REPAIR MANUAL

Nikon F-401

Quartz Date

N4004

FAA21051 FAA21251 FAA21151

SPECIFICATIONS AND MECHANISM

[1]	SPECIFICATIONS	M1
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[1] SPECIFICATIONS

Nikon F-401 (N4004 for American market, order No.: FAA21151)

1. Outline

The F-401 has been developed for the purpose of providing customers with a single-lens reflex camera featuring easy operation and low cost to fill the gap between compact and single-lens reflex cameras. Foolproof and simple-to-operate even for first-time users, the F-401 features advanced and well-balanced automatic functions such as autofocus, auto exposure, built-in motorized film loading, power film rewind, multipattern light metering, daylight flash, auto setting of film speed, dual-program exposure mode, etc. plus reduced costs due to simplified specifications.

2. Features

- (1) Built-in autofocus detection by phase-contrast detection system (mounted on AP2).
- (2) New AF lenses focused by the AF motor mounted in the camera.
- (3) All information from the CPU in new AF lenses transmitted to the camera.
- (4) Built-in auto TTL flash (external flash unit is also usable).
- (5) Built-in AMP (for daylight flash and dim light flash firing).
- (6) Auto film advance and power rewind with a sequence motor.
- (7) Easy-Loading Mechanism for automatic film loading.
- (8) Four exposure metering modes available: P, S, A, and M. In the P mode, one of two programmed modes is automatically selected depending on the focal length of the lens in use.
- (9) TTL auto flash mode photography.
- (10) Program flash that controls the camera aperture in the P and S modes.
- (11) Automatic film speed setting when DX-coded film is used.
- (12) Capable of distance measurement by using AF illuminator when light intensity is low (with external flash SB-20 or SB-22).

3. Specifications

Type of camera:

Lens interchangeable, autofocus 35mm single-lens reflex with built-in motor drive

Picture size:

24 mm x 36 mm

Usable film:

Cartridge-type 35mm film (DX/non-DX-coded film)

Usable lens:

- 1) New AF Nikkor lenses with AF contacts
- 2) When lens without AF contacts is mounted:

* Exposure indicator goes out

- * Both focusing and flash indicators light up (but no light-insufficient warning)
- * Shutter release is possible (but locked when shutter dial is set to A) (Same as above when a lens is not mounted)

Standard lens:

New AF Nikkor lens 50mm f/1.8S or New Nikkor

zoom lens 35-70mm f/3.3-4.5S

compensation:

Full aperture exposure Automatic compensation by electrical

signal

Lens mount:

Nikon F mount

Shutter:

Seiko MFD

Electronically controlled vertical-travel focalplane shutter (2 Mg type), plastic shutter blades

employed in combination with metal shutter

blades

Exposure control mode: 1) Program mode (P mode)

- 2) Shutter-priority auto exposure (S mode) Aperture-priority auto exposure (A mode)
- 4) Manual exposure (M mode) 5) Program flash mode (SBP mode)
- 6) Daylight flash mode

Electronic circuits

(ICs)

- 1) HD637B05Z (CPU)
- 2) M51066 (MDIC)
- 3) M51063 (light metering IC)
- 4) MB4436 (CCD driver) 5) MB8036LA (CCD) 6) CXK1005 (EEPROM)

AF detection system:

TTL distance metering is made by Nikon's own AP2 phase-contrast detection system. The electrical signal from 200 CCD line sensors in the optical module, which is in the same position as the film plane, but below the mirror, is converted from analogue to digital data. According to the program, the CPU calculates digital data and outputs the focus difference from the focal plane as a predicted defocus value.

AF lens travel:

New AF lens is driven and focused by the AF motor in the camera through the coupling in the mount. AF lens can be driven by depressing the shutter release button halfway.

Servo mechanism:

By comparing the output value from the digital encoder in the camera with a predicted defocus value calculated by the CPU, the new AF system drives the lens to correct focusing position and stops. As the lens comes closer to the correct focusing position, the lens driving speed of the motor slows down by five steps and the motor stops at the correct focusing point.

(1) AF servo mode (Single servo AF mode)

In this mode, the AF lens driving stops once the subject is correctly focused. When depressing the shutter release button halfway, power is on and the AF lens is driven and stops when the subject is correctly focused. Unless the subject is correctly focused, the shutter cannot be released.

By removing the finger from the shutter release button and depressing the button halfway once again, the AF lens is driven again and stops when correctly focused.

(2) Focus assist mode (M)

Focus assist mode (FA) which enables the operator to rotate the lens focusing ring

manually referring to the focus indicator in the

viewfinder without using autofocus.

By turning the focus mode selector to M, manual focusing using the focusing ring becomes

possible.

Mounting contacts

Electrical contacts on the upper inside of the body mount transmit signals from the lens to the body. Detailed usage of the contacts is as

follows:

Usage	Contact A	В	С	D	E	F	G
New AF lens	Vecl	R/W1	CLK	SI/SO			GND

Contacts A-G are arranged from left to right as observed from in front of the body.

F/number required for focus detection:

f/5.6 or larger

Brightness for focus detection:

Approx. EV2-18 (at ISO100)

Focusing range:

Approx. \pm 150 μ m within which the correct focus

indicator lights up in the viewfinder

AP illuminator photography:

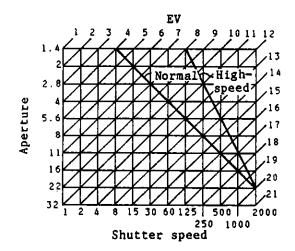
When taking pictures in the single servo AF mode under low-light conditions, AF illumination photography becomes possible when the SB-20 or SB-22 is mounted.
With the SB-20 or SB-22 in any mode, including

TTL, A, or M, with an AF lens mounted, the AF illuminator lights up when the shutter release button is depressed halfway, and autofocus detection takes place and drives the AF lens. The AF illuminator lights up until the in-focus indicator appears. However, the AF illuminator goes out if the subject cannot be correctly focused. When pressing the shutter release button halfway after removing the finger from the shutter button once, the AF illuminator lights up again.

Exposure control

(1) Programmed exposure mode
The F-401's huflt-in microsco

The F-401's built-in microcomputer automatically selects either the normal or the high-speed program. Set the shutter dial to A and the aperture dial to S, and the lens to its minimum aperture. When the lens focal length is less than 135mm, the normal program is selected; when it is 135mm or longer, the high-speed program is selected. The correct exposure LED indicator in the viewfinder lights up when the exposure is correct.



Film speed: ISO100

(2) Shutter-priority exposure mode

After setting the lens to its minimum aperture, the aperture dial to S, and the shutter dial to a particular speed (1, 2, ... 2000), press the shutter release button. Depending on the film speed, the aperture is automatically controlled to the optimum exposure to match the shutter speed and the brightness of the subject. When the correct exposure is obtained, the correct exposure LED indicator in the viewfinder lights up.

(3) Aperture-priority exposure mode After setting the lens to its minimum aperture, the shutter dial to A, and the aperture dial to a particular aperture (*1.4*2 . . . 32), press the shutter release button. Depending on the film speed, the shutter speed is automatically controlled to the optimum exposure to match the aperture and the brightness of the subject. (The dots in the aperture

aperture and the brightness of the subject. (The dots in the aperture scale indicate half f/stops). When the correct exposure is obtained, the correct exposure LED indicator in the viewfinder lights up. The shutter speed is controlled continuously within the range of 1 to 1/2000 seconds.

(4) Manual exposure mode
After setting the lens to its minimum aperture, the shutter dial to a
particular speed (1, 2, . . . 2000), and the aperture dial to a
particular aperture (*1.4*2 . . . 32), press the shutter release button.
Depending on the film speed and the brightness of the subject, you will
get either:

1. Correct exposure: LED correct exposure indicator in the viewfinder lights up.

2. Overexposure: LED overexposure indicator lights up.

3. Underexposure: LED underexposure indicator lights up.

When pressing the shutter release button after setting the shutter dial to B, the camera enters the electronically-controlled bulb mode and the LED exposure indicators go out.

(5) Program flash mode

When taking photographs in the program mode or shutter-priority exposure mode under conditions of lower than EV10 backlighting, after mounting a new AF lens, setting the built-in flash and external flash units (SB-15, SB-16B, SB-18, SB-20, or SB-22) to the TTL mode, and setting the

aperture to its minimum, the quantity of light can be controlled to the optimum preset aperture value for the film speed. Immediately after the built-in flash is raised or the power of an external flash is turned on, the shutter speed will be set to 1/100 sec. (However, when the shutter speed is set at B or 1-1/60 sec. in the S mode, the shutter speed is set as is.)

(6) Daylight flash mode
When taking photographs in the program flash mode, shutter-priority
exposure mode under the conditions of brighter than BV5 backlighting,
after mounting a new AF lens, setting the built-in flash or external
flash unit (SB-15, SB-16B, SB-18, SB-20 or SB-22) to the TTL mode, and
setting the aperture to its minimum, the quantity of light can be
controlled to its optimum preset aperture value for the film speed or
the intensity of backlighting on the subject. The shutter speed is
controlled at 1/100 sec. (However, when the shutter speed is set at B
or 1-1/60 sec. in the S mode, the shutter speed is set as is.)

(7) Auto exposure control in program flash mode With the following combinations, after selecting the optimum aperture, the flash output is controlled in the TTL mode.

Flash unit: SB-15, SB-16, SB-18, SB-20, or SB-22 (TTL mode), or built-

in flash

Lens: New AF Nikkor lens

Camera: P or S mode

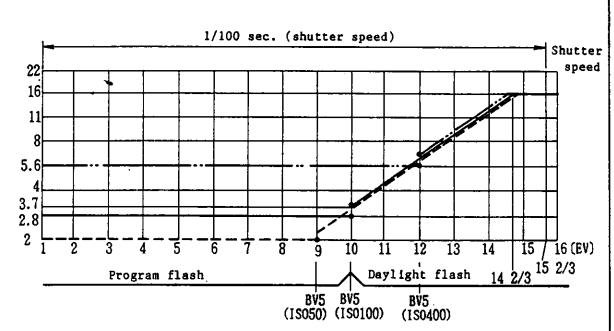
The above combination is called Program Flash Mode (SBP).

(8) The aperture is controlled by a position controller which counts the number of pulses after the aperture coupling lever moves. The aperture control value varies according to the ISO film speed and the maximum aperture of the lens. Refer to the following aperture value (the TTL mode is possible up to ISO 400).

ISO		 25	50	100	200	400	800	1600
F/ number	Built-in External	1.4	2 4	2.8 5.6	4 8	5.6 11	8 16	11 22

The F value varies by 1/3EV step. (If the f/number is lower than the above value, it is set to its maximum aperture.)

- (9) In case of the program flash mode, the stop-down accuracy of the aperture coupling lever is \pm 1.0EV as compared to the inspection made using a standard lens.
- (10) The aperture value of the program flash and daylight flash modes. Exposure in the P mode is controlled as shown in the figure below.



[In A mode, the aperture is set to a default value and the shutter speed is controlled at 1/100 sec. In M mode, the aperture is set to a default value and the shutter speed is controlled to a speed under 1/100 sec.]

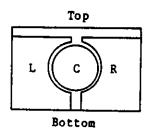
---: ISO100, built-in flash, AF 50mm f/1.8
----: ISO 50, built-in flash, AF 50mm f/1.4

----: ISO 400, built-in flash, AF 35-105mm f/3.5-4.5

(No warning indicator is displayed between EVIO-12 at ISO400)

Light measurement

- 1) Maximum aperture light metering system
- 2) Special silicon photo diode for multiple light metering
- 3) A photo diode for TTL flash is mounted under the mirror box.
- 4) Multi-pattern light metering
 Usually the correct exposure is calculated according to the
 light metering value divided into three areas of the picture as
 shown in the figure below in the P, S, or A mode.
 In the daylight flash mode, backlight and flash illumination
 can be controlled according to the light metering output
 calculated by Nikon's triple-sensor metering system as shown in
 the figure below. In the M mode or when the AEL button is
 depressed, the light metering value is controlled by the light
 metering output calculated at the center area.



Metering range EV1-19 (ISO100, f/1.4)

Exposure meter

Three LED indicators in the viewfinder light up when the shutter release button is depressed halfway or the pre-release timer is activated.

Film speed

Auto (ISO 25-5000) When using DX-coded film, the film speed is automatically set by reading the CAS code printed on the film cartridge. When non-DX-coded film, the film speed is automatically set to ISO100.

Auto exposure lock

- 1) When depressing the AEL button on the front cover, the centerweighted metering value is stored and exposure is controlled based on that value.
- Auto exposure lock is effective only while the shutter release button is pressed lightly and the power is not off.
- 3) When using flash, the auto exposure lock is automatically cancelled.
- 4) When the auto exposure lock button is depressed in the M mode, the exposure metering value is locked. But the shutter speed is set to a default value.

Viewfinder

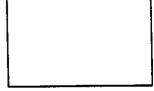
- 1) Eye-level viewfinder with pentaprism
- 2) Screen: Type B (matt surface) clear matt with focus bracket
- 3) Quick return mirror; half mirror with 40% transmission (without mirror-up device).
- 4) Viewfinder coverage; 92% (both vertical and horizontal).
- 5) Viewfinder magnification; 0.8 (50mm lens at infinity distance scale)
- 6) Viewfinder diopter; -1 diopter (visual field), -1.87 diopter (display)

Viewfinder eyepiece

- 1) Square type (FG type)
- 2) Attachable eyepiece correction lens and rubber eyecup
- 3) Attachable eyepiece magnifier with eyepiece adapter (23FAPN)

Inside the viewfinder

- 1) Three LED exposure indicators:
 - b. (+) red LED overexposure indicator
 - c. (o) red LED correct exposure AE indicator
 - d. (-) red LED underexposure indicator
- 2) Flash indicator
 - e. Red LED flash ready-light indicator
- 3) Focus indicator
 - a. Green LED in-focus indicator



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Pre-release switch

- 1) By depressing the shutter release button halfway, the switch is turned on and light metering continues for 8 seconds after lifting the finger off the shutter release button.
- 2) Light metering continues for approx. two seconds after lifting the finger off the shutter release button after the completion of film advance.
- 3) With the built-in flash in the raised position, the prerelease timer operates until recycling is completed. During this time, indicators are displayed and light metering continues.

Indicators and warning in the viewfinder AF indicator and warning

- 1) The green LED focus indicator lights up in both auto and manual modes when the correct focus is obtained (while depressing the shutter release button halfway in the AF mode and for eight seconds after that in the manual mode).
- 2) The green LED focus indicator goes out and the shutter release is locked in the AF mode when the lens is focused in front of or behind the subject.
- 3) The green LED focus indicator blinks and the shutter release is locked when AF focus detection is impossible (light intensity is low or low contrast).

Exposure indicators and warnings

- 1) P, A, or S mode.
- a) The red LED exposure indicator (o) lights up when correct exposure is obtained in the P, A, or S mode.
- b) The red LED exposure indicator (o) blinks at a frequency of 2 Hz to warn of possible camera shake when the shutter speed is 1/30 or slower in the A and P modes. (In the S and M modes, no warning indicator appears.)
- c) The red LED overexposure (+) or underexposure (-) indicators blink and the shutter release is locked when the shutter speed and aperture value are not within the available range of the subject brightness and/or ISO film speed.
- d) While depressing the AEL button, light metering is automatically shifted from multi-pattern metering to centerweighted metering, and is locked in this state.
- e) In the A mode, when the aperture is set wider than the lens minimum aperture value, it is set to the lens minimum aperture, and when the aperture is set smaller than the maximum aperture value, it is set to the maximum aperture value. No warning indicator is displayed.
- f) In the S mode, the shutter release is locked when the shutter dial is set to B and the indicators go out.
- 2) Manual mode
- a) If the exposure value set in the M mode is within the range of $\pm 1/3$ EV for the optimum exposure value, the red LED exposure indicator (o) lights up.
- b) If the exposure value set in the M mode is between the range of +lEV and +1/3EV, the red LED correct (o) and overexposure (+) indicators light up simultaneously.

- 3) If the manually set exposure value is between -1/3EV and -1EV for the correct exposure value, the red LED correct indicator (o) and underexposure indicator (+) both light up.
- 4) When exposure metering is carried out when light is above the camera's exposure metering range, or over +lEV (in the M mode), the red LED overexposure indicator (+) lights up, or when it is performed when light is below the camera's exposure metering range, or less than -lEV (in the M mode), the red LED underexposure indicator (-) lights up.
- 5) When the shutter speed dial is set to B, the AE indicator goes out.
- 6) When the aperture is set to an f/stop larger than the minimum aperture of the lens, or set to one smaller than the maximum aperture of the lens, the aperture will be set to the minimum and maximum aperture of the lens, respectively. (No warning indicator is displayed.)

Flash ready-light indicator and warning

- 1) When both built-in and external flashes are off and when the camera determines that the daylight flash or low light flash mode is necessary, the LED ready-light indicator (3) in the viewfinder blinks when the shutter release button is depressed halfway. (However, the LED ready-light indicator does not blink for daylight flash in the M mode.)
- 2) When the flash is turned on and fully recycled, the LED readylight indicator (♂) lights up when the shutter release button is depressed halfway. If the light intensity of the backlight is less than EV10, the LED exposure indicators go out.
- 3) When the flash (either built-in or external) fires at full output, the LED ready-light indicator (4) blinks for two seconds to indicate this.
- 4) While the flash (either built-in or external) is recycling, the LED ready-light indicator (3) goes out, but the shutter release button is locked only when the built-in flash is used.
- 5) When the camera selector of the SB-E and the SB-19 is set to EM or B, and the film speed is higher than ISO 400 in the TTL mode, the LED ready-light indicator (4) blinks.
- 6) When both built-in and external flashes are on, the built-in flash takes precedence and displays indicators (2 through 5 above) depending on the conditions of the built-in flash.

Others

1) When a lens other than a new AF lens (one without AF contacts) is mounted or no lens is mounted, the in-focus indicator goes out, but the LED exposure indicators and LED flash ready-light still light up and shutter release is possible. (However, when the shutter speed dial is set to A or with the aperture dial at S, the shutter release is locked.)

2) When the aperture dial is not set to the minimum aperture, both the overexposure (+) and underexposure indicators (-) blink alternatively, and the shutter release button is locked (effective only when a lens with AF contacts is mounted).

Table of viewfinder indicators and warnings

		Green o	+ 0 -		∉ R	emarks
1) AF	l. In focus	Lights up			r d	:While the shutter elease button is epressed halfway : For 8 seconds
	 Focused in front or behind subject 	Goes out			A 1 M	: Shutter release is mpossible : Shutter release is ossible
	Distance detection	Blinks			A 1	: Shutter release is ocked and indicator
	is impossible				s h M P	s displayed while the hutter is depressed alfway: Shutter release is ossible and indicator oes out
2) AE	l. AE photo is possi (high sp	ble	o lights	up	A	lways in S mode
	2. AE photo is possi possible shake)	graphy ble (but	o blinks		I	n A and P modes
	3. Above AE metering		+ lights	up	S	hutter release is locked
	4. Below AF metering	range	- lights	up	S	hutter release is locked
	5. M mode (6. M mode (+1/3EV)	+1EV-	o lights +o light			
	7. M mode (-1EV		o- light	•		
	8. M mode (: light me range, o		+ lights	uр	_	hutter release is not ocked
	9. M mode (light me range, 1		- lights	up	1	hutter release is not ocked hifts to centerweighted
	10. AE lock		1-4			etering
	ll. Set to	B 	Goes out			770 44 44 44 44 44 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48
3) SB	l. Flash in indicas	tor			Blinks	Low light (under EV10), daylight flash (over BV5), flash power is off prior to shooting
	2. Complet: recycli				Lights up	AE indicator goes out when flash is on in low light

Only while shutter release button is depressed halfway	4. External flash setting is not correct 5. Built-in flash is recycling 6. External flash is	Blinks After shooting Blinks Prior to shooting, flash power is on. Goes Shutter release is but locked. Goes Shutter release is not locked. Built-in flash works
4) Others	1. Warning for incorrect + - blink	Shutter release is

Others

small aperture setting alternately 2. Film end

locked self-timer LED lighs up

Shutter release

- 1) By depressing the shutter release button fully, the release switch is turned on and the motor starts to activate the release operation.
- 2) When an AF lens is mounted and the AF mode is selected, shutter release is possible only when correct focus is obtained.

Film loading

Built-in easy film loading system (normal film advance). When depressing the shutter release button fully after pulling film leader out to red index mark and closing the camera back, the film advance indicator turns to "1" after advancing four blank frames, then stops. During this operation, the mirror is up for each frame and film advances without opening the shutter curtain.

Film advance

- 1) Auto film advance by built-in motor drive.
- 2) Self-timer LED indicator lights up for eight seconds at the end of the roll. (The indicator lights up repeatedly when the shutter release button is depressed once again.)

Frame counter

Automatically returns to the S position.

Film rewinding

- 1) Auto film rewinding with built-in motor.
- 2) Sliding the film rewind lock lever located behind the top cover and pushing the rewind button, the film rewind switch turns on and film rewinding begins.
- 3) While the film is rewinding, the frame counter counts backward. (This does not occur when there is no film in the camera.)
- 4) After completion of rewinding, the rewind button returns to its original position and the motor stops automatically.

Self-timer

- 1) Electronically controlled.
- 2) After depressing the self-timer button on the top cover, the camera enters the shutter pre-release state and the shutter is released in approx. 10 seconds.
- 3) If the self-timer button is depressed again within 10 seconds, the self-timer operation is cancelled.

- 4) The LED self-timer indicator blinks at a rate of 2Hz for the first 8 seconds, then lights up continuously for the last 2.
- 5) If the shutter release button is depressed fully while the self-timer is operating, the shutter cannot be released. In other words, the self-timer operation takes precedence.
- 6) In self-timer operation, the AF lens is not driven unless the release button is depressed halfway.

Power supply

Four AA-type alkaline-manganese batteries, four high-grade AA-type manganese batteries, or four AA-type NiCd batteries can be installed in the battery chamber in the handgrip.

Checking battery power

- 1) Normal Shutter pre-release timer is activated for approx. 8 seconds
- 2) Insufficient Shutter pre-release timer is activated for approx. 2 seconds
- 3) Use new No viewfinder LED exposure indicator lights up, batteries shutter release is locked, or AF lens servo motor is locked.

Power consumption

1)	Stand-by	Approx.	5 μA
2)	For light metering and distance	Approx.	80 mA
	detection (when depressing the	shutter	
	release button halfway)		
3)	For driving the AR lene	Annroy	250 mA

3)	ror q	riving the Ar Tens	Approx. 230 mA
4)	For s	hutter release operation	Approx. 100 mA
5)	For a	dvancing the film (average)	Approx. 750 mA
6)	For r	ewinding the film	Approx. 1,000mA
		•	(Results obtained at
			room temperature)

Camera back

- 1) Non-detachable
- 2) Film cartridge confirmation window, film advance indicator (but no memo holder).
- 3) Open the camera back by sliding the camera back lock release button downward.

Tripod socket

U 1/4 inches

Data back contacts

None provided

Sequence error warning indicators

Safety measures to prevent sequence errors (LED self-timer lights up for 8 seconds, and goes out when the shutter dial is set to L).

 Aperture control by reverse motor rotation is not completed in a certain period of time.
 When no mirror SW signal is received after the shutter is released (after the motor starts rotating in the reverse direction), the motor stops by rotating the motor in the normal direction, then braking the motor after braking the motor rotation in the reverse direction.

- 2) The film advance and mirror down operations by normal motor rotation are not completed within a certain period. The motor stops by braking the motor in 10 ms. after the closing shutter curtain Mg is turned off following shutter release and the output of the closing shutter curtain SW signal (or when no film advance complete SW signal is received after the motor starts rotating in the normal direction).
- 3) If the mirror remains in the "up" state during the previous shutter release operation (for instance, when the power is turned off while making time exposures), the motor stops by braking the motor when detecting that the closing shutter curtain SW is on and the film advance completion SW is off.
- 4) If the mirror stops while it is going back down during the previous shutter release operation (or when film advance stops before the completion of film advance; for example, when film advance becomes impossible because the film is advanced to the end of roll), the motor stops by braking when detecting that the film advance completion SW is off; the self-timer LED indicator also lights up.
- 5) Film advance completion SW failure If the film advance completion SW is on when the mirror starts moving down (or the motor starts rotating in the normal direction), the motor stops after rotating the motor in the normal direction and braking the motor.
- 6) Mirror SW failure (See item 1.)

Built-in TTL flash

1) Guide number: 12

2) Parallel control system

3) Angle of coverage:

4) Flash recycling time:

5) Flash ready indicator:

6) Number of flashes:

7) Pop up:

3) Cannot be used simultaneously with external flash:

35mm lens or longer

room temperature)

Approx. 4.5 sec. (fresh alkaline batteries at room temperature)

LED flash ready-light lights up

inside the viewfinder

More then 8 rolls of 36-exp. film (with fresh alkaline batteries at

Manual

Built-in flash takes precedence

Flash synchronization

- 1) X-contact only (synchronization under 1/100 sec.)
- 2) No sync terminal
- 3) When using Nikon dedicated electronic flashes (SB-15, SB-16B, SB-18, SB-20, or SB-22):
- (1) The flash ready-light in the viewfinder lights up when recycling is completed while power is on;

- (2) In the P or A mode (or the S and M modes with a shutter speed faster than 1/100 sec.), the shutter speed is automatically set to 1/100 sec. immediately after the flash is turned on. When the shutter speed is set to 1/100 sec. or less in the S or M mode, the shutter speed is set as is;
- (3) The LED flash ready-light in the viewfinder blinks for 2 seconds after shooting when the flash fires at full power;
- (4) The LED flash ready-light lights up when the film speed is set beyond the acceptable film speed range (over ISO 400);
- (5) The LED flash ready-light lights up or blinks only while the shutter pre-release timer is operating;
- (6) The flash does not fire until the frame counter indicates "1."

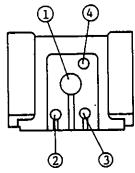
Accessory shoe (the following four contacts are provided)

- 1) Flash sync contact
- 2) Ready-light contact
- 3) TTL light metering contact
- 4) Monitor contact

Dimensions: Approx. 153.9(W) x 65.58(D) x 102.15(H)mm

(when built-in flash is not raised)

Weight: Approx. 645g (excluding batteries)

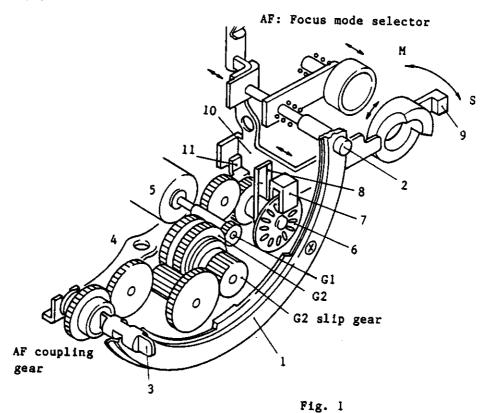


Number of 36-exposure rolls that can be taken (By driving the lens from infinity to the closest distance for each shot)

	Battery Type	With AF 50mm Room temp.	
 No	Alkaline	50 rolls	li rolls
flash	Manganese	20	2
	N1Cd	16	12
Flash	Alkaline	20	1
is used	Manganese	8	
for half the shots	Nica	7	1

(Approx. value)

[2] MECHANISM

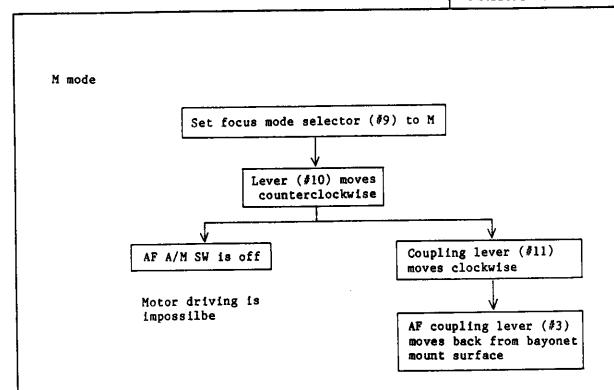


1. AF control mechanism

Fig. 1 shows a schematic diagram of the AF control mechanism as viewed from the front of the camera. [AF (S) mode] #1 is the bayonet mount of the camera on which the lens is mounted. The mounting position of the lens is determined by the stopper pin (#2) to which the lens optical driving coupling is attached. #3 is the AF coupling lever on the camera which connects to the motor (#5) through a reduction gear system (#4). Focus adjustment is made by this motor.

In the reduction gear system, there is a "slip" mechanism, comprised of wave washers, which protects the AF control mechanism by slipping when overload exceeding a certain level is applied. #6 is called the relative distance signal plate and contains 18 holes around the outside. The encoder is composed of the holes and the photo interrupter (#7). The relative distance signal plate (#6) is placed between the plate spring (#8) and a slight load is applied so that the plate does not rotate by itself except when driven by Gl and the idle gears.

Focus adjustment is controlled by the motor which rotates depending on the data calculated by the amount of defocus and the direction necessary for correct focus through a focusing condition detection system and a calculation circuit. The AF system is controlled by counting the number of pulses from the encoder.



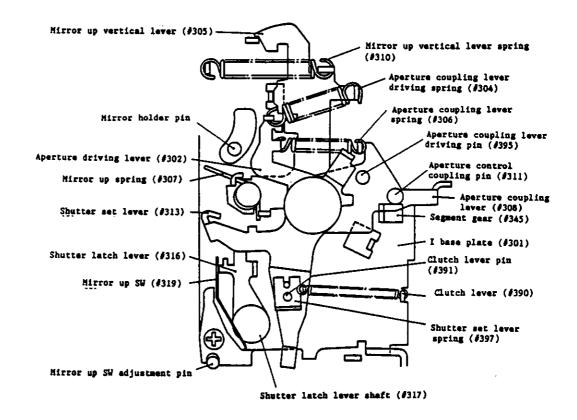
2. Mirror driving mechanism

1) Outline

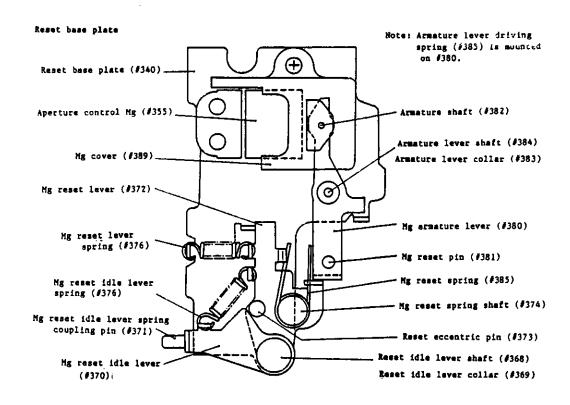
This camera uses a full aperture light metering system that allows the camera to set the aperture and move the mirror up simultaneously by moving the mirror driving lever with a built-in motor (angle of rotation of the reference shaft: 0° to -95°). The aperture is controlled by stopping the aperture coupling lever at the position where the aperture value is preset by counting the number of pulses with the photo interrupter and photo coupler.

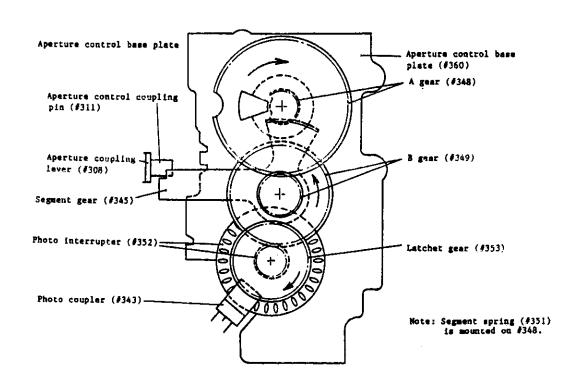
2) Operating diagram

I base plate

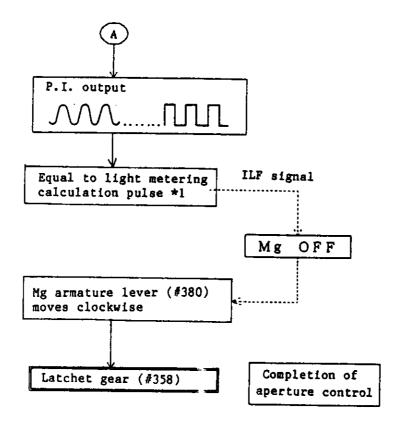


3) Mirror driving system

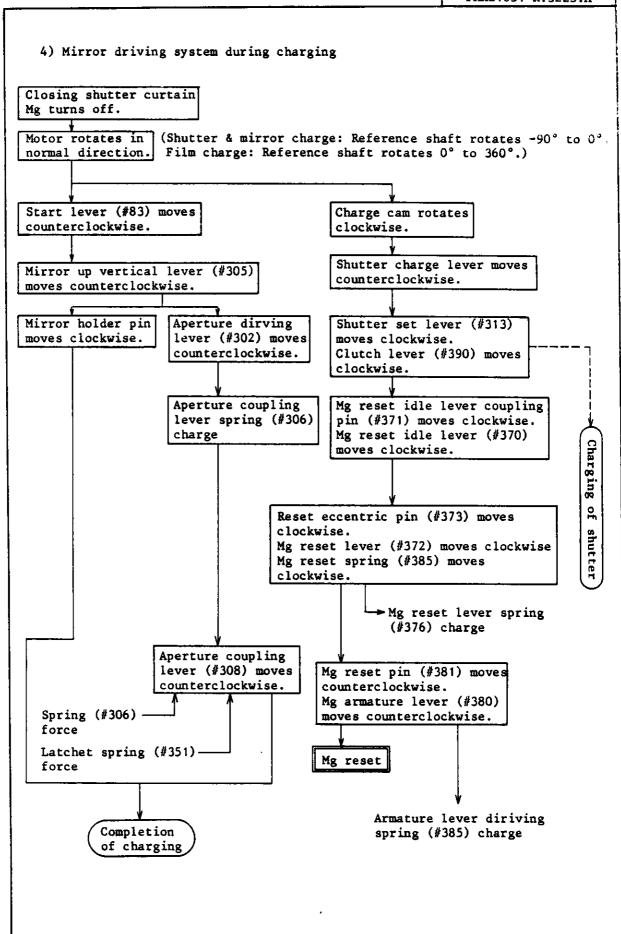




Shutter starts.



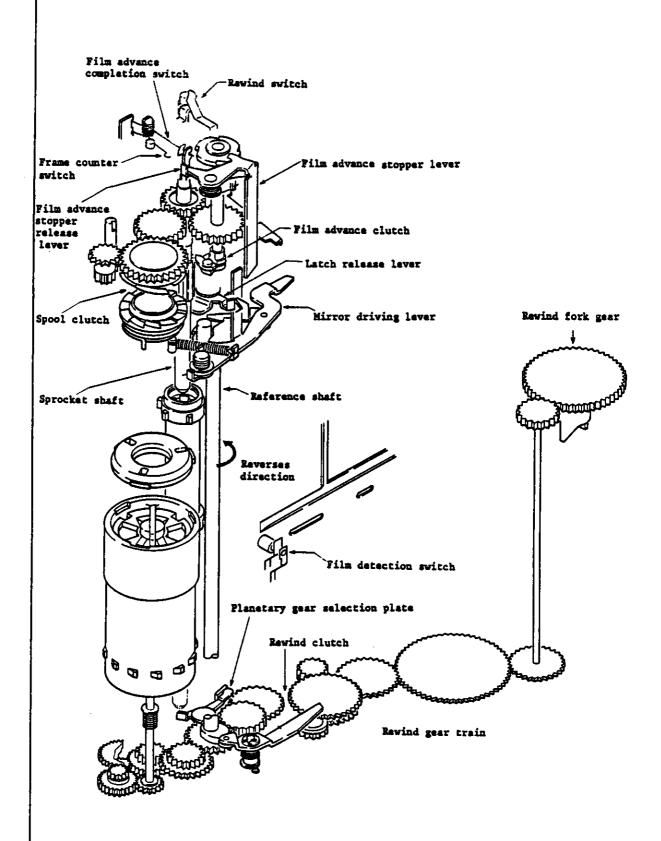
- *****1
- (1) This camera controls the aperture in every mode (P, A, S, and M). Since only new AF lenses are usable with this camera, it is necessary to preset the aperture to its minimum in every mode (P, A, S, and M), because f-fo, fo signals are not provided. Furthermore, the shutter cannot be released unless the aperture is set to its minimum value.
- (2) Number of output pulses per step
 For the first IEV: 12 pulses
 After the first IEV: 8 pulses

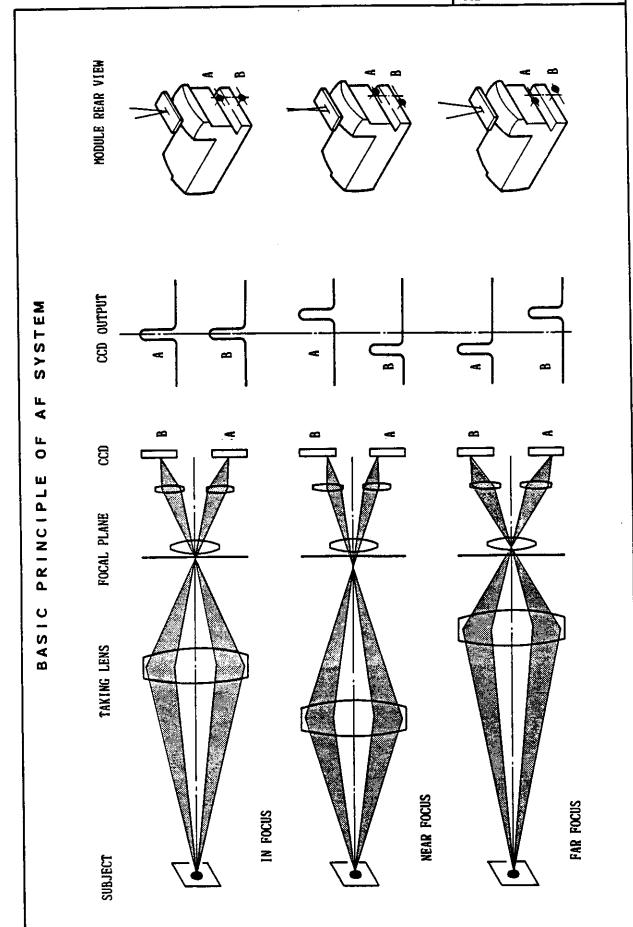


3. Film rewind mechanism

Slide the film rewind lever and push the film rewind button

- (1) By pushing down the film sprocket shaft and latch release lever, the film-advance stopper release lever and the planetary gear selection plate move to release the latch lever and the mirror driving lever reverts to the locked state. The film rewind clutch engages the film rewind gear train.
- (2) By pushing the film sprocket shaft still further, the film rewind switch turns on. If the film detection switch is on (when film is loaded), the motor rotates in the reverse direction and the film rewind clutch engages the rewind gear, beginning the film rewind operation.
- (3) The film sprocket shaft is set to this state (by being pushed down). In this state, the film rewind stopper is released, the mirror driving lever reverts to the locked state, and the film rewind clutch remains in the film rewind state. If the reference shaft rotates in the reverse direction, the mirror driving lever does not operate and the film rewind clutch idles. When the film is rewound, the sprocket rotates and the frame counter rotates in the reverse direction by gears. The film take-up spool also is rotated by the film, but the spool and the clutch idle because of the slow rotation speed of the spool at the spool clutch.
- (4) After the frame counter switch turns from on to off, the film detection switch signal detects the existence of the film. When the film detection switch turns from on to off, the film rewind operation is completed.
- (5) When film rewinding is completed, the film sprocket rotates in the normal direction for an instant to release the setting of the sprocket shaft, and the motor stops in the state that the film rewind stopper is pushed down.





In focus

The subject is focused on the focal plane. Light coming from the subject through the right side of the taking lens converges an image on the CCD line sensor (A) by way of a divided spherical reflection mirror. Likewise, light coming from the subject through the left side of the taking lens converges an image on the other CCD line sensor (B). The images on both A and B CCD's are the same with no refraction and the CCD output is the same as well.

Near focus

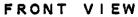
When the image of the subject is focused in front of the focal plane (closer to the subject), the image focused on A moves toward the right as compared to that of the situation when the subject is in-focus, while the image focused on B moves toward the left (see rear view of module). The CCD reads out these discrepancies (magnitude and direction), and calculates the focusing detection by using this information and various parameters. Based on this calculation, the correct focus can be obtained, which lights up the LED indicator and moves the taking lens with the AF motor.

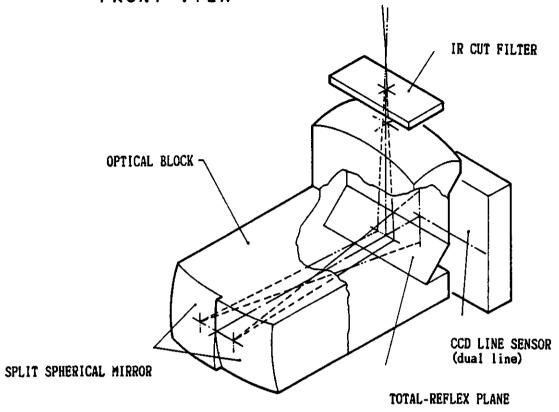
Far focus

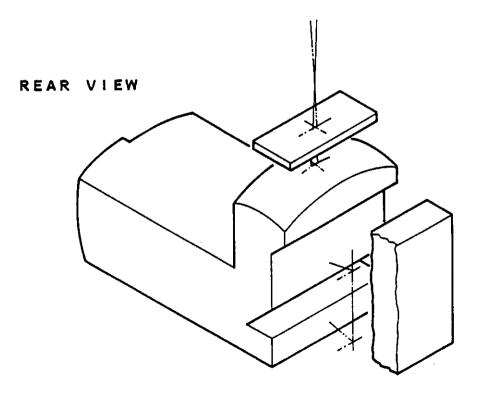
When the image of the subject is focused behind the focal plane (away from the subject), the image focused on A moves toward the left as compared to that of the in-focus condition, while the image focused on B moves toward the right (again see rear view of module). The image on the CCD is now the opposite of near focus. The camera senses this and makes the appropriate calculations.

Concept of AF operation Start AF related information (Reads out necessary information such as conditions of AF mode switch and lens through AF contacts.) Controlling image sensor operation (Controls electrical charge storage time of the image sensor to output correct data.) A/D conversion of image sensor output and data storage (Converts data from the image sensor into digital data, then stores this data in memory.) Focus detection calculation (Calculates the direction and amount of defocus using data stored in memory.) Display (According to the calculated discrepancy based on the defocus data, an LED indicator lights up.) Driving (Depending on the calculated defocus data, the required amount of lens movement is determined and the lens moves.)

AF SENSOR MODULE ILLUSTRATION



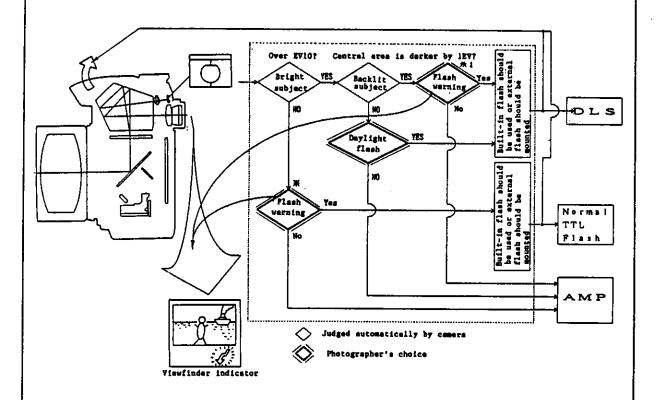




5. AMP and DLS system

Comprehensive system

Light coming from the subject enters Nikon's three separate-area silicon photo diode (SPD). The quantity of the light is logarithmically decreased, amplified, A/D converted successively and input into the CPU. According to the calculation algorithm of the AMP and DLS, the CPU controls the indicators in the viewfinder, the shutter speed, and performs TTL flash control.

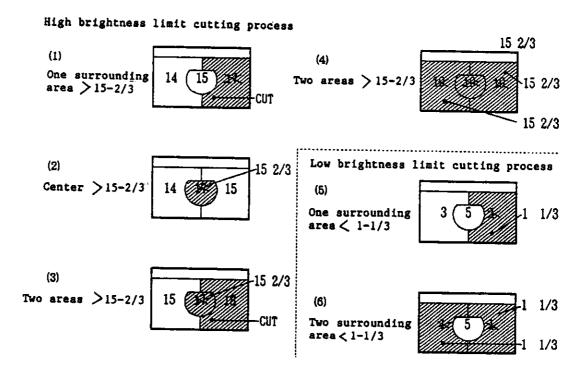


* The LED flash ready-light blinks when flash power is off and the shutter release button is depressed halfway. When flash power is turned on, the LED exposure indicators go out, then the LED flash ready-light lights up when recycling is completed.

AMP

Based on the quantity of light coming into the three separate-area SPD, light metering can be controlled by selecting one of the three metering pattern methods, such as (1) centerweighted metering, (2) average metering, and (3) low-light zone weighted metering. Like multi-pattern metering on the FA camera, high and low intensity light are excluded.

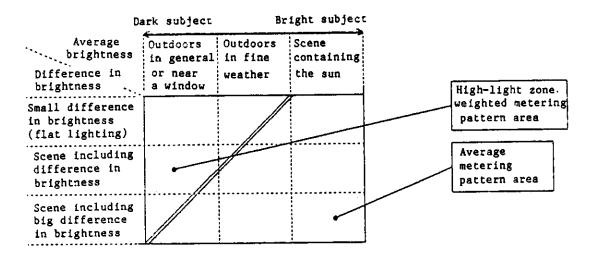
Table of brightness patterns



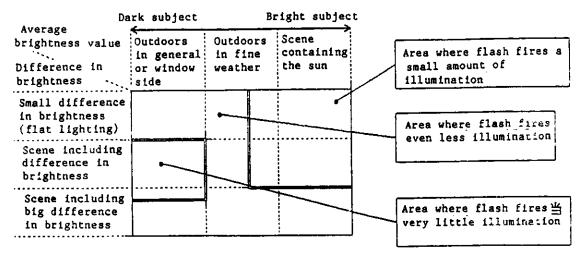
DLS

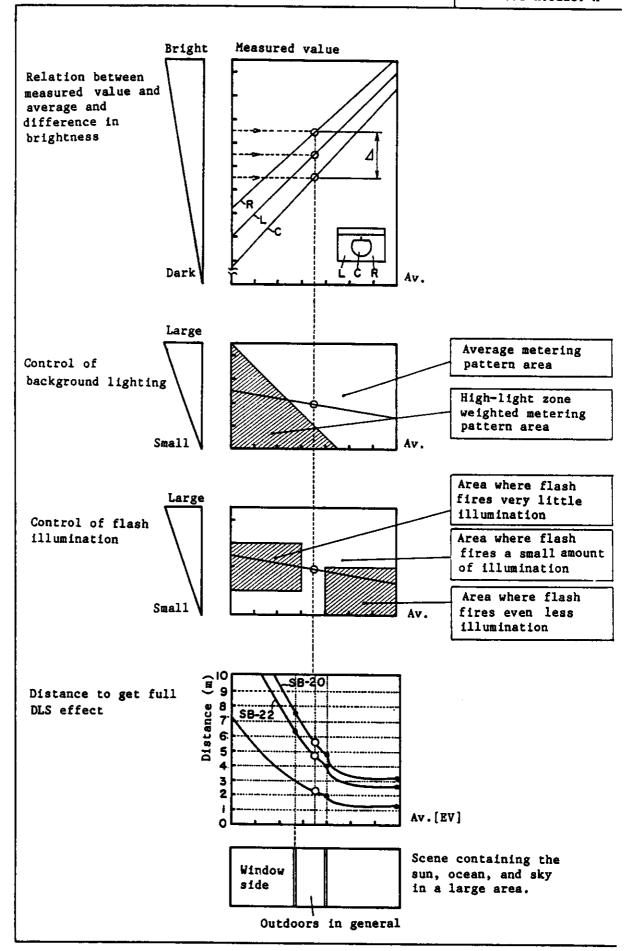
If the central area is darker than the other two areas (by more than 1.5EV), the LED flash ready-light in the viewfinder blinks to recommend the use of flash. There are two parameters used for DLS. Either average metering or high-light zone metering is selected, depending on the difference in brightness and average value. The amount of flash illumination is also compensated to prevent the subject from becoming overexposed by dividing the amount of flash illumination into three steps according to the difference in brightness and average value.

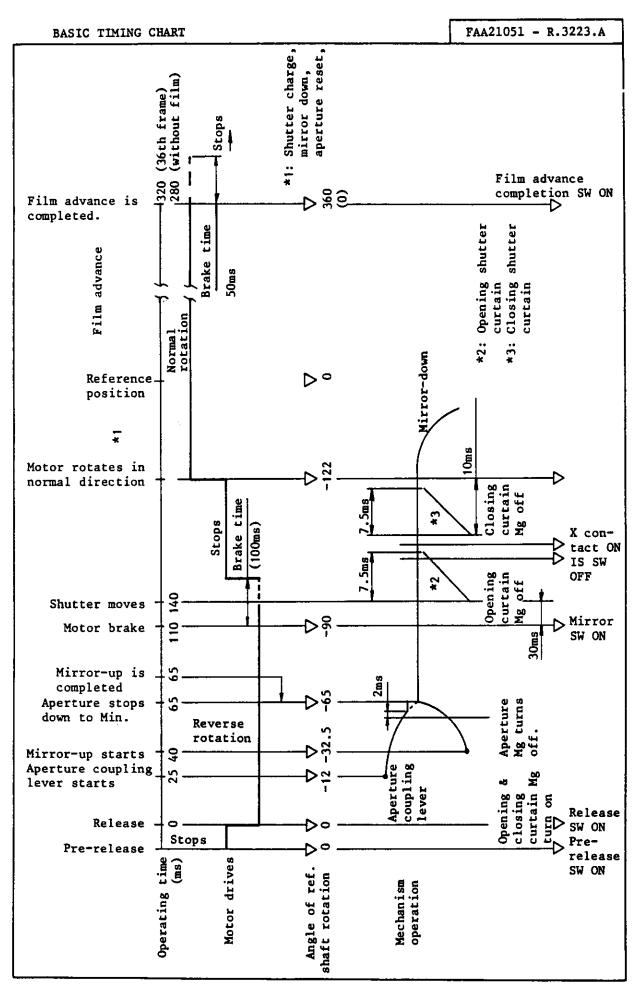
Example of controlling background lighting.



Control of flash illumination







DISASSEMBLING, ASSEMBLING, AND ADJUSTMENT

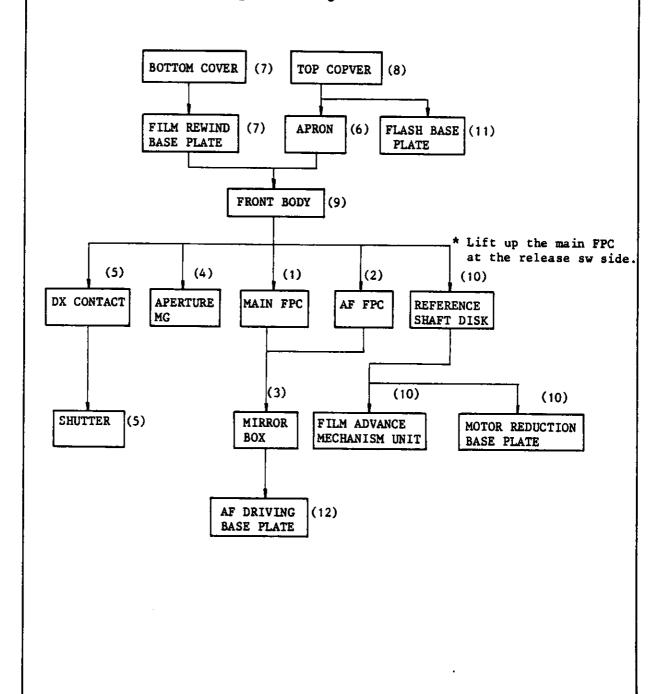
[1] DISASSEMBLNG	
1. DISASSEMBLING OUTLINE	D1
2. DISASSEMBLING PROCEDURE	D2
[2] ASSEMBLING AND ADJUSTMENT	
BODY DIECAST, SHUTTER UNIT	A1
MOTOR ROTATION REDUCING BASE PLATE	
FILM-ADVANCE MECHANISM UNIT	A 5
AF DRIVING UNIT	A7
FRONT PLATE	A9
PENTAPRISM	A13
MAIN FPC	A15
FRONT BODY	A17
TOP COVER 1	A19
TOP COVER 2	A21
EXTERNAL CAMERA	A22
BOTTOM COVER	A23
CAMERA BACK	A25
DB CAMERA BACK	A25-
FRONT PLATE INSTALLATION	A26
FLANGE FOCAL DISTANCE ADJUSTMENT	A 31
ACCURACY DETERMINATION (AE AF)	A 32

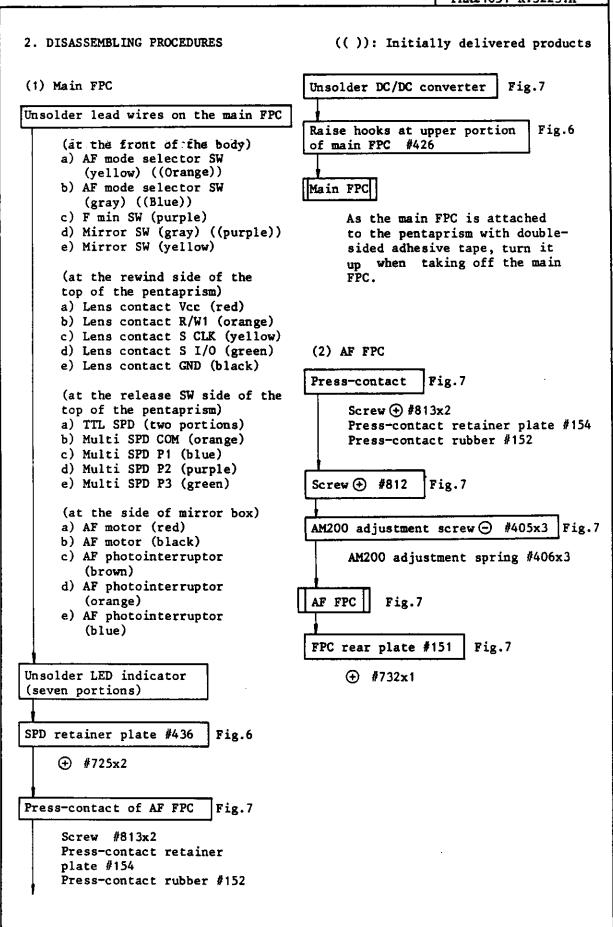
[1] DISASSEMBLING

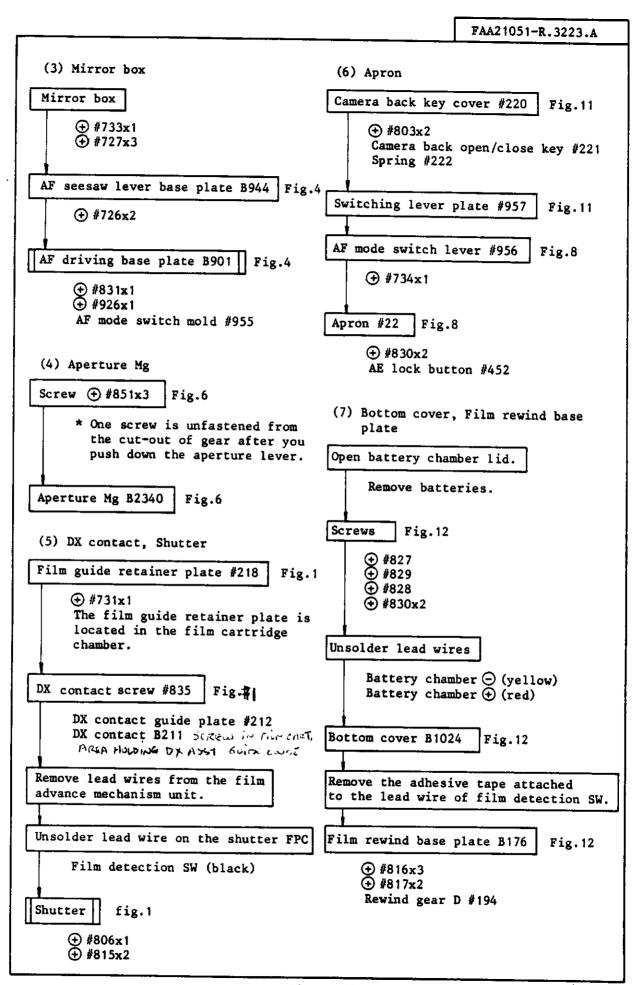
1. DISASSEMBLING OUTLINE

Note: 1) Disassembling should be started after the batteries are removed.

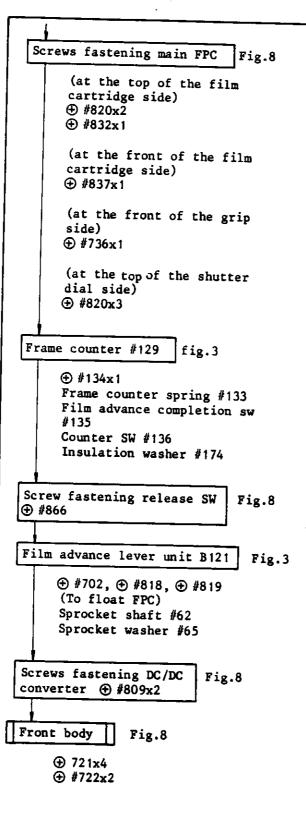
- 2) Figure numbers refer to figures in assembling procedures.
- 3) Be sure to learn how the lead wires are arranged.
- 4) As ICs are easily affected by the static electricity, be sure to ground the camera when soldering or handling.







(8) Top cover (9) Front body Grip rubber #37 Fig. 11 Set the mirror at the "UP" position using the manual film advance tool. Turn up the rubber at the Unsolder lead wires on the main FPC protector plate side. (at the film cartridge side of Release cover #38 Fig.11 the front of the body) a) DX code (black) Release cover is fixed with b) DX code (pink) ((orange)) double-sided adhesive tape. c) DX code (green) ((gray)) d) DX code (brown) ((purple)) e) DX code (orange) ((blue)) Protector plate #36 Fig.11 f) DX code (blue) ((green)) g) Shutter 1 Mg (white) (+) #809x2 h) Shutter 2 Mg (purple) ((green)) *Remove adhesive tape attached *Discharging of the condenser to the lead wires of shutter 1 Mg and shutter 2 Mg. Unsolder lead wires on flash base i) Unsolder two portions on the plate data back FPC. (Only in the camera with data back) Xe \bigcirc (blue) Trg ⊕ (yellow) (at the release SW side of the Xe ⊕ (orange) front of the body) a) Film detection SW (green) b) Aperture interruptor (blue) Fig.11 Screw on top cover c) perture interruptor (red) d) Aperture interruptor (brown) ⊕ #819x2 ⊕ #735x1 (at the shutter dial side of the ⊕ #865x2 top of the body) ⊕ #801x2 a) Shutter IS (yellow) Eyepiece cap #431 b) Shutter V bat (red) #432 c) Shutter GND (blue) ((black)) Unsolder lead wires on top cover (around release sw on the body) a) Film advance motor (orange) a) X contact SW (gray) b) Film advance motor (blue) b) GND (blue) c) CHG (gray) d) START (blue) e) STOP (brown) Unsolder lead wires on main FPC f) READY (white) g) BATT A (red) a) Self-timer SW (yellow) h) BATT B (orange) b) Self-timer SW (black) i) GND (purple) c) Pop-up SW (black) ((brown)) j) Aperture Mg (red) d) Pop-up SW (orange) k) Aperture Mg (blue) e) Ready terminal (brown) 1) V bat (red) f) TTL terminal (gray) * Unsolder on the battery g) STOP terminal (yellow) chamber (-) h) X contact SW (green) Top cover B123



(10) Film advance mechanism unit, Motor reduction base plate

Reference shaft disk B72

Fig.3 ⊕ #74x1 * Rotate the disk counterclockwise, hang it on the over-run prevention lever and remove it. Or, Fix the hole of the disk with a screwdriver and then remove. Float the MD lead Motor reduction Fig.2 wire from the base plate B41 ditch. ⊕ #809x3 Fig.3 Film advance Sprocket #61 Fig.3 mechanism unit B81 ⊕ #807x3 Sprocket spring #64 Sprocket lower bearing #66 Film guide B1202 Fig.2

- *Push up the shaft of the guide by inserting the 1st screwdriver into the hole on the bottom of the diecasting body.
- *Be careful not lose the collar and spring around the guide roller.

```
(11) Flash unit
Unsolder lead wires on the main FPC
(around release SW)
     CHG (gray)
START (blue)
     STOP (brown)
     READY (white)
     BATT B (orange)
     GND (purple)
     BATT A (red)
Screw fastening release SW
                            Fig.8
     ⊕ #866
Main FPC
Unsolder negative contact of
battery box.
Flash unit
             fig.1
     ⊕ #809x2
(12) AF driving base plate
                                   Fig.4
AF seesaw lever base plate B944
     ⊕ #726x2
AF driving base plate B901
     ⊕ #926x1
     ⊕ #831x1
     AF mode SW mold #955
```

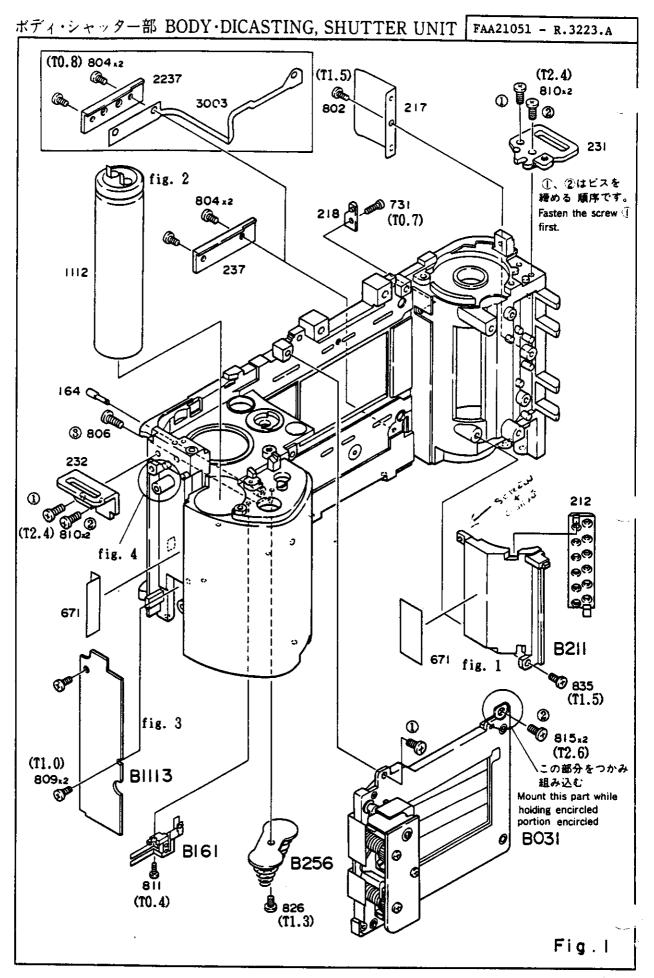


Fig. 1

Attach with adhesive tape making sure not to jam the lead wires from the DX-contact setting around the center (area indicated by arrows in the figure)

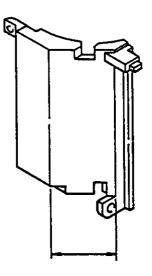


Fig. 2 Installing main condenser

Place the electrodes of the main condenser perpendicular to the rail, then attach the main condenser with adhesive tape so that the bottom end lines up with diecast body.

Fig. 3 Soldering portion of flash base plate

Fig. 4 Pass SB lead wires through columns

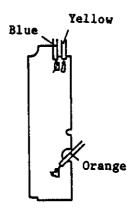
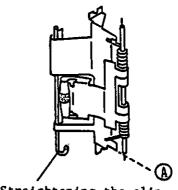


Fig. 1 Mounting film guide plate

- (1) Hold the guide plate in place using clips prior to mounting it as shown in the figure.
- (2) As indicated by letter A in the figure, set the shaft.
- (3) While holding the guide roller with your finger, remove the clips.
- (4) First install the top end of the film guide plate shaft, then install the botton end of the shaft while pushing the shaft upward.
- (5) Push the shaft down (#203).
- (6) Place the bearing collar (#201) on the tip of the film guide shaft.



Straightening the clip

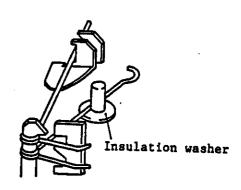
Fig. 3

64

/LEN317A 66 少量

Slight amount

- Fig. 1 Spring system of film advance completion switch and frame counter switch
 - * Be sure to use insulation washer (#174) (See Fig. 8)



- Fig. 2 The parts #101 and #119, and #102 cannot be removed unless the film-advance mechanism unit (#82) is disassembled.
- Fig. 3 Mounting reference shaft disk
- (1) Set the disc at an angle of 0°.
- (2) The shutter set lever should be on the shutter side.

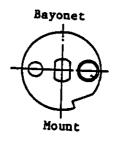


Fig. 1 Adhering motor mounting screws

Do not use too much adhesive agent (#350), because it may spread outside the screw head.

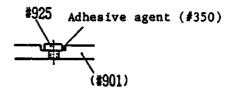


Fig. 2 Adjusting coupling shaft position

Adjust the screw (#942) so that the coupling shaft (#927) protrudes from the bayonet surface by $1.6mm \pm 0.1$ while the lens release button (#440) is not depressed.

After the completion of the adjustment, adhere the screw using the adhesive agent (#350).

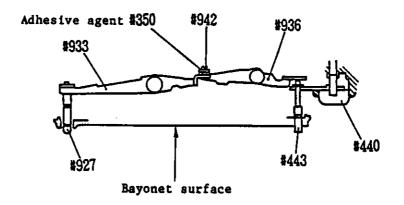
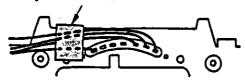


Fig. 3 Processing lead wires of AF contacts

Adhesive tape extends over to the bayonet side.



Polyester adhesive tape



Fig. 1 Attaching sub-mirror

- (1) As shown in the figure, spread a small amount of silicon (KE357) at three places.
- (2) While holding the sub-mirror with your finger, attach it to the portion indicated by letter a and b in the figure.

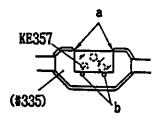


Fig. 2 Attaching main mirror

- Spread silicon at three portions (see figure).
- (2) While holding it, set the mirror at the position shown in the figure.

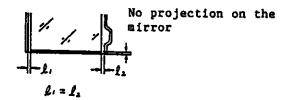
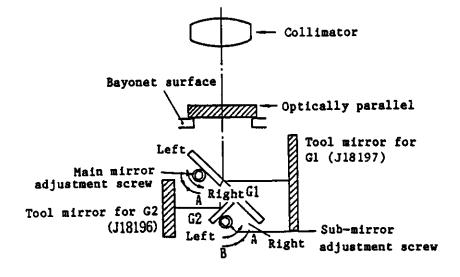


Fig. 2-1 Spread mat agent to avoid internal reflections

Fig. 3 Adjust the angle (45°) of main mirror and sub-mirror

Adjustment diagram of main mirror and sub-mirror





To determine the angle (45°), the following equipment is required: (Main mirror) (Sub-mirror)

* Tool mirror (J18197)

* Tool mirror (J180197)

* Optical parallel (J18037) * Hexagonal wrench

* Hexagonal wrench

Table 1 Rating

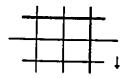
7777	G1	G2
Discrepancy (right/left)	Within + 20'	Within + 30'
Discrepancy (Up/down)	Within + 5'	Within ± 10'
Distortion	Within + 8'	Within + 8'

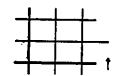
Adjustment method Rotate the eccentric pin using a hexagonal wrench for adjusting discrepancy (up/down)

Table 2

Reflecting Mirror image	Uр	Down					

Optical





Mirror

Down

Adjustment Set the mirror reflecting image toward mirror A

Turn the eccentric pin to the left

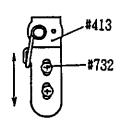
Turn the eccentric pin to the right toward mirror B

to the optical

reflecting image

Discrepancy (right/left)

- (1) Unfasten the screws (#732 x 2) attaching the #413, and fasten the screws again after moving #413 in an up and down direction (see the figure).
- (2) Check discrepancy (right/left) again. Repeat the same procedures (1) and (2) unless it is outside the rating (Table 1). Attach the mirror again from the beginning if distortion appears.
- * When the adjustment is completed, move the mirror 2 to 3 times to check their accuracy.

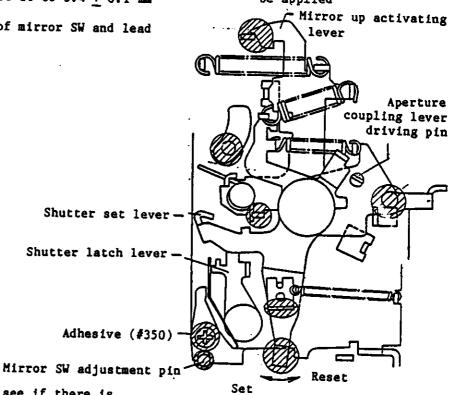


(1) I base plate where oil should be applied and spring installation Use oil (LEN317A)

(2) Adjustment of aperture coupling While rotating the aperture coupling lever pin, adjust it to 3.4 + 0.1 mm

(3) Adjustment of mirror SW and lead wires

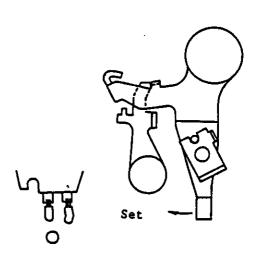
Ø=Portions where oil should be applied



(a) Check to see if there is continuity between the purple and yellow lead wires from the mirror SW using a tester.

(b) While moving the mirror up actuating lever, reset the shutter set lever.

- (c) After moving the shutter set lever in the shutter set direction with your finger, adjust the mirror SW adjustment pin so that the mirror SW turns on within the range of plate thickness of the shutter set lever.
- (d) When the adjustment is completed, spread adhesive on the mirror SW adjustment pin and the above screw.
- (e) Arrange lead wires as shown in the figure so that they do not come in contact with the gear.





Solder lead wires straight against terminals.

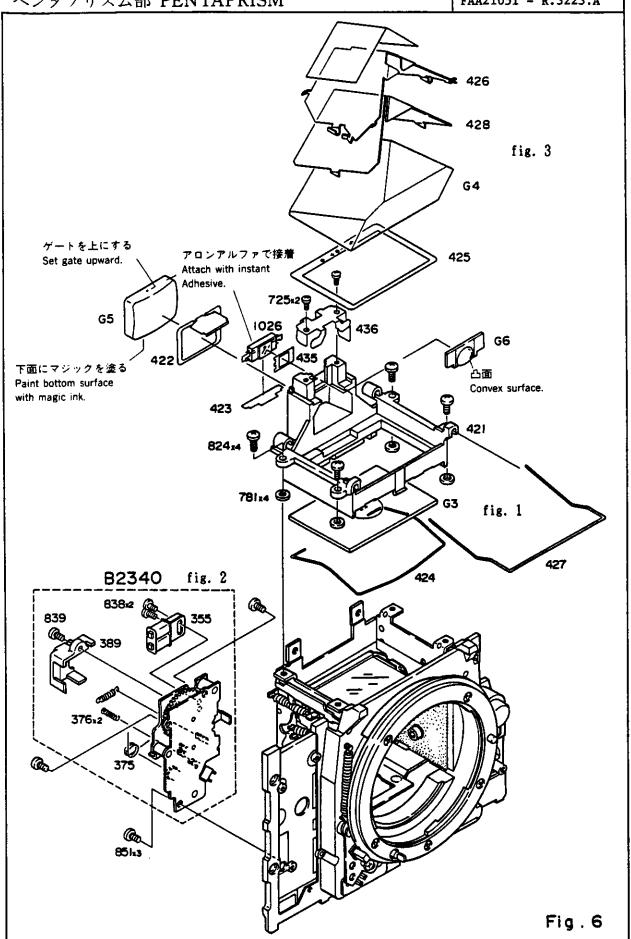


Fig. 1 Direction of Fresnel

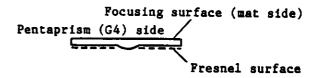


Fig. 2 Magnet installation position and checking of tension

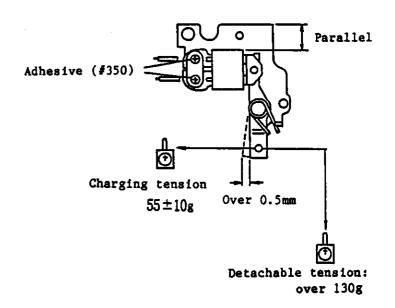
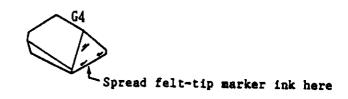
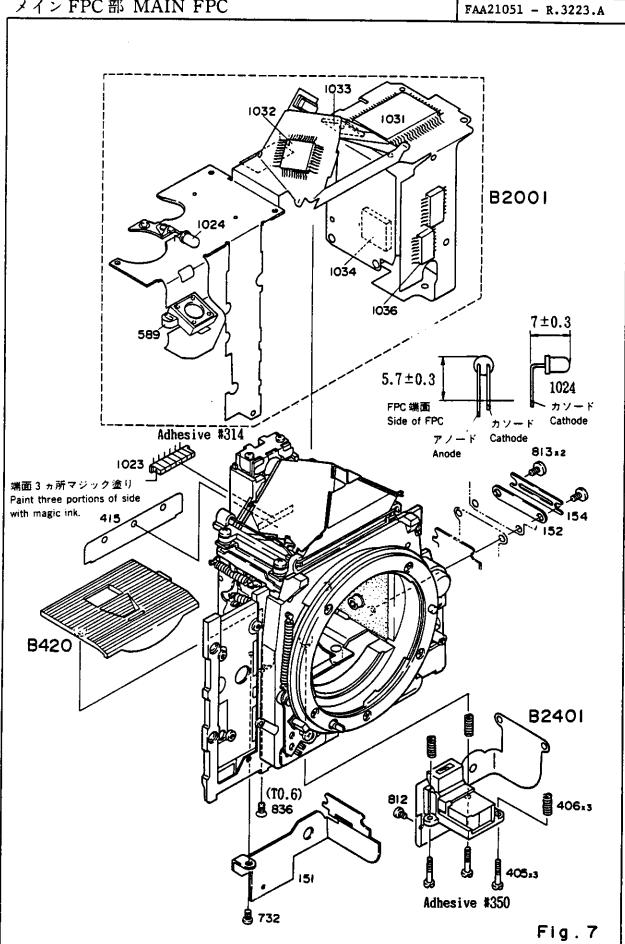


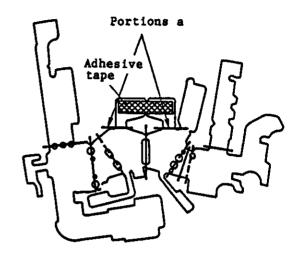
Fig. 3 Spread felt-tip marker ink on the pentaprism (G4)





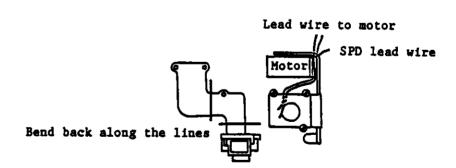
How to bend main FPC

Bend the FPC as indicated in the figure. Attach adhesive tape on the portions indicated by letter a.



Solid line means bend back
----- Dotted line means bend forward

Method of bending AF FPC Position of AF motor



- A17 · F-401-

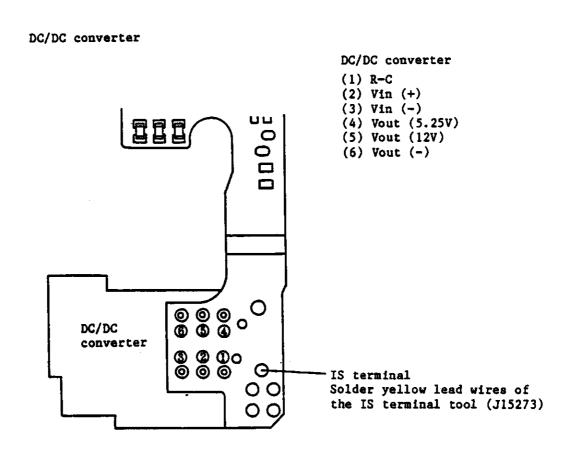
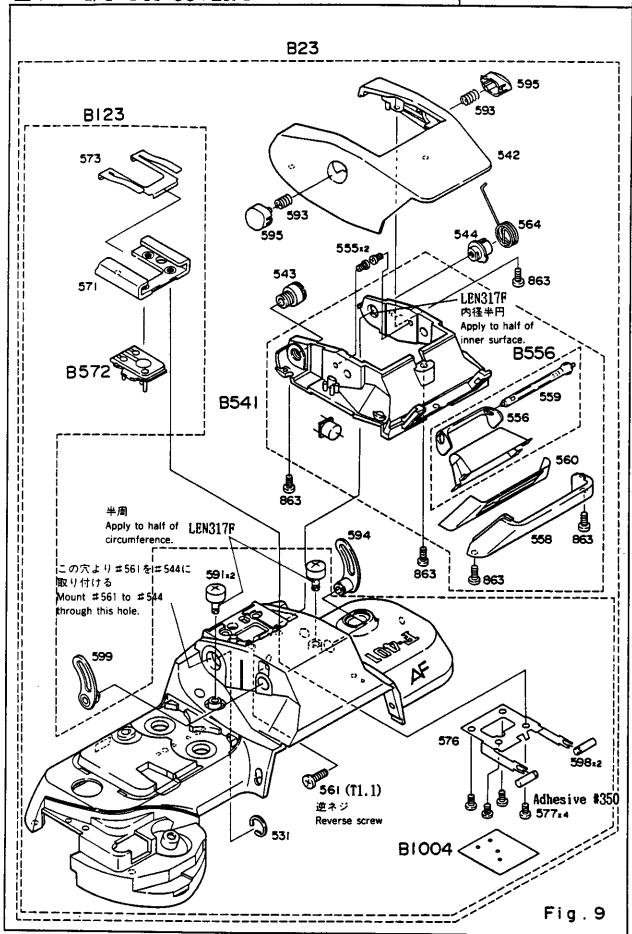


Fig. 1 Attach white and green shutter lead wires with adhesive tape

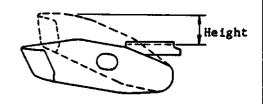
* Do not allow lead wires to protrude from the groove.



Switching position of built-in flash

Pop-up switch The pop-up switch turns on within the range of 4.7-8.1mm.

Flash selection switch There is an intermediate range of 2.8-8.4mm where neither the built-in flash nor external flash is on.

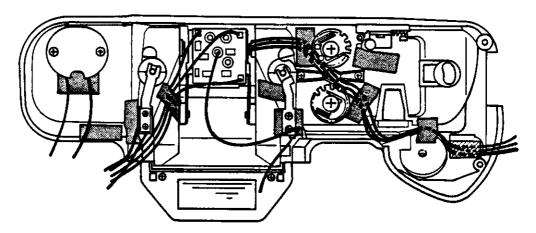


Angle	He	ight	Angle	He	ight
30°			30°		
20°	*1		20°	*4	
14.5		8.4	14'	-	8.1
10°	*2		10°	*5	, ,
4.5		2.8	8.	*6	4.7
0-	*3	0	o . [0

Flash selection SW Built-in flash pop-up SW

- *1 Built-in flash selection SW is on
- *2 Neutral area
- *3 External flash selection SW is on
- *4 Detection of built-in flash pop up
- *5 Switching region
- *6 Built-in flash does not pop up

Attachment of adhesive tape to top cover and arrangement of lead wires



Mounting top cover Mount the top cover so that the lead wires for the self-timer (two), pop-up SW (two), and shoe accessory (three) are on top of the CPU.

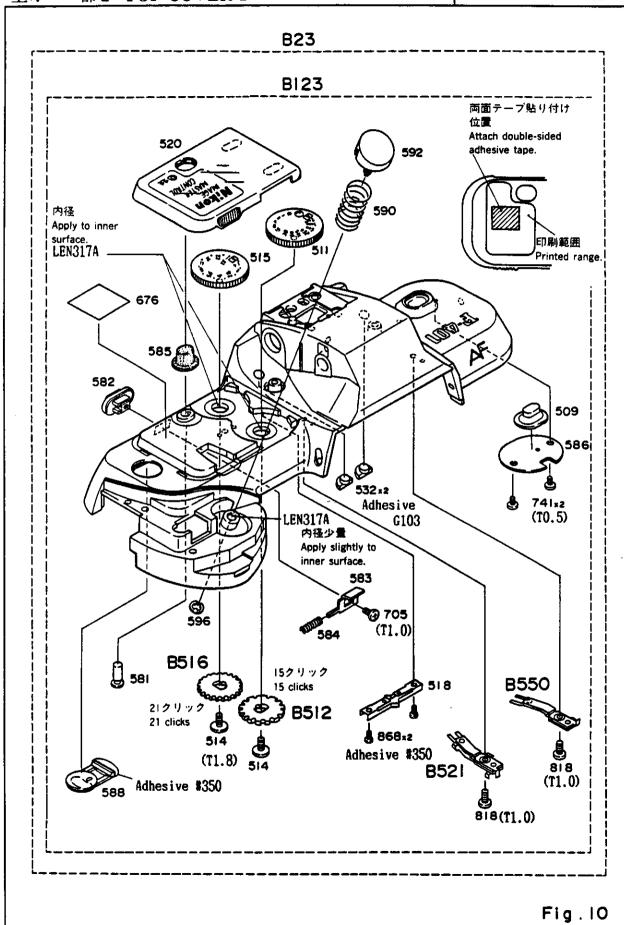
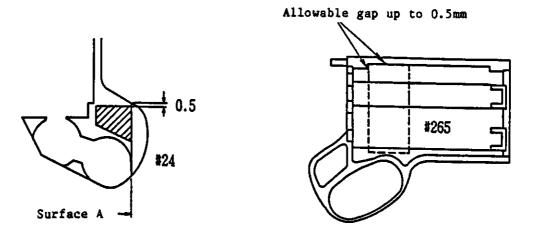


Fig. 12

Attachment positions for tape, seal, and sponge



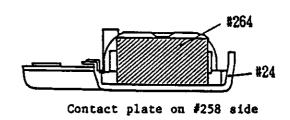
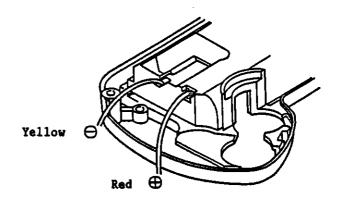


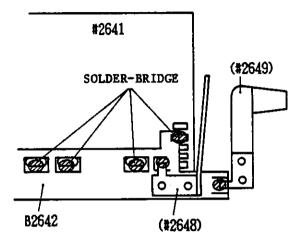
Fig. 1 Solder lead wires to battery chamber

Do not jam red and yellow lead wires with the bottom cover when assembling.

* Push lead wires toward the flash base plate side.

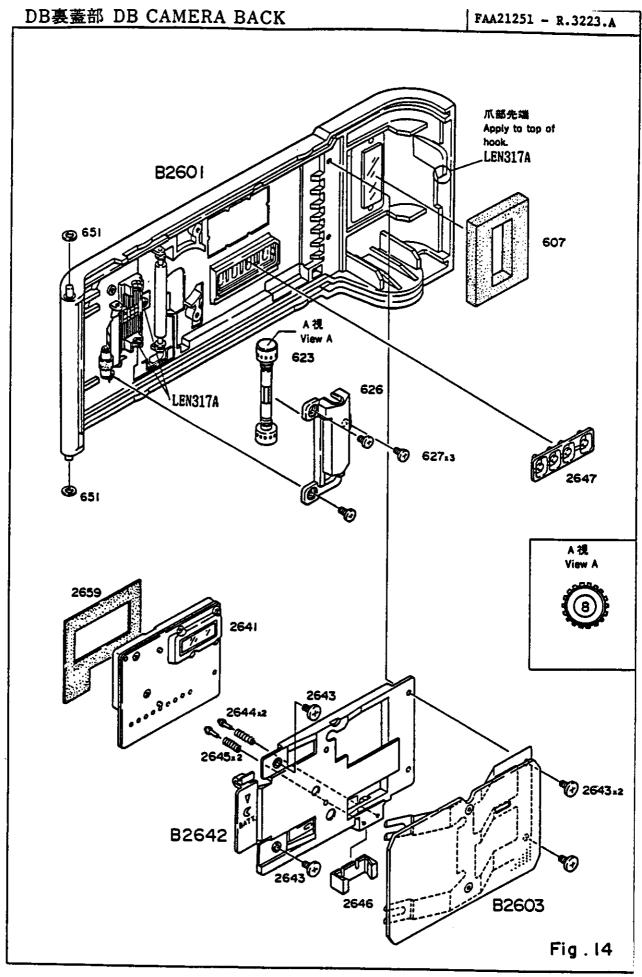


DATA BACK

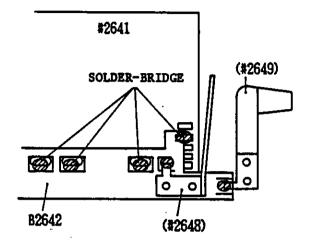


Inspection:

- 1) The indication "8012 1" is to appear when the battery is installed.
- 2) To light up when the contact pin (2644) is short-circuited.



DATA BACK



Inspection:

- 1) The indication "8012 1" is to appear when the battery is installed.
- 2) To light up when the contact pin (2644) is short-circuited.

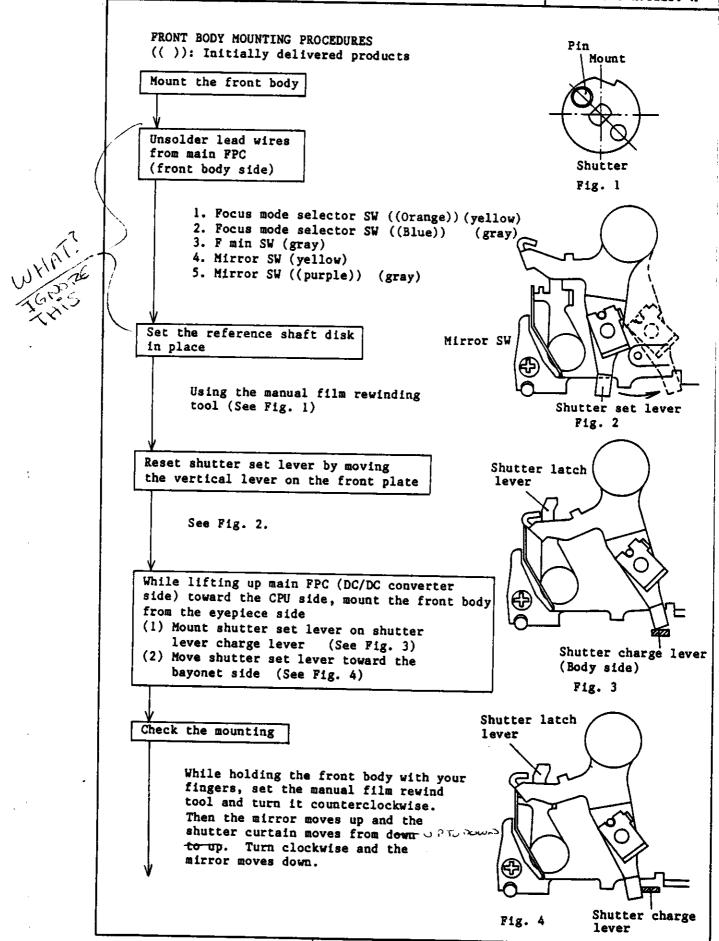
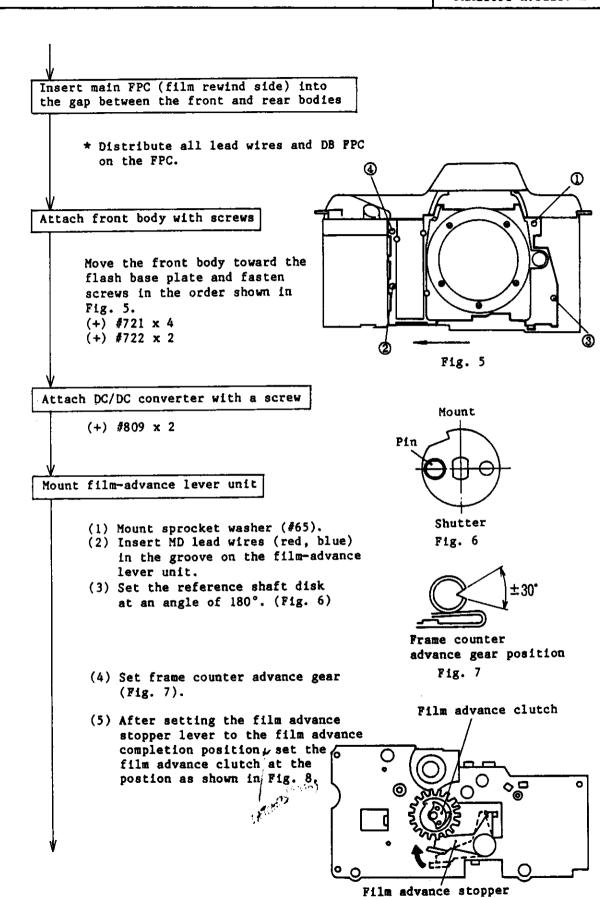


Fig. 8



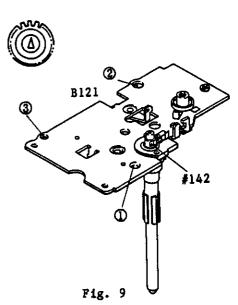
lever

Insert the sprocket shaft in the filmadvance lever unit at the position indicated in Fig. 9, and mount it on the film-advance mechanism unit by attaching the part #142

* Do not deform the film rewind SW. Disassembling is recommended.

Attach with screws

Fasten screws in the order indicated in Fig. 9.



Check the position of the sprocket

- Rotate the manual film rewind tool in the counterclockwise direction to move the mirror up.
- (2) Rotating in the clockwise direction moves the mirror down.
- (3) Rotate another 360° in the same direction and attach to the film advance stopper. Check the gear position of the sprocket.

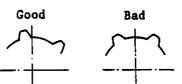


Fig. 10

Rotate the manual film rewind tool by 90° in the counterclockwise direction.

* For not apply undue force on the sprocket gear.

Push the lower sprocket gear down

(Mount main FPC on the release SW side)

Pull out four lead wires (blue, gray, green, white) from the shutter to the lens mounting side through the bloom of the FPC

Mount FPC on the film-advance lever unit. Make sure that the corner of the RSW comes in contact with the side of the sprochet shaft. (+) #820 x 3





Fig. 11

Check film rewind switch and fasten the shutter pre-release SW

- (1) Rotate the sprocket in the clockwise direction using your fingers to free the sprocket shaft.
- (2) Push the sprocket shaft down. The sprocket shaft is latched by #142. (R SW is off.)
- (3) When pushing the sprocket shaft down further, the switch turns on.
- * If it doesn't, unsolder the switch, remove screws and bend the SW.
- (4) Attach the soldered SW with screws without jamming the flash and DM lead wires together.
- (+) #866 x 1

Attach main FPC with screws

Fig. 8

Front plate	Front side	Film advance side	#736 × 1
		Film rewind side	#837 x 1
	Top side	Film rewind side	#820 x 2
	•		#832 x 1

Mount film advance completion SW (#135), frame counter SW (#136), and insulation washer (#174)

Fig. 3, Fig. 8

Mount frame counter spring (#133), counter (#129) Fig. 3 (+) #134

* Rotate once in the clockwise direction.

Solder main FPC

(Around shutter pre-release SW)

Film advance MD 1 Blue 2 Red

SB 3 Gray 4 Blue 5 Brown 6 White

7 Orange 8 Purple 9 Red 10 Red

Aperture Mg 11 Red 12 Blue

Solder GND of Battery Box

(Film advance side of the front plate)
Insert the green lead wire from the film detection
SW into the gap between the handgrip and the front
body.

Film detection SW

Photo interrupter 2 Red 3 Blue 4 Brown

1 Green

(Film rewind side of the front plate)

Attach two lead wires (white, green) from the shutter on the detachable button using adhesive tape.

F min SW

1 Purple ((Brown))

DX SW

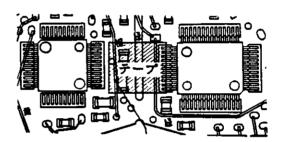
2 ((Black)) 3 ((Orange))

4 Green ((Gray))

5 ((Purple)) brown 6 Orange ((Blue))

Focus mode selection SW 8 Gray ((Orange)) 9 Yellow ((Blue)) Shutter SW 10 ((White)) 11 Purple ((Green))

* Lead wire (Green) from IS delay base plate should not be mounted on the decoder IC.

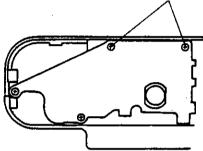


FLANGE FOCAL DISTANCE ADJUSTMENT

The flange focal distance may be changed if the film rewind base plate and the front plate are disassembled. Adjust the flange focal distance according to the following procedures:

(1) Unfasten two screws that attach the film rewind base plate to the bottom cover.





(2) While moving the body discast up and down, fasten the screws.

ACCURACY DETERMINATION (AE, AF)

Make an accuracy adjustment according to the following procedures when either the main FPC or AF FPC is replaced or the camera does not work properly.

Disassemble bottom cover (B1024)



Set the regulated power supply voltage to 5.5V

⊖contact

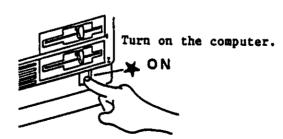
* Connect the red lead wire from the battery box to the + electrode, and connect the - electrode to the - contact of the battery chamber. Do not connect in the reverse order as this may damage the DC/DC converter.

Insert the DX-contact tool (J15270) into the terminal (I/O board J15275) on the rear of the personal computer

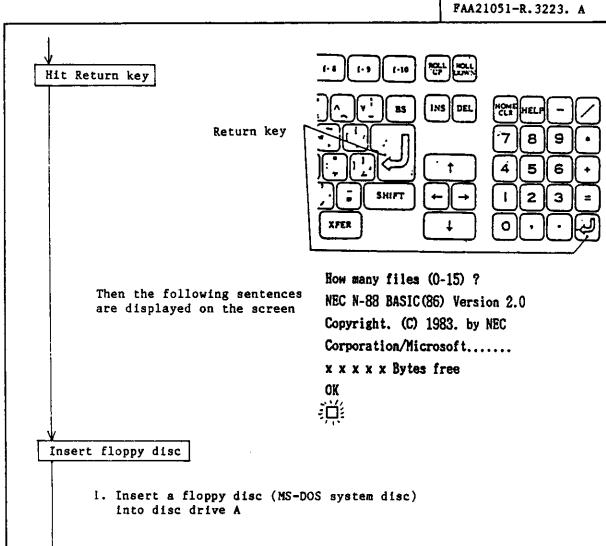
* This procedure is required only once.

Start the personal computer

Turn on the personal computer

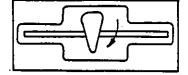


After a little while, the question, "How many files (0-15)?" appears on the screen.



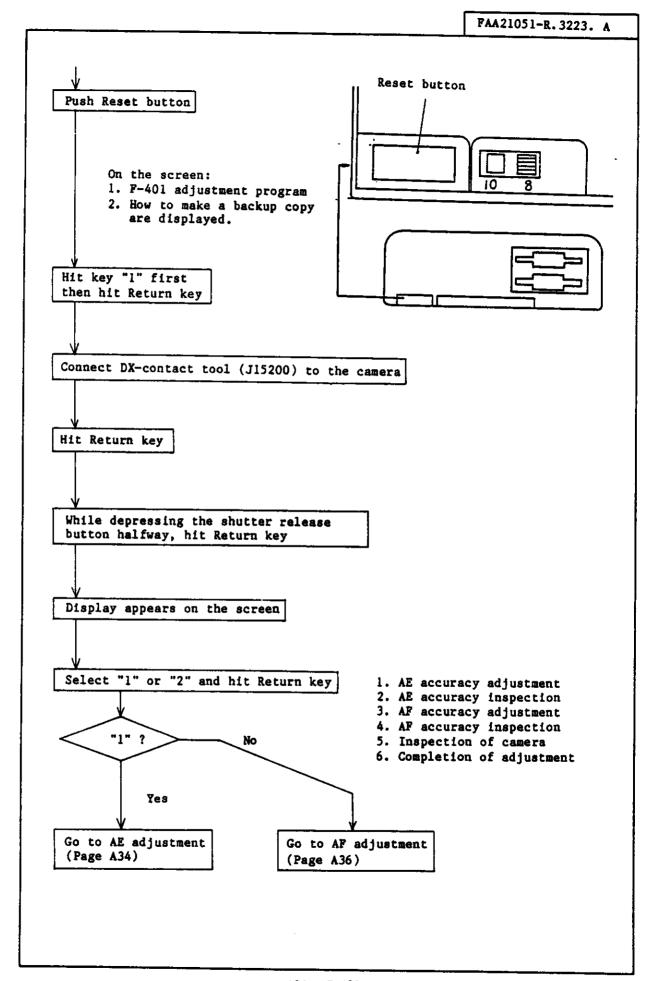


Insert floppy disc



Turn the drive lever down

2. Insert another floppy disc (program disc for F-401) into disc drive ${\tt B}$



Adjustment of AE accuracy

Necessary tools and testers

Personal computer (with I/O board), shutter tester SF-4DNS (J19040)
Regulated power supply, AF50/1.8S

DX-contact tool (J15270), Time counter (J18142), IS terminal tool (J15273), Flash dummy connector (J15225), Standard reflector

Adjustment: Follow the instructions displayed on the screen

Adjustment of auto " o" level

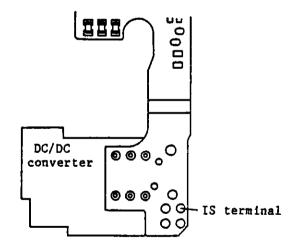
After measuring inclination of light metering output, write this value into the EEPROM memory device.

Check shutter accuracy

Adjustment of TTL flash output

Measure STOP TIME and write this value into the EEPROM memory device.

- Solder the yellow lead wire of the IS terminal tool to the IS terminal of the main FPC on the bottom of the body.
- (2) Solder the red lead wire to the IS terminal of the time counter.
- (3) Solder the black lead wire to the GND of the body or the GND of the timer counter.
- * Other procedures are the same as TTL flash output of other models.

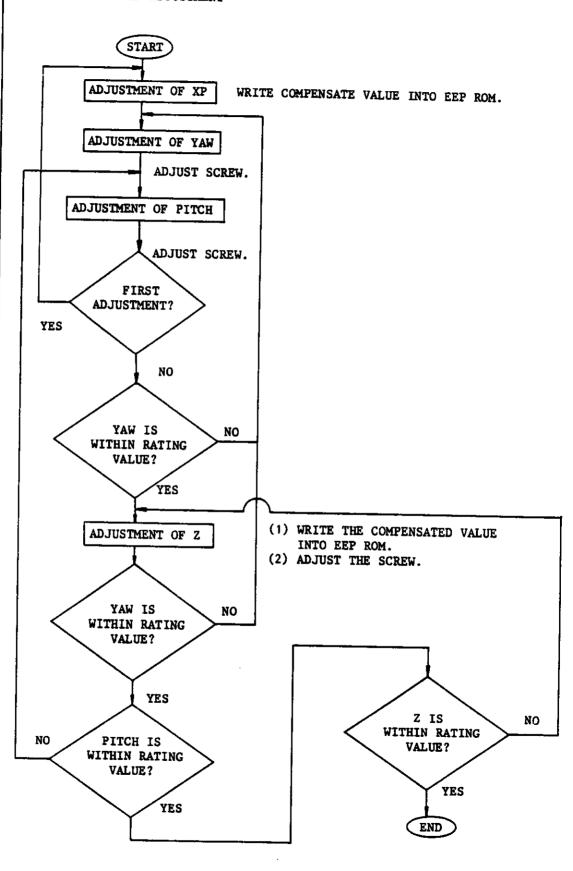


M 1/2000

Compensate the mechanical discrepancy of high-speed shutter, and write the value into the EEPROM memory device.

Check M accuracy

OUTLINE OF AF ADJUSTMENT



Adjustment of AF accuracy

Necessary tools and testers

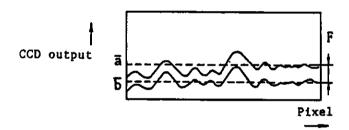
Shutter tester or light metering box, Z illuminator (J15264), ND filter, Pitch adapter (J18185), Fluorescent lamp (J15264-2), YAW adapter* (J18184), Transformer*, AF adjustment stand (J15259)*, Lead wires for transformer* (* for overseas market). Z lens (for 2m measurement). (All those mentioned above are common to F-501.)

PK-13 (J18199), Z adjustment chart (J18198), Chart board (J15274), DX contact tool (J15270), Tripod socket position conversion adapter (J15271), a personal computer system (with I/O board)

* Some modification is necessary for Z lens (see page R11).

Adjustment of XP

After comparing the output value between the two CCD lines in the AM200 and calculating its discrepancy, write this value into the EEPROM memory device.



Adjustment of YAW and Pitch

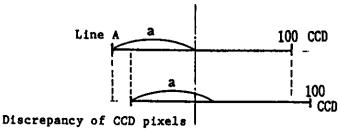
Utilizing CCD output value, adjust the inclination of the AM200 (same as F-501)

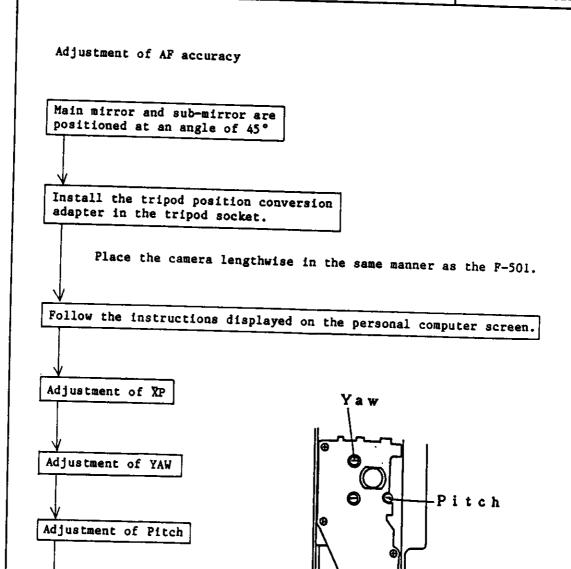
Adjustment of Z

Adjustment of mechanical pixel discrepancy between two CCD lines (A and B) and adjustment of its position.

Suppose that the position of the CCD elements is moved during the production process of the AM200 as shown in the following figure, the correct focusing operation become impossible when directing the camera at the same subject because a relative discrepancy appears between the two CCD lines. Measure this discrepancy and write it into the EEPROM memory. (L1)

The adjustment of the position of the actual image and the focusing position of the AM200 can be adjusted with three screws (Δ Z). Write this value into the EEPROM memory. The CPU calculates the discrepancy using data stored into the EEPROM.





Adjustment of Z

- Mount

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT

DT DOWN TO AT ATT OWNER TO THE
ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT BLOCK DIAGRAM E1
OUTLINE OF THE F-401 CIRCUIT DIAGRAM E2
SWITCHES E9
WIRING DIAGRAM E10
TOTAL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM E11
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM (MAIN FPC) E12
CIRCUITRY PARTS LOCATIONS E13
CIRCUITRY PARTS LIST E14
ELECTRICAL PARTS LOCATIONS E15
CHECK LANDS E16
CHECK LANDS (MAIN FPC) E17
LIGHT METERING AMPLIFIER TERMINALS E18
DECODER AND DRIVER IC TERMINALS E19
MCU TERMINALS E20
EEPROM TERMINALS E21
AF LIGHT SENSOR TERMINALS E21
AF INTERFACE IC TERMINALS E22
CIRCUITRY PARTS TERMINAL LOCATIONS E23
FLASH BASE PLATE E25
TRS LOCATIONS ON FLASH BASE PLATE E26
TIMING CHART E27
CIRCUITRY OUTLINE

4|1|1|1|1 8 - O DC-DC comerter STARFF STOP CHG READY CBAT Stycen 4 <u>ئ</u> ج Syrac Control Code Zhi LED THE **11.**{ iso data (A) E Strong C. (§\$ | 윤 APZ BA щ{ ->ล์ DX code

2233

OUTLINE OF THE F-401 CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

The major electrical circuits of the F-401 consist of the following components:

- 1. Power supply
- 2. Operation and data input processing
- 3. CPU
- 4. Decoder and driver units
- 5. Film-advance motor driving
- 6. AE metering amplifier
- 7. TTL flash output calculation controller
- 8. AF sensor module (CCD)
- 9. AF interface, AF lens controller
- 10. Built-in flash firing driver
- 11. Reference clock generator
- 12. EEPROM

1. Power supply

Power is supplied by four AA-type batteries (nominal voltage: 6V hereinafter called VBAT). The DC/DC converter provides the circuits with a regulated 12V and 5.25V power (hereinafter called VCC). Power for the electrical circuits, requiring a large current, such as flash, motor drive, shutter magnet, and aperture magnet circuits, is supplied from VBAT.

Power holding operation using a power hold timer is carried out by maintaining power while controlling the terminal of the DC/DC converter.

2. Operation and data input processing

Data from the shutter and aperture dials and data from switches determining the sequence timing are entered into either one of following three components: 1) CPU, 2) light metering amplifier, or 3) decoder and driver units.

Digital inputs to be entered into the CPU are data signals from switches, such as the shutter pre-release SW, release SW, self-timer SW, AE lock SW, film rewind SW, built-in flash lock-release SW, focus mode selector SW, F min SW, and sequence control switches such as frame counter SW, film advance complete SW, mirror SW, film detection SW, and DX-code.

Analogue inputs to be entered into the CPU originate from operational switches such as the shutter speed dial, aperture dial, and film speed dial. Digital input to be entered into the light metering amplifier is an IS SW. Digital input to be entered into the decoder and driver originates from the flash selection SW for the built-in flash.

List of operations and data input processing

CPU		Light metering amplifier
Digital data		Digital data
Shutter pre-release SW	1 bit	IS SW 1 bit
Release SW	l bit	
Self-timer SW	l bit	
Auto exposure lock SW	1 bit	Decoder and driver
Film rewind SW	l bit	
Built-in flash lock	l bit	Digital data
release SW		Flash selection SW 1 bit
Focus mode selector SW	1 bit	for built-in flash
F min. SW	1 bit	
Frame counter SW	l bit	
Flash advance	l bit	
completion SW		
Mirror SW	l bit	
Film detection SW	l bit	
DX-code	5 bits	
Analogue data		
Shutter speed dial	1 ch	
Aperture dial	l ch	

3. CPU

The CPU has the following eight major functions:

(2) Calculation of viewfinder indicators

- (1) Sequential control
 This controls shutter pre-release, shutter pre-release timer,
 shutter release, and film advance operations by reading data from
 various switches.
- According to the multi-pattern light metering algorithm together with digital ISO data, it calculates data for the indicators by converting analogue data from the light metering output (triplesensor SPD) amplified in the AE light metering amplifier into digital data.

 By converting analogue data from the aperture dial and shutter speed dial into digital data, the LED indicators are displayed in the viewfinder. If the setting is the correct exposure in each mode (program, aperture-priority, shutter-priority exposure, and manual modes), the (o) LED indicator lights up, if overexposure, the (+) indicator lights up, and if underexposure, the (-) indicator lights up.
- (3) Shutter control in the manual and shutter-priority exposure modes Analogue shutter speed data from the shutter speed dial is converted into digital data and the shutter speed is controlled by the digital timer. However, the shutter release is locked if the shutter speed dial is set to B in the shutter-priority exposure mode.
- (4) Shutter control in aperture-priority exposure mode
 After converting analogue output data from the light metering
 amplifier into digital data, the shutter speed is controlled by a
 digital timer by calculating the correct shutter speed using the
 aperture value from the aperture dial and film speed data from the
 DX-code.
- (5) Aperture control in the manual and aperture-priority modes
 (i) New AF lens
 If the lens aperture ring is stopped down to the minimum aperture,
 the CPU reads the maximum aperture value through data communication
 with the CPU in the lens, converts the analogue aperture data from
 the aperture dial into digital data, and calculates the difference
 between the maximum aperture value and aperture value from the
 aperture dial. After releasing the shutter, the aperture is
 controlled by activating the aperture control magnet through the
 decoder and driver units when the aperture value matches the
 calculated aperture value.

If the lens aperture ring is not stopped down to the minimum aperture, the shutter is locked and the (+) and (-) indicators in the viewfinder blink alternately as a warning.

(ii) Old AF lens and old lens
If old lenses are mounted, the lens stops down to the aperture value
of the lens aperture ring, and the aperture value set from the
camera is disregarded. But if the aperture dial is set to S, the
shutter release button is locked.

- (6) Aperture control in the shutter-priority exposure mode
 After converting the analogue output signal from the light metering
 amplifier into a digital signal, aperture control is carried out by
 the photo interrupter output and aperture magnet by calculating the
 correct aperture value using shutter speed data from the shutter
 speed dial and film speed data from the DX-code, just as in the
 manual and aperture-priority exposure modes.
- (7) Exposure control in the program mode
 After converting the analogue output signal from the light metering
 amplifier, the shutter speed and aperture value are calculated
 according to the programmed arithmetic algorithm. The shutter speed
 is controlled by the digital timer and the aperture value is
 controlled by the photo interrupter output pulse and aperture
 control magnet. The shutter release button is always locked when an
 old lens is mounted and is locked when a new AF lens is mounted but
 its aperture ring is not set to the minimum aperture.
- (8) Distance detection calculation, lens driving and indicators CCD output signal from the AF sensor module is amplified in the AF interface IC. The amplified signal is entered into the CPU as an analogue signal successively synchronizing with clock signals from the CPU. In the CPU, the analogue signal is converted into digital, and the defocus amount from the subject is calculated in the programmed calculation routine based on the digital data. Depending on the direction or the amount of calculated defocus value, the lens rotating direction (normal or reverse) and the amount of rotation required can be determined. In the next step, exchanging data with the CPU installed in the new AF lens through serial I/O terminals, the image surface shift amount coefficient necessary for controlling lens driving is read out. The CPU counter counts the number of pulses related to the motor rotation during the motor movement which rotates an amount equivalent to the calculated value of the defocus amount. Furthermore, as the lens approaches the in-focus position, the motor rotating speed decreases by a duty ratio in 100%-50%-25%-12.5% steps to obtain much higher focusing accuracy. When the correct focus is obtained, a green LED focus indicator inside the viewfinder lights up.

Note: The AF mechanism of this camera operates only when a new AF lens is mounted. If an old lens (old AF lens) is attached, the in-focus indicator is displayed, but the near and far focus indicators do not appear.

4. Decoder and driver

A six-bit code signal from the CPU is decoded and hooked up with the strobe signal. The decoder and driver also control the following operations:

(1) Output of control signal for AF motor driving (normal, reverse, duty ratio, etc.)

(2) Output of data back imprinting signal

(3) Output of main power supply (DC/DC converter) control signal

(4) Photo interrupter driving control for aperture and AF

(5) Gate control for repair and communication

(6) Reference voltage output selection control (for AF and AE)

(7) Output of ISO warning signal for external flash

(8) Output of AF illuminator control signal

- (9) Flash ready-light control (including ISO and after-firing warnings)
- (10) Output of built-in flash oscillation control signal
- (11) Output of film advance motor driving control signal

(12) Aperture magnet driving control

(13) Output of C-bat power supply signal

5. Film-advance motor driving

After receiving four driving signals from the decoder, the bridge circuit, comprised of four power transistors, controls the motor operations such as normal and reverse rotation, braking, and stop operations.

6. AE metering amplifier

In the shutter pre-release or pre-release timer states, the quantity of light at the maximum aperture enters into the triple-sensor metering system. Current from the sensor module is converted into a logarithmically compressed voltage by the head amplifier. This voltage is amplified by a fixed amount (varies depending on the external resistance ratio), and is transmitted to the A/D input of the CPU from an output terminal successively.

7. TTL flash output calculation controller

If the shutter release button is depressed when receiving a TTL flash mode signal through the monitor contact on the accessory shoe, or when receiving a built-in flash activating signal, the light quantity integration condenser starts operation immediately after the shutter IS SW turns off. The input voltage of this circuit is equal to the voltage logarithmically compressed in the head amplifier plus the analogue data (ISO data) converted by the PWM D/A converter. This voltage raises suddenly when the flash selection SW turns on and the flash starts firing immediately after IS SW turns on. Accordingly, the integrated voltage increases as well. When the voltage reaches a certain level, a signal to stop firing is sent to the accessory shoe, or this signal is sent to the flash through the stop signal terminal when the built-in flash is used.

8. AF sensor module (CCD)

The AF sensor module includes two CCD line sensors consisting of 100 pixels in each A and B line. This module can store and send an electrical charge generated in proportion to the intensity of light corresponding to the driving clock signal from the AF interface IC.

9. AF interface, AF lens controller

The AF interface IC sends instructions for storing and transmitting electrical charges to the AF sensor module by the instruction of the CPU and sends an output signal to the CPU as an analogue signal. The clock signal that controls the AF sensor module driving is a 2 MHz-clock signal from the reference clock generator. The analogue signal sent to the CPU is converted to a digital signal in the CPU, which is calculated according to a fixed algorithm, which in turn sends four modes (normal, reverse, brake, and stop) to the decoder and driver for outputting the pulse control signal (2-bit) from the decoder and driver to the AF interface IC. The AF motor is controlled with the bridge circuit consisting of four power transistors by receiving four driving signal from the AF interface IC.

10. Built-in flash firing and driver units

The built-in flash firing and driver units are divided roughly into three parts: Xenon tube, trigger transformer, and oscillation and control circuits.

When the built-in flash lock-release signal is input into the CPU and the shutter release button is depressed halfway, an oscillation signal (CHG signal) is entered and oscillation begins. If oscillation is completed, the flash ready-light signal is transmitted to the CPU from the ready-light terminals. If the shutter is released in this state, the trigger transformer is activated by the signal from the flash selection SW to fire the Xenon tube.

Flash output control is carried out as stated in Section 7, and firing stops when the stop signal is entered.

11. Reference clock generator

The reference clock signal is generated by an external 8 MHz oscillator and outputs an 8 MHz reference signal to the CPU and a 2 MHz signal to the interface IC as long as the shutter release button is depressed halfway.

12. EEPROM

Many control operations such as AE control using analogue signals in the past have been replaced by digital control of the CPU. Accordingly, analogue data conventionally adjusted by volume controls have been stored in memory as digital data. The CPU recalls and compensates the digital value as a compensated coefficient when the CPU performs calculation.

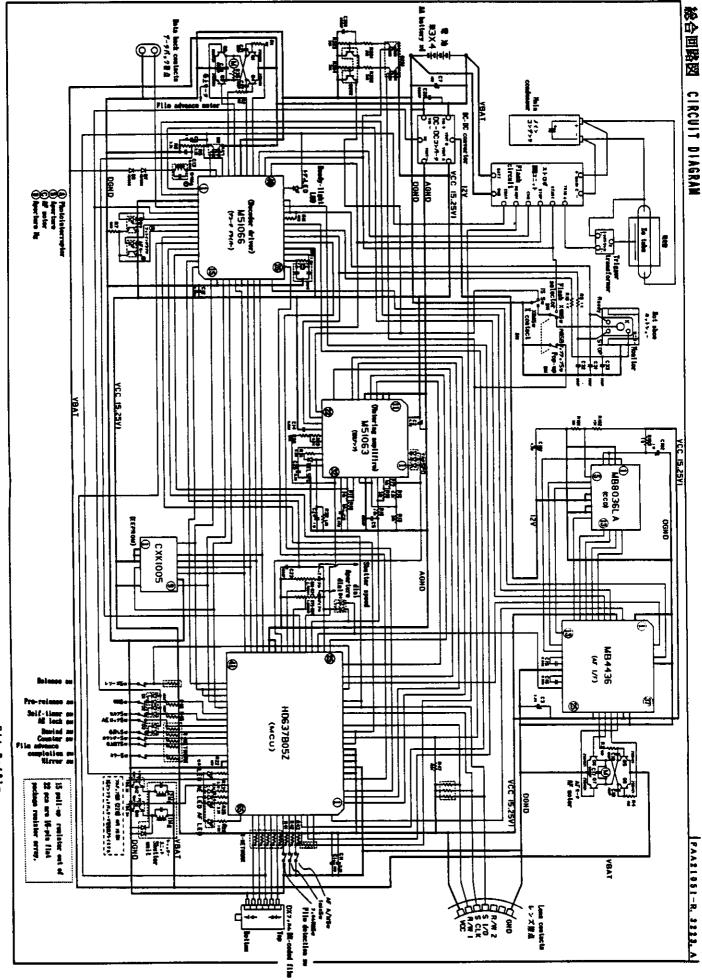
EEPROM is the memory device capable of writing and erasing compensated coefficients as digital data. The following compensated coefficients are stored in the EEPROM device:

- (1) Adjustment of level between triple-sensor modules
- (2) Adjustment of SV value level in TTL mode
- (3) Adjustment of shutter speed (compensates time delay of the mechanism)
- (4) Adjustment of balance of AF sensor module output
- (5) Adjustment of output gain of AF sensor module
- (6) Adjustment of noise level of AF sensor module output
- (7) Adjustment of in-focus position
- (8) Adjustment of battery check voltage

SWITCHES

Name	Position	Operation
Pop-up SW	Top cover	When pushing the flash lock- release button, the SW turns on to activate built-in flash.
Flash selection SW	Top cover	When pushing the flash lock- release button, the SW turns on to change from the X contact trigger to flash base plate trigger.
Self-timer SW	Top cover	When the self-timer button is depressed, the SW turns on to activate self-timer operation.
Frame counter SW	Main FPC	The SW turns off when the frame counter reaches 1.
	Film-advance lever unit	Used for blank film advance.
Film advance completion SW	Main FPC	The SW turns on when the film advance is completed.
	Film-advance	Stops motor rotating in normal
	lever unit	direction.
Film rewind SW	Main FPC	The SW turns on when the film rewind button is depressed.
	Film-advance	Film rewinding starts.
	lever unit	
Shutter pre-release	Main FPC	2-step SW
release SW	on the handgrip	lst step: Pre-release SW is on. 2nd step: Release SW is on.
AE lock	Front side of main FPC	When the AEL button is depressed, the SW turns on and the light metering value is memorized.
Film detection SW	Body diecast	The SW turns on when film is loaded.
	Under aperture	The SW turns off when film rewinding is completed.
F min SW	Front side of front body	The SW turns on when the aperture ring is set to the minimum aperture.
Mirror SW	Side of front body	This SW turns on after the mirror moves up to provide a shutter moving signal.
Focus mode selector SW	Front side of front body	In the M mode, this switch is turned off and AF servo is changed to the focus aid mode.

美体配線図 WIRING DIAGRAM



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Z.	Na Name	2	Terminal Description	¥	Name.	Terminal Description		9
	1 TP-CNTR SH	35	Prame counter switch	æ	TP-S1	Multiple SPD sensor module	9	12
	2 TP-MAKI SM	3	Film advance complete switch			code 1	9	¦88
	3 TP-SELF LEO	E LEI	Self-timer LED	æ	SI-S1	Shutter unit IS switch	9	67
	TP-REV	35	Film rewind switch	8	LS-BAT	Shutter unit power supply	9	88
			Film advance motor (blue)	સ	1.S-DG			- 1
_			Built-in flash charge signal	æ	F-98-1	Multiple SPD anode (common)	9	8
	7 LB-STA		Built-in flash start	37	LT-TTLA	TTL flash output reference	7	70
			Built-in flash stop	88	LSP-K3	Multiple SPD cathode (P3)	-	7
٠,	\rightarrow		Built-in flash ready	33	TP-SPDA	SPD anode for AE (common)	7	72
<u> </u>		Be	Built-in flash discrete power	9	TP A70UT	AE metering putput monitor		
	CBAT	supply	ply	#	TP-A10H	Intermediate point of AE	73	3
=	$\overline{}$	Ξ	Film advance motor (red)			output gain	12	-
2	NS.	Re j	Release switch land	2 }	LSP-IC2	Multiple SPD cathode (P2)	75	ശി
笳	#S	S	Shutter pre-release switch land	43	LSP-K1	Multiple SPD cathode (P1)	76	ص ا
Ξ	GND	85	GND land for switches	17	TP-49	A9 output (AE SPB output)	7	-
요	LA-BAT	_	Aperture Mg(power supply side)	\$	TP-A10P	AE output gain setting		
9	LA-AMG	_	Aperture Mg (driver side)			reference	78	800
Ξ	LV-GND	-	Battery (GND) (not used)	46	LT-K	TTL flash output SPD cathode		
	CRS-GND		Built-in flash GND	*	LT-A	TTL flash output SPD anode	79	6
≘	LB-BAT	_	Built-in flash power supply (6V)	8	TP-TTLA	TTL flash output SPD anode	8	
ន	LV-BAT		Battery (6V)	60	TP-A11	All input (T proportional	81	1
21	LF1-06		Film detection switch GWD			reference)	28	2
ន	LFI-FI	$\overline{}$	Film detection switch (CPU side)	ន	TP-AG1	Analogue GND 1	88	3
ន	LPA-VCC		Photo interrupter power supply	51	TP-0G-1	Digital GND 1	8	
		=	(for aperture)	23	LXS-STA	X selection switch	88	
2	LPA-K	<u>£</u>	Photo interrupter cathode	\exists		(built-in flash side)	&	
	\rightarrow	=	(for aperture)	ន	LX-TIL	Not show monitor	8	
প্ত	LPA·E	£	Photo interrupter emitter	3	LX-STP	Not shoe stop	88	\equiv
		٥	(for aperture)	53	LX-RDY	Hot shoe ready	88	
8	TP-TT.G		A15 input	83	TP-8M	Clock (8MHz) for CPU	06	_
2	TP-A15 OUT		A15 output (extended Tr	23	LL-VCC	Lens contact power supply		
			emitter voltage)	28	LL-10	Lens contact 1/0	16	
8	TP- ICON		TIL flash output integration	æ	90-71	Lens contact GND		
	-	_	condenser	8	LL-CR	Lens contact clock	26	
श	TP-CBAT	_	LED built-in flash switching	-		Lens contact R/W 1	8	
	_			8		Latch DATA code	ਲ	_
8	15-YCC1	\neg	_	8	TP-STRB	Latch strobe signal	8	
3	TP-St	트	IIL flash output mode selection		TP-ADR3	Latch code input D	8	_
				l				ı

Į	Name	Terminal Description	2	Name	Terminal Description
8	TP-ADR	Latch code input C	93	20 X07	Dr code contact GMD
88	$\overline{}$	Latch code input B	88	LAR-RSF	Mirror switch (CPU side)
61	TP ADRO	Latch code input A	83	LMR-06	Mirror switch GND
88	TP-AD6	A/D temperature monitor	<u>8</u>	TP-08A	Data back
\neg		(AE SPD)	101	LIMP-FM	f min switch (CPU side)
69	TP-A05	A/D shutter dial	202	LMF-DC	f min switch GND
20	TP-AD4	A/D aperture dial	<u>ਤ</u>	TP-AF12V	DC/DC secondary power supply
7	TP-AD3	A/D battery voltage	,		(124)
72	TP-402	A/D SV monitor (for flash	క్ర	TP-RC	DC/DC control
	į	output)	8	PR-RSH	Prober release switch
73	TP-ADI	A/D metering output	92	PR-RSH	Prober pre-release switch
7	TP-AD0	A/D CCD output	101	PR-1S	Prober 1S switch
22	TP-462	Analog GND 2	88	PR-DC	Prober GND
76	TP-VREF	A/D input reference	109	PR-84T	Prober battery
111	TP-50	Multiple SPD sensor module	110	I-M-E	Photo interrupter emitter
		select code 2			
80	LPU-PU	Flash lock-release switch	111	LPF-YCC	Photo interrupter power
		(CPU side)			
79	LPU-DG	Flash lock-release switch GND	112	2. 2.	AF motor (red)
80	TP-CPU RS	TP-CPU RST Reset CPU	113	LF-8	AF motor (blue)
8	TP-VCC3	DC/DC secondary power supply 3	114	TP-063	Digital GND 3
83	LSL-DG	Self-timer switch GND	115	1P-2H	Clock (2MHz) for AP2
\rightarrow	LSL-SELF	Self-timer switch (CPU side)	911	TP-ADINT	CCD A/D synchronous output
_	TP-DG2	Digital GND 2	111	TP-AFTC	CCD transfer gate clock
	1 ₽-ડિ	Latch channel select	118	TP-AF	CCD clear gate clock
\rightarrow	TP-CE	Chip enable	611	TP-AFAGC	CCD NGC
_	LAM-DG	AP A/M select switch GND	021	TP-APC	CCD transfer clock
\neg	LAM-AM	AF A/M select switch (CPU side)	121	TP-AFRA	OCD reset clock (raw A)
	TP-AEL	Auto exposure lock	122	TP-AFRB	CCD reset clock (raw B)
8	LS-2MG	Shutter unit (closing shutter	123	TP-AFB	CCD output (raw B)
+		curtain Mg)	124	TP-AFA	CCD output (raw A)
<u>=</u>	LS-ING	Shutter unit (opening shutter	125	TP-AFIG	CCD storage control
		curtain Mg)	138	LPF-K	Photo interrupter cathode
- 26	LDX-0	DX-code contact			(for AF)
_	LOX-1	DX-code contact	121	TP-VCCA	DC/DC secondary power
94	Lbx-2	DX-code contact			supply 4
38	LDX-3	DX-code contact			
90	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Ì		

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63 64 65 <u>--</u>: ARE37105 (1072) CH 04 (1036) EEPROM CHIND ž (039) R-NET 1860 **F8** × Tentary: (6.6) (100g) R.3 (1097) R 44 100 CAM Kneij (1097) R45 mm had Cr (108) R1((108) R9 (108) R8 (1097) R43 mm (1043) (1012 õ (103) R46 (os) ã (10S) D3 7 ٤ (E) (1000 000 # 0/9/0 þ 000 0 相間 0,000 STITITION OF THE PARTY OF THE P 6 (107) (143) (1833) C.1.2 R.7 M.5.1 8-29- Lie D66 6. I Tomb ポリエステルテープ 機気部部配置図(メインFPC部)CIRCUITRY PARTS LOCATIONS (WAIN FPC) RI3 RI2 RIS RIGR33C24 05C **,** ° ° ° © 0 JAN BURE 6000 67 00 C20 R1 R22 (1034)(1981)(1993) 0 7-84-4A-7 0.0 Jape RE-64 (101) R66-7/ (110) R87-90 (100) R91-93 (1100)-

CIRCUITRY PARTS LIST FAA21051-R. 3223. A Index Rating value Irdex Rating value 10 # Electrolytic condensor R 2 4 3. 3K AΞ LED (O) 4. 7 # Electrolytic condenser C 2 R 2 5 3. 3 K AE LED (-) 2. 2 # **Blectrolytic condenser** R 2 6 1. 6 K LED ΑF 6. 8 K R 3 1 С μ Smoothing condenser Flash output SPD 0. 0 1 \mu | Memory condenser (head amplifier) С 5 R 3 2 0 Differential compensation C 6 0. 47 μ D/A smoothing condenser R33 1. 2 K Flash output reference filter С 7 1 0 # DC/DC primary condenser R 3 5 Film advance motor torque reduction 1 C11 0. 1 # By-pass condenser R41 100K CPU pull-up (pin 72) C 1 2 0. 22 μ By-pass condenser R 4 2 100K CPU pull-up (pin 73) C 1 3 0. 01 μ Aperture magnet condenser R 4 3 100K CPU pull-up (pin 74) C14 0. 01 p Light metering intergration R 4 4 100K CPU pull-up (pin 51) C 1 5 0. 0.1μ CCD output coupling R 4 5 100K CPU pull-up (pin 50) C16 0. 0 1 # CCD output coupling 100K CPU pull-up (pin 49) R 4 6 C17 6800P AF motor noise filter R 4 7 100K CPU pull-up (pin 12) C 1 8 100P Noise filter R-NETWORK 100K ×15 CPU pull-up 100P Noise filter 2. 7K C 1 9 R61-R74 Shutter speed dial 6800P Film rewind motor noise filter C 2 0 P75- R94 1.8K Aperture dial 100P Noise filter C 2 1 R101 10K CCD partial pressure 1 C 2 2 100P Noise filter CCD partial pressure 2 R102 43K C 2 3 1 0 0 0 P Smoothing condenser (reference R103 1 K CCD power supply filter vol tage) R 2 0 1 2 0 K IS delay C 2 4 μ Smoothing condenser (TTL reference) R 2 0 2 30K IS current limiter C 2 5 0. 1 μ Smoothing condenser (TTL partial R 2 0 3 30K Leakage cut pressure) R 2 0 4 3 0 K Leakage cut 6 8 0 0 P DC/DC primary condenser C 2 6 2581121 C 3 1 2 2 0 P Flash noise filter Transistor for MD C 3 2 2 2 0 P Flash noise filter Q 2 2SD1621 Transistor for MD 2501621 2 2 0 P | Flash noise filter C 3 3 Q 3 Transistor for MD C101 4. 7 # CCD power supply condenser (12V) 2SB1121 Transistor for MD ۵ 4 μ CCD power supply filter 2SB1121 C102 Q Transistor for AF MD C 2 0 1 6800P IS delay 6 2SD1621 Transistor for AF MD ā 2SD1621 Transistor for AF MD Q 8 2SB1121 Transistor for AF MD 8 2 Q Q 9 FN1 A4P R 1 Film advance motor base resistor 1 Driving current supply transistor FB1L3N 2 8 2 Film advance motor base resistor 2 Q11 Opening shutter curtain drive transistor AF motor base resistor 1 100 R 3 Q 1 2 FB1L3N Closing shutter curtain transistor 4 100 AF motor base resistor 2 Q201 FMA1 Built-in flash transistor R 5 3. 3 K Battery check monitor 1 Q202 FMW1 IS delay transistor R 6 3. 3 K Battery check monitor 2 1. 2 K 7 Photo interrupter emitter R 8 R 1 М Oscillator feedback R 9 1 K Flash filter (STOP) D 1 DCB010 Shutter pre-release diode R 1 0 DCB010 1 K Flash filter (monitor) 2 Self-timer diode D 470 R 1 1 008010 Flash ready-right voltage limiter ח 3 Film rewind diode R 1 2 6. 2 K Light metering reference partial D SB01W05C A/D input stabilizing diode 4 ם 7 151588 Aperture Mg diode pressure 1 R 1 3 3 0 K Light metering reference partial 8 1\$1588 Aperture Mg diode pressure 2 10K R14 Light metering output amplification 1 R 1 5 3 3 K Light metering output amplification 2 HD637B05Z MCII R16 1 K Light metering output memory filter M51063FP Light metering amplifier R17 2 2 K I proportional voltage 1 M51066PP Decoder driver 15K T proportional voltage 2 AP interface R 18 MB4436 R 19 6. 8 K | Flash output reference amplification 1 MB8036LA AF sensor module R 2 0 **EEPROM** 56K Flash output reference amplification 2 CXK1005

R 2 2

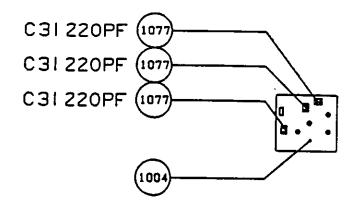
R 2 3

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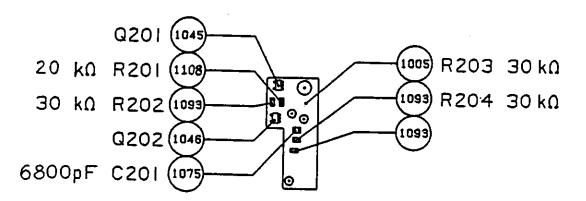
Self-timer LED

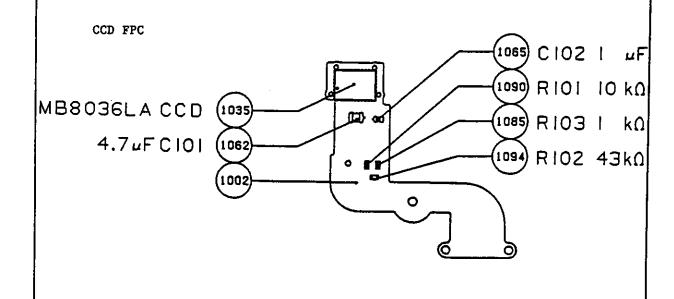
3. 3K AE LED (+)

ACCESSORY SHOE BASE PLATE

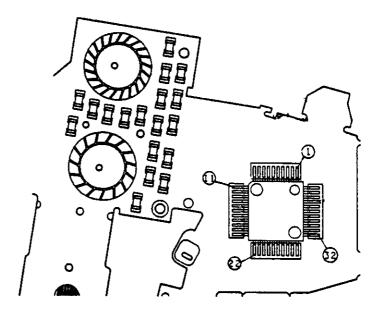


IS DELAY BASE PLATE



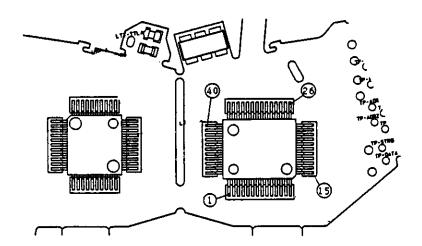


LIGHT METERING AMPLIFIER TERMINALS M51063FP



No.	Name	Terminal Description	М.	Name	Terminal Description
1	SPD K1	Al input (PlK)	21	SL	Flash output circuit operation input
2	SPD K2	A2 input (P2K)	22	IS	Intagration (IS) starting signal
3	SPD K3	A3 input (P3K)	23	STOP 1	Built-in flash stop
4	SPD K4	NC	24	STOP 2	External flash stop
5	SPD K5	NC	25	Integration	Flash output integrator condenser
6	SPD K6	NC	26	A15 OUT	A15 output
7	A3 OF1	NC	27	A15 (-) IN	A15(-) input
8	A3 OF2	NC	28	A15 (+) IN	A15(+) input
9	Vcc	Vcc	29	TTL SPD K	Flash output SPD cathode
10	RESET	NC	30	TTL SPD A	Flash output SPD anode
11	REC	NC	31	A12 OUT	A12 output
12	S3	GND	32	SV monitor	A16 output
13	S2	GND	33	C D/A	D/A charge/discharge condenser
14	S1	A9 select input (S1)	34	Vref OUT	All output (T proportional)
15	S0	A9 select input (SO)	35	Vref IN	All input
16	GND	GND	36	A10(+)2	A10(+) input 2
17	D/A1	D/A discharge input	37	GND	GND
18	D/A2	D/A charge input	38	A10(+)1	A10(+) input 1
19	LED CIN	NC NC	39	A10 OUT	A10 output
20	LED CON	IT NC	40	A10(-)	A10 (-) input
			41	A9 OUT	A9 output
			42	A7 OUT	A7 output (SPD A)

DECODER AND DRIVER IC TERMINALS M51066FP

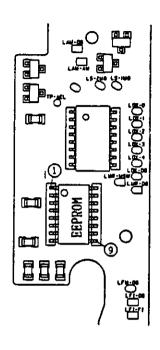


No.	Name	Terminal Description	No.	Name	T	Terminal Description on	
1	AFMD X	AF motor control X	27	OSC 1	0sci	cillator input 1	
2	AFMD Y	AF motor control Y	28			llator input 2	
3	Vcc1	Vcc	29	Vcc 2	Vcc		
4	Latch 1	Data back impriting	30	CPU reset CPU		U reset	
5	DC/DC RC	DC/DC converter control	31	ISO ISO) warning	
6	PI LED	Photo interrupture LED	32	 		Lidentification input	
	aper ture	(for aperture)	33			dentification output	
7	PI LED AF	AF photo interrupter LED	34			rnal flash ready-light input	
8	PIR IN	A2 comparator input	1	ready IN			
9	PIR OUT	A2 comparator output	35	PICA PIN AF 111		luminator control	
10	TG2	Transmission gate Z2	36	External Extern		nal flash ready-light output	
11	TG1	Transmission gate Z1	1	ready OUT			
12	T propor-	Al amplifier T	37	Latch 2 AF ill		luminator control	
	tional Vref	proportional input	38	PCV NC			
13	Vref OUT	Al amplifier output	39	Ready LED Flast		ash ready-light LED driver	
14	DATA	Latch DATA input	40	Built-in STOP		Built-in flash stop input	
15	STROBE	Strobe signal input	41	X contact	·	Built-in flash X-contact input	
16	CE	Chip select F	42	Built-in	-		
17	CE	Chip select E		charging co	ntrol	Built-in flash DC/DC control	
18	C/S	Latch channel select S	43	MD1		Film advance motor control W1	
19	ADR 3	Latch code input D	44	MD2		Film advance motor control W2	
20	GND 2	GND	45	GND1		GND	
21	ADR 2	Latch code input C	46	MD3		Film advance motor control W3	
22	ADR 1	Latch code input B	47	MD4		Film advance motor control W4	
23	ADR O	Latch code input A	48	Battery voltage		A3 comparator input	
24	Reset	NC	49	Aperture mag	gnet	Aperture magnet control	
25	CK AP2	AP2 clock (2MHz)	50	Latch		Vcc monitor	
26	CK CPU	CPU clock (8MHz)					

Pin	Name	Terminal Description	I/0	Pin	Name	Terminal Description	1/0
1	PB6	D/A charge output	0	41	PH5	NC	<u> </u>
2	PB7	D/A discharge output	0	42	PH6	NC	<u> </u>
3	RES	Reset input		43	PH7	NC	
4	XTAL	NC		44	PJ4	Latch data signal	0
5	EX	Clock imput		4 5	PJ3	Latch strobe signal	0
6	MP1	Vcc		4 6	PJ2	Latch strobe signal	0
7	MP 0	GND		47	PJI	Chip select	0
8	NM I	Vcc		4 8	PJ0	Latch channel select	0
9	STBY	Vcc		4 9	PF7	Shutter pre-release switch	1
10	Vdd	Vcc		50	PF6	Self-timer switch	1
11	PC7	Photo interrupter input	I	5 1	PF5	AE lock switch	1
1 2	PC6	Built-in flash in up position	I	52	PF4	Film rewind switch	1
1 3	PC5	Photo interrupture input	i	5 3	PF3	Frame counter switch	I
14	PC4	AF lens signal R/W1	1/0	5 4	PF2	Film advance completion switch	I
15	PC3	NC		5 5	PF1	Pull-up	
16	PC2	AF lens signal S CLE	I/0	56	PF0	Hirror switch	I
17	PC1	AF lens signal S I/O	1/0	5 7	MP2	GND	<u> </u>
18	PC0	AF lens signal S I/O	1/0	5 8	V a s	GND	
19	PAO	NC		5 9	PE7	Self-timer LED	0
20	INTI	Release SM	ı	6 0	PE6	Closing shutter curtain control	0
2 1	INT 2	AF interface A/D synchronous	1	61	PE5	Opening shutter curtain control	0
2 2	PA3	Flash output circuit becomes activated	0	6 2	PE4	AE LED (-)	0
23	PA4	NC		63	PE3	AE LED (O)	0
2 4	PA5	Multiple SPD output select S1	0	6 4	PE2	AE LED (+)	0
2 5	PA6	Hultiple SPD output select SO	0	6 5	PE1	AF LED	0
26	AVcc	Reference voltage Vref input		6 6	PEO	NC	
27	PDO	CCD output (A/D)	1	67	PGO	DX input 2	1
28	PD1	Light metering output (A/D)	1	6.8	PG1	DX input 3	1
29	PD2	SV monitor (A/D)	ī	6 9	PG2	DX input 4	1
3 0	PD3	Battery voltage (A/D)	ī	70	PG3	DX input 5	I
3 1	PD4	Aperture dial (A/D)	ī	71	PG4	DX input 6	I
3 2	PD5	Shutter speed dial (A/D)	Ī	72	PG5	Film detection switch	ī
3 3	PD6	Temperature monitor (A/B)	1	73	PG6	fais SW	1
3 4	PD7	NC	Ť	74	PG7	AF A/M selection switch	I
3 5	+	GND	t^-	7.5	PB0	Identification of external flash TTL	ī
3 6	+	Latch code output A	1/0	76	PB1	External flash roady-light input I	ī
3 7	+	Latch code output B	1/0	177	PB2	Built-in flash ready-light input I	ī
3 8	+	Latch code output C	1/0	78	PB3	NC	T
3 9	+	Latch code output D	1/0	79	PB4	NC	\top
40	+	NC	+	80	PB5	CCD storage control	10

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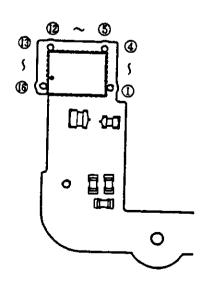
EEPROM TERMINALS CXK1005



Pin	Name	Terminal Description	1/0
1	IN1	NC	1 I
2	TEST1	Vcc	1
3	TEST2	Vcc	
4	Vcc	Vcc	
5	OSC	Oscillation (channel select)	(1)
6	NC	NC	
7	NC	NC	
8	CE	Vcc	I
9	CE	Channel enable input	I
10	Vss	GND	
11	1/0 4	Address and data I/O 4	1/0
12	1/0 3	Address and data I/O 3	1/0
13	1/0 2	Address and data I/O 2	I/0
14	1/0 1	Address and data I/O 1	1/0
15	BUSY	NC	0
16	CLK	Syncronous clock input (strobe)	1

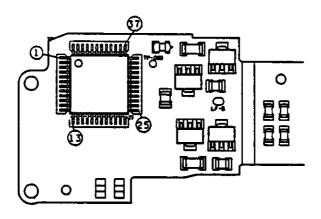
AF LIGHT SENSOR TERMINALS

MB8036A



		
Pin	Name	Terminal Description
1	VOUT-B	Output (BCH)
2	Vss	Reference voltage
3	Vcc	Vcc voltage
4	ID	Input diode
5	OG	Output gate
6	Vout-A	Output (ACH)
7	AGC	AGC output
8	Vod	Outout drain voltage
9	Vđd	Drain voltage
10	IG	Input gate
11	SH	Shield
12	Ø TG	Transfer gate clock
13	♦ CG	Clear gate clock
14	φC	Transfer clock
15	Ø RA	Reset clock (ACH)
16	Ø RB	Reset clock (BCH)

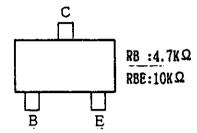
AF INTERFACE IC TERMINALS MB 4 4 3 6



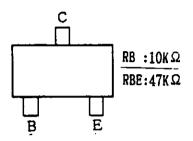
No.	Name	Terminal Description	No.	Name	Termininal Description
1	Reset pulse	NC	25	6V control outpu	t NC
2	Lens mode	GND	26	6V monitor	NC
3	Pocus clock	NC	27	6V control	NC
4	Storage control	Storage control	28	Vcc	Vcc
5	Storage mode	Vcc	29	AF MD1	AF motor drive 1
6	NEAR	NEAR drive	30	AF MD4	AF motor drive 4
7	FAR	FAR drive(BCH)	31	AF MD2	AF motor drive 2
8	Ø RB	Reset clock (BCH)	32	AF MD3	AF motor drive 3
9	Ø RA	Release clock(ACH)	33	D Vcc	Vcc
10	φC	Transfer clock	34	D GND	GND
11	∲ CG	Clear gate clock	35	Data transformer	NC
12	φ TG	Transfer gate clock	36	Data receive	NC
13	AGC	AGC	37	SCK IN	NC
14	Hold	NC	38	SCK OUT	NC
15	CCDA	CCD output (ACH)	39	Relative pulse 0	UT NC
16	CCDB	CCD output (BCH)	40	Relative pulse I	N1 NC
17	CA1	ACH reversal output	41	Relative pulse I	N2 NC
18	CA2	ACH input	42	Stopper	NC
19	GND	GND	43	GND	GND
20	CB1	BCH reversal output	44	CLK	Clock input
21	CB2	BCH input	45	Hard AGC	NC
22	AB OUT	ACH, BCH output	46	A/D synchronous	A/D synchronous
23	AGC level	NC	47	Direction contro	NC NC
24	Vref	NC	48	LAE	NC

CIRCUITRY PARTS TERMINAL LOCATIONS

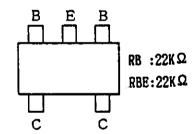
NPN transistor FB1L3L (Q11, Q12)



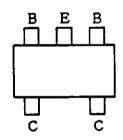
PNP transistor FN1A4P (Q9)



PNP transistor FMA1 (Q201)



NPN transistor FMW1 (Q202)



Resistor array EXB-M16P104J

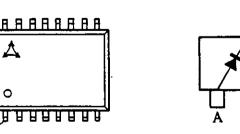
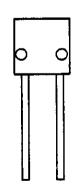


Photo interrupter INT-107M-8



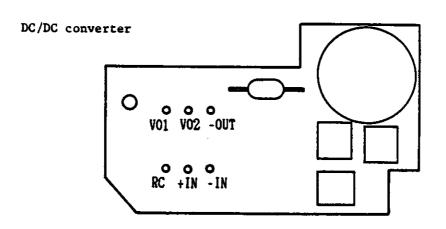
Resistance value 1/32 W/components 100k ±50% x 15 components



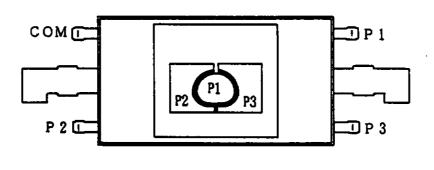
Location of terminals (Bottom view)

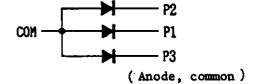
Double diode

DCB010 (D,1 D2, D3)

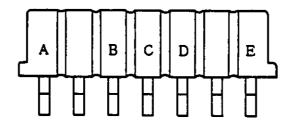


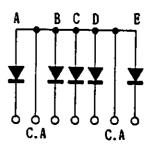
Multiple metering SPD



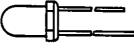


LED array

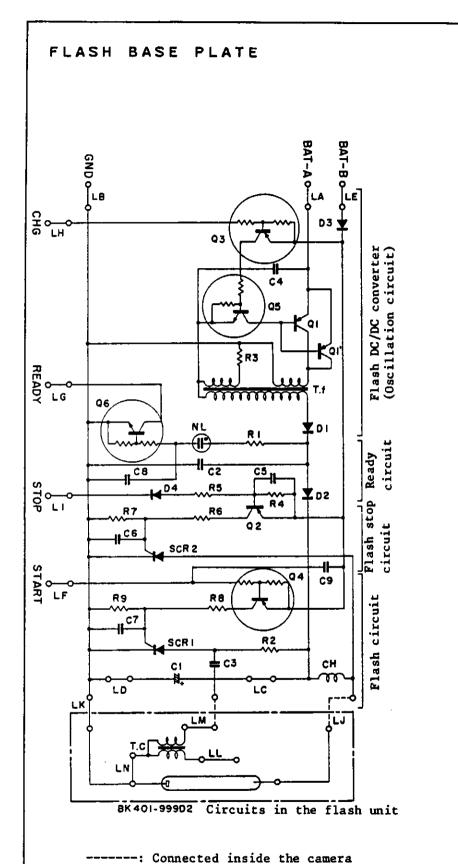






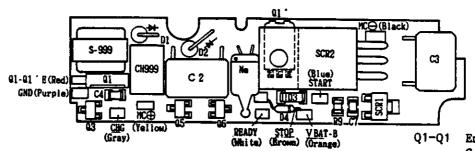






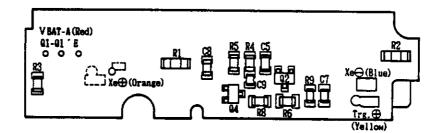
Q1	2SA1242-Y
Q1	2SA1242-Y
92	2SA1037K
9.3	DTA143XK
94	DTA114EK
Q 5	UN2218
Q6	DTC114YK
D1	ES1F
D2	MPG06G
D3	RLS73
D4	1\$1588
SCR1	CROSAS
SCR2	CR6AH
R1	1ΜΩ
R2	1ΜΩ
R3	10K Ω
R4	10K Ω
R5	7.5kΩ
R6	150 Ω
R7	1ΚΩ
R8	lkΩ
R9	1KΩ
C1	250 #F
C2	0.033 #F film C
C3	0.033 #F film C
C4	0.01#F
C 5	4700PF
C6	0.01#F
C7	0.01 #F
C8	0.01 #F
C9	0.01 #F
СН	Coil 99
	(9.6mH 185mΩ)
CH 999	Choke coil
S-999	Oscillation
	transformer

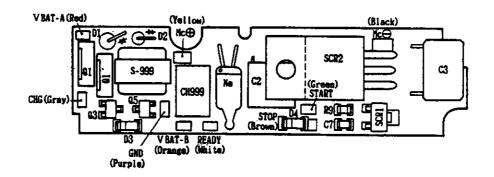
Construction of the circuit can be devided as above.

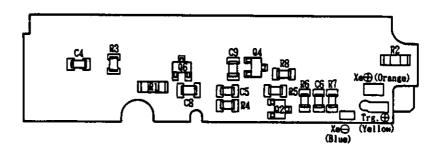


Intial 60,000 products Transformer (yellow)

Emitter (E) Red Collector (C) Orange Base (B) Green



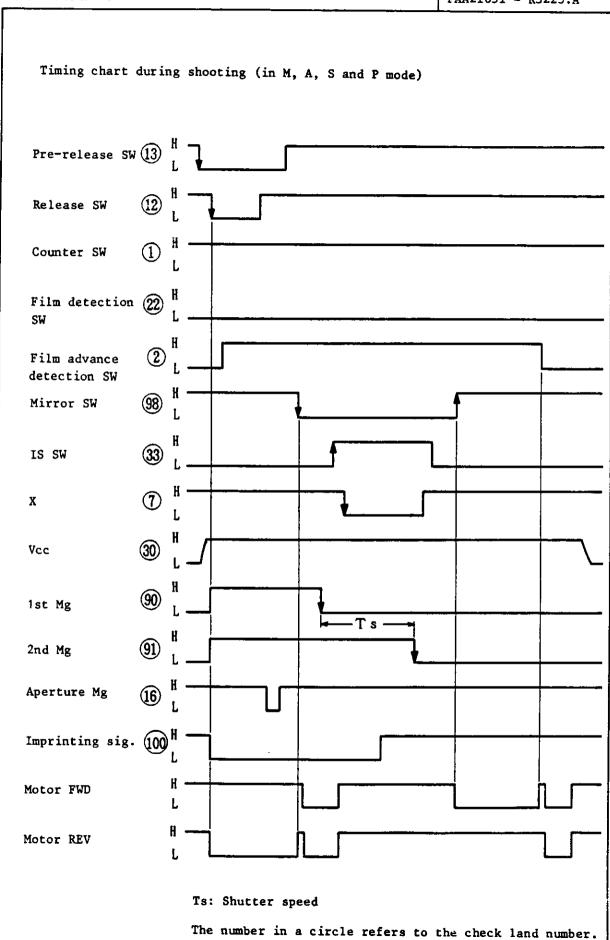




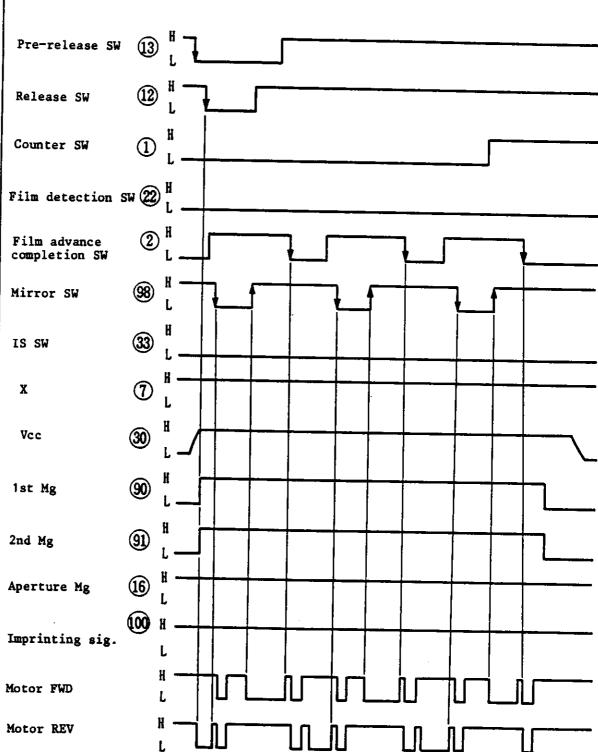
Except initial 60,000products

The following points are different from intial products

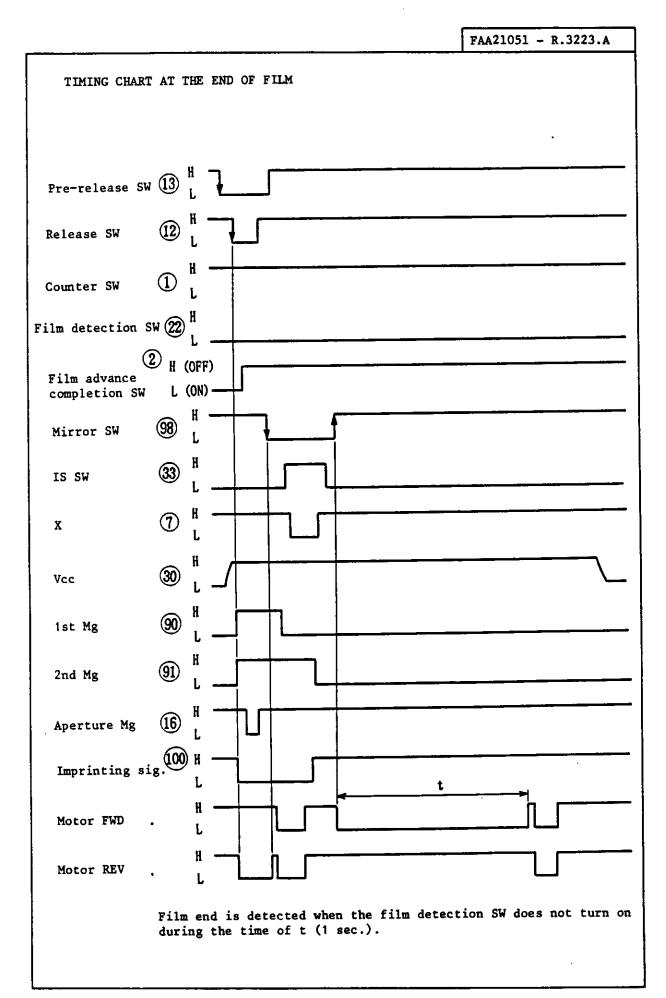
- 1. Solder lands of negative and positive terminals of Xe tube and positive terminal of Trg.
- 2. Modified oscillation transformer with blue tape
- 3. Position of the lead of choke coil
- 4. Lead wires of power transistors Q1 and Q1' are discarded.
- 5. Mounting position of other parts



TIMING CHART DURING BLANK SHOT



When film advance completion SW and counter SW are "Low", the blank shots are not judged to be completed.



CIRCUITRY OUTLINE

1. Power control circuit

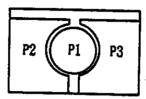
When the shutter release button is depressed halfway, the shutter prerelease switch is turned on and the voltage of the control terminal of
the DC/DC converter goes down. Within 10ms, the DC/DC converter
supplies power to the circuit. The reset signal from the power reset
circuit to the CPU is cancelled immediately after power is supplied.
The CPU provides the decoder and driver IC (M51066FP) with a decoder
signal to output a power holding signal for the shutter pre-release
timer. And the CPU activates the pre-release timer for eight seconds.
The decoder and driver IC keeps the voltage of the control terminal low
until a power holding cancel signal is received from the CPU.

The order of priority of the power holding timer:

- (1) Power is on while the shutter pre-release SW is on.
- (2) Power is on while the memory lock SW is on.
- (3) Power is turned off in one second after film advance is completed following shutter release.
- (4) Power is on while the self-timer is working or during film rewinding.
- (5) Power is turned off in eight seconds after the shutter pre-release SW is turned off.

2. Light metering and indicators

The F-401 incorporates a head amplifier that logarithmically compresses each output signal from the triple-sensor module and sends them to the next-step amplifier by coded signals from the CPU. In this way, the non-linear portion of the output signal to the next-step amplifier is eliminated and the correct light metering value can be obtained. The voltage of this output is applied to the terminal of the A/D converter after passing through a CR noise filter circuit. This voltage varies approximately 117.5 mV for each 1EV (at 25°C). The CPU converts this analogue signal into digital to provide three light metering output BV values at maximum aperture. These three BV values are used for performing simplified multi-pattern metering and centerweighted metering.



Triple-sensor module

Other data such as SV, TV, and AV necessary for displaying indicators are sent to the CPU in the following ways:

SV. AV, TV: DX-code (digital) from DX-coded film cartridge. Obtained by an A/D-convertion of the brush voltage

of the resistors connected between the A/D reference

voltage and the GND.

AVo, AVmin:

Obtained by reading out the digital signal from the

CPU in a new AF lens.

Note: Centerweighted metering is available only in the manual mode or when the AEL button is depressed. In all other modes, multi-pattern metering is employed.

The CPU calculates the digital data depending on the mode selected, resulting in the display of three exposure LED indicators (+, o, -) inside the viewfinder.

(1) Manual exposure mode

When AV+TV is smaller than BV+SV, the (+) LED indicator lights up. When AV+TV is equal to BV+SV, the (o) LED indicator lights up. When AV+TV is larger than BV+SV, the (-) LED indicator lights up.

(2) Aperture-priority exposure mode When TV is smaller than BV+SV-AVmin, the (+) LED indicator lights up (AVmin: minimum aperture) When TV is larger than BV+SV-AVo, the (-) LED indicator lights up (AVo: maximum aperture) In cases other than those mentioned above, the (o) LED indicator lights up.

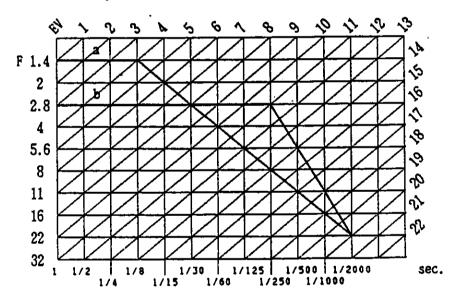
(3) Shutter-priority exposure mode

When AV is smaller than BV+SV-TVmin, the (+) LED indicator lights
up (TV: maximum value)
When AV is larger than BV+SV-TVo, the (-) LED indicator lights up
(TVo: minimum value)
In cases other than those mentioned above, the (o) LED indicator
lights up.

(4) Program auto exposure mode
When AVmin+TVmin is smaller than BV+SV, the (+) LED indicator
lights up.
When AVo+TVmax is larger than BV+SV, the (-) LED indicator lights
up.
In cases other than those mentioned above, the (o) LED indicator
lights up.

Note: TVmax=SV+BV-AVo (3V-AVo=-7)
=SV-7
For instance, TVmax is four seconds at ISO 100 (f/1.4)
and 16 seconds at ISO 25 (f/1.4)

Program chart (example)



a: Normal program (with AF 50mm f/1.4 lens) b: High-speed program (with AF 180mm f/2.8 lens)

Note: The lens focal length is obtained from the CPU's in both camera and lens.

3. Aperture control

Aperture control in the manual and aperture-priority exposure modes is carried out by the CPU by reading the setting value after converting analogue data from the aperture dial into a digital signal. Next the CPU calculates the difference (f-fo) between the fo data from the lens and the aperture value from the aperture dial. When the shutter is released and the mirror moves up, the aperture is stopped down. The CPU sends a decode signal to the decoder and driver when the aperture is stopped down up to the difference value (f-fo) by monitoring and counting the number of pulses generated in the rotating blade. This signal from the CPU turns on the control magnet to perform aperture control.

In the program mode, the aperture value is determined before the shutter is released by calculating light metering at maximum aperture together with the shutter speed in the CPU. The aperture is controlled by reading the fo signal from the lens and calculating the f-fo value by exchanging data between the CPU's in both camera and lens. The rest of the operation is the same as above.

Note: Aperture control is available only when a new AF lens is mounted and its aperture is set to the minimum aperture (F min SW on). And the (+) and (-) LED exposure indicators inside the viewfinder blink alternately and the shutter release is locked when the F min SW is off.

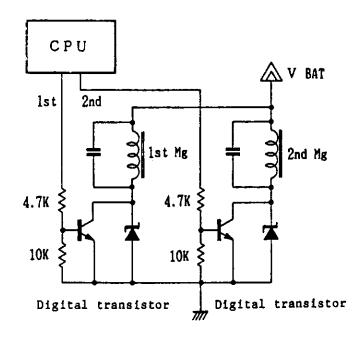
4. Shutter control

In the manual and shutter-priority modes, the shutter is controlled after converting the analogue signal from the shutter speed dial into a digital signal. This signal is then sent to the CPU which counts time and controls the shutter magnet driver (digital transistor). In the aperture-priority and program modes, shutter control is carried out by the CPU which controls the shutter magnet after reading output data from the light metering amplifier, film speed, and aperture value. Thus, shutter time is controlled digitally by the CPU.

5. Shutter driving circuit

Movement of both the opening and closing shutter curtains is carried out by cutting off electric current to the magnet. When the voltage of count the 1st and 2nd Mg signals is high and current flows through both magnets, both opening and closing shutter curtains do not move even after the mechanical holding is cancelled.

When the mirror up operation is completed, the voltage of the 1st magnetic signal becomes low and current flow to the 1st magnet stops, thus causing the opening shutter curtain to start its travel. After the voltage of the 1st Mg signal becomes low and the shutter is released at a certain shutter speed, the voltage of the 2nd Mg signal becomes low and the current flow to the 2nd Mg is cut off, thus causing the second shutter curtain to move.



6. TTL flash output control

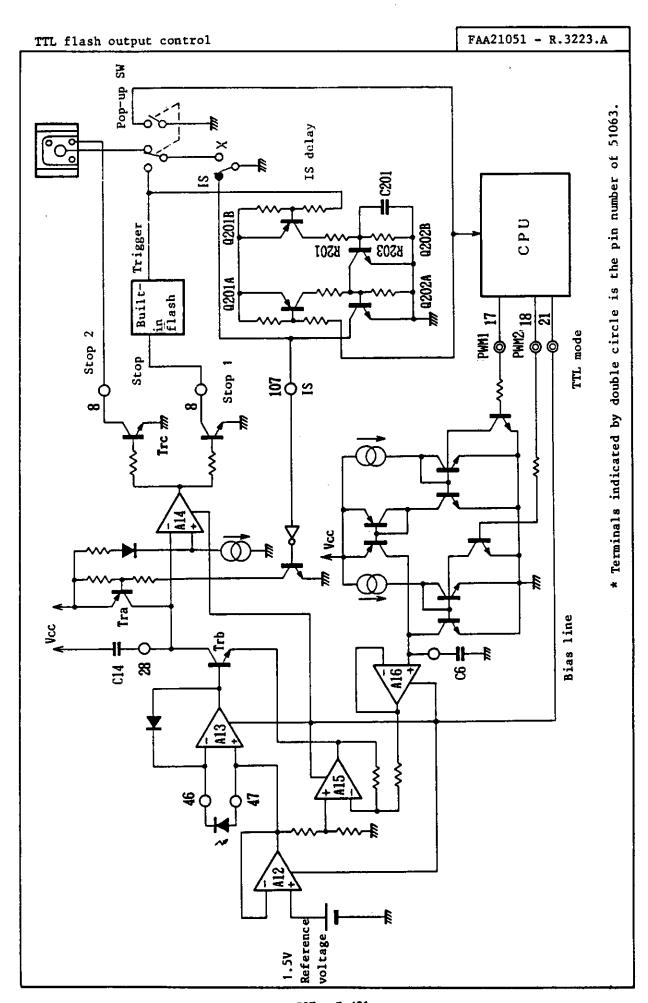
When the built-in flash or an external flash set to the TTL mode is used, the CPU sends an auto TTL flash output control signal to the flash output control circuit (incorporated in the M51063 light metering amplifier IC) to make them ready for flash operation.

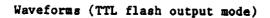
Described below are the circuits used for TTL flash photography: Prior to when the shutter release button is depressed, the shutter IS (integration starting) SW is closed and integrating condenser C14 is discharged via transistor Tra. After the ISO film speed data is converted into analogue ISO data by the PWM D/A converter, the CPU stores this data in condenser C6 and transmits it to the emitter terminal of transistor Trb.

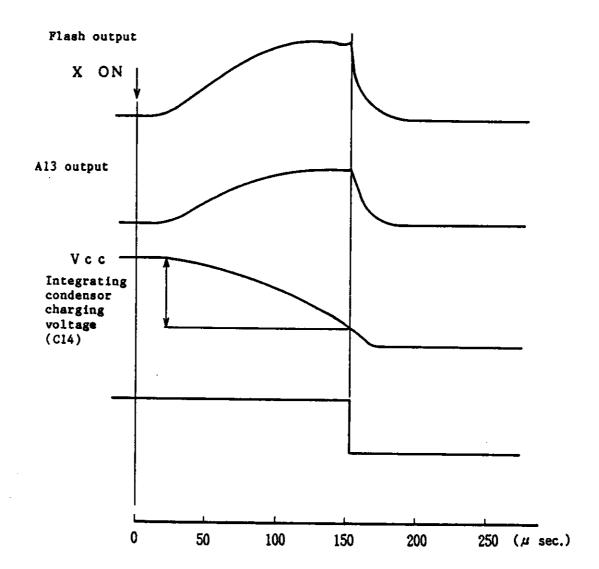
Immediately after the shutter release button is depressed and the opening shutter curtain movement is completed, the integrating condenser C14 becomes ready for recharging when the transistor is off and the IS SW turns off (external flash). When the built-in flash is used, the IS terminal does not turn off when the IS SW is closed while Q201A and Q202A are on and Q201B and Q202A are off, because the flash pop-up switch is included in the circuitry. Integrating condenser C14 becomes ready for recharging when transistor Tra turns off while Q202B is on and Q202A is off after a predetermined period of time. (A delay circuit is incorporated for eliminating trigger noise generated while the built-in flash is firing.)

When the X-contact turns on, the flash fires. A logarithmically compressed voltage appears at the output terminal of head amplifier A13 and is logarithmically expanded to recharge integration condenser C14. This recharging voltage value represents the integrated output of the flash.

As mentioned above, the optimum flash output for the film in use is attained when this voltage reaches a certain level, because the ISO data is included in the value mentioned above. Monitoring the recharging voltage, Al4 sends a flash stop signal to the STOP terminal (the STOP terminal voltage becomes low). This terminal reopens when shutter release is completed and the IS SW turns on, because the integrating condenser is discharged.







7. Driving the LED indicators

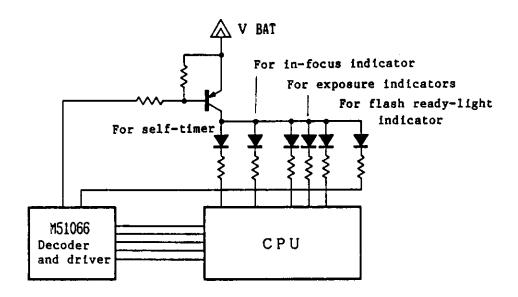
There are two types of LED indicators: those inside the viewfinder and the self-timer indicator.

(1) Viewfinder LED indicators

There are five LED indicators inside the viewfinder: the green LED infocus indicator (o), three red LED exposure indicators (+, o, -), and a flash LED ready-light indicator ().

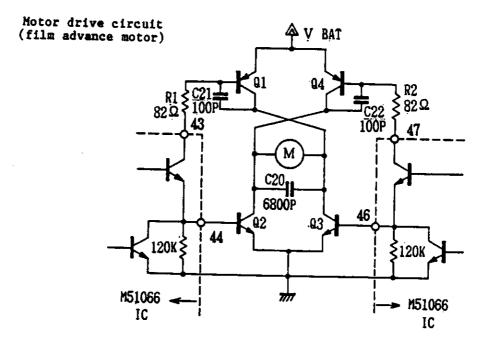
The in-focus indicator and exposure indicators are controlled (are lit up) by the CPU port direct driver, while the flash ready-light indicator is controlled (is lit up or made to blink) by the random logic circuitry in which the decoder and driver (M51066) receives a coded signal from the CPU.

(2) LED self-timer indicator
The LED self-timer indicator is controlled (is made to blink) by the CPU
port direct drive.

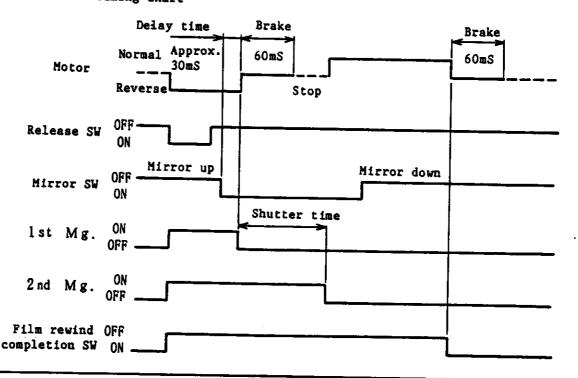


8. Motor drive

The motor drive is controlled by four bridge-connected power transistors connected to both terminals of the motor. Because these four transistors are saturated during operation, a battery voltage is applied directly to the motor terminals. (1.5-2A of current flows into the motor at the initial stage and 400-600mA during steady operation.) When braking the motor, both PNP transistors are activated to form a loop circuit to short-circuit the motor terminals. The base current of the power transistor is approx. 50mA at 6V VBAT.

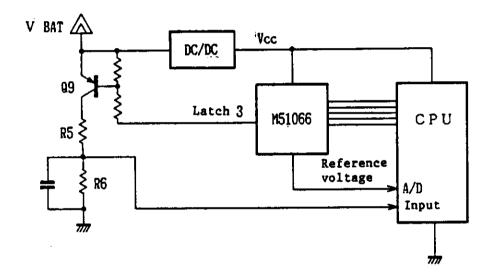


Motor drive timing chart



9. Battery checking

When power is on and the CPU is activated (Vcc voltage is applied), the CPU reduces the control terminal voltage of the DC/DC converter and saturates transistor Q9 by turning on latch 3. Then the collector voltage of transistor Q9 becomes equal to VBAT (battery voltage) and a voltage drop in resistors R5 and R6 occurs. This divided voltage is applied to the input terminal of the A/D converter of the CPU. The CPU then calculates the difference between the divided voltage and the reference voltage (regarded as a reference voltage of M51066 which is constant regardless of battery voltage fluctuation) to be applied to another DC/DC converter. When the difference exceeds a certain voltage, the battery check circuit works until the above-mentioned difference value comes within a certain level or until battery power recovers. During this time, no indicators are displayed and no sequence and focusing controls are carried out.



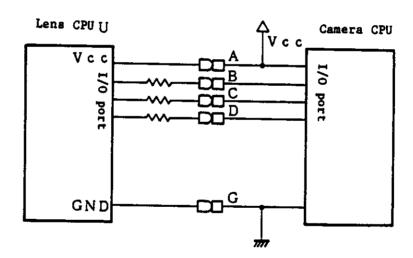
10. AF lens data exchange

data.

The camera CPU performs serial data exchange through the AF contacts whenever data from the lens is necessary during auto exposure or auto focus operation. If a new AF lens is mounted (except AF teleconverter TC-16AS), the necessary data is provided. The camera CPU detects whether or not a new AF lens is mounted by checking for a signal from the lens CPU.

There are three signal line terminals (B, C, and D) for data exchange. First, signal B from the camera CPU detects the presence of a lens CPU. Then, digital command is transmitted serially by signal D, which is read simultaneously by the CPU. The lens CPU processes these signals and returns a data selection ready signal back to the camera CPU. Next, the camera CPU sends signal C, indicating it is ready to receive data from the lens CPU. The lens CPU sends address data to the camera CPU via signal C. After that, signal B sends data on the completion of data transmission and also sends data that the lens CPU is ready to receive the next command from the camera CPU. The above cycle represents data exchange between the two CPU's. By repeating this operation, the camera CPU is able to transmit a number of

Note: The AF teleconverter TC-16AS is unusable for AF operation, because it is regarded as an old lens due to the output terminal of the TC-16AS.



11. AF lens driving control circuit

The F-401 has an AF lens driving circuit which is usable only with new AF lenses (except the AF teleconverter TC-16AS). The AF driving circuit for old AF lens and AF teleconverter is not usable with the F-401.

Operation

The CPU performs the necessary calculations for distance metering and determines the direction and amount of the rotation of the motor. The CPU sends coded output data for determining the direction and amount of motor rotation to the decoder and driver IC (M51066FP). Through two AF motor driving control lines from the decoder and driver IC, the AF lens driving duty signal is sent to the AF interface IC (MB4436). The AF interface IC controls the AF motor according to the duty signal. When driving the lens, the voltage of either the X or Y signal should be And when applying a brake to the lens, the voltage of both X and Y signals must be low. Thus, when the voltage of either X or Y signal--or both X and Y signals -- become low, a base current is supplied. This base current is approx. 40mA and the motor current is approx. 600-800mA at the initial stage and 200mA during steady operation. The photo interrupter which detects the rotation of the motor is designed to operate only when required. The interrupter LED lights up only when the current flows into the motor drive circuit (driving or braking), and the feedback pulse (rectangular waveform formed through the comparator) is sent to the CPU.

		FAA21031 - R.3223.A
AF motor driving	control signal	
(i) Braking		
X X	H	
X	L	
Y	H	
	L ————————————————————————————————————	
(ii) Normal rotation	on	
©DUTY 100%	н	
X	L —	
Υ	H	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
_	L	Spike to prevent
②DUTY 50%	32 µ S	/ penetrating
x		L current
	H 2.05mS 2.05mS	
Y		
3DUTY 25%	000	
X	H 7 0 0	п
A		
Y	1.03mS 3.07mS	_
1		
©DUTY 12.5%	32 µ S	
X	" Tin nn	n
	0.51ms 3.59ms	سا لسبب
v	H 0.00m3	_
Y		
(iii) Reverse rota	tion	
Reversed pulse	is output.	į
(iv) Stop		
	Я	
Х	L	
3.7	Н	
Y	L	
•		

INSPECTION STANDARD & TOOLS

INSPECTION	STANDARD	FOR	REPAIR	R1

			FAA21051-R.3223.A				
	ITEM	STANDARD					
	Diopter	-1.87dpt.					
	Magnification	0.8±0.05 X (at infinity with 50mm	lens)				
VIEWF INDER	Viewfinder coverage	92 ⁺³ 7 (Vertically/Horizontally)					
	Focusing accuracy at infinity	0±30"					
	Image inclination	1°30' or less					
>	Focus brackets	Inclination: 1° or less (against viewfinder frame)					
		Displacement: X=0±0.2mm -ditto-					
1		Y=0±0.2mm -ditto-					
L		Observe visually (at 7 feet, 40 magnification)					
ING	Center-weighted ratio	70% (at the center of Ø12)					
METERING	Metering range	EV1 - EV19 (with ISO 100 film and F1.4 lens)					
	Lens release button	Tension: 750g or less (Measure when the lens release pin sinks to the mount surface.)					
	Lens release pin	Height: 1.4+0.05					
UNT		Tension: 750g or less					
LENS MOUNT		To sink below the mount surface w fully depressed	hen the button is				
LE	Lens release torque	6 - 12kg.cm					
	AF coupling	Height: 14 +0.05					
哥		Tension: 60g or more					
ERTU	Rotation torque	105±30g.cm					
SR/AF	Click torque	145±35g.cm (when rotation starts	from S, A or L)				
SHUTTER/APERTURE DIALS	Alignment of scale	Not to be remarkable discrepancy					
NO	Pre-release ON	Position: 0.3±0.25mm below the sur	rface of grip				
BUTTON		Stroke: 0.9mm					
		Tension: 330±115g					
LEAS	Release ON	Position: 0.6±0.25mm below the surface of grip					
22		Stroke: 0.9mm					
SHUTTER RELEASE		Tension: 330±115g					
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

	····		FAA21051-R.3223.A			
	ITEM	STANDARD				
	Whole stroke	1mm or more				
	Difference between "Pre-release ON" and "Release ON"	Stroke: 0.3±0.15mm Tension: 80g or more				
FOCUS MODE SELECTOR	Switching torque	150 - 500g.cm				
F MIN SW	ON position	211°15'±1°				
FILM RAILS	Flange focal distance	46.67+0.02mm Parallelness: 0.02mm or less Balance of height between inner and outer film guide rails: 0.23± Balance of height between inner film guide rail and aperture plan (Reference: lens mount surface)				
-2	Height	1.5mm±0.1mm (from inner film guide rail)				
MS NC	ON position	0.5 - 1.2mm (from inner film guide rail)				
FILM DETECTION	Tension	30 ⁺³⁰ ₋₂₀ g (to inner film guide rail)				
FRAME COUNTER	Alignment of index	Displacement: Less than 1/3 of th	e index			
REWIND L	Release stroke	0.5 - 0.9mm				
FILM REG LEVER	Tension	100 - 200g (at the limit)				
REWIND BUTTON	Operation	The film rewind switch is to turn when the film rewind lever is set rewind button is pushed down.				
	Height	3.5mm (from the dial cover)				
	ON position	1.5 - 2.3mm (from the dial cover)				
нін	Tension to turn on	700g or less				
RE	Height	3.4±0.1mm				
APERTURE LEVER	Stroke	7.4mm or more				

held until charging is completed.

In case the built-in flash is up, the power is

			FAA21 051-R.3223.A			
	ITEM	STANDARD				
	Shutter speed in flash photography	P and A mode: 1/100 sec.				
	zama kanan Santan	S and M mode:				
		Shutter speed in set 1/2000 - 1/125 sec. 1/60 - 1 sec.	Actual shutter speed 1/100 sec. speed in set			
		Tolerance: 1/125 - 1 sec. +0.3EV0.15EV	Voltage dependency			
		Dispersion: 1/125 - 1 sec. 0.2EV or less	When the battery voltage is 6V or 4.5V (DC), the values stated			
(SHUTTER)		Unevenness: 1/125 - 1 sec. 0.2EV or less	left should be satisfied.			
EXPOSURE CONTROL (SHI		Difference of exposure between two shutter speed: 1/125 - 1 sec. 1±0.45EV				
CO E		Full opening time: 0.9ms				
KPOSUI	Difference of aperture value	±0.3EV (at F5.6)				
<u> </u>	Accuracy of aperture value	±0.5EV (EV12, ISO 100)				
	Exposure value on image surface	1/2000 - 1/1000 sec. ±0.65EV 1/500 - 1 sec. ±0.5EV (in P, S or A mode)				
PROGRAM MODE	Exposure control	EV 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123	Shutter speed dial: A Aperture dial: S			
;		Note: As the effective aperture close to F2, it is regarded A: Standard program Si				
		B: High-speed program 135mm or longer If the brightness is higher than EV15·2/3, the exposure is automatically set to the value at EV15·2/3 on P, A or M mode. When the AE lock is used, the center-weighted metering is performed and the exposure is controlled as indicated by dotted lines in the above graph.				

	<u> </u>	 		FAA2 1051-R.3223.A		
	ITEM		RD			
	Shutter speed control	Official value	Standard (ms)	Tolerance (ms)		
		1/2000	0.49	0.31 - 0.77		
		1/1000	0.98	0.62 - 1.54		
		1/500	1.95	1.24 - 3.06		
		1/250	3.91	2.49 - 6.13		
		1/125	7.81	5.52 - 11.05		
		1/60	15.63	11.05 - 22.10		
띠		1/30	31.25	22.10 - 44.19		
MODE		1/15	62.5	44.19 - 88.39		
S		1/8	125	88.39 - 176.78		
ğ		1/4	250	176.78 - 353.55		
⋖		1/2	500	353.55 - 707.11		
		1	1000	707.11 - 1414.21		
	Chushan and J	Apert	Aperture dial: 1.2 - 32			
	Shutter speed control	Official value	Standard (ms)	Tolerance (ms)		
		1/2000	0.49	0.36 - 0.67		
		1/1000	0.98	0.72 - 1.34		
		1/500	1.95	1.43 - 2.66		
		1/250	3.91	2.86 - 5.34		
		1/125	7.81	6.34 - 9.62		
		1/60	15.63	12.70 - 19.24		
į		1/30	31.25	25.38 - 38.47		
		1/15	62.5	50.77 - 76.95		
:		1/8	125	101.53 - 153.89		
		1/4	250	203.06 - 307.79		
		1/2	500	406.13 - 615.57		
		1	1000	812.25 - 1231.14		
		Shutter speed d Aperture dial:		sec.		

	TOWN				·	STANI	APD			X.3223.A
	ITEM					SIAMI	JAKD			_
	Insulation resistance	500V, 30M or more (Temperature: 20±15°C, Humidity: 60±20%)								
	Efficiency	60% or more (when the gate time is either 1ms or 2.5ms)								
	Firing timing	Over 0.3m	ns aft	er or	pening	g shu	tter	curtai	in has	opened
	Synchronizing shutter speed	1/100 sec 1/100 - 1					de			
	Flash program	Program o	hart	for	flash	phot	ograpi	hy		
					_		1/	100		14 2/3 EV
FLASH	F 22 S.B.P D.L.S 16 11 5.6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16						1516			
						t	Dark han E		Brigh than	
		ISO	25	50	100	200	400	800	1600	
1		Aperture	1.4	2	2.8	4	4	5.6	8	Built-in flash
		Aperture	2.8	4	5.6	8	11	16	18	Accessory flash
	TTL flash control	Usable f	ilm:	ISO 2	5 - 1	.so 40	00			
	Guide number	12				<u>.</u>	<u></u>			
	Recycling time	Approx. (with fr	5.5 s esh a	ec. lkali	ne ba	tter	ies at	ordi	inary (temperature)
N FLASH	Number of flashes	8 rolls (with fr	or mo	re lkali	ine ba	tter:	ies at	t ordi	inary	temperature)
BUILT-IN	Priority of built-in flash	An exter built-in external	flas	h. (I	Built-	in f	lash i	has pi	riorit	ith the y to
	Before recycling	Shutter locks when recycling is not completed.								
		•	n/7		401	•				

				FAA21051-R.3223.A			
	ITEM	STA	NDARD				
	Switching of flash selector switch (when flash being raised)	60.4mm or lower	X contact for built-in flash in ON:				
N FLASH	Switching of flash selector switch (when flash is pushed down)	X contact for external flag 62.3mm or lower X contact for built-in flag 65.7mm or higher					
BUILT-IN	Flash lock-release button	Height: 1.6mm Tension: 60 - 300g					
[Built-in flash	Tension: 100 - 300g Height: 46.8±15mm (from optical axi while flash is ra Inclination: within 70' Gap between flash and top 1mm or less	ised)	y to top of flash, r front body:			
	Usable F number	F5.6 or brighter					
	AF possible brightness	Approx. EV2 - EV18 Accuracy of defocus amou with ISO 100 film at ordinary temperature					
AF	Focusing zone	Approx. 0±150µm (at the image surface)	ary temperature				
	AF accuracy	Z: 0±50um					
	Standard for adjustment	Yaw : 0±5mrad Pitch: 0±8mrad ⊿ Z : -100±200					
	Picture frame size	$24^{+0.4}_{-0} \times 36^{+0.4}_{-0}$ mm	-				
AME	Frame-to-frame space	Z: 1 - 3mm The center of the space should not be aligned with a perforation.	H ₁ + Z + H ₂				
PICTURE FRAME	Variation of vertical position of frames	H1-H2 ≦ 0.4mm					
PI	R at corner of frame	0.4mm or less					
	Shade in picture	There should not be remark (with Ektachrome film at					

2 TOOLS

1. SPECIAL TOOLS FOR F-401/N4004

Tool No.	Name	Illustration	Class	Remarks
*J15270	DX contact tool		A	
*J15271	Tripod socket conversion adapter		A	
*J15273	IS terminal tool		A	Home-mad
*J15274	Chart board (for J15264)		A	
*J15275	I/O board		A	-
J18196	Sub-mirror angle adjustment tool		A	

FAA21051-R.3223.A Illustration Class Remarks Name Tool No. J18197 Mirror angle inspection mirror Chart for Z *J18198 A adjustment *J18199 PK-13 A Merchandise *J18200-1 Floppy disk for F-401 adjustment *J19041 CPU PC-9801VM2E A *J19041-1 14-inch colour APC-H131 A CRT *J19041-2 Expanded RAM PC-9801-41 board *J19041-3 MS-DOS PS-98-125-HMW A *J19041-4 MS mouse PC-9872K

Note: The tools with * mark are to be used in combination.

A

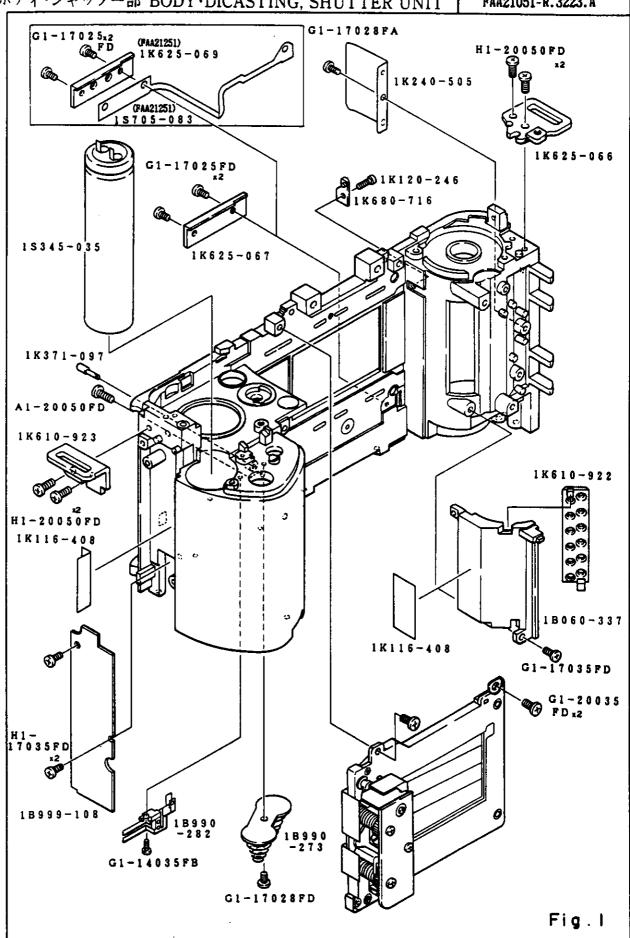
How to modify the lens for Z adjustment (J18183)

It is necessary to modify the lens for Z (J18183) in order to adjust the AF of F-401.

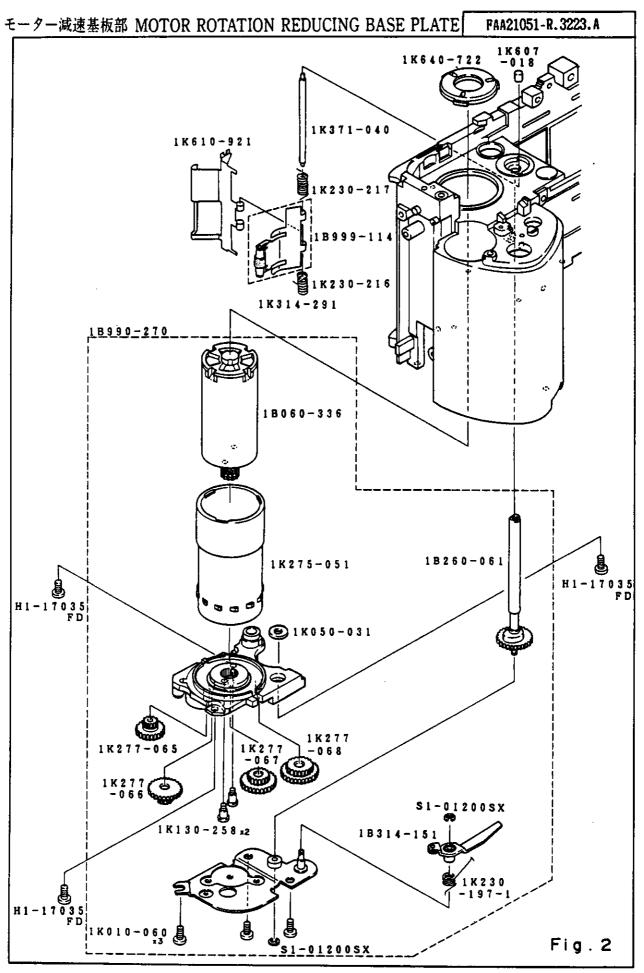
- 1) Remove three screws on the mount.
- 2) Disassemble the mount.
- 3) Unfasten two screws which fastening the aperture lever (3.1 lever). Then, disassemble the aperture lever.
- 4) Disassemble the aperture ring, remove adhesive and install the aperture ring so that it can rotate.
- 5) Assemble the mount and fasten it with the screws.

EXPLODED DRAWINGS AND PARTS LIST

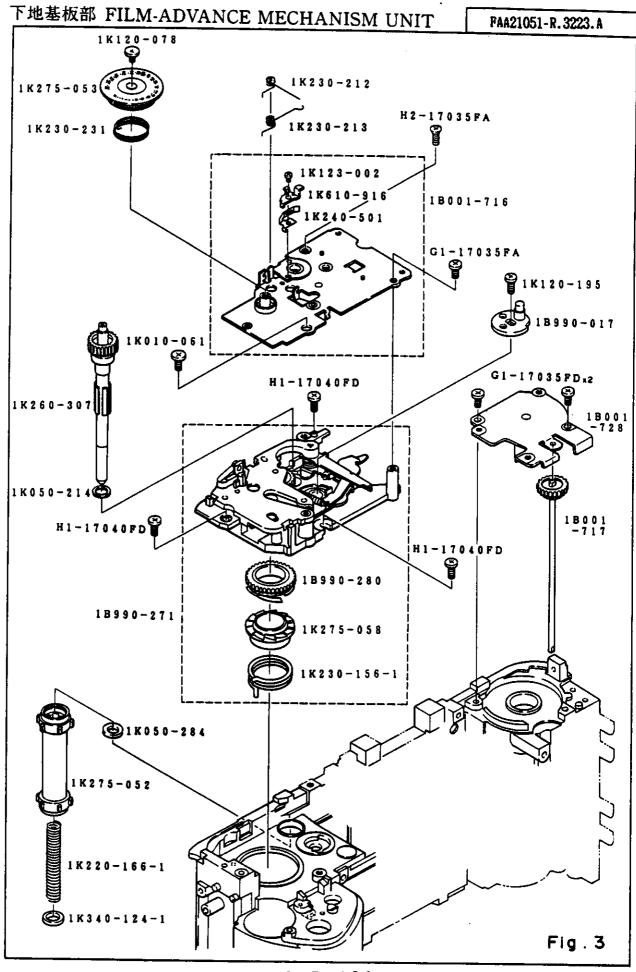
Į 1	EXPLODED DRAWINGS	
	BODY-DIECASTING, SHUTTER UNIT (Fig.1)	F
	MOTOR ROTATION REDUCING BASE PLATE (Fig.2)	
	FILM ADVANCE MECHNISM UNIT (Fig. 3)	
	AF DRIVING UNIT (Fig.4)	
	FRONT PLATE (Fig.5)	
	PENTAPRISM (Fig.6)	
	MAIN FPC (Fig.7)	
	FRONT BODY (Fig.8)	
	TOP COVER 1 (Fig.9)	
	TOP COVER 2 (Fig.10)	
	EXTERNAL PARTS (Fig. 11)F	
	BOTTOM COVER (Fig. 12)	
	CAMERA BACK (Fig. 13)	
	DB CAMERA BACK (Fig.14)	
	PARTS NUMBER REFERENCE TABLE	
Γ ₋ 1		
[2]	PARTS LIST	
	PARTS LIST	P 1
	ASSEMBLY LISTPS	20
	PARTS LIST FOR DATA BACK	3 2

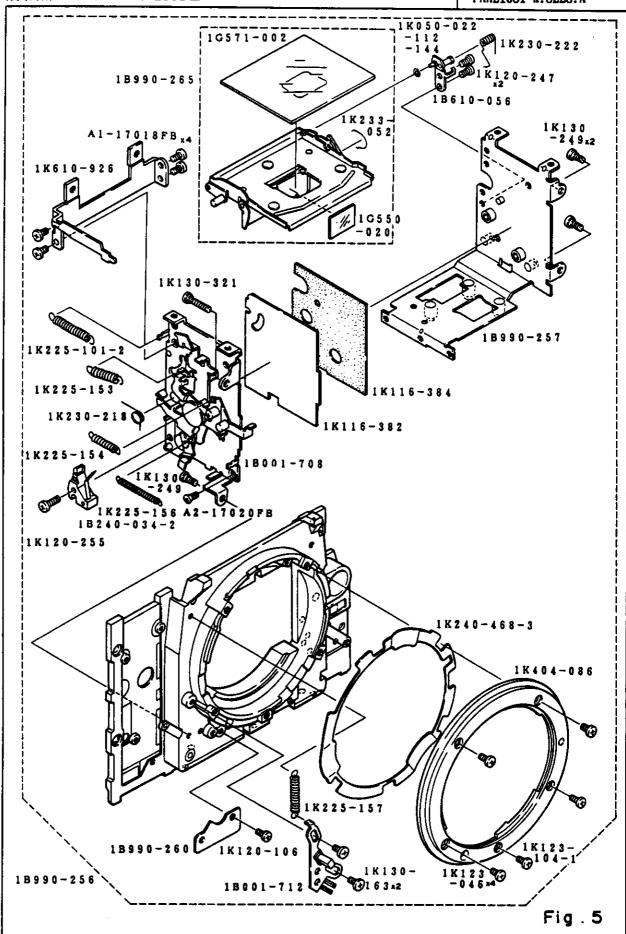


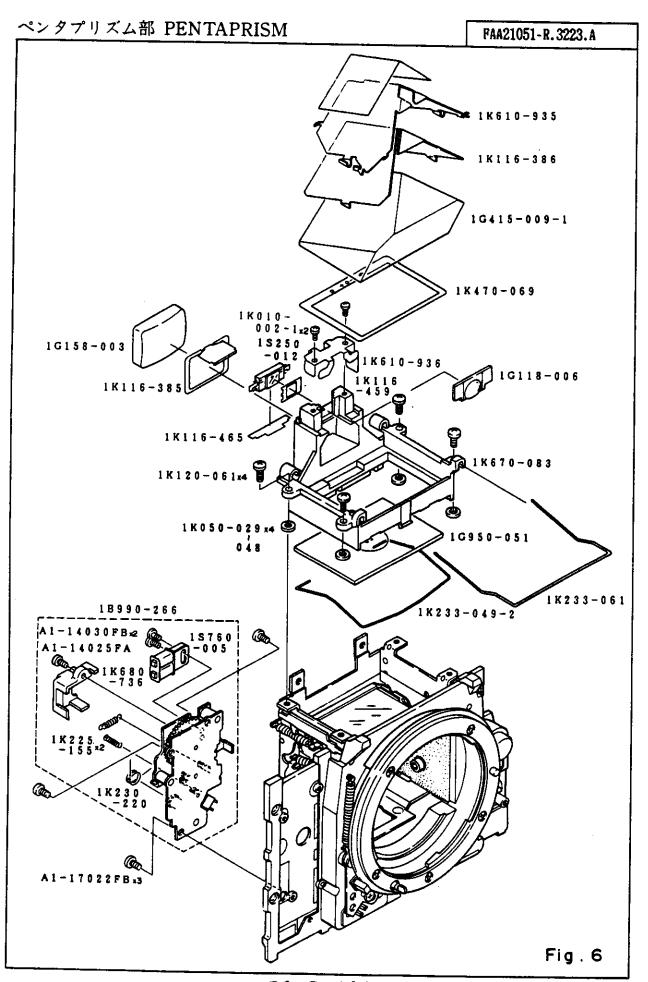
-F1 · F - 401-

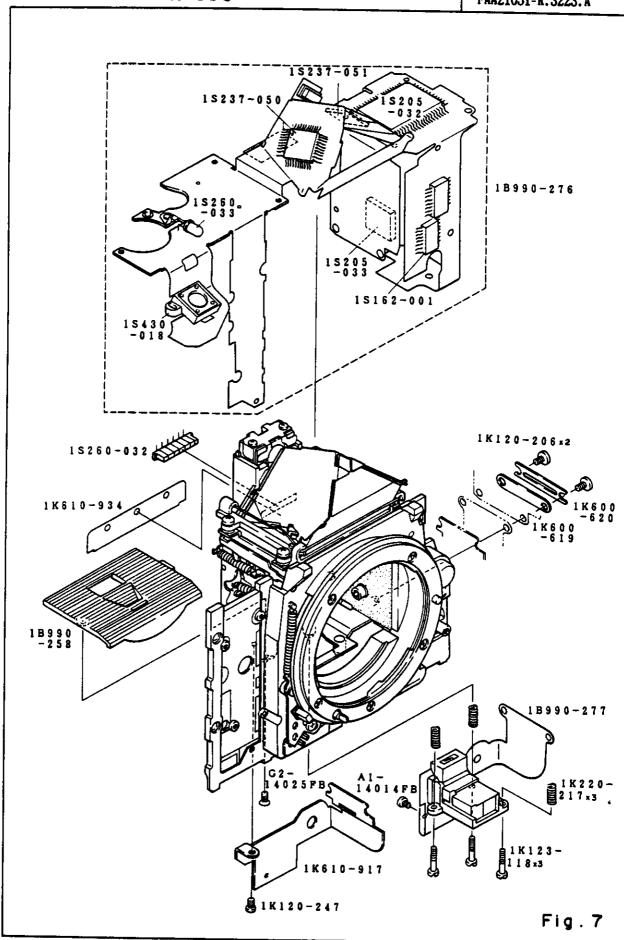


-F2·F-401-

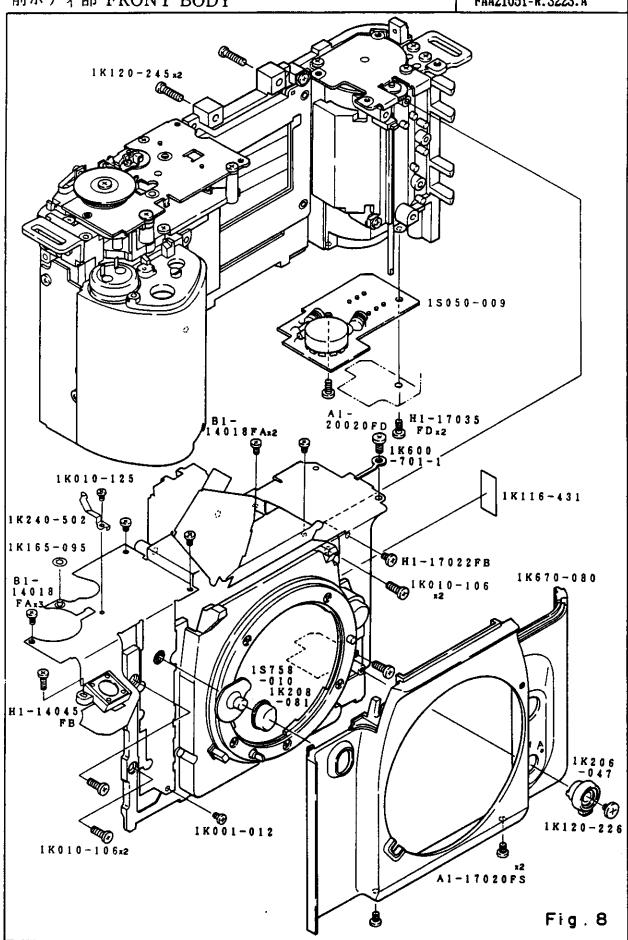


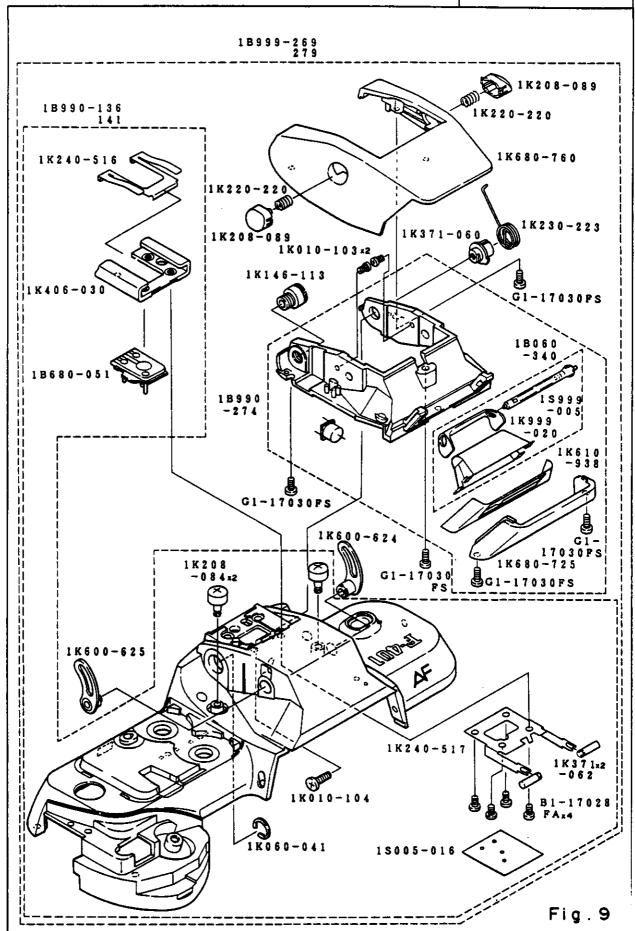


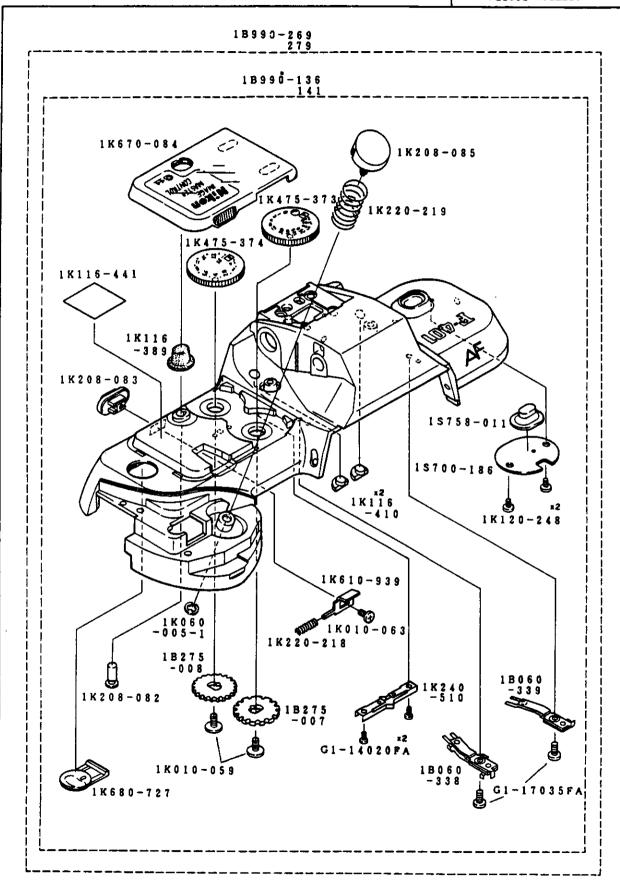




-F7 · F - 401 -

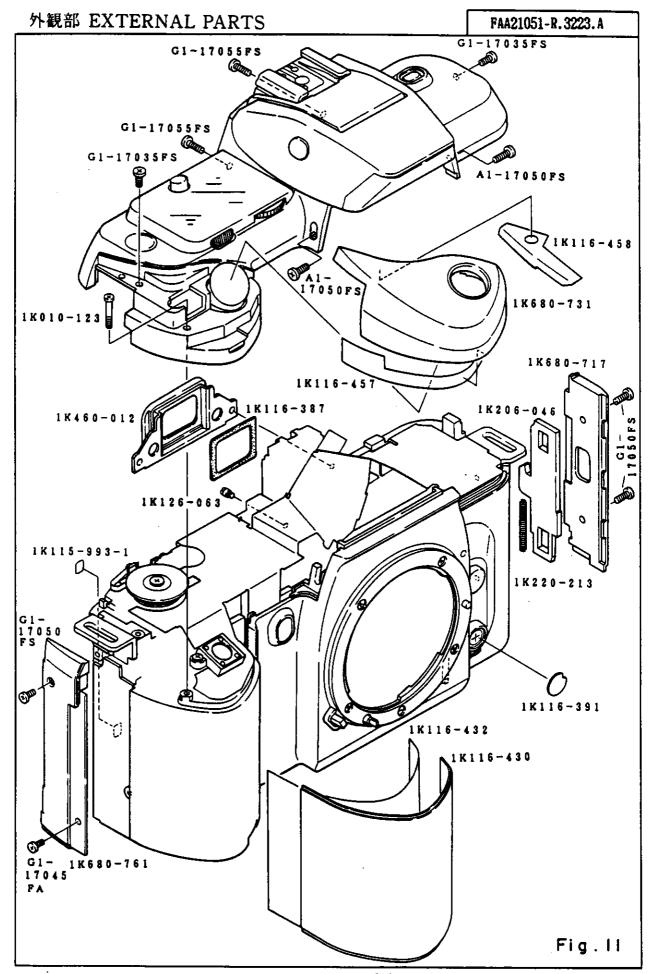




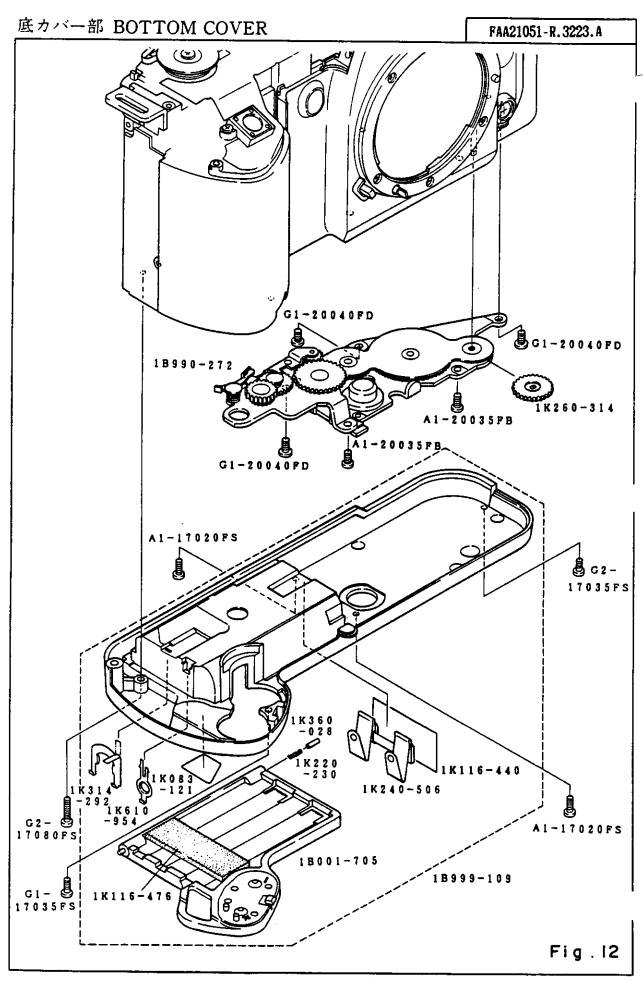


 $-F10 \cdot F - 401 -$

Fig. 10



-F11·F-401-



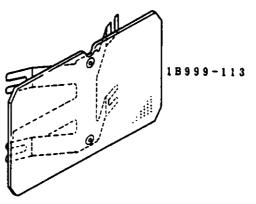


Fig. 13

 Faits Number R	erence	Table
部品番号	補助番号	部品番号
Part Number	Auxiliary No.	Part Number
		

補助番号	部品 番号	補助番号	部品番号
Auxiliary No.	Part Number	Auxiliary No.	Part Number
G 1	1G571-002	1 3 6	1 K 2 3 0 - 2 1 3
G 2	1G550-020	1 4 2	1 K 2 4 0 - 5 0 1
G 3	1 G 9 5 0 - 0 5 1	1 4 3	1K610-916
G 4	1G415-009-1	1 4 5	1 K 2 4 0 - 5 0 2
G 5	1G158-003	151	1K610-917
G 6	1G118-006	152	1K600-619
		154	1 K 6 0 0 - 6 2 0
		164	1 K 3 7 1 - 0 9 7
		165	1 K 6 0 0 - 7 0 1 - 1
		174	1 K 1 6 5 - 0 9 5
		194	1 K 2 6 0 - 3 1 4
2 2	1 K 6 7 0 - 0 8 0	2 0 1	1 K 6 0 7 - 0 1 8
3 4	1 K 1 2 6 - 0 6 3	202	1 K 3 1 4 - 2 9 1
3 6	1 K 6 8 0 - 7 6 1	203	1 K 3 7 1 - 0 4 0
3 7	1 K 1 1 6 - 4 3 0	204	1 K 2 3 0 - 2 1 6
3 8	1 K 6 8 0 - 7 3 1	2 0 5	1 K 2 3 0 - 2 1 7
47	1 K 2 7 7 - 0 6 5	206	1 K 1 1 5 - 9 9 3 - 1
4 8	1 K 2 7 7 - 0 6 6	208	1 K 6 1 0 - 9 2 1
4 9	1 K 2 7 7 - 0 6 7	2 1 2	1 K 6 1 0 - 9 2 2
5 0	1 K 2 7 7 - 0 6 8	2 1 7	1 K 2 4 0 - 5 0 5
5 5	1 K 2 3 0 - 1 9 7 - 1	2 1 8	1 K 6 8 0 - 7 1 6
5 9	1 K 2 7 5 - 0 5 1	220	1 K 6 8 0 - 7 1 7
6.0	1 K 6 4 0 - 7 2 2	2 2 1	1 K 2 O 6 - O 4 6
6 1	1 K 2 7 5 - 0 5 2	2 2 2	1 K 2 2 0 - 2 1 3
6 2	1 K 2 6 0 - 3 0 7	2 3 1	1 K 6 2 5 - 0 6 6
6 4	1 K 2 2 0 - 1 6 6 - 1	2 3 2	1 K 6 1 0 - 9 2 3
6.5	1 K 0 5 0 - 2 1 4	237	1 K 6 2 5 - 0 6 7
6 6	1 K 3 4 0 - 1 2 4 - 1	255	1 K 6 1 0 - 9 5 4
7.4	1 K 1 2 0 - 1 9 5	257	1 K 3 1 4 - 2 9 2
102	1 K 2 3 0 - 1 5 6 - 1	258	1 K 2 4 0 - 5 0 6
119	1 K 2 7 5 - 0 5 8	2 6 1	1 K 3 6 0 - 0 2 8
129	1 K 2 7 5 - 0 5 3	262	1 K 2 2 0 - 2 3 0
1 3 3	1 K 2 3 0 - 2 3 1	263	1 K 0 8 3 - 1 2 1
134	1 K 1 2 0 - 0 7 8		
135	1 K 2 3 0 - 2 1 2		

FAA21	0 5 1 - R.	3223. A
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	部品对		121001 K. 0220. K
	Parts Number Re		Table
補助番号	部品番号	補助番号	部品番号
Auxiliary No.	Part Number	Auxiliary No.	Part Number
264	1 K 1 1 6 - 4 4 0	4 4 4	1 K 1 3 0 - 3 1 8
265	1K116-476	4 4 5	1 K 2 2 0 - 2 0 1 - 1
3 0 4	1 K 2 2 5 - 1 5 3	4 4 6	1 K 2 2 0 - 0 4 1
306	1 K 2 2 5 - 1 5 4	452	1 K 2 O 8 - O 8 I
3 0 7	1 K 2 3 0 - 2 1 8	453	1 S 7 5 8 - 0 1 0
3 1 0	1 K 2 2 5 - 1 0 1 - 2	465	1 K 2 2 5 - 1 5 7
3 2 0	1 K 6 1 0 - 9 2 6	471	1 K 4 0 4 - 0 8 6
3 2 8	1 K 1 1 6 - 3 8 2	472	1 K 2 4 0 - 4 6 8 - 3
3 3 7	1 K 2 3 3 - 0 5 2	509	18758-011
3 5 5	18760-005	5 1 1	1 K 4 7 5 - 3 7 3
3 7 5	1 K 2 3 0 - 2 2 0	514	1K010-059
3 7 6	1 K 2 2 5 - 1 5 5	515	1K475-374
3 8 9	1 K 6 8 0 - 7 3 6	518	1 K 2 4 0 - 5 1 0
3 9 2	1 K 2 2 5 - 1 5 6	520	1 K 6 7 0 - 0 8 4
4 0 5	1 K 1 2 3 - 1 1 8	5 3 1	1 K 0 6 0 - 0 4 1
406	1 K 2 2 0 - 2 1 7	5 3 2	1K116-410
4 1 0	1 K 2 3 0 - 2 2 2	5 4 2	1 K 6 8 0 - 7 6 0
4 1 5	1 K 6 1 0 - 9 3 4	5 4 3	1K146-113
4 1 7	1 K 1 1 6 - 3 8 3	5 4 4	1 K 3 7 1 - 0 6 0
4 1 8	1 K 1 1 6 - 3 8 4	5 5 5	1 K O 1 O - 1 O 3
4 2 1	1 K 6 7 0 - 0 8 3	556	1 K 9 9 9 - 0 2 0
4 2 2	1 K 1 1 6 - 3 8 5	5 5 8	1 K 6 8 0 - 7 2 5
4 2 3	1 K 1 1 6 - 4 6 5	5 5 9	18999-005
4 2 4	1 K 2 3 3 - 0 4 9 - 2	560	1 K 6 1 0 - 9 3 8
4 2 5	1 K 4 7 0 - 0 6 9	561	1 K O 1 O - 1 O 4
4 2 6	1 K 6 1 0 - 9 3 5	564	1 K 2 3 0 - 2 2 3
427	1 K 2 3 3 - 0 6 1	571	1 K 4 0 6 - 0 3 0
4 2 8	1 K 1 1 6 - 3 8 6	573	1 K 2 4 0 - 5 1 6
4 3 1	1 K 4 6 0 - 0 1 2	576	1 K 2 4 0 - 5 1 7
4 3 2	1 K 1 1 6 - 3 8 7	577	B1-17028FA
4 3 5	1K116-459	581	1 K 2 O 8 - O 8 2
4 3 6	1 K 6 1 0 - 9 3 6	582	1 K 2 O 8 - O 8 3
4 4 0	1 K 2 O 8 - O 8 O		
4 4 2	1 K 6 0 0 - 6 2 1	<u> </u>	
4 4 3	1 K 3 7 1 - 0 5 8	1	

FAA2	1051-R.	3 2 2 3.	Α

	交品 海		121031-R. 3223. A
	Parts Number R		Table
補助番号	部品番号	補助番号	部品番号
Auxiliary No.	Part Number	Auxiliary No.	Part Number
583	1 K 6 1 0 - 9 3 9	7 2 5	1 K 0 1 0 - 0 0 2 1
584	1 K 2 2 0 - 2 1 8	7 2 6	1 K 1 2 0 - 1 0 2 - 1
5 8 5	1 K 1 1 6 - 3 8 9	727	1 K 1 3 0 - 2 4 9
586	1 S 7 0 0 - 1 8 6	7 2 9	1 K 1 2 3 - 0 4 6
588	1 K 6 8 0 - 7 2 7	7 3 0	1 K 1 2 3 - 1 0 4 - 1
589	1 S 4 3 0 - 0 1 8	7 3 1	1 K 1 2 0 - 2 4 6
590	1 K 2 2 0 - 2 1 9	7 3 2	1 K 1 2 0 - 2 4 7
5 9 1	1 K 2 O 8 - O 8 4	7 3 3	1 K 1 3 0 - 3 2 1
5 9 2	1 K 2 O 8 - O 8 5	7 3 4	1 K 1 2 0 - 2 2 6
5 9 3	1 K 2 2 0 - 2 2 0	7 3 5	1 K O 1 O - 1 2 3
5 9 4	1 K 6 0 0 - 6 2 4	7 3 6	1 K 0 0 1 - 0 1 2
5 9 5	1 K 2 O 8 - O 8 9	7 3 8	1 K 0 1 0 - 1 2 5
5 9 6	1 K 0 6 0 - 0 0 5 - 1	7 4 1	1 K 1 2 0 - 2 4 8
5 9 8	1 K 3 7 1 - 0 6 2	7 5 1	S1-01200SX
599	1 K 6 0 0 - 6 2 5	752	S1-00800SX
607	1 K 1 1 6 - 3 9 0	753	1 K 0 6 0 - 0 0 3
6 2 3	1 K 2 7 5 - 0 5 9	761	1K050-144
6 2 6	1 K 6 8 0 - 7 3 0	761	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 2 2
6 2 7	1K010-105	761	1 K 0 5 0 - 1 1 2
650	1 K 0 5 0 - 2 8 4	7 8 1	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 2 9
651	1 K 1 6 5 - 1 2 2	781	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 3 0
671	1 K 1 1 6 - 4 0 8	7 8 1	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 3 1
673	1 K 1 1 6 - 4 3 1	7 8 1	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 3 2
674	1 K 1 1 6 - 4 3 2	7 8 1	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 3 3
676	1 K 1 1 6 - 4 4 1	7 8 1	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 3 4
678	1K116-457	7 8 1	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 3 5
679	1K116-458	781	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 3 6
701	1K010-060	7 8 1	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 3 7
702	1 K O 1 O - O 6 1	781	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 3 8
7 0 5	1 K O 1 O - O 6 3	781	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 3 9
708	1 K 1 3 0 - 2 5 8	7 8 1	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 4 0
7 2 1	1 K O 1 O - 1 O 6	7 8 1	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 4 1
7 2 2	1 K 1 2 0 - 2 4 5		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
7 2 3	1 K 1 3 0 - 1 6 3		
724	1 K 1 2 0 - 1 0 6		

FAA21051-R. 3223. A

	交品 稿		121001-R. 5225. A
	Parts Number Re		Table
補助番号	部品番号	補助番号	部品番号
Auxiliary No.	Part Number	Auxiliary No.	Part Number
7 8 1	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 4 2	8 3 3	B1-14030FD
781	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 4 3	8 3 5	G1-17035FD
7 8 1	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 4 5 - 1	8 3 6	G2-14025FB
7 8 1	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 4 6 - 1	837	H1-17022FB
7 8 1	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 4 7 - 1	838	A1-14030FB
7 8 1	1 K 0 5 0 - 0 4 8	8 3 9	A1-14025FA
8 0 1	G1-17055FS	8 4 0	G1-17045FA
802	G1-17028FA	8 4 5	A1-17025FB
803	G1-17050FS	8 5 1	A1-17022FB
804	G1-17025FD	859	1 K 1 2 0 - 2 5 5
806	A1-20050FD	863	G1-17030FS
807	H1-17040FD	865	A1-17050FS
808	A 2 - 1 7 0 2 0 F B	866	H1-14045FB
809	H1-17035FD	868	G1-14020FA
8 1 0	H1-20050FD	909	1 K 2 6 0 - 3 1 9
8 1 1	G1-14035FB	910	1 K 2 6 0 - 3 2 0
8 1 2	A1-14014FB	911	1 K 2 7 7 - 0 5 3
8 1 3	1 K 1 2 0 - 2 0 6	918	1 K 2 6 0 - 3 2 2
8 1 5	G1-20035FD	920	1 K 2 6 0 - 3 2 3
816	G1-20040FD	923	1 K 6 4 0 - 6 3 6
817	A1-20035FB	925	1 K 1 2 0 - 0 1 9
8 1 8	G1-17035FA	926	1 K 1 2 0 - 2 4 9
819	H2-17035FA	927	1 K 3 7 1 - 0 6 9
8 2 0	B1-14018FA	942	K1-14020FB
8 2 1	1 K 1 2 3 - 0 0 2	955	1 K 3 O O - O 7 6
8 2 3	A1-17035FB	956	1 K 2 O 6 - O 4 7
8 2 4	1 K 1 2 0 - 0 6 1	957	1 K 1 1 6 - 3 9 1
8 2 5	A1-17018FB	1004	1 S 0 0 5 - 0 1 6
8 2 6	G1-17028FD	1021	18050-009
8 2 7	G2-17080FS	1023	1 S 2 6 0 - 0 3 2
8 2 8	G2-17035FS	1024	1 S 2 6 0 - 0 3 3
8 2 9	G1-17035FS		
830	A1-17020FS		
8 3 1	B1-17030FB		
832	A1-20020FD		

部品対照表

Parts Number Reference Table

補助番号 Auxiliary No. 1026 15250-012 8341 18990-257 1031 15205-032 8413 18610-056 1032 15237-050 8420 18990-258 1033 15237-051 8461 18001-712 1034 15205-033 8463 18990-260 1036 15162-001 8503 18060-333 15112 15345-035 8512 18275-007 2237 1K625-069 (FAAZ1251) 8516 18275-007 2237 1K625-069 (FAAZ1251) 85516 18275-007 2237 1K625-069 (FAAZ1251) 85516 18900-274 8550 18060-333 8830 18990-260 8556 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8556 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 85550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-274 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-279 8501 18990-281 8550 18060-332 8550 18060-333 8856 18990-279 85901 18990-281 8550 18001-710 8500 18990-281 8550 18001-710 8500 18001-710 8500 18990-281 8550 18001-710 8500 18990-281 8550 18001-711 8571 18260-061 8500 18990-281 85990-114 8500 18990-114 8500 18990-114 8500 18990-114 8500 18990-114 8500 18990-114 8500 18990-276 8500 18990-276 8500 18990-276 8500 18990-277 8500 18900-277 8500 18900-277 8500 18900-277 85000 18900-277 85000 18900		Parts Number Re	eference	Table	
1026	補助番号	部品番号	補助番号	部品番号	
1031	Auxiliary No.	Part Number	Auxiliary No.	Part Number	
1032	1026	1 S 2 5 0 - 0 1 2	B 3 4 1	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 5 7	
1033	1031	1 S 2 0 5 - 0 3 2	B 4 1 3	1B610-056	
1034 1S205-033 B463 1B990-260 1036 1S162-001 B503 1B060-333 1112 1S345-035 B512 1B275-007 2237 1K625-069 (FAA21251) B516 1B275-008 3003 1S705-083 (FAA21251) B516 1B275-008 3003 1S705-083 (FAA21251) B556 1B060-338 B551 1B990-274 B556 1B060-339 B556 1B060-339 B556 1B060-340 B23 1B999-279 B901 1B990-261 B26 1B990-256 B902 1B001-710 B31 1B990-278 B913 1B001-710 B32 1B060-336 B922 1B990-281 B41 1B990-270 B924 1B060-332 B52 1B314-151 B944 1B001-711 B71 1B260-061 B1024 1B999-109 B72 1B990-271 B1224 1B999-109 B72 1B990-271 B1202 1B999-114 B101 1B990-272 B240 B1601 1B990-276 B123 1B999-141 B231 1B990-265 B123 1B999-141 B233 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-276 B123 1B990-136 B2001 1B990-276 B123 1B990-136 B201 1B990-276 B123 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-276 B199 1B001-718 B2474 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B199 1B001-728 B251 1B001-705	1032	1 S 2 3 7 - 0 5 0	B 4 2 0	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 5 8	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1033	1 S 2 3 7 - 0 5 1	B 4 6 1	1B001-712	
1112 1S345-035 B512 1B275-007 2237 1K625-069 (FAA21251) B516 1B275-008 3003 1S705-083 (FAA21251) B521 1B060-338 B541 1B990-274 B550 1B060-339 B556 1B060-340 B23 1B999-269 B572 1B680-051 B26 1B990-279 B901 1B990-261 B26 1B990-278 B913 1B001-709 B32 1B060-336 B922 1B990-281 B41 1B990-270 B924 1B060-332 B52 1B314-151 B944 1B099-109 B72 1B990-017 B1113 1B999-109 B72 1B990-017 B1113 1B999-108 B113 1B999-109 B72 1B990-280 B1601 1B999-114 B120 1B999-114 B120 1B999-114 B121 1B001-716 B1603 1B999-113 <td colsp<="" td=""><td>1034</td><td>1 S 2 0 5 - 0 3 3</td><td>B 4 6 3</td><td>1 B 9 9 0 - 2 6 0</td></td>	<td>1034</td> <td>1 S 2 0 5 - 0 3 3</td> <td>B 4 6 3</td> <td>1 B 9 9 0 - 2 6 0</td>	1034	1 S 2 0 5 - 0 3 3	B 4 6 3	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 6 0
2 2 3 7 1 K 6 2 5 - 0 6 9 (FAA21251) B 5 1 6 1 B 2 7 5 - 0 0 8 3 0 0 3 1 S 7 0 5 - 0 8 3 (FAA21251) B 5 2 1 1 B 0 6 0 - 3 3 8 B 5 4 1 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 4 B 5 5 0 1 B 0 6 0 - 3 3 9 B 5 5 6 1 B 0 6 0 - 3 3 9 B 5 5 6 1 B 0 6 0 - 3 4 0 B 2 3 1 B 9 9 9 - 2 6 9 B 5 7 2 1 B 6 8 0 - 0 5 1 B 2 6 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 5 6 B 9 0 2 1 B 0 0 1 - 7 1 0 B 3 1 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 8 B 9 1 3 1 B 0 0 1 - 7 0 9 B 3 2 1 B 0 6 0 - 3 3 6 B 9 2 2 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 8 1 B 4 1 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 0 B 9 2 4 1 B 0 6 0 - 3 3 2 B 5 2 1 B 3 1 4 - 1 5 1 B 9 4 4 1 B 0 0 1 - 7 1 1 B 7 1 1 B 2 6 0 - 0 6 1 B 1 0 2 4 1 B 9 9 9 - 1 0 9 B 7 2 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 1 B 1 2 0 2 1 B 9 9 9 - 1 0 9 B 8 1 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 1 B 1 2 0 2 1 B 9 9 9 - 1 1 4 B 1 0 1 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 8 0 B 1 6 0 1 1 B 9 9 9 - 1 1 3 B 1 2 3 1 B 9 9 0 - 1 3 6 B 2 0 0 1 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 6 B 1 2 3 1 B 9 9 0 - 2	1036	1 S 1 6 2 - 0 0 1	B 5 0 3	1 B 0 6 0 - 3 3 3	
3003 1S705-083 (FAA21251) B521 1B060-338 B541 1B990-274 B550 1B060-339 B556 1B060-3340 B23 1B999-279 B901 1B990-261 B26 1B990-256 B902 1B001-710 B31 1B990-278 B913 1B001-709 B32 1B060-336 B922 1B990-281 B41 1B990-270 B924 1B060-332 B52 1B314-151 B944 1B001-711 B71 1B260-061 B1024 1B999-109 B72 1B990-017 B1113 1B999-109 B72 1B990-271 B1202 1B999-114 B101 1B990-280 B1601 1B999-114 B101 1B990-280 B1601 1B999-113 B121 1B001-716 B1603 1B999-113 B123 1B990-136 B2001 1B999-276 B123 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-276 B123 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-276 B161 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-276 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-265 B161 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B199 1B001-728 B211 1B060-337 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273	1112	1 S 3 4 5 - 0 3 5	B 5 1 2	1 B 2 7 5 - 0 0 7	
B541 1B990-274 B550 1B060-339 B556 1B060-340 B23 1B999-269 B572 1B680-051 B26 1B990-256 B901 1B990-261 B31 1B990-278 B913 1B001-709 B32 1B060-336 B922 1B990-281 B41 1B990-270 B924 1B060-332 B52 1B314-151 B944 1B001-711 B71 1B260-061 B1024 1B999-109 B72 1B990-271 B1113 1B999-108 B81 1B990-271 B1202 1B999-114 B101 1B990-280 B1601 1B999-114 B123 1B990-136 B2001 1B999-113 B123 1B990-136 B2001 1B990-265 B161 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273	2237	1 K 6 2 5 - 0 6 9 (FAA21251)	B 5 1 6	1 B 2 7 5 - 0 0 8	
B550 1B060-339 B23 1B999-269 B572 1B680-051 B23 1B999-279 B901 1B990-261 B26 1B990-256 B902 1B001-710 B31 1B990-278 B913 1B001-709 B32 1B060-336 B922 1B990-281 B41 1B990-270 B924 1B060-332 B52 1B314-151 B944 1B001-711 B71 1B260-061 B1024 1B999-109 B72 1B990-017 B1113 1B999-108 B81 1B990-271 B1202 1B999-114 B101 1B990-280 B1601 1B999-113 B123 1B990-136 B201 1B990-276 B123 1B990-136 B201 1B990-265 B161 1B90-282 B2340 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2474 1B990-277 B195 1B01-717 B2474 1B990-267 B251 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273	3003	1 S 7 0 5 - 0 8 3 (FAA21251)	B 5 2 1	1 B 0 6 0 - 3 3 8	
B23 18999-269 B572 18680-051 B23 18999-279 B901 18990-261 B26 18990-256 B902 18001-710 B31 18990-278 B913 18001-709 B32 18060-336 B922 18990-281 B41 18990-270 B924 18060-332 B52 18314-151 B944 18001-711 B71 18260-061 B1024 18999-109 B72 18990-017 B1113 18999-108 B81 18990-271 B1202 18999-114 B101 18990-280 B1601 18999-113 B123 18990-136 B201 18990-276 B123 18990-136 B201 18990-276 B161 18990-282 B2340 18990-265 B161 18990-272 B2401 18990-267 B195 1801-717 B2474 18990-267 B195 1801-717 B2474 18990-267 B251 18001-717 B2474 18990-267 B251 18001-705 B256			B 5 4 1	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 4	
B23 18999-269 B572 18680-051 B23 18999-279 B901 18990-261 B26 18990-256 B902 18001-710 B31 18990-278 B913 18001-709 B32 18060-336 B922 18990-281 B41 18990-270 B924 18060-332 B52 18314-151 B944 1801-711 B71 18260-061 B1024 18999-109 B72 18990-271 B113 18999-108 B81 18990-271 B1202 18999-114 B101 18990-280 B1601 18999-113 B123 18990-136 B2001 18990-276 B123 18990-136 B2001 18990-276 B123 18990-282 B2340 18990-276 B161 18990-282 B2340 18990-277 B195 18001-717 B2474 18990-277 B195 18001-717 B2474 18990-267 B251 18001-705 B256 18990-273 B256 18990-273 B250			B 5 5 0	1 B 0 6 0 - 3 3 9	
B23 1B999-279 B901 1B990-261 B26 1B990-256 B902 1B001-710 B31 1B990-278 B913 1B001-709 B32 1B060-336 B922 1B990-281 B41 1B990-270 B924 1B060-332 B52 1B314-151 B944 1B001-711 B71 1B260-061 B1024 1B999-109 B72 1B990-017 B1113 1B999-108 B81 1B990-271 B1202 1B999-114 B101 1B990-280 B1601 1B999-113 B123 1B990-136 B2001 1B999-113 B123 1B999-141 B2331 1B990-276 B161 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-265 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273 B256 1B990-273 B256 1B990-273 B301 1B001-708 B256 1B990-273			B 5 5 6	1 B 0 6 0 - 3 4 0	
B 2 6 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 5 6 B 9 0 2 1 B 0 0 1 - 7 1 0 B 3 1 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 8 B 9 1 3 1 B 0 0 1 - 7 0 9 B 3 2 1 B 0 6 0 - 3 3 6 B 9 2 2 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 8 1 B 4 1 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 0 B 9 2 4 1 B 0 6 0 - 3 3 2 B 5 2 1 B 3 1 4 - 1 5 1 B 9 4 4 1 B 0 0 1 - 7 1 1 B 7 1 1 B 2 6 0 - 0 6 1 B 1 0 2 4 1 B 9 9 9 - 1 0 9 B 7 2 1 B 9 9 0 - 0 1 7 B 1 1 1 3 1 B 9 9 9 - 1 0 8 B 8 1 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 8 0 B 1 6 0 1 1 B 9 9 9 - 1 1 4 B 1 0 1 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 8 0 B 1 6 0 1 1 B 9 9 9 - 1 1 3 B 1 2 3 1 B 9 9 0 - 1 3 6 B 2 0 0 1 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 6 B 1 2 3 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 8 2 B 2 3 3 1 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 6 5 B 1 6 1 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 2 B 2 4 0 1 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 6 7 B 1 9 5 1 B 0 0 1 - 7 1 7 B 2 4 7 4 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 6 7 B 1 9 9 1 B 0 0 1 - 7 0 5 B 2 5 6 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 3 B 2 5 6 1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 3 B 2 5 6 1 B 9 0 1 - 7 0 8	B 2 3	1 B 9 9 9 - 2 6 9	B 5 7 2	1 B 6 8 0 - 0 5 1	
B31 1B990-278 B913 1B001-709 B32 1B060-336 B922 1B990-281 B41 1B990-270 B924 1B060-332 B52 1B314-151 B944 1B001-711 B71 1B260-061 B1024 1B999-109 B72 1B990-017 B1113 1B999-108 B81 1B990-271 B1202 1B999-114 B101 1B990-280 B1601 1B999-113 B121 1B001-716 B1603 1B999-113 B123 1B990-136 B2001 1B990-276 B123 1B990-141 B2331 1B990-265 B161 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B199 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273 B301 1B001-708 B3001-708	B 2 3	1 B 9 9 9 - 2 7 9	B 9 0 1	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 6 1	
B32 1B060-336 B922 1B990-281 B41 1B990-270 B924 1B060-332 B52 1B314-151 B944 1B001-711 B71 1B260-061 B1024 1B999-109 B72 1B990-271 B1113 1B999-108 B81 1B990-271 B1202 1B999-114 B101 1B990-280 B1601 1B999-111 B121 1B001-716 B1603 1B999-113 B123 1B990-136 B2001 1B990-276 B123 1B999-141 B2331 1B990-265 B161 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B199 1B001-705 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273 B256 1B990-273 B301 1B001-708 B001-708	B 2 6	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 5 6	B 9 0 2	1B001-710	
B41 1B990-270 B924 1B060-332 B52 1B314-151 B944 1B001-711 B71 1B260-061 B1024 1B999-109 B72 1B990-017 B1113 1B999-108 B81 1B990-271 B1202 1B999-114 B101 1B990-280 B1601 1B999-111 B121 1B001-716 B1603 1B999-113 B123 1B990-136 B2001 1B990-276 B123 1B999-141 B2331 1B990-265 B161 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B199 1B001-728 B2474 1B990-267 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273 B256 1B990-273 B256 1B990-273	B 3 1	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 8	B 9 1 3	1 B 0 0 1 - 7 0 9	
B52 1B314-151 B944 1B001-711 B71 1B260-061 B1024 1B999-109 B72 1B990-017 B1113 1B999-108 B81 1B990-271 B1202 1B999-114 B101 1B990-280 B1601 1B999-111 B121 1B001-716 B1603 1B999-113 B123 1B990-136 B2001 1B990-276 B123 1B999-141 B2331 1B990-265 B161 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B251 1B001-705 B257 B250-273 B256 1B990-273 B256 1B990-273 B301 1B001-708 B260-273	B 3 2	1 B 0 6 0 - 3 3 6	B 9 2 2	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 8 1	
B71 1B260-061 B1024 1B999-109 B72 1B990-017 B1113 1B999-108 B81 1B990-271 B1202 1B999-114 B101 1B990-280 B1601 1B999-111 B121 1B001-716 B1603 1B999-113 B123 1B990-136 B2001 1B990-276 B123 1B999-141 B2331 1B990-265 B161 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B199 1B001-705 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273 B256 1B990-273 B301 1B001-708 B301 B301-708	B 4 1	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 0	B 9 2 4	1 B 0 6 0 - 3 3 2	
B72 1B990-017 B1113 1B999-108 B81 1B990-271 B1202 1B999-114 B101 1B990-280 B1601 1B999-111 B121 1B001-716 B1603 1B999-113 B123 1B990-136 B2001 1B990-276 B123 1B999-141 B2331 1B990-265 B161 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B199 1B001-728 B2474 1B990-267 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273 B256 1B990-273 B301 1B001-708	B 5 2	1B314-151	B944	1 B 0 0 1 - 7 1 1	
B81 1B990-271 B1202 1B999-114 B101 1B990-280 B1601 1B999-111 B121 1B001-716 B1603 1B999-113 B123 1B990-136 B2001 1B990-276 B123 1B999-141 B2331 1B990-265 B161 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B199 1B001-728 B211 1B060-337 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273 B301 1B001-708 B260-273	B71	1 B 2 6 0 - 0 6 1	B1024	1B999-109	
B101 1B990-280 B1601 1B999-111 B121 1B001-716 B1603 1B999-113 B123 1B990-136 B2001 1B990-276 B123 1B999-141 B2331 1B990-265 B161 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B199 1B001-728 B2474 1B990-267 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273 B301 1B001-708 B301 B301-708	B72	1 B 9 9 0 - 0 1 7	B1113	1B999-108	
B121 1B001-716 B1603 1B999-113 B123 1B990-136 B2001 1B990-276 B123 1B999-141 B2331 1B990-265 B161 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B199 1B001-728 B2474 1B990-267 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273 B301 1B001-708 B301 B001-708	B 8 1	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 1	B 1 2 0 2	1B999-114	
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B123 1B999-141 B2331 1B990-265 B161 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B199 1B001-728 B2474 1B990-267 B211 1B060-337 B251 B990-273 B256 1B990-273 B301 1B001-708	B 1 2 1	1 B 0 0 1 - 7 1 6	B 1 6 0 3	1B999-113	
B161 1B990-282 B2340 1B990-266 B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B199 1B001-728 B211 1B060-337 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273 B301 1B001-708 B301 B301-708	B 1 2 3	1B990-136	B 2 0 0 1	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 6	
B176 1B990-272 B2401 1B990-277 B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B199 1B001-728 B2474 B990-267 B211 1B060-337 B251 B001-705 B256 1B990-273 B301 B001-708	B 1 2 3	1B999-141	B 2 3 3 1	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 6 5	
B195 1B001-717 B2474 1B990-267 B199 1B001-728 B211 B060-337 B251 1B001-705 B256 B990-273 B301 1B001-708 B001-708	B 1 6 1	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 8 2	B 2 3 4 0	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 6 6	
B199 1B001-728 B211 1B060-337 B251 1B001-705 B256 1B990-273 B301 1B001-708	B176	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 2	B 2 4 0 1	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 7	
B 2 1 1	B 1 9 5	1B001-717	B2474	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 6 7	
B 2 5 1	B199	1B001-728			
B 2 5 6	B 2 1 1	1B060-337			
B301 1B001-708	B 2 5 1	1B001-705			
	B 2 5 6	1 B 9 9 0 - 2 7 3			
B 3 1 9 1 B 2 4 0 - 0 3 4 - 2	B301	1B001-708			
	B 3 1 9	1 B 2 4 0 - 0 3 4 - 2			

I	F	A	A	2	1	2	5	1	-R.	3	2	2	3.	Α
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	音及語文列模表 Parts Number Reference Table											
補助番号	部品番号	補助番号	部品番号									
Auxiliary No.	Part Number	Auxiliary No.	मिश्रम भा उ Part Number									
2 6 4 1	1 B 0 6 0 - 3 4 2	Ruxillaly No.	rat : Number									
2643	1 K 0 1 0 - 1 2 4											
2644	1 K 3 7 1 - 0 9 6											
2645	1 K 2 2 0 - 2 3 5											
2646	1 K 6 8 0 - 7 8 6											
2647	18758-015											
2659	1K116-436											
2033	1K110-430											
												
B 2 6 0 1	1 B 9 9 9 - 1 1 2											
B 2 6 0 3	1 B 0 0 1 - 7 3 8											
B 2 6 4 2	1B060-347											
		·										

品雅	表	Parta List				i	PAA21051-R. 32	23. A
部基番号	被助委号	名 非	1合分 個数 Pcs. Per	部組具書号	参照 西香	联 光 区 分 Term of	8 4	要求 单位 Q'ty per
Part No	Ckt. No.	Xane	Unit	Assembly	Fig.	Delivery	Remarks	order
1K001-012	736	Screw	1	•	8	0	Į.	10
*1K010-002-1	725	Screw	2		6	0	P-501	10
*1K010-059	514	Tダイアルビス Screw, shutter dial	2	18990-269	10	۵۵	P-501	10
*1K010-060	701	Screw	3	18990-270	2	ОΔ	P-501	10
+1K010-061	702	Screw	1		3	0	P-501	10
*1K010-063	705	Scree	1	18990-269	10	ОД	F-501	10
18010-103	555	福油板ビス Screm, supporting plate	2	18990-269	9	0Δ		10
1K010-104	561	ばね掛けヒンジピス Screm, spring hinge	1	18990-269	9	ОД		10
1¥010-105	627	押さえモールドビス Screw	3	18999-111	13	ОД		10
1E010-106	721	Screw	4		8	0		10
11010-123	735	Screw	1		11	0		10
1 x 010-125	738	Screen	1		8	0		10
+1K050-022	7618	チリトリ用調整ワッシャー Masher, mirror holder	0-1		5	0		10
*1K050-029	781A	プリズムBOXワッシャー Masher, pentaprism	0-4		6	0	P-501	10
◆1K050-030	7818	プリズムBOXワッシャー Nasher, pentaprism	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
◆1¥050-031	781C	プリズムBOXワッシャー Nasher, pontaprism	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
*1K050-032	7810	プリズムBOXワッシャー Masher, pontaprism	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
+1K050-033	7818	プリズムBOXワッシャー Masher, pentaprism	0-4		6	0	F-501	10

		Parts List	Ţ		T	1	FAA21051-R. 32	23. A
部品香号	補助番号	名称	1台分 個数 Pcs. Par	部組品書号	多順型等	既完 区分 Term of	信 考	要求 単位 Q'ty per
Part No	Ckt. No.	Name	Unit	Assembly	Fig.	Delivery	Remarks	order
*1N050-034	781F	プリズムBOXファシャー Masher, pentaprism	1-5		6	0	F-501	10
•1K050-035	781G	プリズムBOXワッシャー Masher, pentaprism	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
*1K050-036	781H	プリズムBOXワッシャー Masher, pentaprism	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
*1X050-037	7811	プリズムBOXファシャー Mesher, pentaprism	0-4	-	6	0	F-501	10
=1K050-038	781J	プリズムBOXワッシャー Washer, pentaprism	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
*1K050-039	781K	プリズムBOXファシャー Masher, pentaprise	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
≠1K050-040	781L	プリズムBOXワッシャー Hasher, pentaprism	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
*1K050-041	781M	プリズムBOXフッシャー Hesher, pentaprism	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
*1K050-042	781N	プリズムBOXフッシャー Masher, pentaprism	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
*1K050-043	7810	プリズムBOXフッシャー Washer, pentaprism	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
*1K050-045-1 (1K050-045)	781P	プリズムBOXワッシャー Washer, pentaprism	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
*1K050-046-1 (1K050-046)	7819	プリズムBOXワッシャー Hasher, pentaprism	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
*1K050-047-1 (1K050-047)	781R	プリズムBOXワッシャー Hasher, pentaprise	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
*1K050-048	781S	プリズムBOXフッシャー Washer, pentaprism	0-4		6	0	F-501	10
◆1K050-112	761C	チリトリ用調整ファシャー Washer, mirror holder	0-1		5	0	F-501	10
≈1K050-144	761A	チリトリ用調整ファシャー Hasber, mirror holder	0-1		5	0	F-501	10
*1K050-214	65	スプロケットワッシャー Washer, sprocket	i		3	0	F-501	5
1K050-284	650	スプロケットガタ取りフッシャー Washer	1		3	0		10
*1K060-003	753	Screw	2	. =	4	0		10

一部品	<u>*</u>	Parta List				ſ	FAA21051-R. 32	2 3. A
部品書号 Part No	福助香号 Ckt. No.	名 称 Name	1台分 個数 Pcs. Per Unit		参照	璇 充 区分 Term of	領考	要求 单位 Q'ty per
*1K060-005-1	596	E リング	1	Assembly 18990-269	Fig.	Delivery O 🛆	Remarks	order 100
1K060-041	531	CE リンダ CE ring	1	18990-269	9	Ο Δ		10
18083-121	263	電池シール Battery seal	1	18999-109	12	OΔ		10
*IK115-993-1	206	フイルムマータ Film leader index	1		11	0	F-501	5
1K116-382	328	I 基板配毛板 Flocked sheet, I base plate	1		5	0		5
1K116-383	417	t ラー受けモルト Sponge, mirror bolder	1		4	0		10
11116-384	418	L基板被毛纸 Plocked sheet,L base plate	1		5	0		5
1K116-385	422	接限视野棒 Symptoce mank	1		6	0		5
1K116-396	428	ペンタ保護シート Pentaprise protection sheet	1		6	0		5
1K116-387	432	機能ゴム Eyepiece rubber	1		11	0		5
1K116-389	585	防海カバー Drip-proof cover	1	18990-269	10	ОΔ		10
1K116-391	607	P書キルト Sponge, film cartridge window	1	18999-111	13	ΟΔ		10
1x116-408		初換レバー第り板 Switching lever plate 片面テープ	1		11	0		10
1#116-410	671	Adhesive tape	2	18060-337	1	×	TA-0005	一卷 1 Roll
1¥116-430		ゴム亜 Rubber lid グリップ	2	18990-269	10	04		10
1K116-431	37	クリップ Grip 片面テープ	1		11	0		5
1K116-432	673	パーテーフ 13×6 Adhesive tape	5		8	×	TA-0005	-Æ
	674	Double coated adhesive tape	1		11	0		10
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部品書号 Part No	補助番号 Ckt. No.	名 称 Name	1合分 棚 数 Pcs. Per Unit	都組品書号 Assembly	参照 図番 Fig.	Term of	僧 考 Remarks	要求 单位 Q'ty per order
1K116-440	264	アセテートクロステープ 2 6×14 Acetate cloth tape	1	18999-109	12	×	TA-0006	一卷 1 Rol1
1X116-441	676	両面テープ Bouble coated adhesive tape	1	18999-136 18990-283	10	ΟΔ		10
1¥116-457	678	両面テープ Double coated adhesive tape	1		11	0		10
1K116-458	679	同画テープ Double coated adhesive tape	1		11	0		10
1K116-459	435	押さえ板 Plate	1		6	0		10
1K116-465	423	接腹押さえ板 Plate	1		6	0		10
1K116-476	265	モルト Cushion	1	18999-109	12	04		10
•1K120-019	925	モーター取付ビス Screw, motor fixing	2	18990-261	4	ОД	F-501	10
1X120-061	824	Screw	4		6	0	,	10
•1K120-078	134	枚数計ビス Screw, frame counter	1		3	0	P-501	10
•1K120-102-1	726	Screw	4	18990-266	4	04		10
+1K120-106	724	Screw	3	18990-261	4, 5	04		5
•1K120-195	74	基準軸ビス Screw, top cover	1		3	0	F-501	10
*1K120-206	813	Screw	2		7	0	F-501	10
*1K120-226	734	Screw	1		8	0	F-501	10
1K120-245	722	Screw	2		8	0		10
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品格	*	Parts List	! <u>'</u>	FAA21051-R. 3223. A				
部品書号	補助番号	名 森	1台分 個数 Pcs. Per	部組品番号	多服 西春	販売 区分 Term of	情 考	要求 单位 Q'ty per
Part No	Ckt. No.	Kane	Unit	Assembly	Fig.	Delivery	Remarks	order
1 K120-246	731	Scree	1		1	0		10
1K120-247	732	Screw	3		5. 7	0		10
1¥120-248	741	Screw	2	18990-269	10	ΟΔ		10
1K120-249	926	A P 基板ビス Screw, AF base plate	1		4	0		10
1X120-255	859	Screw	1		5	0		10
+1K123-002	821	Screw	1	18001-716	3	OΔ	-	10
●1¥123-046	729	Screw	4		5	0	V	10
•1K123-104-1	730	Screw	1		5	0		10
+1K123-118	405	AM-200開整用ビス Screw, AM-200 adjustment	3		7	0		10
1K126-063	34	レールビス Screw	1		11	0		10
+1K130 −163	723	Screw	2		5	0		50
+1K130-249	727	screw	3		5	0	F-501	5
+1K130-258	708	Screw	2	18990-270	2	ΟΔ	F-501	10
1K130-318	444	レンズ潜脉ボタン軸 Axle, lens release button	1		4	0		10
1¥130-321	733	Screw	1 ,		5	0		10
1K146-113	543	チューブビス Screw	1	18990-269	9	ОД		10
*1K165-095	174	カウンターワッシャー Masher, frame counter	1		8	0	F-501	5
1K165-122	651	裏査用ワッシャー Camera back washer	2		13	0		10
1 K206-046	221	裏室開閉キー Camera back open/close key	1		11	0		5

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品海		Parts List		FAA21051-R. 3223. A				
部品番号	補助番号	各称	1台分 個 数	部組品番号	参照 図書	歌 売 区 分	僧 考	要求量位
Part No	Ckt. No.	Name	Pcs. Per Unit	Assembly	Fig.	Term of Delivery	Romarks	Q' ty per order
1K206-047	956	AFーM切り換えレバー AF mode switch lever	1		8	0		5
1X208-080	440	レンズ着股ボタン飾り環 Ring, lens release button	1		4	0		5
1K208-081	452	AEロックボタン AE lock button	1		8	0		5
1K208-082	581	Rボタン Film rewind button	1	18990-269	10	ОΔ		5
1K208-083	582	Rロックレバー File rewind lock lever	1	18990-269	10	ОΔ		5
1K208-084	591	ストロポスイッチボタン Flash switch button	2	18990-269	9	ОД		5
1X208-085	592	レリーズボタン Shutter release button	1	18990-269	10	0Δ		5
1K208-089	595	ストロボ操作ボタン Flash setting button	2	18990-269	9	ОД		5
•1K220-041	446	レンズ潜脱ピンパネ Spring, lens release pin	t		4	0	P-501	10
*1K220-166-1 (1K220-166)	64	スプロケットバネ Sprocket spring	1		3	0	F-501	5
-1K22O-2O1-1	445	レンズ着股型パネ Spring, lens release button axle	1		4	0	F-501	5
1K 220 -213	222	Spring	1		11	0		5
1K220-217	406	AM-200両整パネ Spring, AM-200 adjustment	3		7	0		10
1K220-218	584	Rロックパネ Spring, film rewind lock	1	1B990-269	10	0		10
1 K220 -219	590	レリーズボタンパネ Spring, shutter release button	1	18990-269	10	ΟΔ		10
1 K220 -220	593	操作ボタン戻しパネ Reset spring	2	18990-269	9	OΔ		10
1K220-230	262	電池室開閉鍵パネ Spring, battery chamber lid lock	1		12	0		10
*1K225-101-2 (1K225-101)	310	絞りレバーパネ Aperture lever actuating spring	1		5	0	F-501	10

品等	表	Parts List				ľ	FAA21051-R. 32	23. A
部品香号	推動壽号] "	1台分 個数 Pcs. Per	部組品番号	参照	阪 光 区 分 Term of	佐 考	要求
Part No	Ckt. No.		liai t	Assembly	Fig.	Delivery	Remarks	Q' ty per order
1#225-153	304	ミラーアップパネ Mirror-up spring	1		5	0		10
1X225-154		絞りレバー戻しバネ	┼	 -	-			
	306	Aperture lever reset apring	1		5	0		10
11/225-155	376	リセットレバー戻しパネ	2	19000 000			 	
	0.0	Spring, reset lever		18990-266	6	O_		10
1K225-156	392	Sセットレパー戻しパネ	1		5	0		10
	<u> </u>	Spring, shutter set lever			Ľ.			10
1K225-157	465	FM INスイッチパネ Spring, FM IN switch	1		5	0		10
*1K230-156-1		スプールフリクションパネ					<u> </u>	
+1k230-130-1	102	Spool friction spring	1	18999-271	3	04		5
*1K230-197-1	ee	Sチャージパネ						-
	55	Shutter charge spring	1	18990-270	2	04	P-501	5
1K230-212	135	巻き上げ制限SMパネ Spring, film advance limitter switch	1		3	0		10
1K230-213	136	カウンターSHバネ						-
	130	Spring, frame counter switch	1		3	0		10
1 K230 -216	204	フィルムガイド板パネ人	1		2	0		10
		Spring A. film guide plate						10
1K230-217	205	フィルムガイド板パネB	1		2	0		10
19900 010		Spring B, film guide plate						
1 X230 -218	307	ミラー運動パネ Hirror driving spring	1		5	0		10
1K230-220		オーバーチャージバネ	-	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
	375	Over-charge spring	1	18990-266	6	0Δ		10
1 X230-223		コイルパネ						
	564	Coil spring	1	18990-269	9	ΟΔ		10
1 K230-222	410	ミラーダウンパネ	,		_			
		Mirror-down spring	1		5	0		10
1K230-231	133	オウンターパネ	1		3	0		
		Frame counter spring						10
*1X233-049-2 (1X233-049-1)	424	スクリーンパネ	1		6	0		10
		Focusing screen spring						10
•1K233-052	337	サブミラーバネ	1	18990-265	5	۵	F-501	5
		Sub mirror spring		-	_			
1K233-061	427	ペンタ押さえパネ Pentaprism retaining spring	1		6	0		5
								
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JR 218	·	Parts List	1 4 4	2240 U # F			FAA21051-R. 32	
部品香号	補助番号	名称	1台分 個数 Pcs, Per	部組品香号	多無	職 光 区分 Term of	備考	要求 単位 Q'typen
Part No	Ckt. No.	Name	Unit	Assembly	fig.	Delivery	Remarks	order
1K240-468-3	472	パヨネットパネ Bayonet ring spring	1		5	0	F-501	5
1K240-501	142	Rセット板パネ Leaf spring	1	18001-716	3	ОД		10
1¥240-502	145	着き戻しスイッチパネ	1		8	0		5
1K240-505	217	Spring, film rewind switch パトローネ押さえパネ Spring,	1		1	0		5
1K240-506		film cartridge retaininer 電池接点パネ	-					
	258	Battery contact spring	1	18999-109	12	04		10
1K240-510	518	T. FDダイアルビス Screw, shutter and aperture dial	1	18990-269	10	ΟΔ		5
1 K24 0-516	573	シュー連 Accessory shoe base	1	18990-269	9	04		5
1 1240 -517	576	裏押さえ板 Rear retainer plate	1	18990-269	9	ОД		5
1K260-307	62	スプロケット軸 Sprocket shaft	1		3	0		5
1K260-314	194	患き戻しギアD File rewind geer D	1		12	0		5
1K260-319	909	AFカップリングギア AF coupling gear	1	18990-261	4	04		5
1X260-320	910	集4アイドルギア 4th idle gear	1	18001-710	4	ΔΟ		5
1K260-322	918	インタラブタアイドルギア	1	18990-261	4	04		5
1K260-323	920	インタラブタギア Interrupter gear	1	18990-261	4	04		5
1K275-051	59	スプール Spool	1	18990-270	2	00		5
1K275-052	61	スプロケット	1		3	0		5
1K275-053	129	カウンターメモリー板 Frame counter ratchet	1		3	0		5
1K275-058	119	スプールクラッチ Spool clutch	1	18990-271	3	ОД	_	5
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品海	表	Parts List				Γ	FAA21051-R. 32	2 3. A
部品番号	補助書号	名 春	1台分 個数 Pcs. Per		参照	亞 光 区 分 Term of	健 考	要求単位
Part No	Ckt. No.	Kane	Unit	Assembly	Fig.	Delivery	Renarks	Q' ty per order
11/275-059	623	FD-3- File roller	1	18999-111	13	0		5
1,1277-053	911	第3アイドルギア 3rd idle gear	1	18001-710	4	ОД		5
18277-065	47	減速ギア Speed reduction gear	1	18990-270	2	0		5
18277-066	48	減減ギア Speed reduction gear	1	18990-270	2	0		5
18277-067	49	記述47 Speed reduction gear	1	18990-270	2	0		5
1K277-068	50	減速ギア Speed reduction gear	1	18990-270	2	0		5
1K300-076	955	AP、M切り換えモールド AF mode switch mold	1		4	0		5
1E314-291	202	フィルムガイド板 Film guide plate	. 1	18001-718	2	OΔ		5
1K314-292	257	電池接点板 Battery contact plate	1	18999-109	-12	ОД		5
•1K340-124-1	66	スプロケット下軸受け Bearing, sprocket lower shaft	1		3	0	P-501	5
1K360-Q29	261	電流運輸 Battery chamber lid axie	ı	18001-705 18999-109	12	ОД		10
1K371-040	203	フィルムガイド板軸 Film guide plate shaft	1	18001-718	2	0		5
1K371-058	443	レンズ者脱輪 Long release shaft	1		4	0		10
1K371-060	544	ヒンジB Hinge B	1	18990-269	9	ОΔ		10
1K371-062	598	制度ピン Stopper pin	2	18990-269	9	ОД		10
1K371-069	927	AFカップリング軸 AF coupling shaft	1	18990-261	4	ΟΔ		5
1K371-097	164	F検出スイッチピン Film detection switch pin	1	<u></u>	1	0		5
1K404-086	471	バヨネット Bayonet	1		5	0	7	1
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部品香号	補助番号	名称	1 台分	都組品番号	参照	版 光 区分	馆 考	要求
Part No	Ckt. No.	Name	信 放 Pcs. Per Unit	Assembly	Pie.	区分 Term of Delivery	Remarks	Q'ty per order
	CRE. NO.	<i>У</i> ₃−	UNIT	ASSESSITY	rig.	Delivery	RCMST KS	Order
LK406-030	571	Accessory shoe	1	18990-269	9	ОФ		5
LK460-012	431	接腹モールド Eyepiece cap	1		111	0		1
LK470-069		模野枠	 -		-		· .	-
(R410-003	425	Viewfield (rame	1		6	0		5
LK475-373	511	Tダイアル Shutter dial	1	18990-269	10	0		5
LK475-374	515	F#47N Aperture dial	1	18990-269	10	ОΔ		5
1K600-619	152	圧接押さえゴム Rubber, press-contact retaining	1		7	0		5
LK600-620	154	圧接押さえ板 Press-contact retaining plate	1		7	0		5
1K600-621	 	レンズ着脱板	<u> </u>					
	442	Lens release plate	1		4	0		5
1K600-624	594	補強板A Support plate A	1	18990-269	9	Δ۵		5
1K600-625	599	補強板B Support plate B	1	18990-269	9	ОД		5
1 K600 -701-1	165	平 板 Plate	1		8	0		5
1K607-018	201	ガイド板軸受けカラー	1		2	0		5
1K610-916	143	Guide plate bearing collar Rセットスイッチバネ押さえ	1	18001-716	3	ΟΔ	_	1
1K610-917		Spring retainer フレキ裏打ち板			7			1
	151	FPC rear plate	1		*	0		<u> </u>
1K610-921	208	フィルムガイド押さえ板 Retainer plate	1	18001-718	2	ΟΔ		5
1K610-922	212	DX接点ガイド板 DX contact guide plate	1		1	0		5
1K610-923	232	吊り環 (老き上げ側) Neckstrap ring (Film advance side)	1		1	0		5
1K610-926	320	I基板L基板支入板 Supporting plate	1		5	0		1
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都品香号	福助妻子	. 名 森	1台分	部級品番号	無益	贩 光	第 考	要求
Part No	Ckt. No.	Kame	Ma 数 Pcs. Per Unit	Assembly	Pic.	区分 Term of Delivery	D	算 位 G'typ
1K610-934	CAL. NO.	建光板	0611	ASSESSIY	rig.	Delivery	Remarks	order
11010-334	415	Light baffle plate	1		7	0		5
1K610-935	426	ペンタ押さえ板	1		6	0		5
	 	Pentaprism retainer	-		-			
1K610-936	436	SPD押さえ板 SPD retainer	1	<u> </u>	6	0		5
1K610-938	FFA	SB進光棒	1	18990-274				
	560	Shading frame	1	18990-269	9	ΟΔ		5
1K610-939	583	Rロック板	1	18990-261	10	ОД		5
		Lock plate		1				
11610-954	255	電池接点板B Battery contact plate 8	1	18999-109	12	04		5
1K625-066	231	吊り環 (地名更し個) Neckstrap ring (Film rewind side)	1		1	0		5
1K625-067	237	DB接点目標しモールド Data back contact cover	1		1	0		5
•1K640-636	923	カップリングカラー Coupling collor	1	18990-261	4	ΟΔ	F-501	5
1K640-722	60	スプール上座	1		2	0	;	5
		Spool upper cover	ļ -					
1K670-080	22	エプロン Apron	1		8	0		1
1K670-083	421	プリズムBOX	ı		6	0		1
	421	Pentaprism box	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				<u> </u>
1K670-084	520	ダイアルカバー Dial cover	1	18990-269	10	04		i
(FAA21151) 1K670-095	520	ダイアルカパー	1	18990-279	10	ΟΔ	For U.S.A. and CANADA	5
		Dial cover			ļ			
1X680-716	218	フィルムガイド押さえ板 Film guide retainer plate	1		1	0		5
1X680-717	-	薬薬薬 カバー	 		1			—
	220	Camera back key cover	1		11	0		1
1K680-725	558	プロテクター	1	18990-274	9	ОД		5
	ļ	Protector	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			<u> </u>
1K680-727	588	枚数計事 Frame counter window	1	18990-269	10	ΟΔ		5
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品等	表 1	Parts List		FAA21051-R. 3223. A						
都品書号 Part No	福助番号 Ckt. No.	名 称	1合分 個 数 Pcs. Per Unit	部組品番号 Assembly	参照図書	度 完 区 分 Term of Delivery		要求 单位 Q'ty per order		
1K680-730	626	給送シグナル Film advance indicator	1	18999-111	13	0	ROLL IS	5		
1K680-731	38	レリーズカバー Shutter release button cover	1		11	0		5		
1K680-736	389	Mgカバー Ng cover	1	18990-266	6	ОД		5		
11680-760	542	ストロボ下ケース Lower flash cover	1	18990-269	9	ОД		1		
1K680-761	36	保護カバー板 Protector plate	1		11	0		1		
1 K999-020	556	リフレクター Reflector	1	18060-340 18990-274	9	ОΔ		5		
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品等	表 !		FAA21051-R. 3223. A					
郭岳基号	補助番号	名 称	1台分 個数 Pcs. Per	部組品番号	参照	阪 充 区 分 Term of	備考	要求 单位 Q'ty per
Part No	Ckt, No.	Kane	Unit	Assembly	Fig.	Delivery	Remarks	order
18005-016	1004	キットシュー基板 Hot shoe plate	1		9	ОД		5
18050-009	1021	DC-DCコンバータ DC-DC converter	1		8	0		5
18162-001	1036	EEP ROM (CXX1005H)	1	18990-276	7	ОД		5
15205-032	1031	CPU (HD637805Z)	1	18990-276	7	04		5
1\$205-033	1034	I/F IC 0984436)	1	18990-276	7	ОΔ		5
1\$237-050	1032	H AMP 01510630	1	18990-276	7	ОД		5
1\$237-051	1033	MO IC (151066FP)	1	18990-276	7	ОД		5
1\$250-012	1026	S AMP SPD	1		7	0		5
15260-032	1023	LEDTレイ LED array	1		7	0	·	5
15260-033	1024	セルフLED Self-timer LED	1	18990-276	7	ОД		5
18345-035	1112	メインコンデンサ 330V 240μF Main condenser	1		1	0		5
15430-018	589	ダブルスイッチ Double switch	1	18990-276	7	ОД		5
18700-186	586	セルフプリント板 Self-timer printed board	1	18990-269	10	ОД		5
1\$758-010	453	AE lock switch	1		8	0		5
15758-011	509	セルフポタンゴム Self-timer button rubber	1	18990-269	10	ОД		5
15760-005	355	호기하면에 g Aperture control magnet	1	18990-266	6	04		5
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品箱	表	Parts L	i s t						FAA21051-R. 3223. A		
部品香号	補助番号	8	称		1台分 個数	部組品番号	が を を を を を を	聚 尭	(6) 考	要位 製	
Pert No	Ckt. No.		Name		Pcs. Per Unit	Assembly	Fig.	Term of Delivery	Remarks	Q' ty per order	
15810-891	1121	Lead wire (R	led)	1=133	1			×	W-0120RE		
15810-892	1122	Lead wire (Y	(ellow)	1=130	1	18990-273		Δ	W-0120YE		
15810-893	1129	Lead wire (8	ilue)	1-135	1	18990-278		Δ	W-005688		
15810-895	1136	Lead wire (Y	(ellow)	1-85	1			×	W-0056YB		
15810-896	1137	Lead wire (P	urple)	1-85	1			×	W-0056PU		
18810-897	1138	Load wire (F	red)	1-30	1	18990-266		Δ	W-0056RE		
1\$810-898	1139	Lead wire (llue)	1-35	3	18990-266		Δ	W-005688		
15810-899	1140	Lead wire (E	Brown)	1-40	1	18990-266		Δ	H-0056BN		
15810-900	1141	Lead wire (E	Brown)	1-80	1	18990-260		Δ	W-00568N		
1\$810-903	1145	Lead wire (C	(range	1=50	1	18990-281		۵	W-00560R		
15810-904	1146	Lead wire (Blue)	1-50	1	18990-281		Δ	W-005688		
18810-905	1147	Lead wire (Brown)	1-50	1	18990-281		Δ	W-00568N		
18810-906	1148	Lead wire (Drange)	1=35	1	18060-333		Δ	W-00560R		
1\$810-907	1150	Lead wire (Red)	1-75	1	18990-278		Δ	W-0056RE		
18810-908	1151	Lead wire (I	Black)	1=70	1	18990-278		Δ	W-00568K		
18810-909	1153	Lead wire (White)	1=180	1	18990-278		Δ	H-0056WE		
15810-910	1154	Lead wire (Green)	i=190	1	18990-278		Δ	W-0056GN		
15810-911	1155	Lead wire (Yellow)	1-80	1	18990-278		Δ	W-0056YE		

品 海	表	Parts List				FAA21051-R. 3223. A					
部品番号	被助委号	名等		l台分 個数 Pcs. Per	都級品番号	参照 四番	阪 売 区 分 Term of	僧 考	要求 単位 Q'ty per		
Part No	Ckt. No.	Name		Uni t	Assembly	Fig.	Delivery	Romarks	order		
15810-912	1156	Lead wire (Gray)	1-105	1	18990-278		Δ	W-0056GY			
15810-913	1157	F検知コード (Black) Lead wire	1-20	1	18990-282		۵	N-00568K			
15810-914	1158	P検知コード (Green) Lead wire	1=60	3	18990-282		Δ	H-0056GN			
15810-916	1160	Land wire (Blue)	1-60	1	18060-337		Δ	M-0056BE			
15810-917	1161	Lead wire (Purple)	1=60	1	18060-337		۵	H-0056PU			
15810-918	1162	Lead wire (Gray)	1=60	1	18060-337		Δ	W-0056GY			
15810-919	1163	Leed wire (Orange)	1-60	2	18060-337		Δ	W-00560R			
15810-920	1164	Lead wire (Black)	1=60	3	18060-337		Δ	H-00568K			
15810-922	1166	Lead wire (Yellow)	1-60	1	18990-269		Δ	N-0056YE			
15810-925	1169	Lead wire (Brown)	1-90	1	18990-269		Δ	H-0056BN			
15810-926	1170	Lead wire (Yellow)	1-90	1	18990-269		Δ	M-0056YE			
15810-927	1171	Lead wire (Gray)	1-85	1	18990-269		Δ	H-0056GY			
15810-929	1173	Lead wire (Purple)	1=55	1	18060-338 18990-269		Δ	H-0056PU			
18810-930	1181	Lead wire (Black)	1-35	1	18990-267		Δ	H-00568K			
15810-931	1182	Lead wire (Green)	1=40	1	18990-257		Δ	W-0056GN			
1\$810-932	1183	Lead wire (Yellow)	1-40	1	18990-267		Δ	W-0056YE			
15810-933	1184	Load wire (Orange)	1-40	2	18990-267		Δ	N-00560R			
15810-934	1185	Lead wire (Red)	1 - 55	1	18990-267		Δ	H-0056RB			

品箱	表	Parts List				ſ	FAA21051-R. 32	2 3. A
部品香号	補助番号		1台分 個数 Pcs. Per	部組品番号	参照	吸 先 区 分 Term of	(要求 単位 Q'ty per
Part No	Ckt. No.	Name	Uait	Assembly	Pig.	Delivery	Remarka	order
15810-948	1174	Lead wire (Orange) I=25	1	18990-283		Δ	H-00560R	
15810-950	1176	Lead wire (Green) 1-25	1	18999-108		Δ	W-0056GN	
15810-951	1117	Leed wire (Purple) 1-32	1	18999-108		Δ	N-0056PU	
18999-005	559	X e 管 Xe tube	1	18060-340 18990-274	9	۵۵		5
15999-006	1201	トリガーコイル Trigger coil	1	18990-274	9	ΟΔ		5
A1-14014FB	812	Screw	2	18990-271	7	0		50
A1-14030FB	838	Screw	2	18990-266	6	ОД		50
AL-14025FA	839	Screw	1	18990-266	6	ОД		50
A1-17018FB	825	Screw	4		5	0		50
A1-17020FS	830	Screw	4		8, 12	0		50
A1-17022FB	851	Screw .	3		6	0		50
A1-17025FB	845	Screw	1		4	0		50
A1-17035FB	823	Screw	1		4	0		50

品轴	表	Parts List				[i	FAA21051-R. 32	2 3. A
部品書号	被助委号	名春	1台分 個数 Pca, Per	部組品書号	李服 図書	联 完 区 分 Term of	信 考	要求 单位 G'ty per
Part No	Ckt. No.	Name	Unit	Assembly	Fig.	Delivery	Remarks	order
A1-17050PS	865	Screw	2		11	0		50
A1-20020FD	832	Screw	1	1	8	0		50
A1-20035FB	817	Screw	2		12	0		50
A1-20050FD	806	Screw	1		1	0		50
A2-17020FB	808	Screw	1		5	0		50
B1-14030FD	833	Screw	2		4	0		50
B1-14018FA	820	Screw	6		8	0		50
81-17028FA	इ त	Screw	4	18990-269	9	04		50
81-17030FB	831	Screw	1		4	0		50
G1-14020FA	868	Screw	2	18990-269	10	ОД		50
G1-14035FB	811	Screw	1		1	0		50
G1-17025FD	804	Screw	2		1	0		50
G1-17028FA	802	Screw	1		1	0		50
G1-17028FD	826	Screw	1		1	0		50
G1-17030FS	863	Scree	5		9	0		50
G1-17035FA	818	Screu	3		3, 10	0	,	50
G1-17035FD	835	Screw	3		1, 3	0		50
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品神	表	Parts List				[i	FAA21051-R. 321	2 3. A
部品番号	補助番号	名 称	1台分 個数 Pcs. Per	都組品番号	参照	販売 区分 Term of	() 考	要求 单位 Q'ty per
Part No	Ckt. No.	Hane	Unit	Assembly	Fig.	Delivery	Remarks	order
G1-17035FS	829	Screw	3		11 12	0		50
G1-17045FA	840	Screw	1		11	0		50
G1-17050FS	803	Screw	3		11	0		50
G1-17055FS	801	Screw	2		11	0		50
G1-20035FD	815	Screw	2		1	0		50
GI-20040FD	816	Screw	3		12	0		50
G2-14025FB	836	Screw	1		7	0		50
G2-17035FS	828	Screw	1		12	0		50
G2-17080PS	827	Screw	1		12	0		50
H1-14045FB	866	Screw	1		8	0		50
HI-17 022 FB	837	Screw	1		8	0		50
H1-17035FD	809	Scree	7		1. 2 8	0		50
H1-17040FD	807	Screw	6		3	0		50
H1-20050FD	810	Screw	4		1	0		50
H2-17035FA	819	Screw	1		3	0		50
K1-14020FB	942	Screw	1		4	0		50
S1-00800SX	752	E-ring	1	18990-261	4	ОД		50
\$1-01200\$X	751	E-ring	6	18001-710 18990-261 18060-336 18990-270	2. 4			50
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	品等	Parts List			[i	AA21051-R. 3223. A			
	部品香号 Part No	補助番号	名称	1台分 個数 Pcs. Per		ł	販売区分 Term of Delivery	4 *	要求单位 企ty per order
	1G118-006	Ckt. No.	Name	Uait 1	Assembly	Fig.	Delivery	Remarks	order 5
	1G158-003	GS	Hetering lens 接版レンズ Byspiece lens	1		6	0		5
	16415-009-1	64	ペンタプリズム Pentaprise	1		6	0		1
	16550-020	62	サブミラー Sub-mirror	1	18990-265	5	0Д	F-501	5
	16571-002	GI	主もラー Maia mirror	1	18990-265	5	04		5
	16950-051	G3	フレネル Viewfinder acreem	1		6	0		5
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音 相	品本	E Assembly List			F	AA21051-R. 322	3. A
部組品番号	補助番号	名 称	1台分 簡数 Pca, Per	大部城品香号	参照	備考	要求 単位 Q'ty per
Assembly No.	Ckt. No.	Kame	Uni t	Maia assembly No.	Fig.	Remarks	order
18001-705	9251	電池畫 Battery chamber lid	1	18999-109	12		5
18001-708	B301	I 基板 Base plate I	1		5		1
18001-709	8913	フリクションギア Friction gear	1	18990-261	4		5
18001-710	B902	AF電動補助基板 AF driving assist base plate	1	18990-261	-		1
18001-711	B944	AFシーソーレパー基板 AF seesaw lever base plate	1		4		5
18001-712	8461	f min, SW	1		5		5
18001-716	B121	上地基板 Film advance unit	1		3		1
18001-717	8195	地き更しギア軸 Film rewind goar shaft	1		3		5
18001-728	8199	巻き戻しフォークベース Film rewind fork base	1		3		5
18060-332	B924	AF = -9 - AF motor unit	1	18990-261	4		5
18060-333	B503	AFーM切り換えスイッチ AF mode switch	1		4		5
18060-336	B 32	モーター Motor unit	1		2		5
18060-337	8211	D X 接点 DX contact	1		1		5
18060-338	B521	X接点部 X contact	1	18990-269	10		5
18060-339	B550	UPスイッチ UP switch	1	18990-269	10		5
18060-340	B556	SB発光部 Flash head	1	18990-269	9		1
18240-034-2	B319	モーター運転停止スイッチ Reverse rotation prevention switch	1		5	F-501	5
18260-061	B 71	基準軸円臺 Reference shaft disk	1	18990-270	2		5

至	混 多	E Assembly List	<u> </u>		Ī	AA21051-R. 322	3. A
部組品書号	福助香号	名 粋	1合分 值数 Pca. Per	大都組品番号	開作	维 考	要求 単位 Q'ty per
Assembly No.	Ckt. No.	Kane	Unit	Hain assembly No.	Fis.	Remarks	order
18275-007	8512	Tプラシ環 Shutter brush ring	1	18990-269	10		5
18275-008	B516	アプラシ環 Aperture brush ring	1	18990-269	10		5
18314-151	B 52	シャッターチャージンパー Shutter charge lever	1		2		5
18610-056	8413	ミラー他現芸板 Hirror axis adjustment plate	1		5		5
19680-051	B572	シューモールド Accessory shoe mold	1	18990-269			5
18990-017	B 72	基準46円重 Beference shaft disk	1		3		5
1B990-256	1 26	数ボディ Front body	ì		4. 5		1
18990-ක7	8341	LME Same plate L	i		5		1
18990-258	8420	t ラーボックス底板 Hirror box bottom plate	ì	-	7		5
18990-260	B463	f min. プリント板 f min. printed board	1		5		5
19990-261	B901	AFEMAN AF driving base plate	1		4		1
18990-265	B2331	キラー組品 Hirror unit	1		5		1
18990-266	12340	校り知識 Aparture control unit	1		6		1
18990-267	B2474	A P被点 2 AF contact 2	1		4		5
18990-269	8 23	上オパーストロポユニット Top cover flash unit	1		9.10		1
11990-270	11	M油油基框 Noter retation reducing unit	1		2		1
(FAA21151) 18990-279	B 23	上京パーストロポユニット Top cover flash unit	1		9.10	FOR U.S.A. and CANADA	1
18990-271	8 81	下地基板 Film advance mechanism unit	1		3		1
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		E Assembly Lis				FAA21051-R. 32	2 3. A
都越品香号	補助善号		1合分 個数 Pca. Per		参照	俊 考	要求 单位 Q'ty per
Assembly No.	Ckt. No.	Nane	Unit	Main assembly No.	Fig.	Romanica	order
18990-272	B176	地合灰し基板 Film rewind base plate	1		12		1
18990-273	B256	電池接点 Battery contact	1		1		5
18990-274	8541	ストロボ下ケース Flash unit	1	18990-269	9		1
18990-276	B2001	メインFPC Main FPC	1		7		1
18990-277	B2401	AF-FPC (AM-200)	1		7		1
18990-278	B 31	シャッター Shutter unit	1		1		1
18990-280	B101	スプールギア Spool gear	1	18990-271	3		5
18990-281	B922	フォトインタラプタ板パネ Photo interrupter leaf spring	1	18990-261	4		5
18990-282	B161	F検出スイッテ部 Film detection switch unit	1		1		1
18999-108	B1113	ストロボ基板 Flash base plate	1		1		1
18999-109	B1024	変カパー Bottom cover	1		12		1
18999-111	B1601	裏 董 Camera back	1		13		1
18999-113	81603	圧 板 Pressure plate	1		13		5
18999-114	81202	フィルムガイド Film guide	1		2		1
18999-136	8123	上カパー Top cover	1	18990-269	9, 10		1
(FAA21151) 18999-141	8123	上カバー Top cover	i	18990-279	9.10	Por U.S.A. and Canada.	1
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		Parta List					AA21251-R. 32	23. A
部品香号	補助番号	名 称	1台分 個数 Pcs. Per	部組品番号	無 整 器	職 光区分	()	要求 単位 Q'ty pe
Part No	Ckt. No.	Name	Unit	Assembly	Pie.	Term of Delivery	Remarks	Q'ty pe order
1K010-124	2643	DB止めビス	4		14	0		
	1040	Screw			14			10
1K116-436	2659	液温率モルト	1		1,	^		
	2003	Sponge, LCD-window			14	0		10
1 X220-23 5	2645	接点パネ	2		14			
	2043	Contact apring	2	14	0		10	
1K371-096	2644	接点ピン	2		14			1.0
	2044	Contact pin			14	0		10
1K625-069	2237	DB間離し板	1		,	0		
	2231	Plate			1			10
1K680-786	2646	接点查	1		Ī.,			
		Contact cover	1		14	0		5
							; ;	
15705-083	2000	DB-FPC (#F4(M)						
	3003	(Body side)	1		1	0		1
18758-015	20.47	導電ゴムスイッチ						
	2647	Rubber switch	1		14	0		1

部組品表 Assembly List

部組品書号 Assembly No.	補助番号 Ckt. No.	名 称 Kase	し台分 個 数 Pcs. Per Unit	大部組品番号 Main assembly No.	参照 図書	(第一考 Semarks	要求 单位 Q'ty per order
18001-738	B2603	DB用圧板 Pressure plate(Data back)	1	.am assessiy iv.	14	ACTUBLE AND	5
18060-342	2641	モジュール Module	i		14		1
18060-347	82642	モジュール支持基板	1		14		ı
18990-283	B 23	上カバーストロポユニット Top cover flash unit	1		14		1
18999-110	83024	DB用底カバー Bottom cover(Data back)	1		14		1
18999-112	83601	DB用基室 Camera back(Data back)	1		14		1
18999-142	B123	上カバー Top cover	1	18990-283	14		1

[·] その他の部品はF-401AF(FAA21051)と共通。

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Other parts are common to F-401AF (FAA21051).

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Product Name: F-401/N4004

Ref. No. E401-870055

Repair manual (2006)

Octobertois87 Date:

TROUBLES IN F-401/N4004

* TR Information list:

(I) Mirror comes down too early or a part of photo becomes comes under-exposed when the photos are taken taken the slow shuttshut and speed.

Cause: Bad-shaped overrun stopper lever

Repaira

Replace overrun stopper lever in the following order:

1. Remove top cover.

22 Take up FPC (only at the film advance side).

3. Remove film advance unit (1B001-716).

4. Remove coiled spring which is hooking on the post.

5. Unhook the spring fixed on the post from the overrun stopper lever.

5. Hold the post with tweezers (hold where the spring is fixed) and lift it straight up to pull it out as shown in the figure below.

Note: Hold the upper plate of film advance mechanism unit (1B990-271) with your finger in order that it should not come off.

7. Replace overrun stopper lever.

8. Press-fit the post.

9. Hook the spring on the overrun stopper lever.

10. Hook the coiled spring on the post.

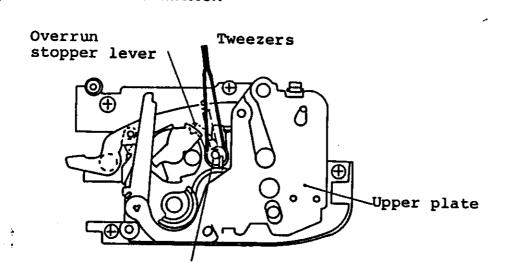
11. Mount film advance unit, FPC and top cover.

Bad shape shape

Overrun stopper 1 (1K314-286

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SERVICE DEPARTMENT PHOTO PRODUCTS DIVISION



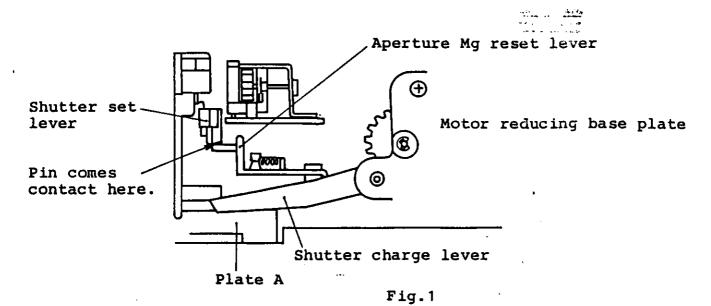
Modified part: 1K314-286-2

Please order this part from Parts Control Section.

(II) Shutter curtain fails to open.

Post

Cause: Charging stroke of shutter becomes insufficient due to the bad-shaped shutter charge lever, and the pin of the aperture magnet reset lever sticks to shutter set lever. As a result, shutter set lever becomes unmoved and shutter curtain fails to run.



NIPPON KOGAKU K.K.

Fuji Bldg, 2-3, 3-chome, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100 Japan Tel. (03) 214-5311. Telex: 02222950 (NIKON J) & J22601 (NIKON)

Inspection before repair

1. Remove bottom cover and connect power supply.

2. Set shutter speed dial to B.

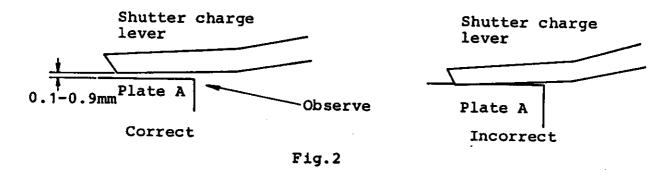
3. Turn off the power while depressing the shutter release button.

4. Observe the space between the top of shutter charge lever and plate A through the film rewind base plate. (Refer to Fig.2)

5. If there is no space, remove film rewind base plate and bend the shutter charge lever so that the space will become 0.5-0.9mm. (Refer to "Repair" section.)

6. Adjust flange focal distance when mounting film rewind base

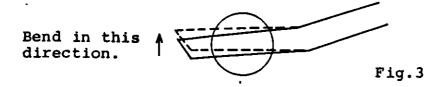
plate.



Note that the space between shutter charge lever and plate A cannot be seen from above if film rewind base plate is installed. In this case, observe it from battery chamber obliquely.

Repair:

Bend the shutter charge lever so that the space between the top of the lever and plate A will become 0.5-0.9mm.



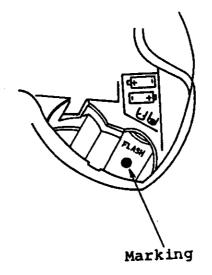
Camera to be inspected:

Serial number 2162901 or below (For F-401, N4004) 5034701 or below (For F-401QD)

In case you have replaced the overrun stopper lever or made sure of the space between shutter charge lever and plate A, open battery chamber lid and make the marking on main condenser with white paint as shown in the following figure.

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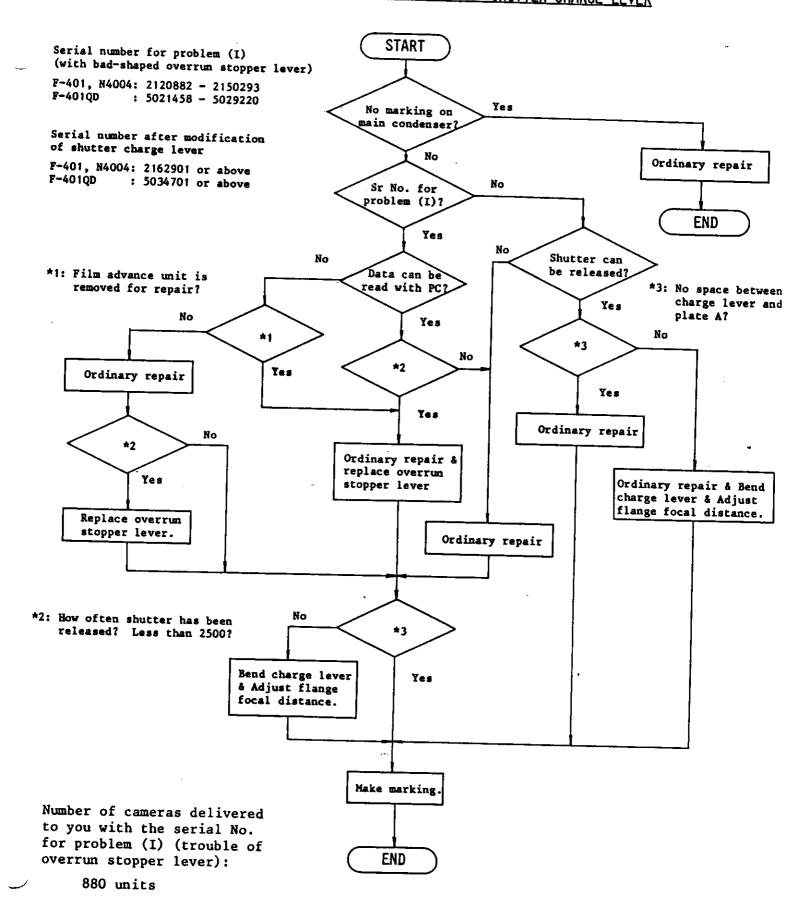
Fuji Bldg., 2-3, 3-chome, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100 Japan Tel. (03) 214-5311. Telex: 02222950 (NIKON J) & J22601 (NIKON)



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HOW TO INSPECT BAD-SHAPED OVERRUN STOPPER LEVER AND SHUTTER CHARGE LEVER



MIKON

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Product Name:

Nikon F-401/N4004

Ref. No.

F401-870020

Repair manual:

Date:

June 1987 v

SOFTWARE SPECIFICATIONS FOR F-401/N4004 AND EEPROM VALUE

Subject:

RP information list:

Background

Currently four different program versions (V.1.0H, V.1.1H, V.1.3H, and V.1.4H) are available for the F-401/N4004. Specifications are different depending on the version numbers.

(Note: V.1.2H is lacking. This version number can be seen via the personal computer.)

Software specifications for F-401/N4004 by version number

Problems occurred requiring measurements	Version	After measurements were taken
FLASH		
1. When a film (faster than ISO 400) is used in the A or M mode with an external flash, the ISO warning indicator LED blinks. (Always occurs).	1.1	ISO warning indicator does not blink.
2. When used in the DLS and shutter-priority exposure modes (or program mode), the + LED indicator lights up and the aperture becomes maximum. (Always occurs.)	1.1	Aperture stops down to the minimum value.
3. Sometimes the TTL flash output results in underexposure at all ISO values (e.g., 0.5-0.7EV for built-in flash, IEV for external flash). (Occurs once every thirty or forty of times.)	1.1	Proper TTL flash output.

1

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SERVICE DEPARTMENT PHOTO PRODUCTS DIVISION

Fuji Bidg., 2-3, Marunouchi 3-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100, Japan Tel: (03) 214-5311 Telex: 02222950 (NIKON J) & J22601 (NIKON)

4. When a film (faster than ISO 400) is used in the TTL flash output mode with an external flash (except at ISO 400), the flash fires but at a reduced output. (Always occurs.)	1.1	Flash output is normal.
5. When the built-in flash pops up, the following phenomenon may occur although the power supply voltage is lower than 4.5V:	1.3	
 Focus and exposure indicators light up. Lens servo operation works. 		Indicators go out. Servo operation stops.
 Shutter pre-release switch does not open and power is not turned off (shutter release is locked). 		Power is not turned on.
INDICATORS		
1. Underexposure warning indicator blinks (+ and - LED indicators blinks simultane- ously) when the power supply voltage is around 4.5V. (Seldom occurs.)	1.1	+ and - LED indicators blink alternately.
2. When using a film (faster than ISO 1600) in the P mode at over EV20, the + LED exposure indicator goes out but the shutter release is locked. (Always occurs.)	1.3	+ LED indicator lights up.
3. When performing autofocus operation while holding down the shutter release button, the shutter is released immediately after the image is focused correctly and the green LED does not light up. (Sometimes occurs.)	1.3	Green LED lights up.
SEQUENCE CONTROL		
1. Film rewinding becomes impossible	1.1	Film rewind is

2

possible.

when the shutter speed dial is set to the L

position. (Always occurs.)

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 Accuracy of both aperture and shutter controls is insufficient when the shutter is released right after making blank shots. (Sometimes occurs). 	1.3	Normal control is carried out.
 The data back cannot be mounted properly, since no data back signal is transmitted. (Always occurs.) (No camera body with data back is available for V.10 an V.1.1.) 	1.3	Normal data back signal is transmitted.
 Self-timer cannot be cancelled easily while the picture blur warning indicator blinks. 	1.4	Cancelled normally.
AUTOFOCUS 1. The lens does not move forward when the subject is of low contrast and the AF indicator does not light up. (Sometimes occurs.)	1.1	The lens does not move, but the AF indicator lights up.
 If there is a bright object outside the focus brackets, the lens hunts focus. (Sometimes occurs.) 	1.1	No hunting occurs.
 When using the Micro 55mm f/2.8 lens, the lens does not move if the subject is too close. (Sometimes occurs.) 	1.3	The lens moves.
4. When focusing on a subject of low contrast like white paper, the lens stops while focusing. (Sometimes occurs.)	1.3	The lens does not stop.
5. The shutter is released before reaching the correct focusing position when holding down the shutter button during focusing. (Sometimes occurs.)	1.4	The shutter is not released.

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Product Name:

Nikon F-401/N4004

Ref. No.

F401-870028

Repair manual:

Date:

July 1987

Subject:

SHUTTER RELEASE OPERATION BECOMES IMPOSSIBLE

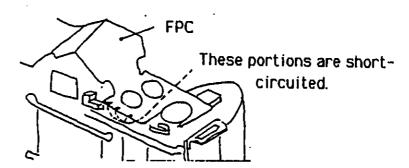
RP information list:

First Situation

When the frame counter reaches "1", shutter release becomes impossible, although the camera made blank shots. The shutter release power switch is held for eight seconds. The LED flash ready-light indicator lights up. The - LED exposure indicator lights up or blinks. During the inspection mode, all A/D values become 255 (decimal number). Depending on the particular camera, this problem occurs either all the time, intermittently, or only when the top cover is pushed down. It may not occur if the screw located at the right-hand side of the viewfinder is removed.

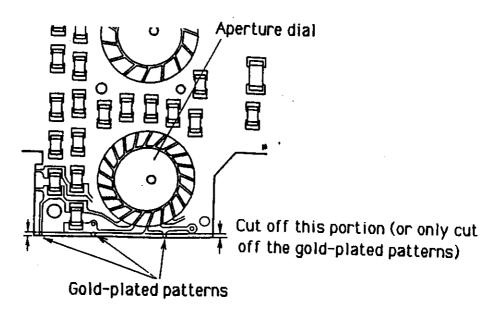
The Cause

Certain gold-plated circuit patterns on the FPC come into contact with the top cover.



For customer service

When receiving cameras for repair with serial numbers below 2044568 (for the F-401/N4004) or below 5007881 (for the F-401 Quartz Date), cut off the edge of the FPC pattern so that the end of the pattern is shorter than the reinforcement plate on the rear of the FPC.



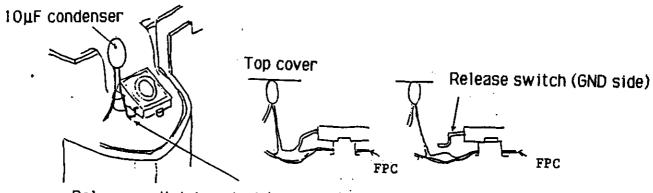
This modification was already made at the factory to approximately 12,000 bodies among the first 52,000 units produced.

Second Situation

Both blank shots and shutter release are impossible. Power does not flow into the body when the shutter release button is depressed halfway. However, a current of 100-300mA may flow when the shutter release button is depressed fully.

The Cause

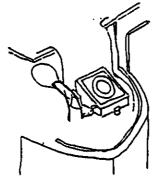
The soldered portion between the release switch terminal and the FPC becomes disconnected, because the temporarily mounted condenser ($10\mu F$) near the release switch is pressed down by the top cover. Some bodies have an insufficiently soldered portion because these two parts are soldered in one land.



Release switch terminal (GND side)

For customer service

When receiving cameras for repair with the same serial numbers as those mentioned in the first situation, remount the top cover after bending the pins of the condenser ($10\mu F$) as shown in the figure below. Make sure when remounting the top cover that it does not come into contact with the top end of the condenser by looking in through the hole in the top cover. Also make sure that the release switch terminal (GND side) is not detached from the circuit patterns.



After bending the pins of the condenser, mount it on the left side of the FPC.

In approximately 32,000 cameras among the first 52,000 units produced, a condenser with short pins was mounted. Therefore, it is recommended to check and take measures for every camera received for repair, because it is difficult to tell if the pins of the condenser are short.

Product Name: Nikon F-401/N4004

Ref. No. F401-870031

Repair manual:

Date: July 1987

Subject:	DIAPHRAGM DOES NOT STOP DOWN					

RP Information list:

Background

It has been found that the diaphragm does not stop down. This is due to the CPU which instructs the decoder (M51066) to generate an error signal when the power voltage (Vcc) is low while depressing the shutter pre-release button halfway or when the shutter pre-release timer is off. This trouble is likely to occur when cameras are used under high temperatures. The reset voltage of the M51066 is readily affected by temperature and is released at low voltage when the temperature is high.

For customer service

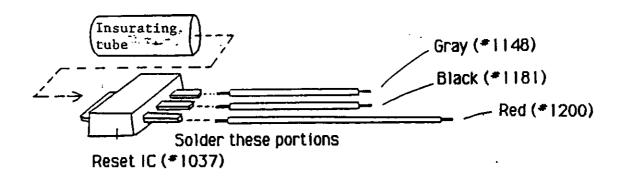
When receiving cameras for repair, perform the following repairs:

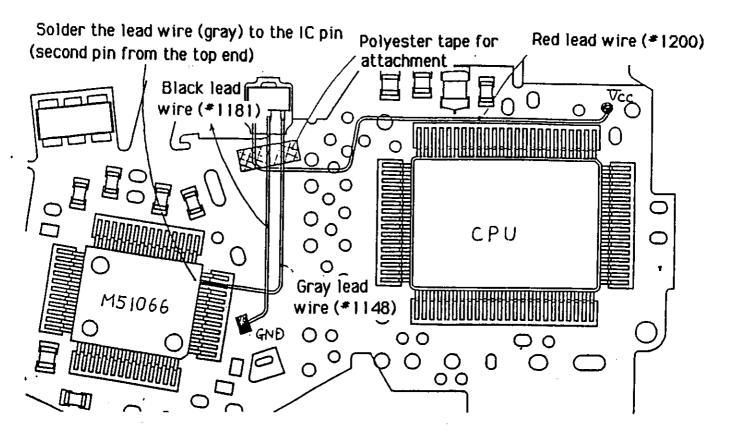
Connect the reset IC (M51943AML commonly used in the F-301 and F-501 cameras) to pin 24 of the reset terminal of the M51066 (see the figures below).

Added parts:

Reset IC	# 1037	1S226-009	M51943AML
Lead wires	#1181	15810-930	L= 35 (Black)
	* 1148	15810-906	L= 35 (Gray)
	# 1200	15810-990	L= 45 (Red)
Insulation tube	* 1119	15720-143	ø4, L=10
Polyester tape		IK116-431	6 x 13







Product Name: Nikon F-401/N4004

F401-870032

Repair manual:

Date: July 1987

Subject;

SHUTTER PRE-RELEASE SWITCH DOES NOT OPEN

RP information list:

Background

It has been found that the shutter pre-release switch does not open. As mentioned in Technical Information (No. F401-870031), this is due to the CPU which generates an error data code (ON code) repeatedly to the decoder IC (M51066) to turn off the DC/DC converter control terminals when the power voltage is low while depressing the shutter pre-release button halfway or when the shutter pre-release timer is off. Then the DC/DC converter is activated by an error signal and the decoder IC (M51066) does not send a reset signal to the CPU. The shutter prerelease timer does not operate. This state continues until batteries are removed.

For customer service

When receiving cameras for repair, perform the following repairs:

- (1) Insert a condenser (0.01 µF) between pin 5 of decoder IC (M51066) and pin 3 of the CPU (see figures below).
- (2) As mentioned in the Technical Information (No. F401-870031). connect the reset IC (M51943AML) to pin 24 of the reset terminal of M51066 (see figures below).

Added parts

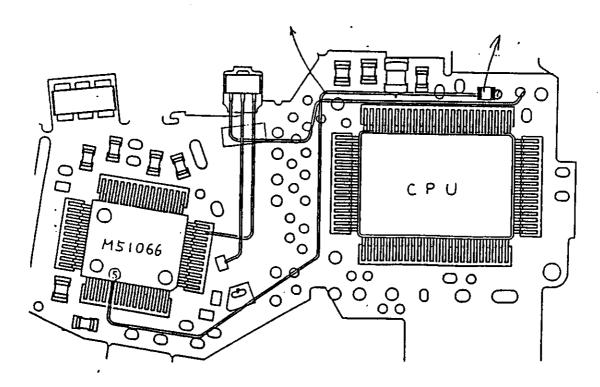
(1)	0.01μF	# 1073	15335-091	
	Lead wire	#1137	15810-896	L=85 (gray)
(2)	Reset IC	#1037	15226-009	MS1943AML
	Lead wire	#1181	15810-930	L=35 (Black)
		#1148	15810-906	L=35 (Gray)
		# 1200	15810-990	L=45 (Red)
	insulation tube	#1119	15720-143	L=10 (Black) ø4
	Polyester tape		1K116-431	6 x 13



As for item (1), proceed as described in the following instructions:

Lead wire (*1137)
Solder the lead wire to pin 5 of the decoder IC (M51066) and to one end of the electrode of a 0.01µF condenser.

Condenser (0.01 μ F, #1073) Solder one end of the electrode of the condenser to pin 3 of the CPU check land.



As for item (2), refer to the Technical Information (No. F401-870031).

Product Name: Nikon F-401, F-401 Quartz Date/N4004

Ref. No. F401-870033

Repair manual:

Date: July 1987

Subject:

TTL FLASH OUTPUT WARNING INDICATOR DOES NOT BLINK

RP information list:

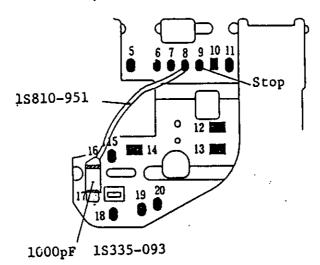
Background

The full flash output warning indicator does not blink because the circuit decides that it receives a stop signal when trigger noise enters the TTL-STOP signal line. But the TTL mode works normally.

Repair procedure

Insert a condenser (1000pF) between the stop line of the built-in flash and the GND (see figure below).

Solder one of the electrodes of a 1000pF condenser to the GND pattern of the main FPC (#1001), and solder the lead wire and the other electrode of the condenser to the FPC stop land.





Necessary parts

Ceramic condenser (1000pF) 15335-093 x 1 Lead wire (Ø0.58 L=32 mm, purple) 15810-951 x 1

This repair should be made for cameras with serial numbers below 2041031 (for the F-401/N4004) and 5007481 (for the F-401 Quartz Date)

For customer service

When receiving cameras for repair, perform the above repairs.

Product Name: Nikon F-401/N4004

F401-870034

Repair manual:

Date: July 1987

Subject:

REVERSELY SOLDERED LEAD WIRES

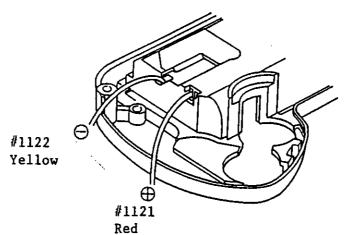
RP information list:

Background

Since a faulty power inspection tool was used at the stage of camera shipment inspection, cameras with reversely soldered power lead wires (#1121, #1122) were delivered. These cameras does not operate at all whether or not batteries are installed properly.

For customer service

When receiving cameras for repair, solder two lead wires (#1121, #1122) correctly.



This is soldered correctly.

A continuity test has been made at the stage of shipment inspection for cameras with serial numbers above 2058228 and 5009981 (with Data Back).



TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Product Name:

Repair manual:

Nikon F-401/N4004

Ref. No.

F401-870035

Date:

July 1987

BUILT-IN FLASH FIRES WHEN SHUTTER PRE-RELEASE SWITCH OPENS

Subject:

BP information list:

Background

It was found that the built-in flash fires when raised, if the main condenser is fully charged and the shutter pre-release timer is turned off. This trouble is attributable to a defective decoder IC (M51066). Nikon plans to replace the decoder IC (M51066) with a revised one as a permanent remedy. Before this takes place, Nikon has added a diode as a temporary measure. However, approximately 13,000 units were delivered without performing this temporary measure.

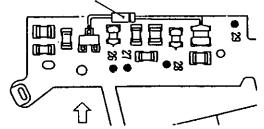
Specifically, Nikon did not add a diode to cameras with serial numbers below 2020741 (for the F-401/N4004) and below 5001821 (for the F-401 with Data Back).

For customer service

When receiving cameras for repair, perform the following repair:

Insert a diode (151588) between the collector and the Vcc of the transistor Q9. Consider the Vcc as a cathode. Part number: 15110-001

Added diode



This is located under the front of the pentaprism.

Product Name:

Nikon F-401/N4004

Ref. No.

F401-870037

Repair manual:

Date:

July 1987

CUTTING OF PATTERNS (MENTIONED IN TECHNICAL INFORMATION NO. F401-870028)

Subject:

RP information list:

Background

It was mentioned in Technical Information No. F401-870028 that shutter release becomes impossible, due to a short circuit between the top cover and the FPC; therefore, it is suggested to cut off the edge of the FPC. But if you cut off too much, the pattern on the rear side will also be cut off, too, and as a result shutter release becomes impossible when the top cover is mounted. Just in case you cut off the patterns, connect a lead wire between the resistors as shown in the figure below.

Note: If shutter release becomes impossible when the top cover is mounted, check whether or not the patterns on the rear side of the FPC is cut off using a personal computer.

Select number 2 (A/D monitor mode) on the menu screen of the computer. If (1) the shutter speed dial is set to the A mode regardless of the location of the dial, (2) the aperture dial is set to the S mode regardless of the location of the dial, or (3) the output value of the SPD is always 255 regardless the external brightness, the patterns on the rear side of the FPC may have been cut off.

