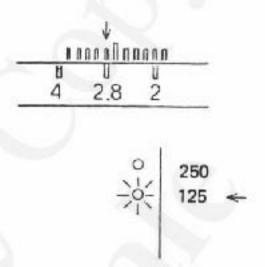
NOTE:

If the lighting position (which is shown at 250 on the above) is 1000 or higher, turn RV203 to bring the position down to and below 1000.



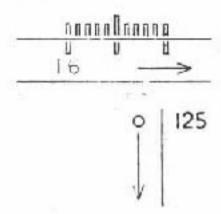
With whole matching work completed, LED for 125 lights up at BV10 and F2.8.

- a. Just when the lighted LED has so shifted, read the aperture setting on the scale in reference to 0.1.
 - b. Memorize the position of the lighted LED, (In this example, the LED is 125.)



NOTE:

When checking the number of steps, onestep change will not occur with LED even if the aperture ring is turned from F1.4 to F2. (This is because of the principle involved in TTL number.) 4) Turn the aperture ring to shift the lighted LED shifts five times from the position noted in 3).

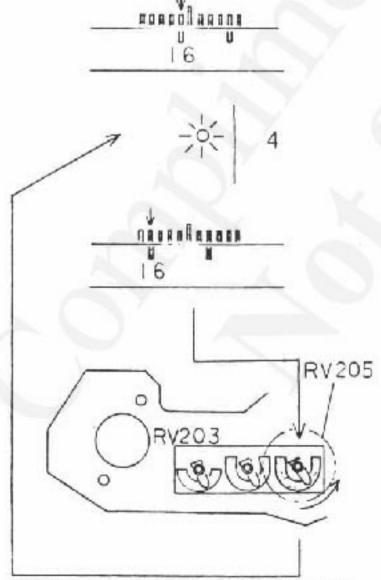


a. Upon making the 5-step change, read the F16 position on the scale.

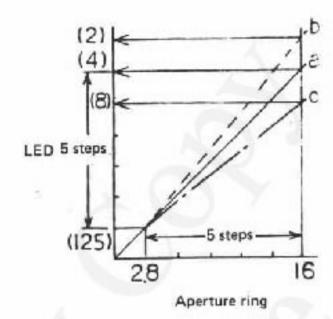
Matching is satisfactory if the position of F16 comes to the same graduated mark as 3).

Read on reference to 0.1 aperture setting.

 b. If F16 happens to be in the position indicated in this example, turn RV205 in the arrow direction.



This adjustment is to be made with ±0.1 aperture.



a = matching OK b = matching no good c = matching no good

NOTE:

With whole matching work completed, LED for 4 lights up at BV10 and F16. 6) Turn the aperture ring from F2.8 to F16 one more to check and see if the adjustment is satisfactory or not; if not, repeat the steps 2) through 5).

NOTE:

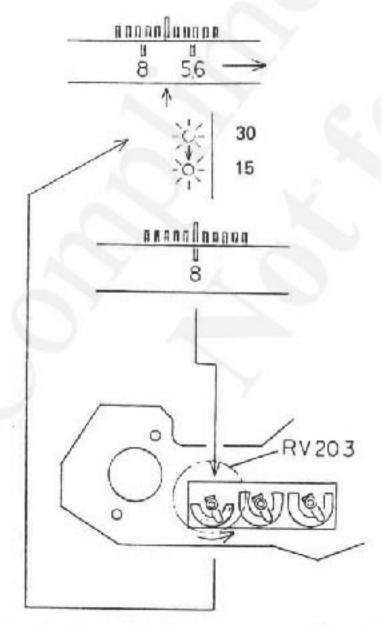
Limit error, if any, to within ±0.1 of aperture.

- 4-3. Matching lead lighting level
 - 1) Set the brightness chamber to BV 10.
 - a. Squeeze from F5.6 to F8. See if the light shifts from 30 to 15 just when the aperture setting comes to the halfway point between 8 and 5.6; if so, the matching is satisfactory.

NOTE:

Read in reference to 0.1 aperture setting. LED for 15 should slight up at F8.

b. If the shift occurs elsewhere, as shown in the example given here, change the setting of RV203 to shift the light as below.



NOTE:

Make this adjustment with (±0.1 of aperture.

REFERENCE:

After RV203 has been adjusted, there is no need to make a re-adjustment in regard to the offset that will necessarily occur in the lighting position mentioned in 4-2.

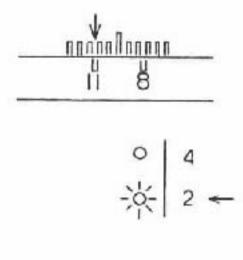
Notwithstanding the offset, proceed to 4-4.

(Even when lighting position is deviated, no change will occur in the number of aperture steps or of lighting steps.)

- 4-4. CdS gamma adjustment
 - 1) Set brightness to BV 8.
 - Start turning the aperture ring at F8 and keep on turning until the LED light in the finder shifts by one step.

 Read the position of F8 on the scale just when the shift occurs, and memorize this reading.

Read in reference to 0.1 aperture setting.



With whole matching work completed, LED switches over from 4 to 2 at a point intermediate between F8 and F11 when brightness (BV) is 8.

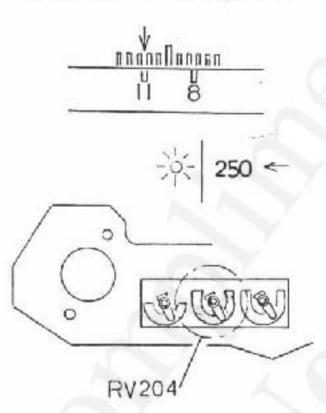
(LED for 2 should light up at F11.)

4) Set brightness to BV 15.

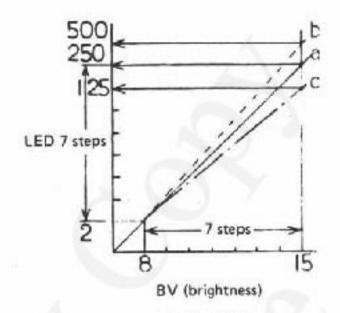
With BV15, switch-over should take place, as above, from 500 to 250.
(LED for 250 should light up at F11.)

- a. Matching is satisfactory if the switch-over from 500 to 250 occurs at the same position that's shown in 3).
 - Turn RV 204 clockwise if the shift occurs too early become coming to the said position.

If stroke is not enough, turn clockwise. Adjust within ± 0.1 of aperture.



If LED will not switch over at a halfway point between F8 and F11, even with the gamma adjustment completed, it means that the lighting level is off the correct level. In such a case, adjust the level once again according to 4-3.



a = matching OK b = matching no good c = matching no good

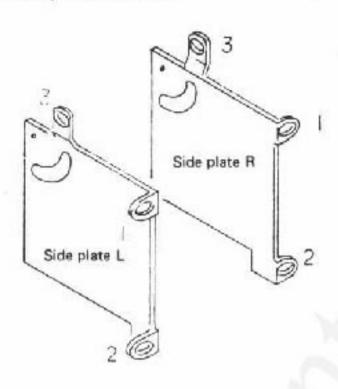
4-5. Confirm the step number of F board and also lighting level. If any deviation is noted, re-adjust from the deviated point down to 4-4.

NOTE: Matching completed.

VI. OTHERS

1. Sequence of tightening parts

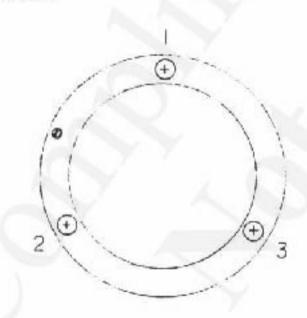
1-1. Side plates L and R.



NOTE:

Tightening force: at least 20 kg-mm

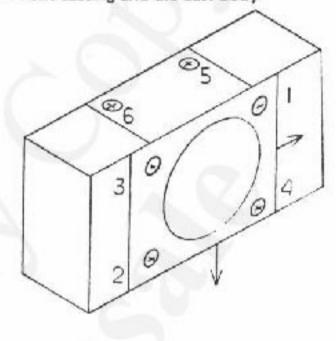
1-2. Mount



NOTE:

Tightening force: at least 20 kg-mm

1-3. Front casting and die-cast body

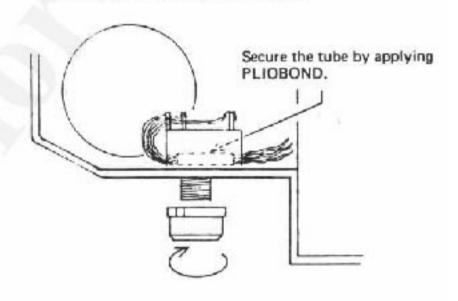


NOTE:

Tightening force: at least 15 ~ 20 kg-m

2. Installing top cover

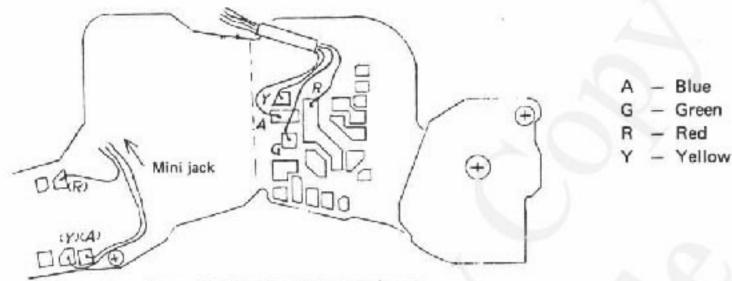
2-1. Install mini jack (ZJ132600).



NOTE:

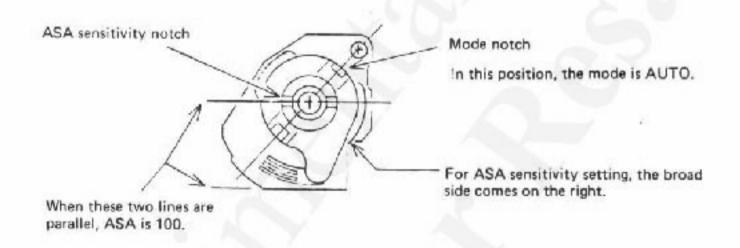
Overtightening could strip screw threads. Be careful when installing the mini jack.

2-2. Solder lead wires (four) to upper plate.

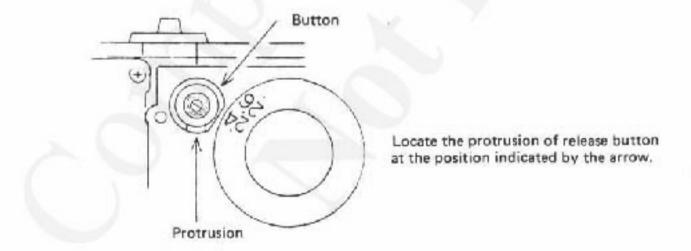


Form the four lead wires as shown.

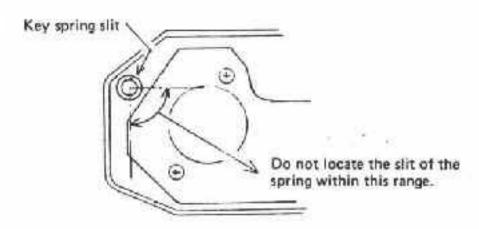
2-3. Set A holder to ASA 100.



2-4. Fit button (ZC207300) to button shaft (CA908400).



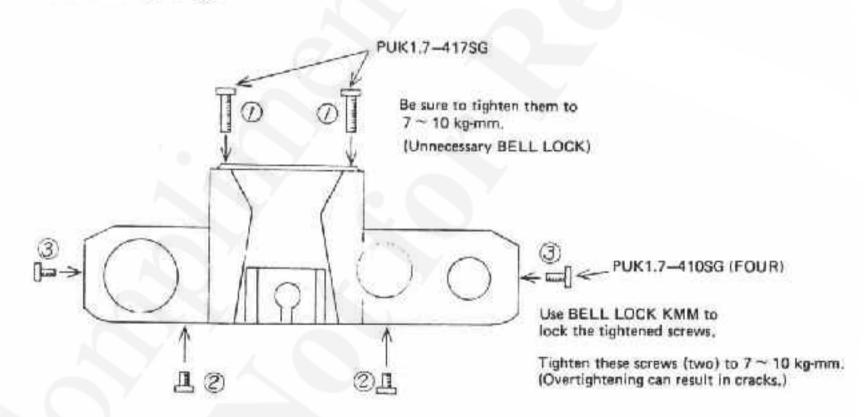
2-5. Set key spring (CA872200) in place, as shown.



NOTE:

Be sure that hook spring does not touch FPC board.

- 2-6. Put on top cover (ZC200200), brining it in from B mount side.
- 2-7. Secure the top cover with screws. Tighten them from 1 to 3.



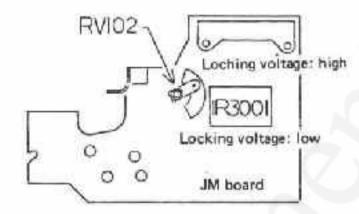
3. FPC board matching

- 3-1. Preparation for matching.
 - Check and match the board in installed condition.
 - Remove the battery and, instead, make necessary connections to apply power from a constant voltage source.

NOTE:

The source voltage should be variable.

- 3-2. Locking voltage adjustment
 - 1) Set RV102 as shown.



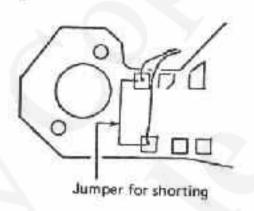
Set RV102 on high locking voltage side.

- 2) Set the camera input voltage at 2.05 volts.
- 3) Lock the mirror by releasing.
- Turn RV102 slowly (see above) until the mirror becomes unlocked.

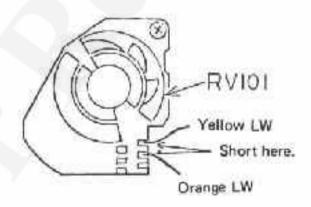
Use a non-conductor tool.

Change the input voltage to 2.00 volts to see if the mirror gets locked as it should.

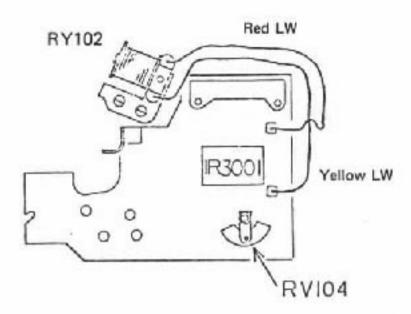
- 3-3. Offset adjustment
 - 1) Set the camera input voltage at 3.1 volts.
 - Short the two black lead wires extending from main switch.



- 3) Turn on trigger switch.
- Short the two ends of AUTO ASA resistor (RV101).



 Turn RV104 until the voltage on RY102 changes from 3 V to 0 V or from 0 V to 3 V, and hold it there.



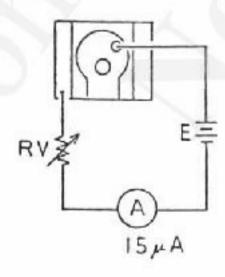
NOTE:

Accuracy is required of this adjustment because high ASA setting results in S locking.

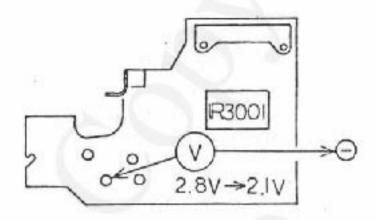
This adjustment is not easy. If it is too difficult to make, then RV104 may be set in the following manner in lieu of the adjustment:

With lever (SW105) in SELF position, turn RV104 to the position past which the 2-Hz sound starts or stops.

- 3-4. Checking auto selection of strobo X timing
 - Form a test circuit, as shown, using an RV for regulating the current.



 Be sure that, with 15 μA, the voltage should shift from 2.8 V to 2.1 V.

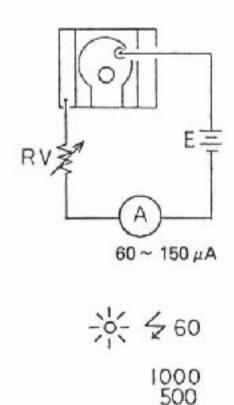


2.8 V.....AUTO reference voltage
2.1 V.....MANUAL reference voltage

NOTE:

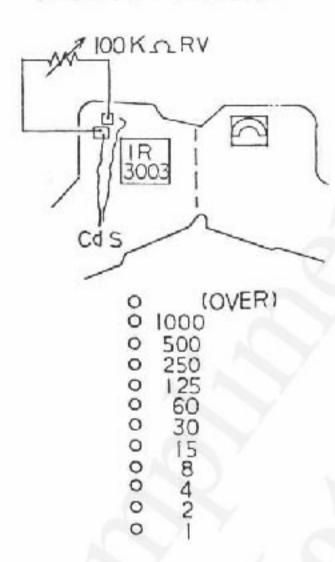
15 μ A is prescribed as the maximum current for inducing this voltage change.

- 3-5. Checking the LED for indicating strobo charging.
 - Form a test circuit, as shown. (The circuit is the same as that of (4) above.)
 - b. Be sure that the LED, shown, lights up in the finder with a current of anywhere between 60 and 150 μA.



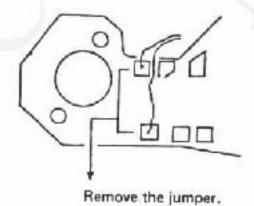
3-6. Checking LEDs for lighting action

- a. Disconnect one of the CdS lead wires, and reconnect the wire with a 100 KΩ variable resistor inserted, as shown.
- Turn the variable resistor gradually to see the LEDs light up sequentially, starting with OVER.
 - The LEDs are satisfactory if they lights up in the above-mentioned manner.
- c. If sequential lighting ceases at a halfway point, ASA resistor (RV201) or F resistor (RV202) should be re-adjusted.



3-7. Self-timing action checking and adjustment

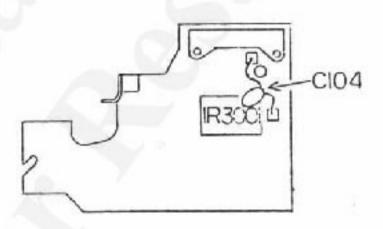
1) a. Remove the jumper used in step 3-3 -2).



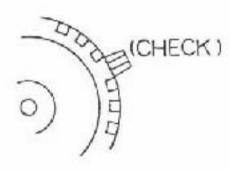
 b. Move power on-off switch to SELF TIMER.



- Release to turn on main switch. Check to be sure that the combination magnet becomes energized in 9 to 15 seconds of the turning on of main switch to run the shutter.
- The duration of this delay is to be adjusted by means of C104.



- 3-8. Battery checking and adjustment
 - 1) Move power on-off switch to CHECK side.



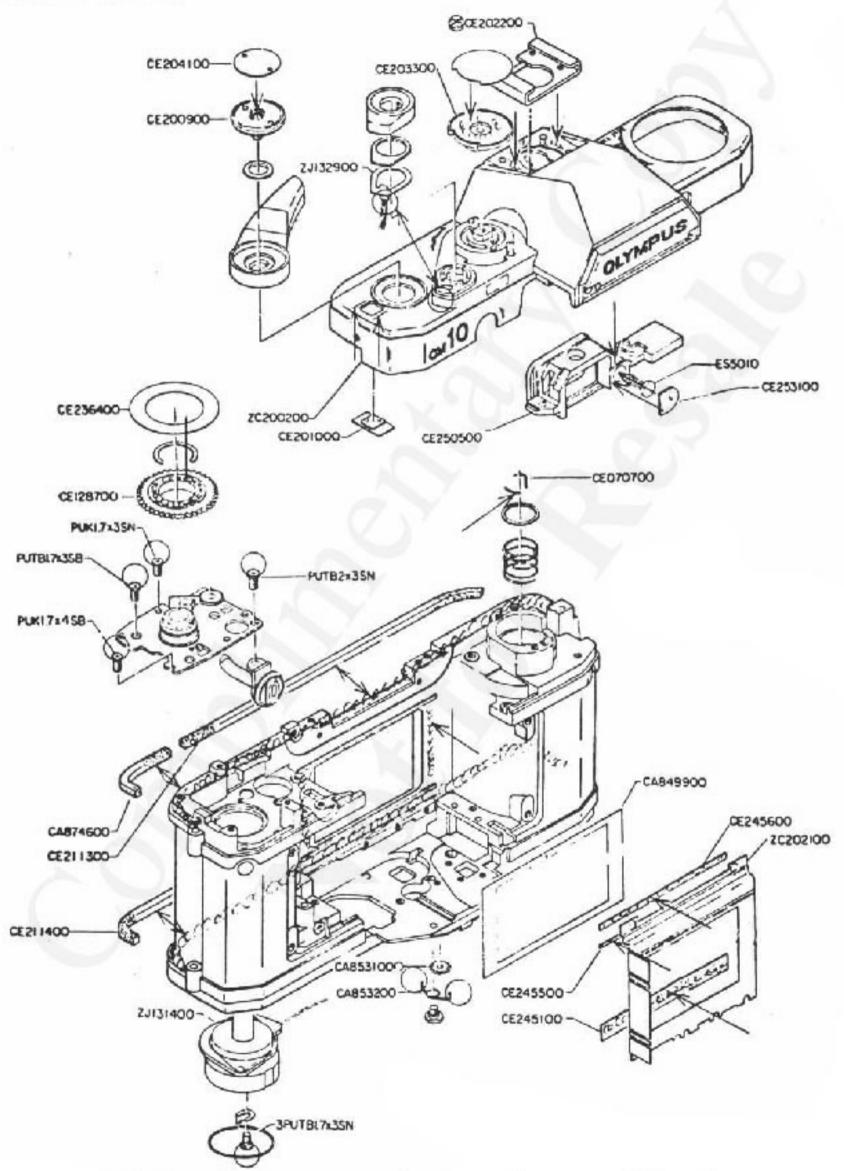
- Lower the camera input voltage from 3 volts.
 Be sure the buzz ceases at about 2.07 volts of falling voltage.
- Adjust the buzzer with RV102 (also used for lock voltage adjustment), taking the lock voltage into account.

PARTS WHERE OIL, GREASE, ETC. SHALL BE USED

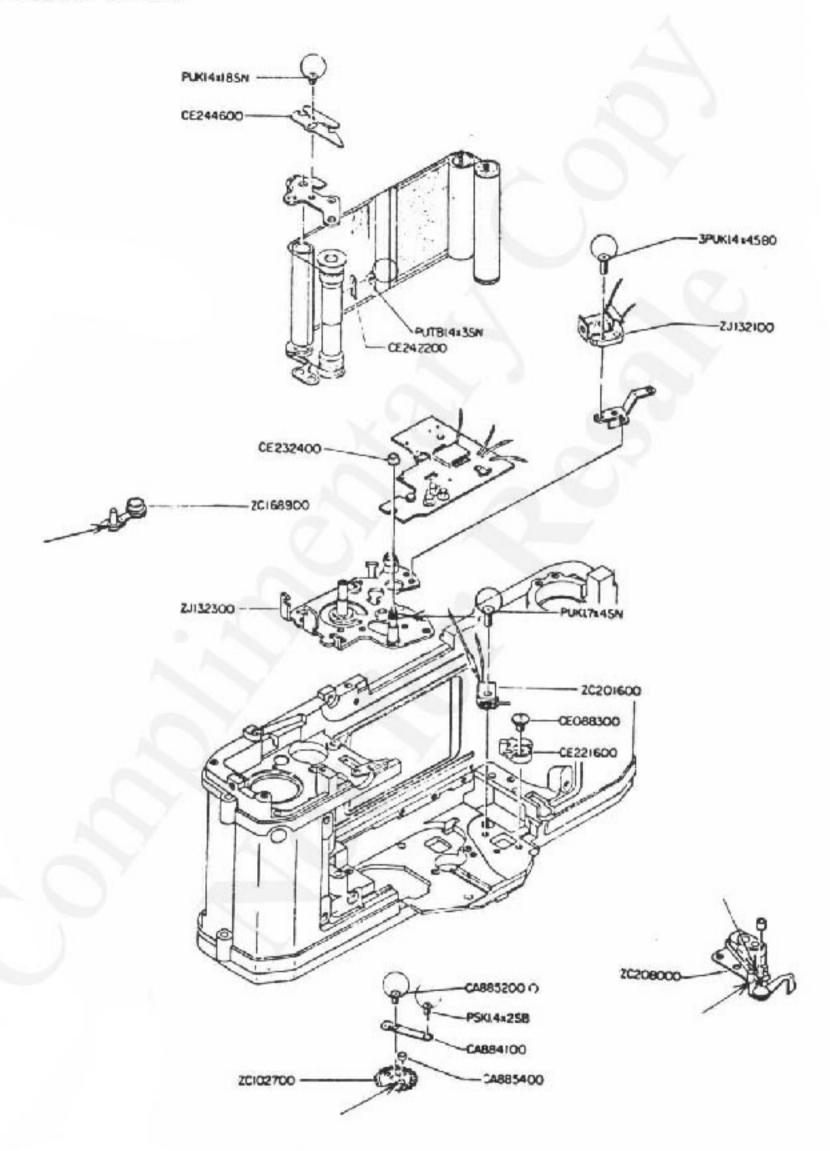
E. PARTS WHERE OIL, GREASE, ETC. SHALL BE USED

CONTENTS

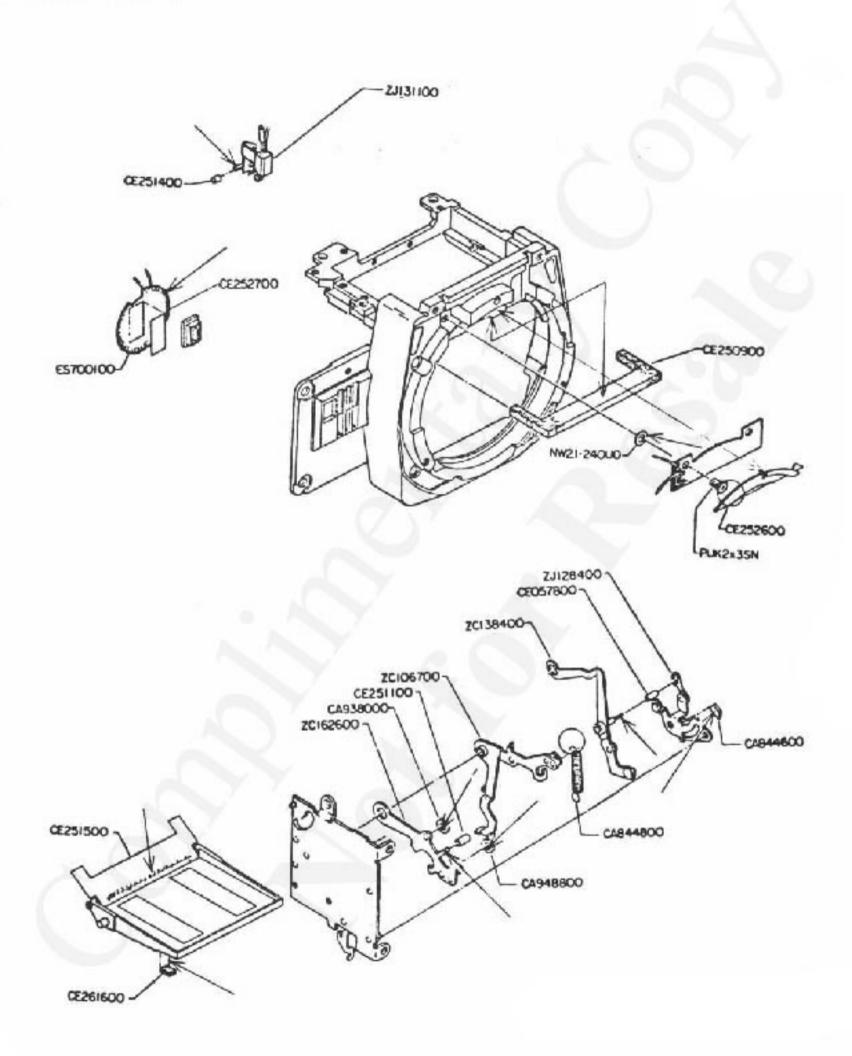
1.	CEMENT	
	PLIOBOND	 E - 2
	BELL LOCK MM	 E - 5
	BELL LOCK 3M	 E - 5
	BELL LOCK KMM	 E - 5
	BELL LOCK SM	
	ARALDITE	 E - 8
	ALON ALPHA	 E - 9
	CEMEDINE 3000	 E-9
2.	OIL, GREASE	
	020P MOLYKOTE GREASE	 E-10
	ED16 GREASE	 E-11
	EP GREASE	 E-12
	PHOTOLUBE 023P	 E-12
	G50 GREASE	 E-12
	COSMORUBLIC 270A	 E-12



http://olympus.dementia.org/Hardware

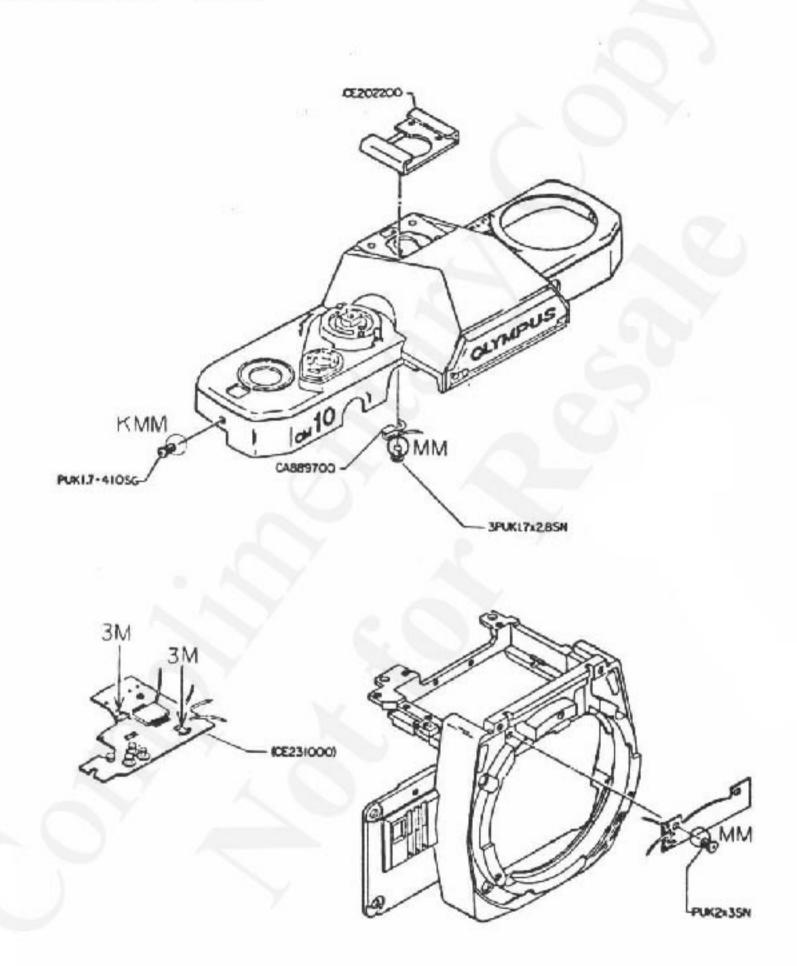


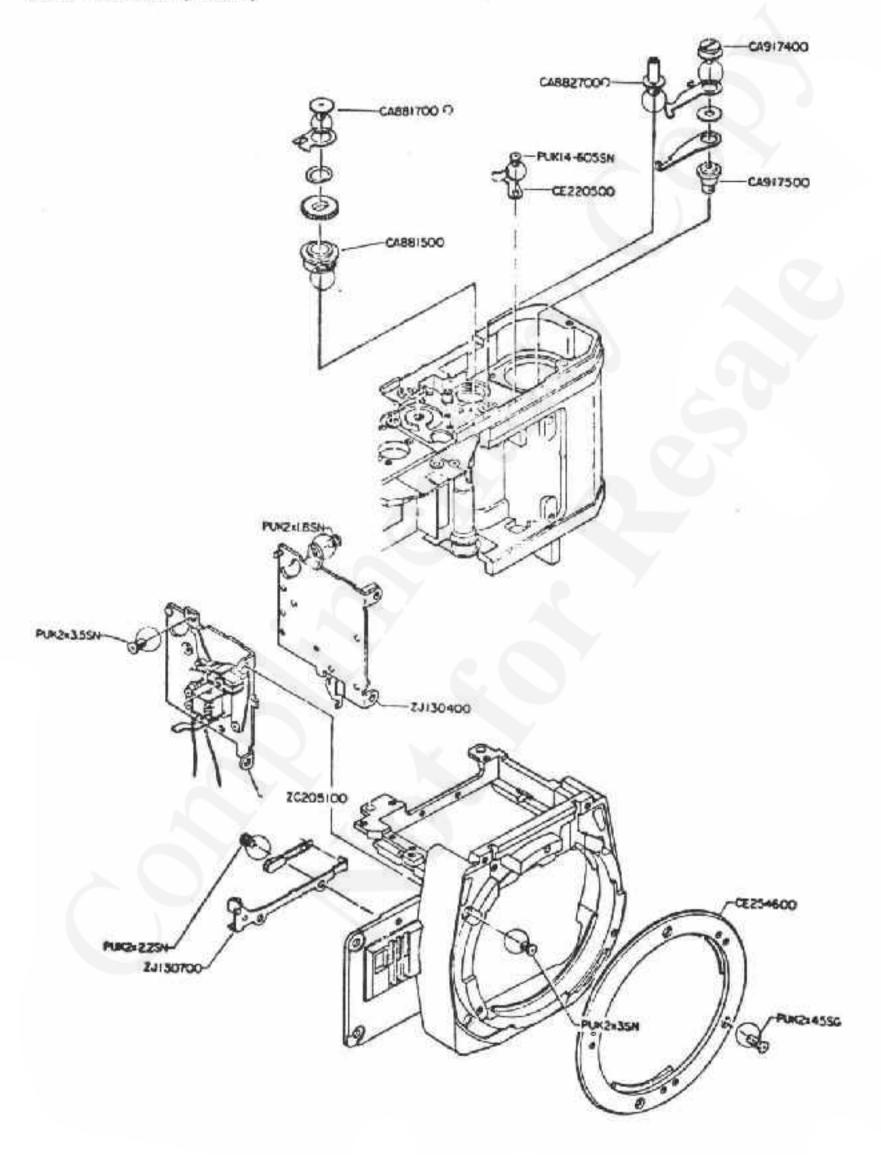
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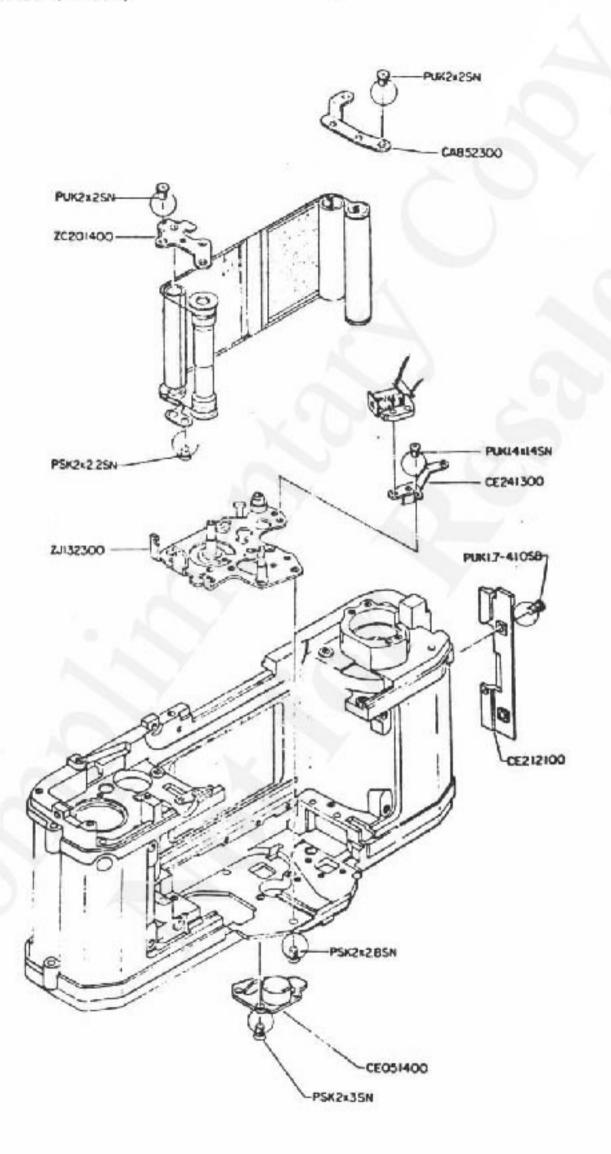
http://olympus.dementia.org/Hardware

BELL LOCK MM (Cement)
BELL LOCK 3M (Cement)
BELL LOCK KMM (Cement)

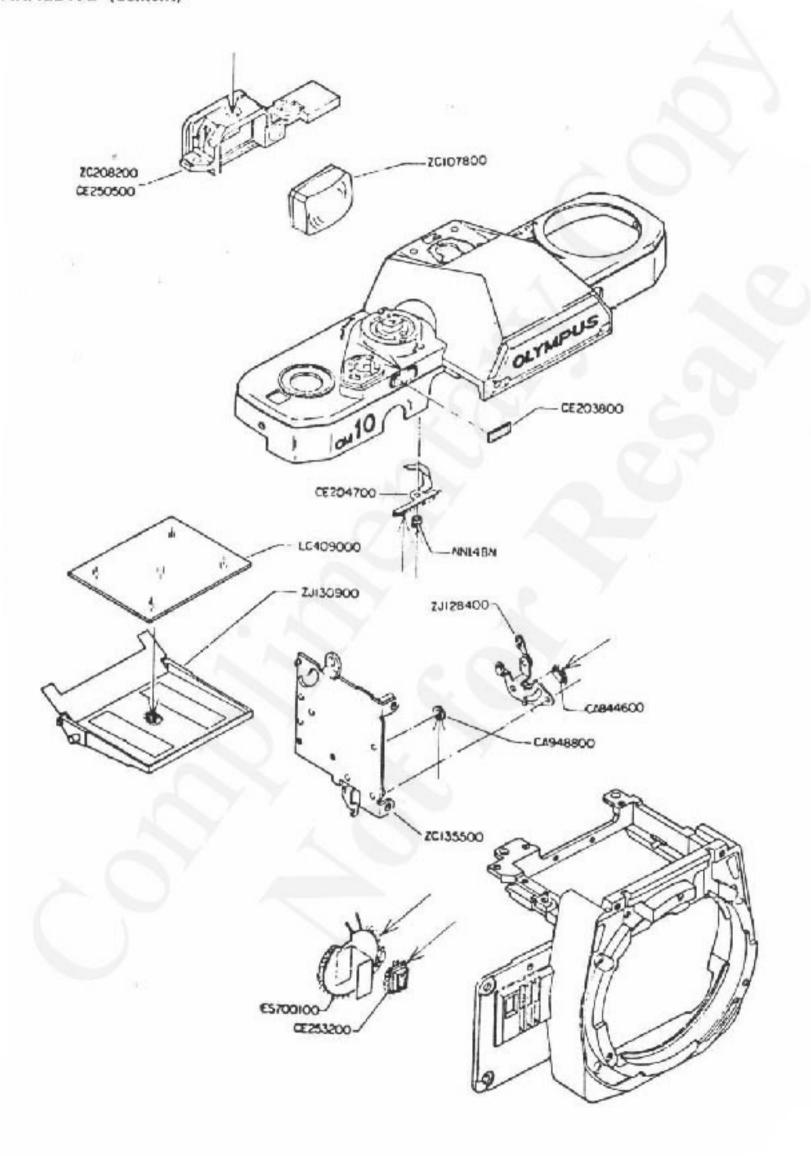




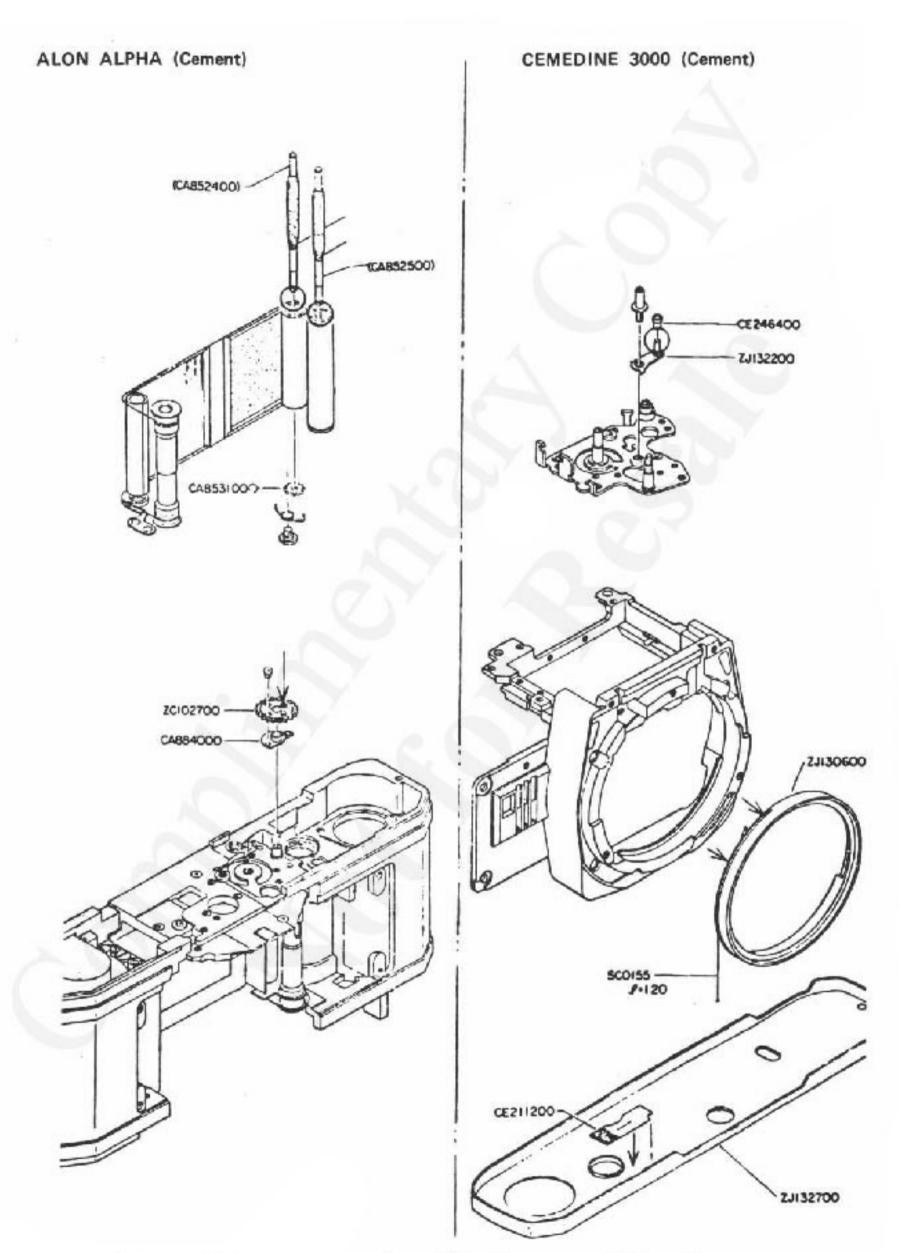
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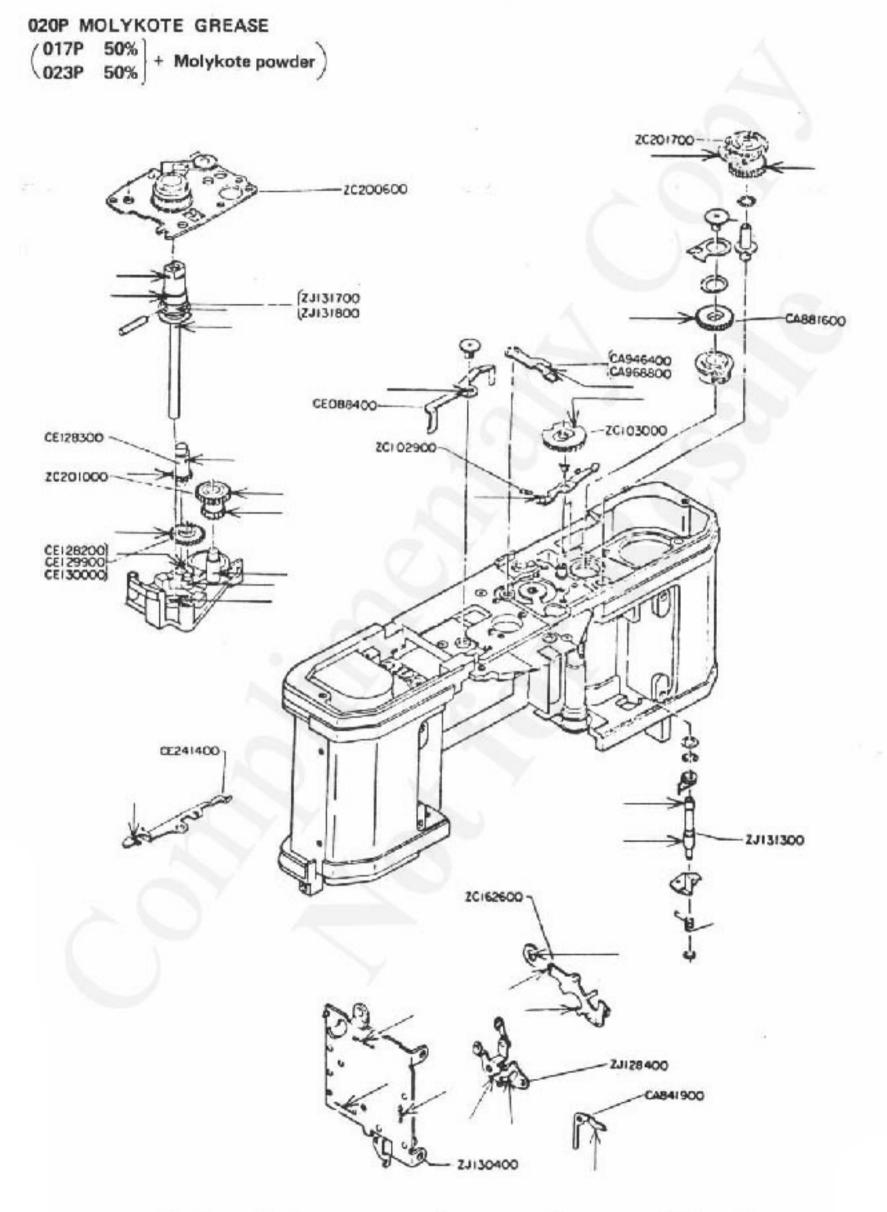
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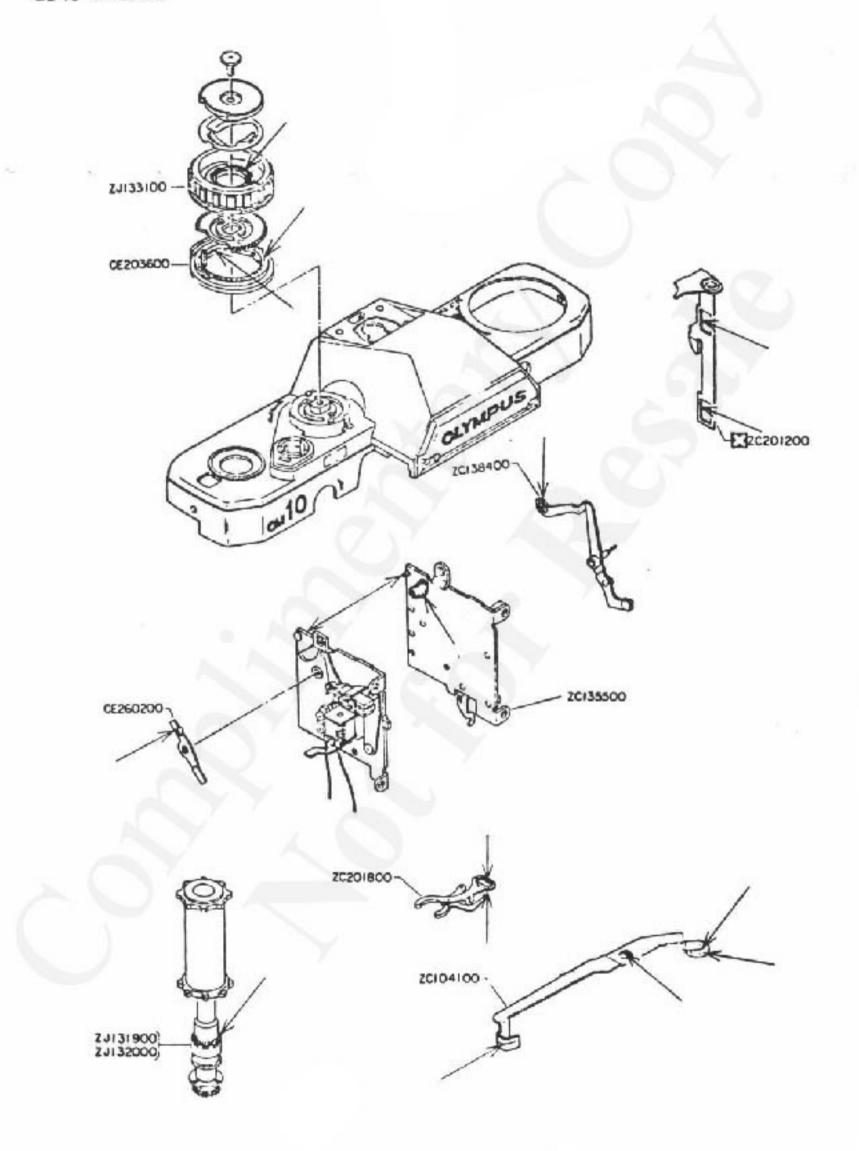
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http://olympus.dementia.org/Hardware

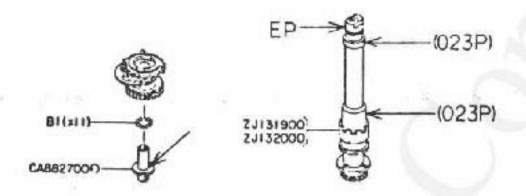


http://olympus.domentia.org/Hardware

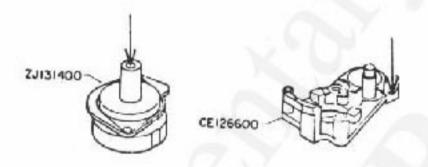


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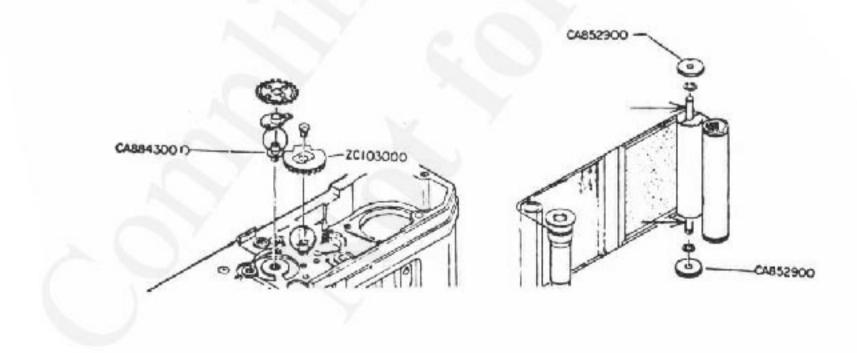
EP GREASE (EP) PHOTOLUBE 023P (023P)



G50 GREASE



COSMORUBLIC 270A

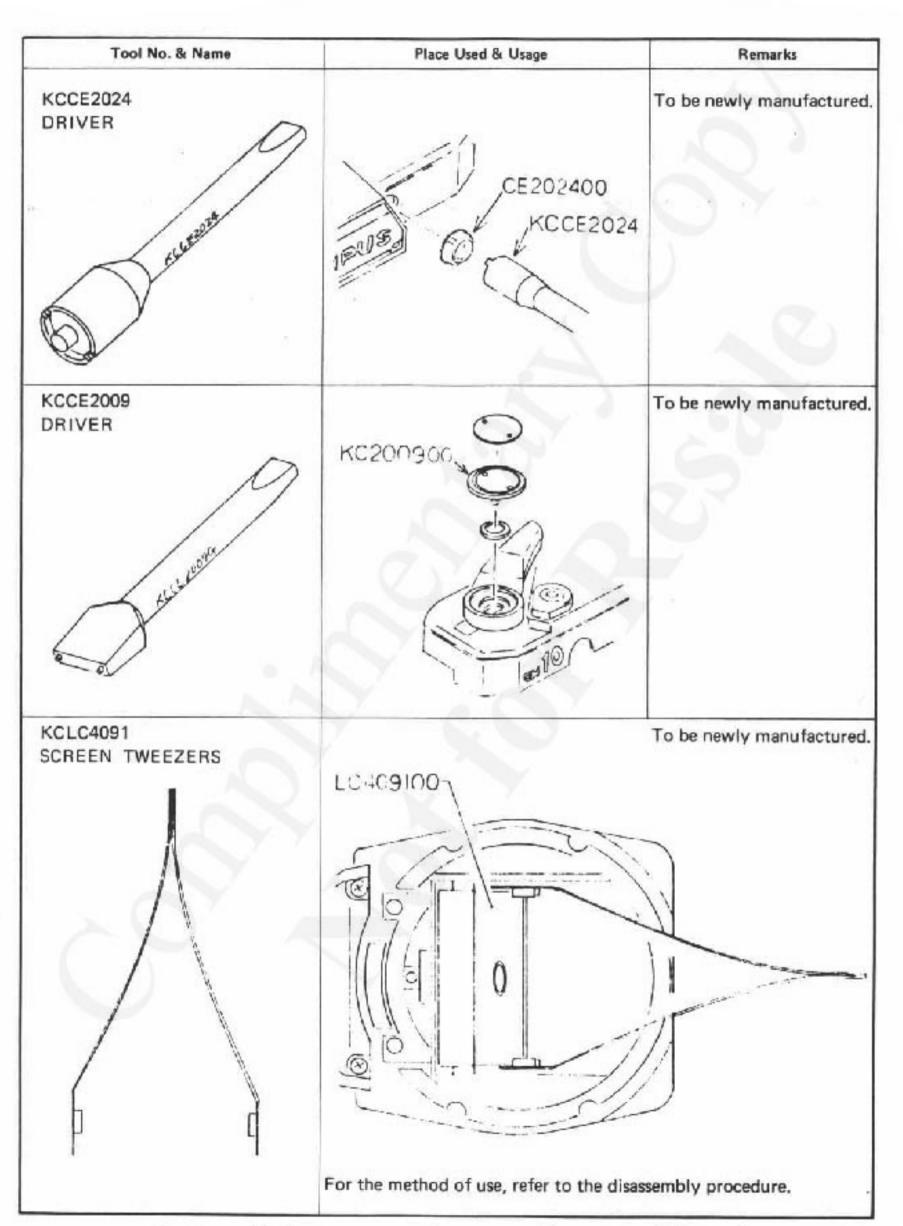


SPECIAL TOOLS

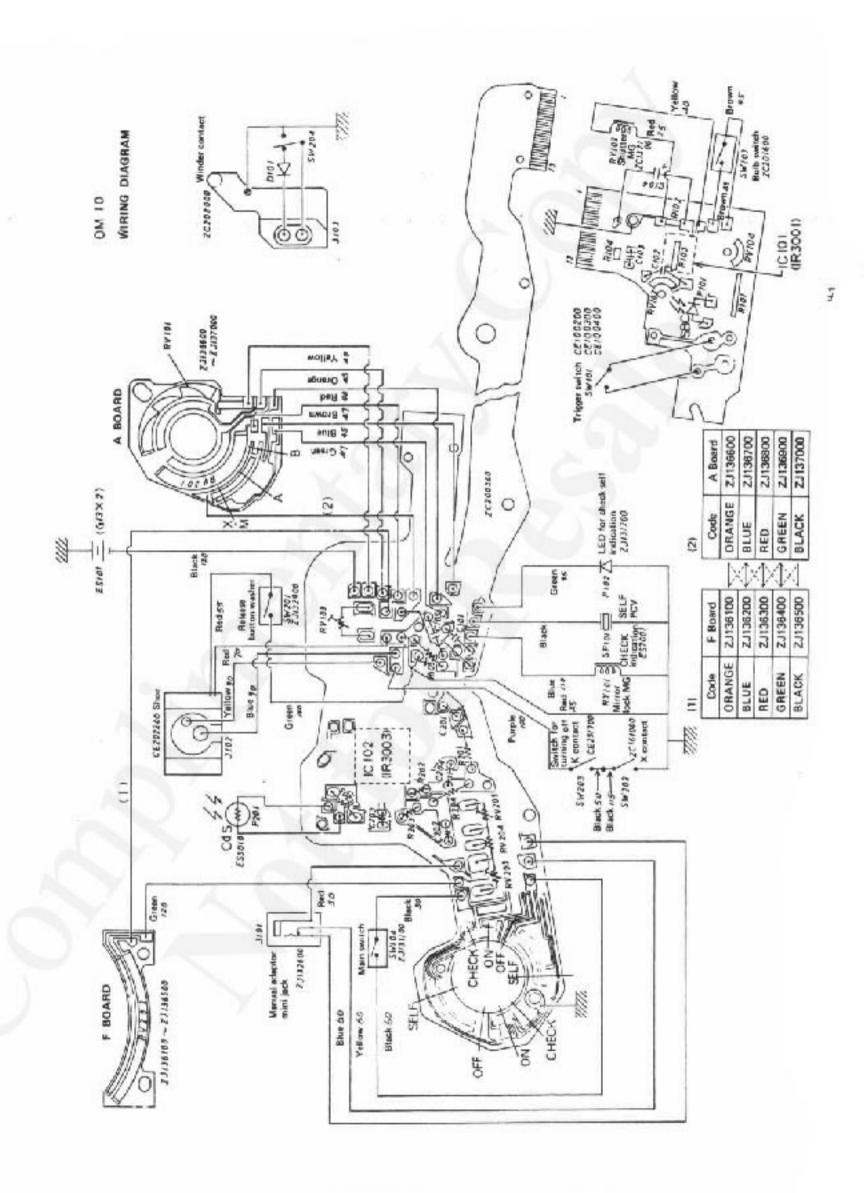
F. SPECIAL TOOLS

Tool No. & Name	Place Used & Usage	Remarks
R. SHAFT HOLDER	KCCE 2119	To be newly manufactured.
OT0065 STOP RING NIPPER		New Tool
FINDER JIG LENS (OM-10)	For use Finder indication matching. How to use is explained in REPAIR DATA.	To be newly manufactured

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