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# CORRIGENDA

Page	Column, Box & Line	Incorrect	Correct
37 ,	Right C. 7th L. from bottom	without no friction	without friction
59	in Fig.	2.5 teeth	1.5 or 2.5 teeth
61, 70	16	. CA9072 titled	CA9072 tilted
74	Right C. 2nd B. 3rd L.	by a 6V tester with	by a 3V tester with
77	Center C. bottom L.	0.7mm or more	0.4mm or more
95	3rd L. from bottom bottom L.	instead of V in 6 Defective Normal	instead of 🕅 in 6
104	Center C. bottom L.	Approx. 8mV12mV	Approx. 8mA12mA
108	Right C 1st L. Right C. 9th L.	Disconnect the black (2 wires of	Disconnect the blue (2 index lines of
109	Center C. in Fig.	R305 R304	R306 R305
120	Center C. Fig.	Cemedine 3000RS	Concave (die casting)
121	Left C. 3rd L. Center C. 1st L. Center C. Fig.	R306 R306 ★ 2.4 KΩ	R305 R305 ≒ 68.3 KΩ
122	Left C. 2nd B. 6th L.	2.5 teeth	1.5 or 2.5 teeth
76, 92, 94, 98, 99, 102, 103, 104, etc.	3rd L. in Fig.	Off Set Off set	Offset "



OUTLINE OF REPAIRS

#### PRECAUTIONS FOR REPAIRS

The Model OM-2 is designed for very weak electricity in its electronic parts of the automatic exposure device so that it can measure and control an extremly low level of luminance (-5.5EV at ASA 100).

The electronic parts thus tend to be affected by static electricity or a voltage larger than that of the batteries used, and to suffer easily performance degradation or breakage due to the static electricity that a human body usually possesses. (The OM-2, however, is designed so as not cause such disadvantage in a completed state.)

Because of the above reason, if you should handle the OM-2 in the same way as with other cameras in repairs, the electric parts may be broken causing serious trouble that requires replacement of the shutter amplifier (M circuit board).

Take particularly the following cautions in repairs.

- 1. For the troubleshooting of the shutter amplifier and related mechanism, be sure to ground all materials that come into contact with the electronic parts including the human body, repair tools and work bench, and commence repair work after making sure the condition free from static electricity is achieved. (The ICs of MOS FET and IRO24 are particularly delicate.)
- For the soldering work, use a three-wire type soldering iron with the tip grounded.

- 1 -

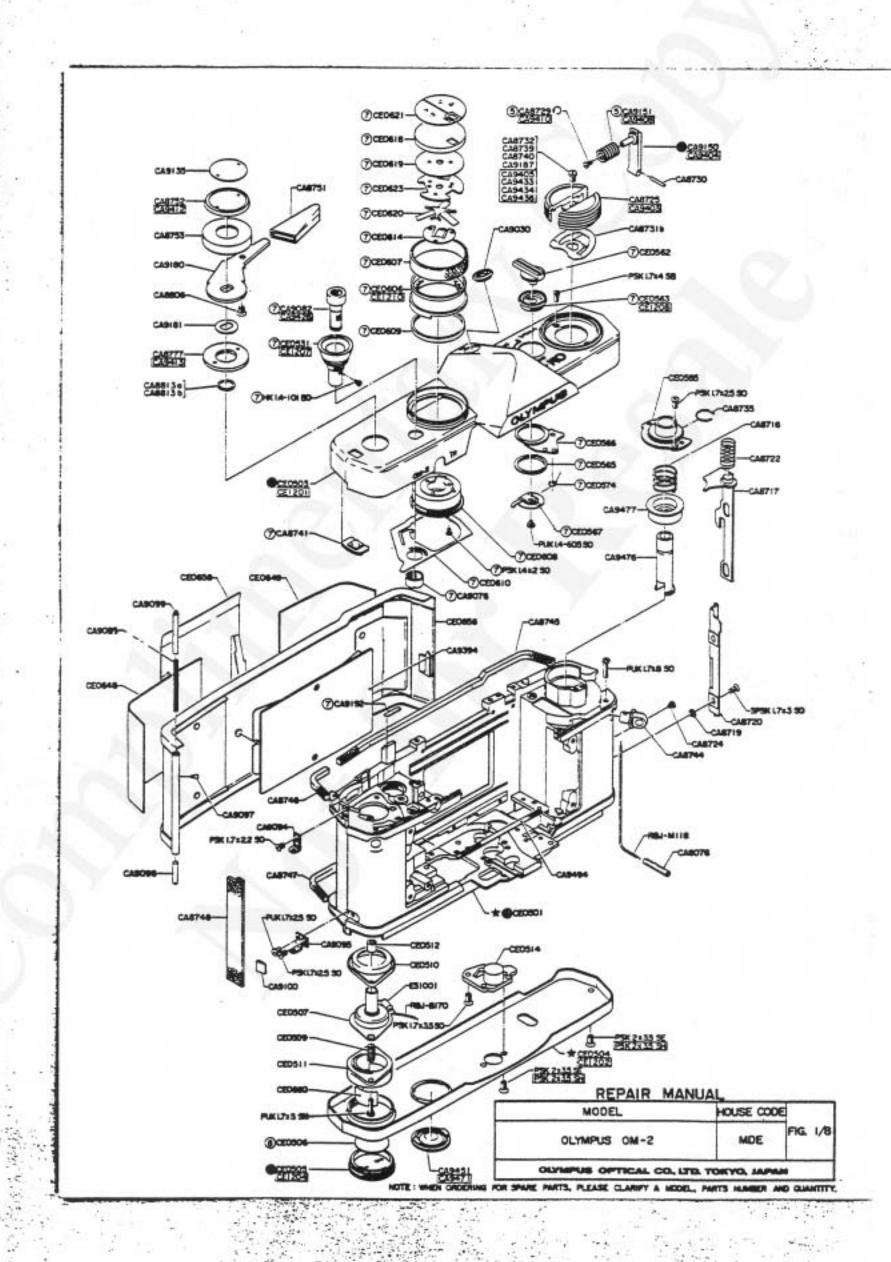
- 3. The electronic parts are weak against heat. Thus, the soldering work must be made securely in a short time, 3 seconds for one place as a rule.
- 4. The shutter amplifier (M circuit board) requires very high insulation resistance on its every part, and must be kept free from dust, smudges, etc.
- 5. For the soldering of the shutter amplifier (M circuit board), use solder containing silver. If ordinary solder should be used, the silver in the circuit pattern may be absorbed by the solder causing unstuck soldering.
- 6. When a constant-voltage power supply is used in the shutter amplifier (M circuit board) repair work, do not turn on and off the main switch of the power supply leaving it connected to the M circuit board. Back electromotive force may break the electronic parts.
- 7. When a continuity test is made in the shutter amplifier (M circuit board) repair work, avoid to use the 3V tester for the case other than specified in the OUTLINE OF REPAIRS. The electronic parts may be broken.
- 8. For other cautions, see each item in the OUTLINE OF REPAIRS.

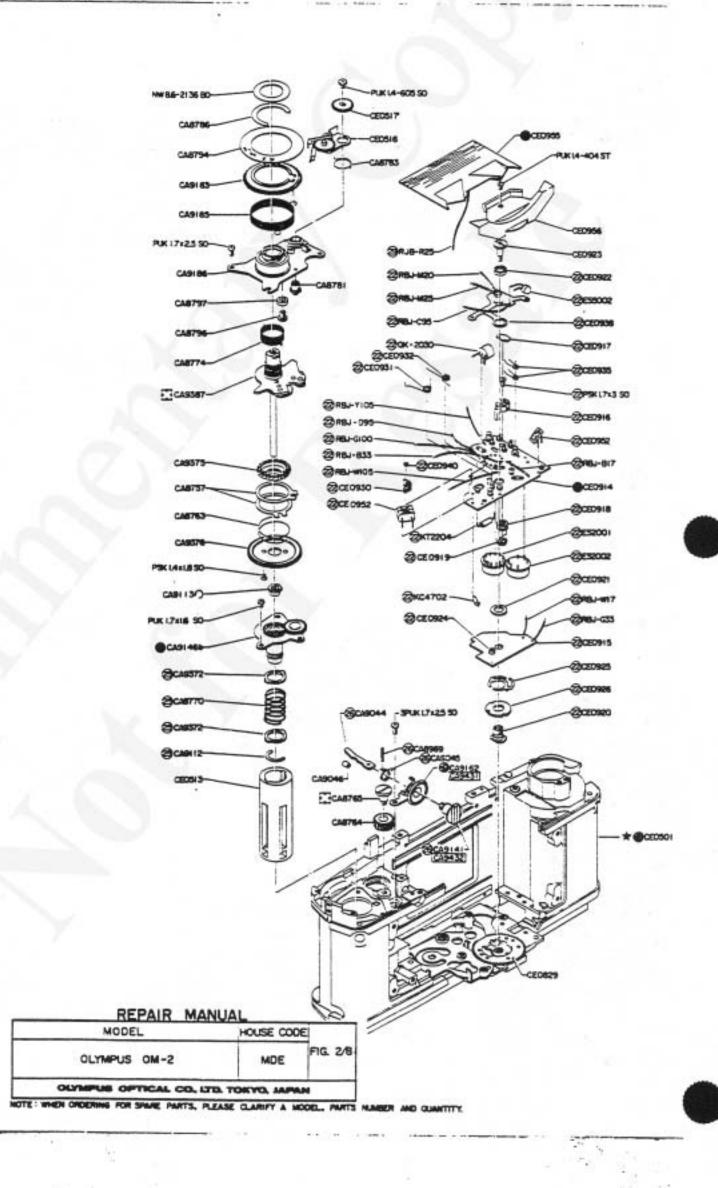


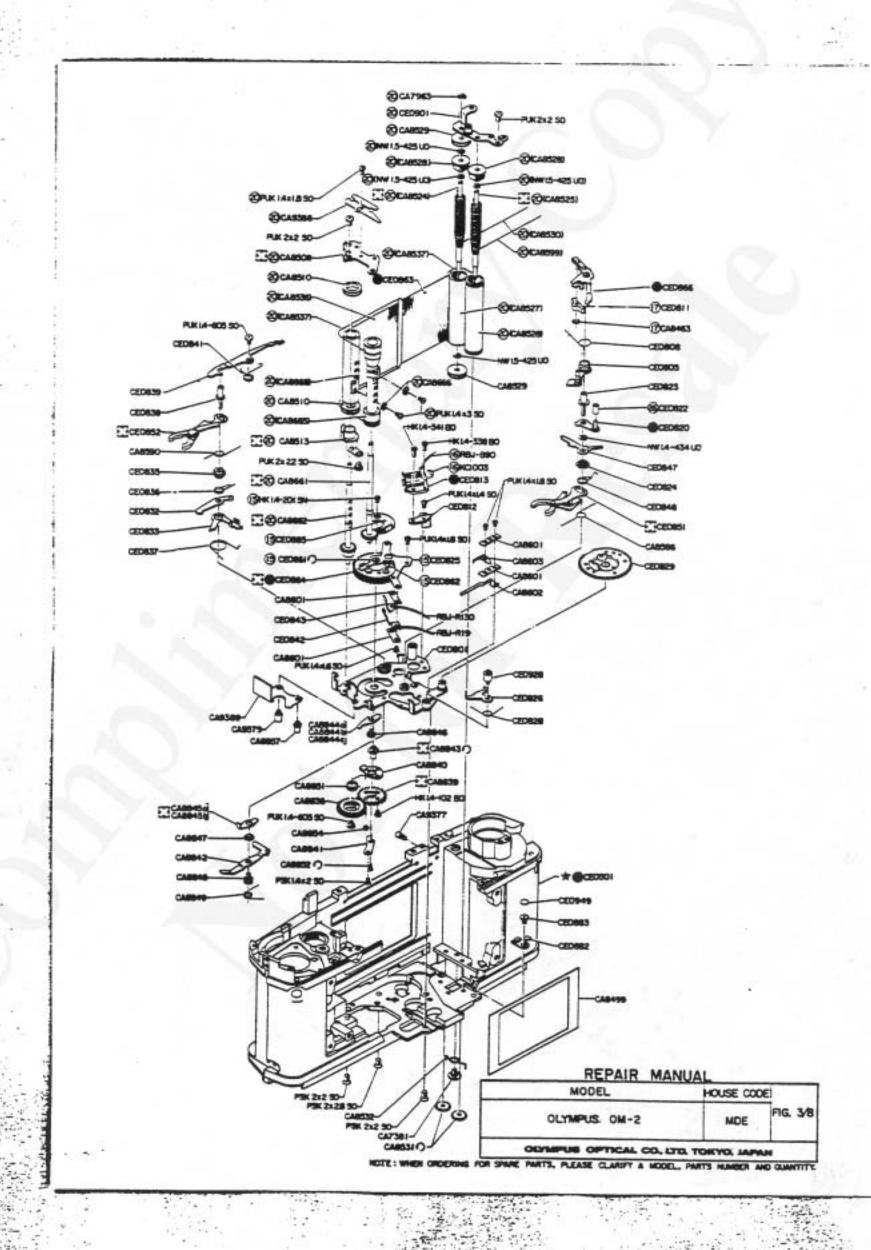
# PARTS LIST & DRAWING

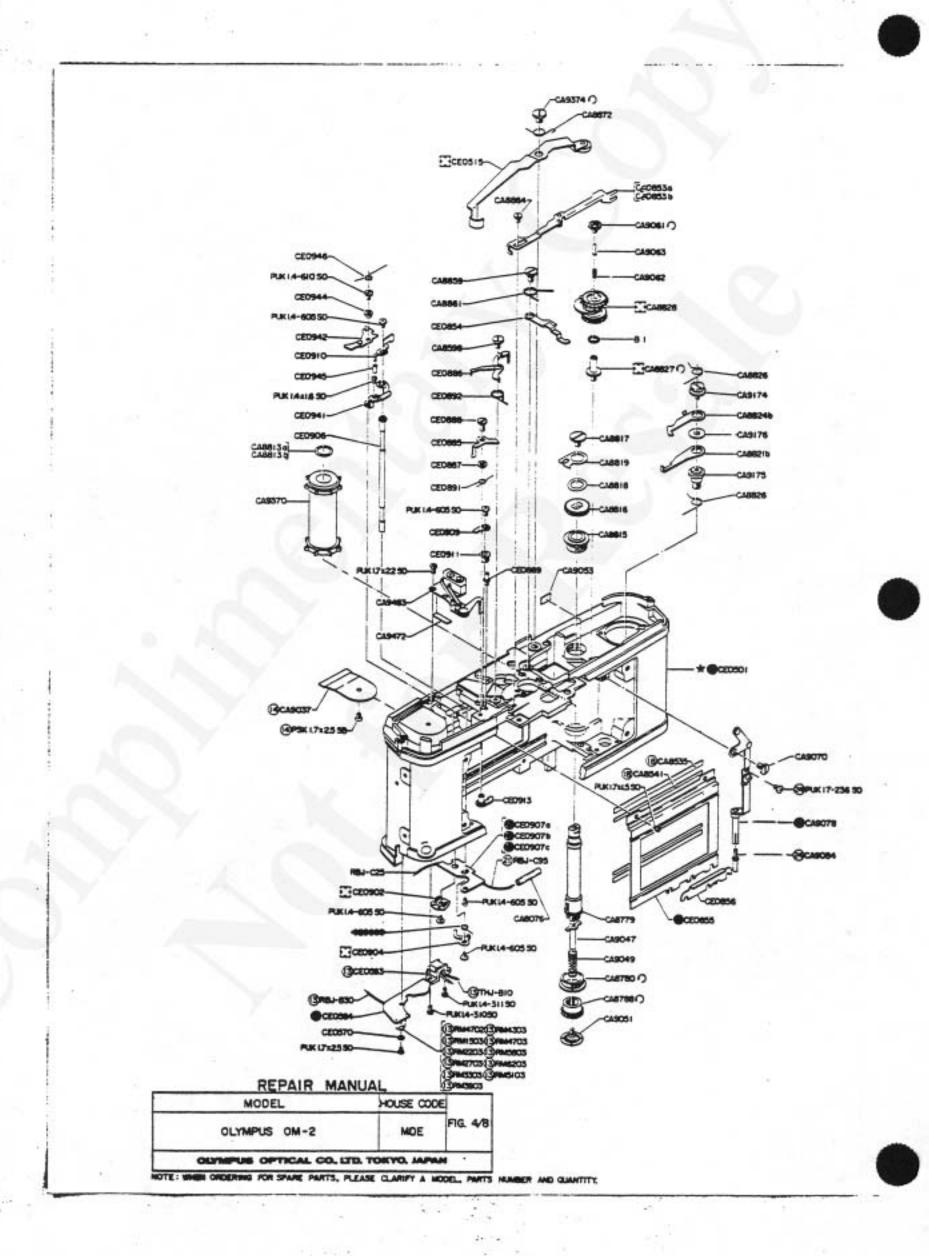
# EXPLANATORY NOTES ON VARIOUS MARKS & NUMBERS USED IN IMPROVED PARTS TABLE & PARTS LIST

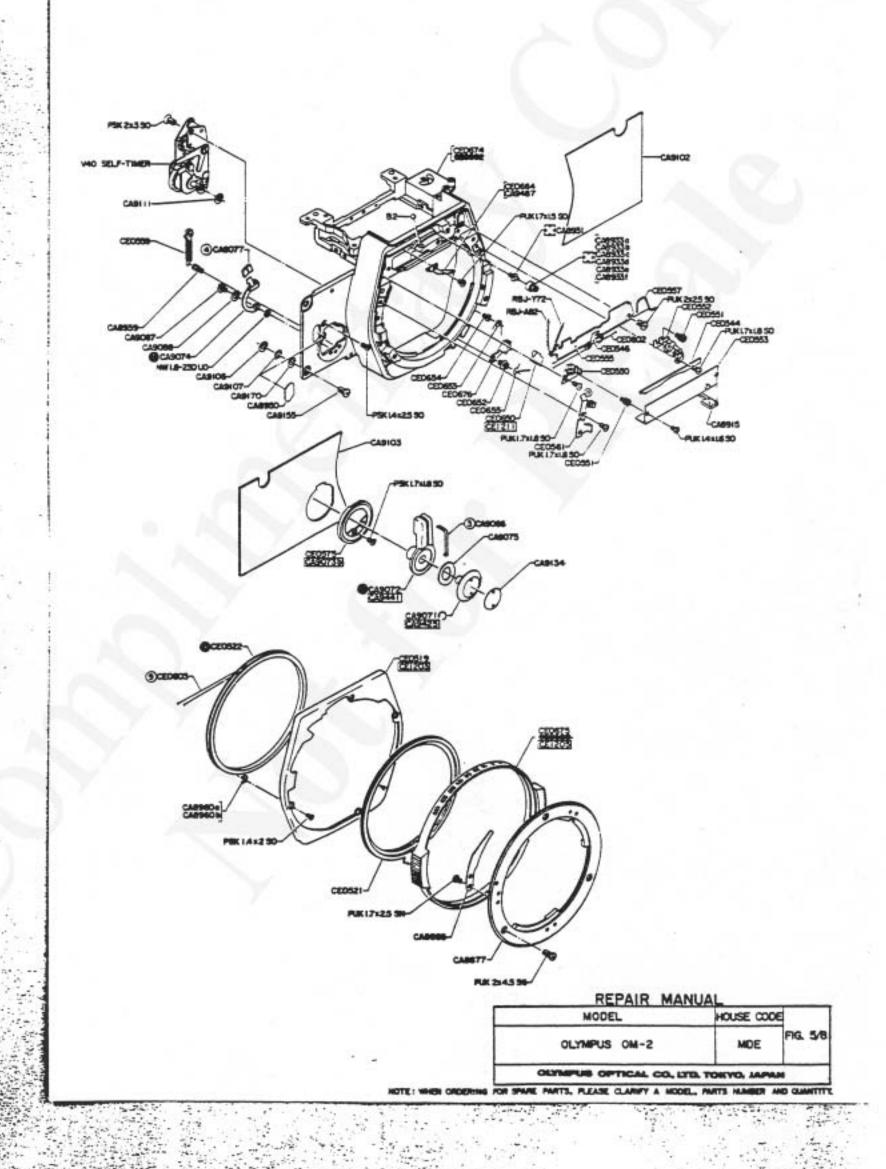
*	Only Body Die-Cast is not available in case of overseas.
0	An assembled parts is supplied including parts marked with
1	Single parts is supplied.
( )	Not to be supplied in single parts, but as an assembled parts.
0	Left-handed screw. (the mate screw hole is not marked particularly). All right-handed screws have no special indication.
< >	Improved parts. Number shows INDEX in IMPROVED PARTS TABLE where more details are explained.
	No more available parts.
$\Rightarrow$	The place where parts have been improved.
[ ]	Dimensions of improved parts and improved points.
∆ 	Replacing parts of no more available parts marked with ===
*	How to replace parts or how to repair.
_	Original parts are also usable instead of improved parts.
><	Printing error. No parts are built-in cameras.
	Clarify HOUSE CODE, PARTS NUMBER and QUANTITY in your ORDER SHEETS.

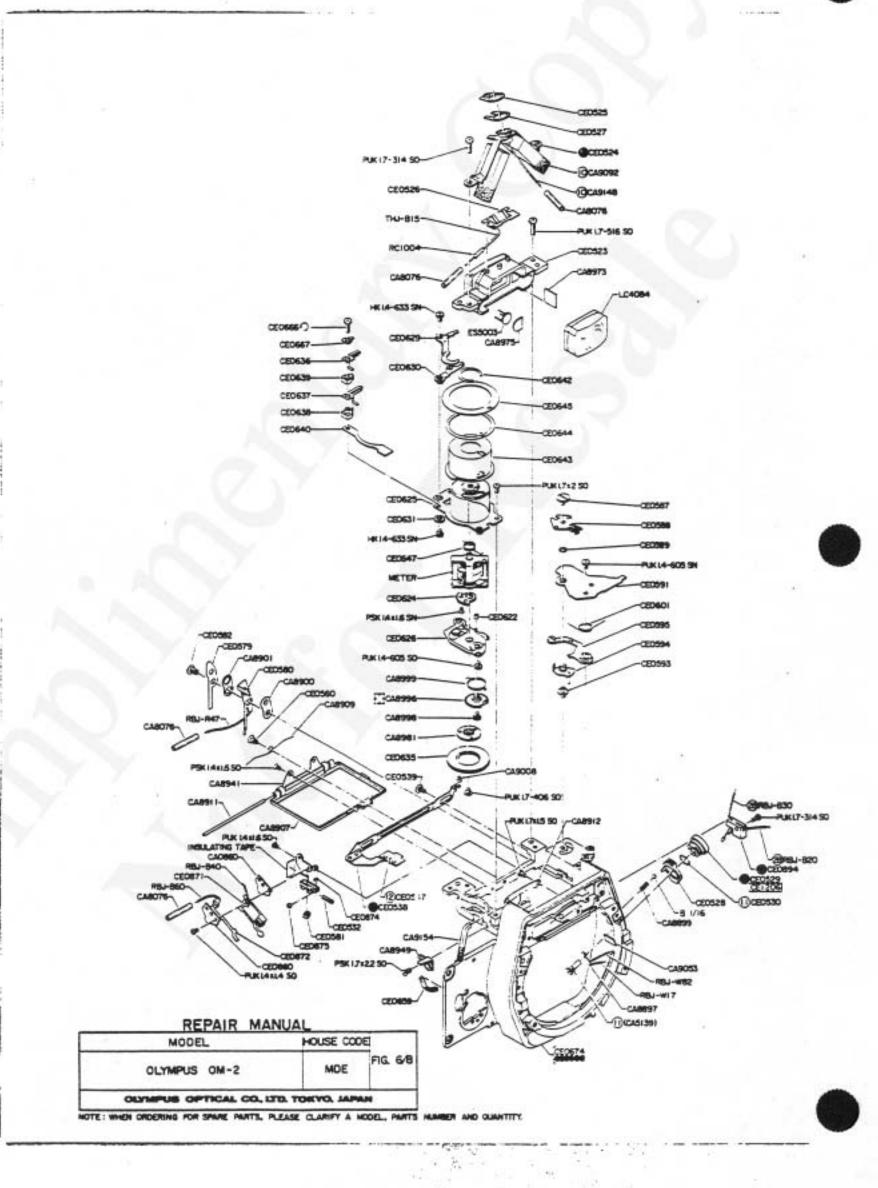


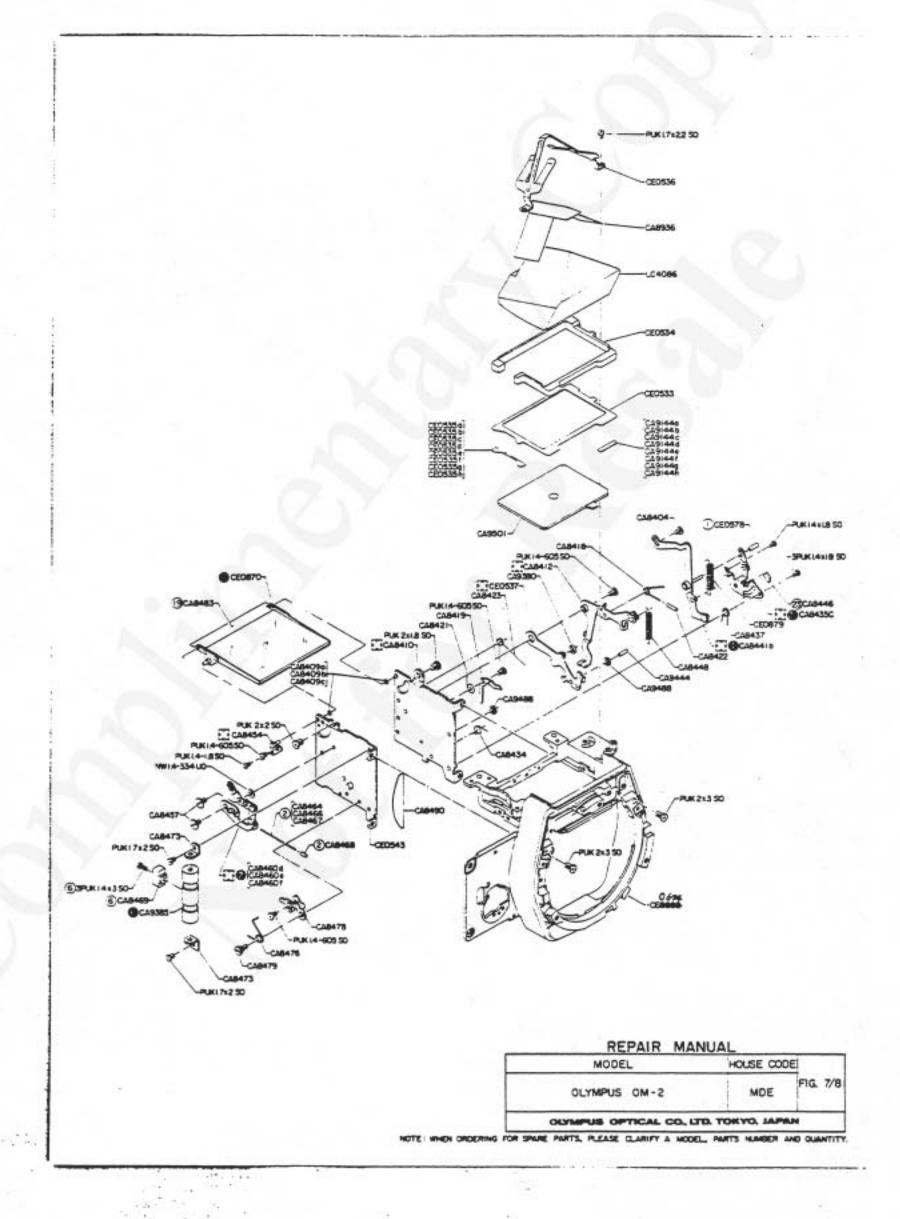


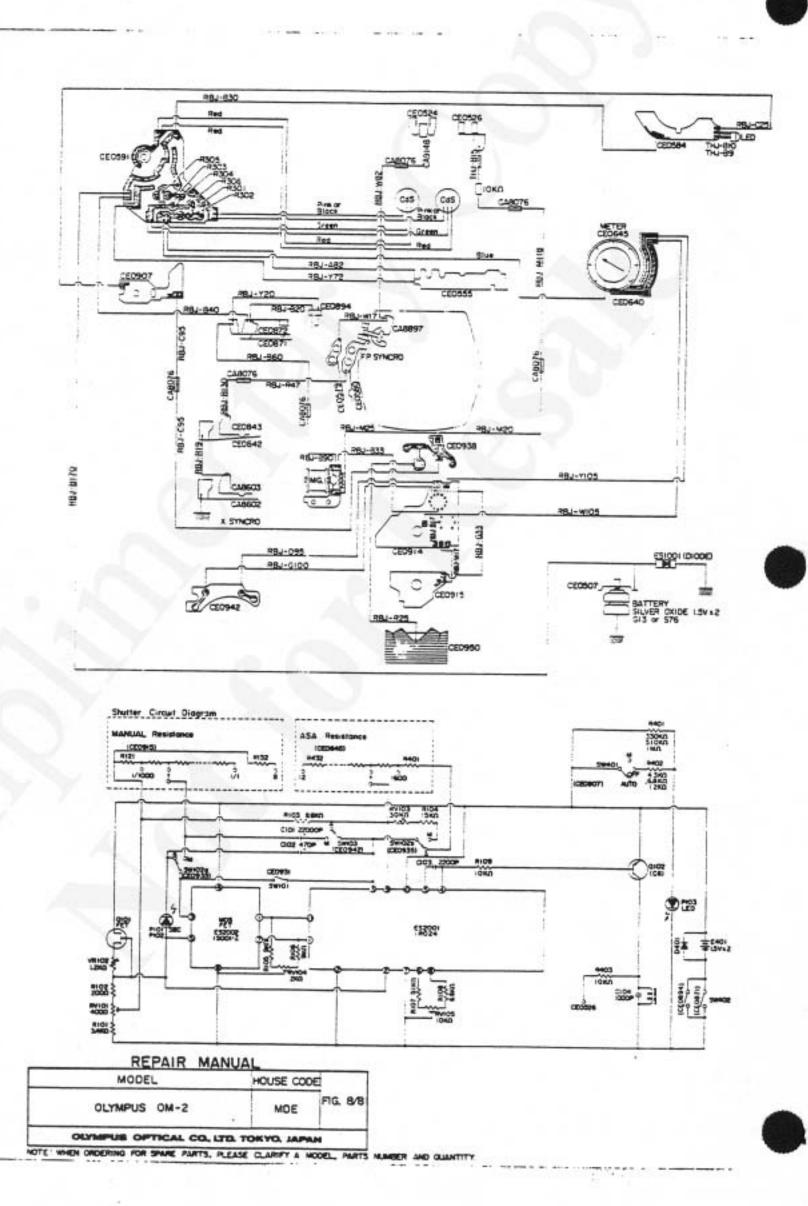












PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
CA 7381	STOPPER SCREW	CA 8586	A LEVER SPRING
7963	RING E	8590	B LEVER SPRING
8076	TUBE	8598	S LEVER WASHER
		8601	STOPPER PLATE
8404	M LEVER SCREW	8602	"X" SYNCHRO CONTACT POINT
8409a	ADJUSTING WASHER a	8603	"FX" SYNCHRO CONTACT POINT
8409Ъ	ADJUSTING WASHER b	8661	TUBE SHAFT A
8409c	ADJUSTING WASHER c	8662	TUBE SHAFT B
8410	LEFT SIDE PLATE	8666	ADJUSTING WASHER
8412	M CHARGING LEVER	8716	R COLLAR SPRING
8418	STOPPER SPRING	8717	KEY A
8419	M HOOKING LEVER	8719	KEY COLLAR
8421	HOOKING LEVER SPRING	8720	KEY COVER
8422	TUBE 2	8722	KEY SPRING
8423	RETURNING SPRING	8724	KEY POSITIONING SCREW
8434	HOOK SPRING	8725	R KNOB
8435c	M BASE PLATE C	8729	R PINCH SET SCREW
8437	MS SPRING	8730	R LEVER PIN
8441Ъ	M LEVER b	8731	R LEVER SPRING
8/446	M RING	8732	R LEVER WASHER
8448	CONNECTING LEVER SPRING	8735	R SPRING
8454	M PIVOT	8739	R LEVER WASHER 2
8457	LEVER SHAFT	8740	R LEVER STOPPER 3
8460d	LINK d	8741	FILM COUNTER COVER
8460e	LINK e	8744	STRAP EYELET
8460f	LINK f	8745	LIGHT PROOF L
8463	E RING 08	8746	LIGHT PROOF R
8464	SPRING 1	8747	LIGHT PROOF (LOWER)
8466	SPRING 2	8748	LIGHT PROOF (SIDE)
8467	SPRING 3	8751	FW LEVER COVER
8468	SPRING COVER	8752	FW LEVER HOLDER
8469	PIPE CONNECTOR	8753	FW LEVER DECORATION
8473	PIPE HOLDER (UPPER)	8757	F PLATE
8476	M POSITIONING SPRING	8763	F SPRING
8478	M POSITIONING PLATE	8764	ST IDLE
8479	M POSITIONING SHAFT	8765	IDLE SHAFT
8483	LIGHT PROOF PLATE	8770	SPOOL SPRING
8490	RIGHT COVERING PLATE	8774	FW SPRING
8499	B MASK	8777	FASTENING RING
8508	CURTAIN BASE R	8778	FC RETURNING LEVER
8510	ROLLER A	8779	ST SHAFT
8513	ROLLER HOLDER	8780	SPROCKET HOLDER (UPPER)
8529	ROLLER B	8781	FC GEAR SHAFT
8531	TENSION NUT	8783	FC RETURNING SPRING
8532	TENSION NUT STOPPER	8786	C RING
8535	FELT B	8788	ST GEAR
8541	FELT A	8794	FC PLATE
0747	LUDI W	0/34	TO TEATE

PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
CA 8796	L STOPPER	CA 8915	DAMPER #2
8797	WASHER (RUBBER)	8931	PULLEY SHAFT
8806	FW LEVER COVER STOPPER	8933a	RETURNING ROLLER a
8813a	WASHER la	8933ь	RETURNING ROLLER b
8813ъ	WASHER 1b	8933c	RETURNING ROLLER c
8815	SPROCKET HOLDER (LOWER)	8933d	RETURNING ROLLER d
8816	GEAR #1	8933e	RETURNING ROLLER e
8817	GEAR #1 SCREW	8933£	RETURNING ROLLER f
8818	GEAR #1 SPRING	8936	P COVER
8819	K CLAW	8939	B SPRING SHAFT
8821ь	CHECKING LEVER b	8941	F HINGE
8824b	LOCK LEVER b	8949	B SPRING PLATE
8826	LOCK SPRING	8950	COVERING PLATE
8827	SHAFT #2	8960a	
8828	GEAR #2 SHAFT	8960b	COVERING PLATE WASHER a
8836	GEAR #2 SHAFT		COVERING PLATE WASHER b
8839	CEAR #4	8969 8973	STOPPER 61
8840	S WINDING PLATE		C LICHT PROOF
8841	GEAR #4 BASE	8975	C COVER
8842	KS LEVER	8981	M PULLEY HOLDER
8843	SHAFT #4	8996	M LOWER PLATE GEAR
8844a		8998	GEAR SHAFT
8844Ъ	LEVER la	8999	GEAR SPRING
8844c	LEVER 1b	9008	PULLEY SCREW
470 D100 D170	LEVER 1c	9030	T NUT
8845a	LEVER #2a	9037	P PLATE
8845ъ	LEVER #2b	9044	K INNER PLATE
8846	LEVER STOPPER	9045	K LEVER SPRING
8847	KS HOLDER	9046	K PLATE HOLDER
8848	KS SHAFT	9047	ST CLAW
8849	KS SPRING	9049	ST SPRING
8851	GEAR #3 SPRING	9051	ST SCREW
8852	SHAFT #4 SCREW	9053	LEVER CUSHION
8854	S RING	9061	ME GUIDE
8857	BASE PLATE SHAFT	9062	COVER SPRING
8859	BULB PLATE SCREW	9063	COVER PIN
8861	RETURNING SPRING	9070	C SCREW
8864	KL SHAFT	9071	S LEVER STOPPER
8872	KM SPRING	9072	ST LEVER
8877	B MOUNT	9074	START LEVER
8888	B MOUNT SPRING	9075	F SPRING
8897	FP SYNCHRO CONTACT POINT	9076	RELEASE BASE NUT
8899	FX SYNCHRO CONTACT SPRING	9077	START LEVER CAP
8900	INSULATING PLATE	9078	S RELEASE PLATE
8901	INSULATING PLATE	9082	S RELEASE BUTTON
8907	F FRAME	9084	SR BUTTON SHAFT
8909	F SPRING	9086	S LEVER PLATE
8911	F SHAFT	9087	D SCREW
3912	F LOCK SCREW	9088	W SPRING

PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
CA 9092	SM COVER	CA 9375	FW LC
9093	SR BUTTON WASHER	9376	FW GEAR
9094	HINGE FIN HOLDER (UPPER)	9377	FILM GUIDE SCREW
9095	HINGE PIN HOLDER (LOWER)	9378	(COVERING PLATE NO. 3)
9097	HINGE PIN SCREW	9379	3G HOOK SCREW
9098	HINGE PIN A	9380	LEVER COLLAR (RUBBER)
9099	HINGE PIN B	9385	A PIPE
9100	COVERING PLATE	9387	FW SHAFT
9102	LEFT SIDE LEATHER	9388	
9103	RIGHT SIDE LEATHER	9389	STOPPER PLATE (UPPER)
9106	ADJUSTING WASHER NO. 1	9394	STOPPER PLATE (LOWER)
9107	ADJUSTING WASHER NO. 2	9444	PRESSURE PLATE TUBE 3
9111	ST WASHER	9451	M COVER
9112	C WASHER	9472	
9113	GEAR FASTENER	9476	SW WASHER R SHAFT
9134	COVERING PLATE NO. 1	9477	
9135	COVERING PLATE NO. 2	9483	R COLLAR
9141	K PINCH	9487	SW BASE PLATE
9144a	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE a	9488	CLICK SPRING
9144b	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE b	9494	RUBBER RING 3
9144c	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE C	9501	FELT C
9144d	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE d	9301	FOCUSING SCREW
9144e	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE e	CE OFOI	(DID 0100
9144f	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE f	CE 0501	(DIE CAST BODY)
9144g	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE g	0502	FRONT CASTING
9144h	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE h	0503	TOP COVER
9146b	SPOOL SHAFT b	0504	BOTTOM PLATE
9148		0505	BATTERY COMPARTMENT LIE
9150	LEAD WIRE (45mm long, BLACK) R LEVER	0506	COVERING SEAL
9151	R PINCH	0507	B COVER
9154		0509	B CONTACT POINT
9155	LIGHT PROOF PADDING (UPPER) FRONT CASTING SET SCREW	0510	INSULATION COVER
9156	LIGHT PROOF PADDING M	0511	B HOUSING
9162	K BASE PLATE	0512	COLLAR
9170	ADJUSTING WASHER 3	0513	S POOL B
9174	LEVER SHAFT	0514	TRIPOD BASE
9175	M HOLDER	0515	KM LEVER
9176	LEVER SHAFT WASHER	0516	FC RETURNING LEVER
9130	FILM WINDING LEVER	0517	FC GEAR
9181	LEVER WASHER	0519	FRONT COVERING PLATE
9183		0520	SHUTTER DIAL
9185	FILM COUNTER GEAR	0521	DIAL GEAR
9186	COUNTER SPRING	0522	CONNECTING RING
9187	FC BASE PLATE	0523	S FRAME
9192	R LEVER WASHER	0524	S BASE
9370	ADJUSTING PLATE	0525	S INSULATING WASHER
9370	SPROCKET SPROCK HOLDER	0526	S CONTACT POINT
9374	SPOOL HOLDER	0527a	T WASHER a
23/4	M LEVER SHAFT	0527ь	T WASHER b

PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
CE 0528	FX SINCHRO KNOB	CE 0587	SLIDE SCREW
0529	SINCHRO SOCKET	0588	SLIDE PLATE
0530	P STOPPER SPRING	0589	SLIDE HOLDER
0531	BUTTON COVER	0591	SW CIRCUIT BOARD
0532	FP SCREW	0593	CAM SHAFT
0533	MASK	0594	CAM S
0534	PRISM WASHER	0595	CHENGE LEVER
0535a	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE a	0601	RETURNING SPRING
0535b	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE b	0602	B STRING 1
0535c	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE C	0603	B STRING 2
0535d	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE d	0604	SPRING HOLDER
0535e	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE e	0606 0607	A DIAL RUBBER RING
0535f	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE f		
0535g	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE g	0608	CLICK RING
0535h	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE h	0609	L NUT
0536	P STOPPER	0610	LOCK SPRING
0537	CONNECTING LEVER	0614	CAM SPRING
0538	SLIDER	0618	A CAP
0539	SL SHAFT	0619	A PLATE
0543	RIGHT SIDE PLATE	0620	MK PLATE
0544	GUIDE PLATE	0621	EV PLATE
0546	SL CONTACT	0622	INSULATION SHAFT
0547	INDICATION PLATE	0623	COVERING PLATE
0550	ROLLER	0624	M GEAR 2
0551	ROLLER SCREW	0625	M BASE
0552	RIGHT SIDE PLATE	0626	M LOWER PLATE
0553	COVERING PLATE	0629	A LEVER 1
0555	CIRCUIT BOARD B	0630	A LEVER 2
0557	SPRING	0631	WASHER
0559	B SPRING	0635	PULLEY M
0560	F SPRING SHAFT	0636	A CONTACT 1
0561	STOPPER	0637	A CONTACT 2
0562	S LEVER	0638	CONTACT BASE 1
0563	SW WASHER	0639	CONTACT BASE 2
0565	NUT	0640	BASE PLATE A
0566	C BASE PLATE	0642	C WASHER
0567	K LEVER	0643	A CAM
0570	INSULATING WASHER	0644	WASHER
0574	C SPRING	0645	AR BASE PLATE
0575	S BASE COVER	0647	ST SPRING
0578	SR TUBE	0648	REAR RIGHT SIDE LEATHER
0579	F CONTACT (UPPER)	0649	REAR RIGHT SIDE LEATHER
0580	F CONTACT (LOWER)	0650	RESET BUTTON
0581	F NUT	0652	HOOK SHAFT
0582	F SCREW	0653	HOOK SPRING
0583	CL HOUSE	0654	
	C CIRCUIT BOARD		BL SPRING HOLDER
0584		0655	BL SPRING
0585	R SHAFT HOLDER	0656	REAR COVER ASS'Y

PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
CE 0658	HOLDING SPRING	CE 0863	CURTAIN ASS'Y
0659	LIGHT PROOF PADDING (LOWER)	0864	GEAR AB
0660	B NAME PLATE	0865	GEAR PLATE B
0663	SL INSULATING PLATE	0866	REAR CLAW A
0664	CLICK SPRING	0870	M FRAME
0665	INSULATION PLATE	0871	
0666	A SCREW	0872	M CONTACT 1
0667	INSULATION PLATE	0874	M CONTACT 2
0674	FRONT CASTING		M INNER PLATE
		0875	M TUBE
0675	S DIAL	0879	M SPRING
0676	BL LEVER	0882	M RELEASE
0801	S BASE PLATE	0883	MR SHAFT
0805	HOOK LEVER	0885	TURN PLATE A
0808	SPRING A	0886	TURN PLATE B
0811	HOLDING PLATE	0887	TURN COLLAR
0812	MG BASE	. 0888	TURN SCREW
0813	MG PLATE	0889	SPRING STOPPER
0819	SPRING B	0891	TURN SPRING A
0820	TR PLATE	0892	TURN SPRING B
0822	T TUBE	0894	M2 WASHER
0823	REAR SHAFT	0901	PLATE L
0824	REAR NUT	0902	C CAM
0825	S PLATE (UPPER)	0904	C LEVER
0826	B LEVER	0906	C SHAFT
0828	B SPRING	0907a	C BASE a
0829	SPEED GEAR	0907Ъ	C BASE b
0832	FIRST CLAW A	0907c	C BASE c
0833	FIRST CLAW B	0909	C PLATE 1
0835	FIRST SHAFT	0910	C PLATE 2
0836	FIRST SPRING A	0911	C BOSS
0837	FIRST SPRING B	0913	C PLATE 3
0838	B LEVER SCREW	0914	M CURCUIT BOARD
0839	M LEVER	0915	S CURCUIT BOARD
0841	M SPRING	0916	CAM SHAFT
0842	X CONTACT A	0917	PLASTIC CAP
0843	X CONTACT B	0918	CAM NUT
0847	LOCK LEVER	0919	C SPRING 2
0848	SL LEVER	0920	BASE TUBE
0851	A LEVER 2	10.000 to 00.000	\$1.55 (A) 1.70 (A) 2.70 (B) 1.70 (B)
0852	B LEVER 2	0921	INSULATING PLATE
0853a	KL PLATE a	0922	PLASTIC NUT
0853b		0923	SCREW
101 N S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	KL PLATE b	0924	STOPPER
0854	B PLATE	0925	SPEED PLATE
0855	F MASK	0926	POSITION NUT
0856	MASK STOPPER	0928	B SCREW
0860	STOPPER PLATE	0930	T FASTENER
0861	GEAR SCREW	0931	T CONTACT A
0862	B STOPPER RING	0932	T CONTACT B

PARTS LIST

PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
CE 0935	K CONTACT	RE	SISTOR
0938	SUB CIRCUIT BOARD	-	- I I
0940	STOPPER		m. 170/
0941	C BASE PLATE		RM 1704
0942	C BASE	Ann	1804
0944	C COLLAR		1805
0945		AAC	1904
	C TUBE		2004
0946	C SPRING 3		2203
0949	RM PLATE	C 10 1 100	2204
0952	L BASE	10	2304
0955	COVERING PLATE		2403
0956	LOWER COVER		2404
			2504
LC 4084	EYE PIECE LENS		2604
4086	PENTAPRISM		2703
		). / I //	2704
	EXPOSURE METER ASS'Y		2705
		1	2804
V 40	SELF TIMER	1	
			2904
ES 1001	DIODE	*	3004
2001	IR-024		3104
2002	IS-001Z		3204
5002	L E D		3303
5003			3304
3003	CdS		3404
2020			3504
QK 2030	FET		3604
T- 017			3903
CONI	ENSER		4303
			4702
2.5%	KC 1003		4703
	KC 4702		4705
- ( - 7	KT 2204		5103
			5603
RESI	STOR		6203
			F383911CU
	RC 1004		9103
	RC 7174	LEA	D COIL
	RM 1004		A CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT OF
		RBJ-A82	Blue
	1005	-B17	Black
1	1104	-B20	Black
	1204	-B30	Black
	1304	-B33	Black
	1404	-B40	Black
1	1503	-B60	Black
	1504	-B90	Black
	1604	-B170	Black
		22.0	DIGER

PARTS LIST

PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
LE	AD COIL	SET	SCREW
	SERVINGE 1	76	
RBJ-C25	Brown		PUK1.7x 2.5SN
-C95	Brown	Alexander	PUK1.7x 5 SN
-D95	Orange		PUK1.7x 8 SO
-G100	Green	PAL.	PUK1.7-236SO
-M20	Purple		PUK1.7-314SO
-M25	Purple	( No. 3	PUK1.7-406SO
-M118	Purple	4 - 10 1 mg	PUK1.7-516S0
-R19	Red	K L	1081.7-51030
-R25	Red		PIR 21 960
-R47	Red		PUK2x1.8SO
-R130	Red		PUK2x2 SO
			PUK2x2.2SO
-G33	Green	4	PUK2x2.5SO
-W17	White	1 /8	PUK2x3 SO
-W82	White		PUK2x4.5SG
-₩105	White		
-Y20	Yellow		PSK1.4x1.6SO
-Y25	Yellow		PSK1.4x1.6SN
-Y72	Yellow		PSK1.4x2 SO
-Y105	Yellow		PSK1.4x2.5S0
1	TUBE		PSK1.7x1.8S0
			PSK1.7x2.2S0
THJ-B9	Black		PSK1.7x2.2S0
-B10	Black		PSK1.7x2.5SB
-B18	Black		
	2244		PSK1.7x3 SO
SET	SCREW		PSK1.7x3.5SO PSK1.7x4 SB
- A			
	PUK1.4x 1.4S0		PSK2x2 SO
	PUK1.4x 1.6SO	7	PSK2x2.2SO
	PUK1.4x 1.8SO		PSK2x2.8S0
	PUK1.4x 3 SO		PSK2x3 SO
	PUK1.4-310S0		PSK2x3.5SE
	PUK1.4-311SO		
	PUK1.4-404ST		3PUK1.4x1.8SO
	PUK1.4-605SO		3PUK1.4x3 SO
	PUK1.4-605SN		3PUK1.7x2.5SO
	PUK1.4-609S0		3PUK1.7x5 SN
	PUK1.4-610S0		3PUK1.7x3 SO
	PUK1.7x 1.5SO	BAL	r.
	PUK1.7x 1.6SO	DAL	=
	PUK1.7x 1.8SO		D 1
	PUK1.7x 2 SO		B 1
	PUK1.7x 2.2SO		B 1/16
			B 2
	PUK1.7x 2.5SO		

ARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
SET	SCREW	BLAC	K FINISH
	HK1.4-101BO	CA 9073b	S BASE COVER
	HK1.4-102B0	9403	R KNOB
	HK1.4-201SN	9404	
			R LEVER
	HK1.4-338B0	9405	R LEVER WASHER
	HK1.4-341B0	9408	R PINCH
	HK1.4-633SN	9410	R PINCH SCREW
		9412	LEVER FASTENER
		9413	FASTENER
WASI	EER	9425	S LEVER STOPPER
100		9426	SR BUTTON
	NW1.4-334UO	9431	KT HOLDER
	NW1.4-434U0	9432	K PINCH
	NW1.5-425U0	9433	
	NW1.8-230UO		R LEVER WASHER
		9434	R LEVER WASHER
	NW1.8-325B0	9436	R LEVER WASHER
	NW2.1-240PO	9441	ST LEVER B
	NW8.6-2136BO	9471	M CAP
		CE 1201	TOP COVER
		1202	BOTTOM PLATE
		1203	FRONT CASTING
		1204	B COMPARTMENT LID
	bearing A	1205	SHUTTER DIAL
		1206	SYNCHRO SOCKET
		1207	BUTTON WASHER
- A		1208	SW WASHER
-		1210	A DIAL
		1211	RESET BUTTON
	7 /	1211	RESET BUTTON
0		SET	SCREW
			PSK 2x3.5 SH
	74		



GENERAL OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL FEATURES

## GENERAL OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL FEATURES

## GENERAL OUTLINES

HOUSE CORD: MDE

MODEL NAME: OM-2

## 2. MAIN SPECIFICATIONS

System: OLYMPUS OM System

Camera type: 35mm Single Lens Reflex with automatic exposure control electronic focal plane shutter.

Film format: 24mm x 36mm.

Lens mount: OLYMPUS OM Mount, bayonet type; rotation angle 70°, flange back 46mm.

Shutter: Focal plane shutter, automatic exposure control from several tens of seconds to 1/1,000 second (ASA 100, F1.2, at normal temperature and humidity). Manual exposure: B, 1-1/1,000 sec., ring mounted control.

Synch .: FP.X switch type contact, incorrect flash prevention.

Automatic exposure control: Aperture-preferred automatic exposure control electronic shutter type. TTL Direct Light Measuring System, center-weighted for bright, and averaging for dark conditions. Measuring range: ASA 100 F1.2 from several tens of seconds to F16, 1/1,000 seconds. (about EV-5.5 - EV 18) (at normal temperature and humidity). Light sensors: 2 SBC sensors. Large fine-exposure adjustment dial: ±2EV (within the ASA film speed range). Automatic flash exposure: Direct contacts for TTL Auto Flash.

Manual exposure: TTL type. Measuring system: Full aperture centerweighted metering. Measuring range: EV1.5 - EV17 (ASA 100 with F1.2 standard lens). Light sensors: 2 CdS sensors. Zero-method with needle visible in viewfinder.

Film speed setting: ASA 12 - 1600, set by lifting and rotating film speed dial.

Auto/Manual selection: By switching lever.

Battery check: 3-stage battery check lamp (light emitting diode) indicates full voltage, depleted charge, and exhaustion of batteries. Shutter lock to limit drainage.

Power source: Two 1.5V silver oxide batteries (Eveready (or UCAR) S-76 or equivalents).

Viewfinder: Pentaprism type wide-vision finder.

Focusing screens: Wide selection of interchangeable screens. Standard type Focusing Screen 1-1 (microprism-matte type).

Finder view-field: 97% of actual picture field.

Apparent field view: Vertical 23°30', horizontal 35°.

Indicators in: 3-stage selector lever. (Auto: Shutter speed indicator. —
Manual: exposure index. — Off: nothing).

Reflex mirror: Oversize, quick return type (without lock-up).

Film loading: OLYMPUS easy loading.

Manual film advance: Lever type with 150° angle for one long or several short strokes, pre-advance angle 30°, self cocking, double advance and double exposure prevention.

Motor drive: With Motor Drive 1 unit attached, single frame and continuous advance at speed of 5-frame per second (at exposures above 1/500 sec., with fresh batteries and at normal temperature and humidity).

Exposure counter: Progressive type with automatic reset.

Film rewind: Crank type, with rewind clutch setting, automatic return.

Self-timer: 4 - 12 second delay lever type with 180° maximum angle. stopped and reset after actuation.

Camera back: Removable hinge type, with memo holder. Interchangeable with Recordata Back 1 and 250 Film Back 1.

Hot shoe socket: OLYMPUS accessory shoe (optional) attachable.

Dimensions and weights:

Body only: 136 x 83 x 50mm (5.35" x 3.27" x 1.97") 520g (18.3 oz) With F1.8 lens: 136 x 83 x 81mm (5.35" x 3.27" x 3.19") 690g (24.3 oz) With F1.4 lens: 136 x 83 x 86mm (5.35" x 3.27" x 3.39") 750g (26.5 oz) With F1.2 lens: 136 x 83 x 97mm (5.35" x 3.27" x 3.82") 830g (29.3 oz)

#### CAUTION

AUTO: At "AUTO", the shutter speed varies automatically in response to the f/stop preselected and lighting conditions regardless of the shutter dial setting, except "B".

To release the shutter lock: When the shutter is locked due to improper battery condition, the lock can be released by resetting the shutter dial. (Align the reset marks, \* and arrow, while depressing the reset button. At this point, the shutter dial is set to "B".)

When trouble occured: If the shutter is locked, the battery shall be depleted quickly. Therefore, release the lock immediately.

## 4. MECHANICAL FEATURES

## CONTENTS

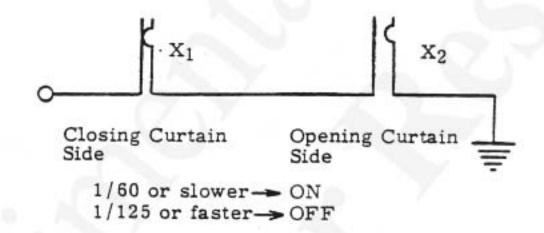
1	WX Mechanism
2	Shutter Lock and Lock Release
3	Automatic Synchronization
4	Battery Checker (3-level indication)
5	Light Measuring Method
6	Shutter Speed Adjusting Mechanism
7	Shutter Circuit Diagram
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12	Operation Sequence of M Circuit Board at AUTO
13	ASA Conversion and Decision Level
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15	MANUAL Circuit Diagram
16	Operation Sequence at MANUAL
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18	Outline of Exposure Meter
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20	Coupling Mechanism of Shutter Dial and Exposure Meter
21	ASA Conversion
22	F/stop Conversion

# [1] WX Mechanism (Prevention of flashing at 1/125 sec. and faster)

The mechanism, in which the X contact is not turned on for the shutter speeds faster than 1/125 of a second, is called "WX mechanism".

The principle lies in the structure comprising two contact pieces;  $X_2$  coupling with opening curtain and  $X_1$  coupling with closing curtain, wired in series each other. When the shutter is charged, the contact piece  $X_2$  is OFF, while  $X_1$  is ON.

- 1/60 sec. or slower ----- When the opening curtain fully run, X2 is turned ON; at this point, the closing curtain doesn't start for a certain time (X1 remains ON). Both contacts are thus ON at the same time.
- 1/125 sec. or faster----The closing curtain runs before  $X_2$  is turned on. ( $X_1$  is OFF.) Both contacts are thus OFF at the same time.



## [2] Shutter Lock and Lock Release

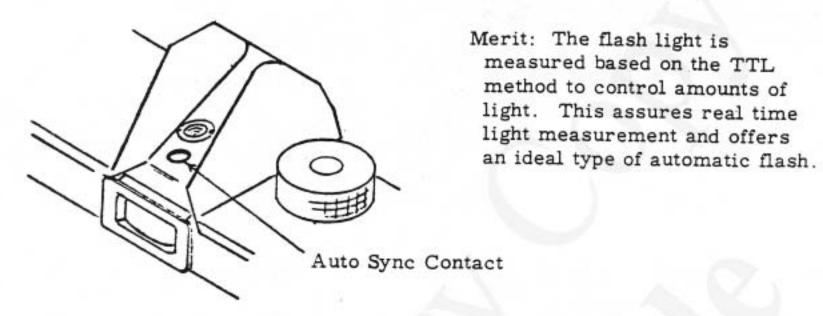
When the shutter cannot operate due to battery voltage drop and other battery troubles, the shutter lock is activated and the mirror is locked up midway. To return the mirror to the original position, turn the shutter dial to "B". Thereafter, load fresh batteries correctly. (See CAUTION at the top of this chapter.)

## [3] Automatic Synchronization

The shutter of OM-2 is of an electric control type for both auto and manual. Whenever the closing curtain has run. MG (magnet) is turned from ON to OFF.

Since the MG takes a coil form, back electromotive force (caused by self-induction) is generated for the change in the current.

This back electromotive force is utilized to control a special electronic flash unit. Both the OM-2 and the special electronic flash unit are provided with an exclusive synch contact in addition to the conventional direct contact.



## [4] Battery Checker (3-level indication)

When the switching lever is pressed to the "CHECK" position (the lever is automatically returned by releasing the finger), the red light-emitting diode provides three indications of ON, BLINK and OFF depending upon battery voltage.

QN ...... Normal (battery voltage 2.75V or higher)

BLINK .... Better to replace (2.75V ± 0.04V or lower)

(Still provides about 20 rolls of 36-frame film.)

OFF ...... Replace (2.45V ± 0.04V or lower)

## [5] Light Measuring Method

The light measurement is performed through two CdSs in the eyepiece section and two SBCs (Silicon Blue Cell) in the mirror box. making a total of four light sensors.

The CdSs in the eyepiece section are connected only to the exposure meter visible in the viewfinder, and plays a role of controlling the pointer of the exposure meter.

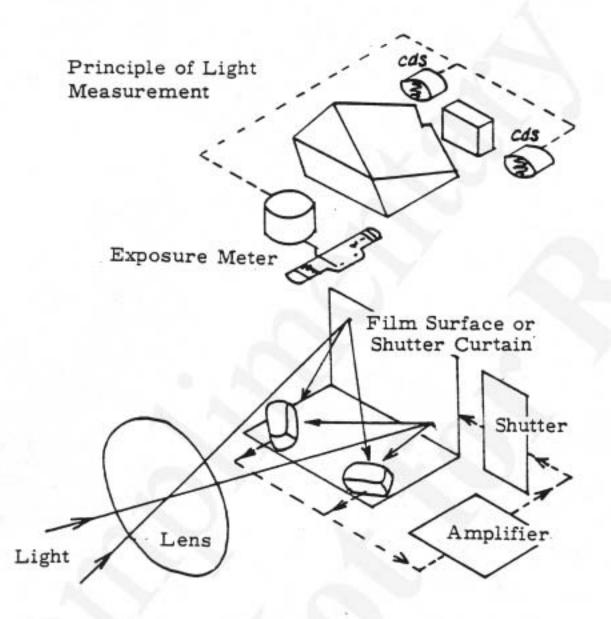
The SBCs in the mirror box are used to measure the light at AUTO to control the shutter speed.

The SBCs face the film plane to measure the reflected light from the film surface (from shutter curtain at high shutter speeds).

Since the SBCs measure substantially the reflected light from the opening curtain at high shutter speeds, the shutter curtain is printed with a "random pattern" designed to achieve correct exposures. (Take care not to leave finger marks. nor smudge the curtain.)

The main switch of the SBCs is turned on when the shutter button is depressed and the mirror is being flipped up. The SBC's quick reaction speed ( $\mu$  sec order) amply assures the control of shutter speed which is about 1/1000 sec. at the highest.

Therefore, unlike other single-lens reflex cameras with electronic shutter, the conventional memory device is needless; hence, correct exposures can always be obtained even when the subject or scene varies its brightness at the moment of shutter opening.



Reflectance variations of various types of film is approximately ±0.3EV.

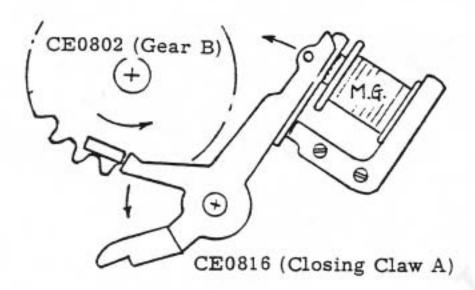
From among a number of patterns, the random pattern was selected which was found to yield best exposures.

## [6] Shutter Speed Adjusting Mechanism

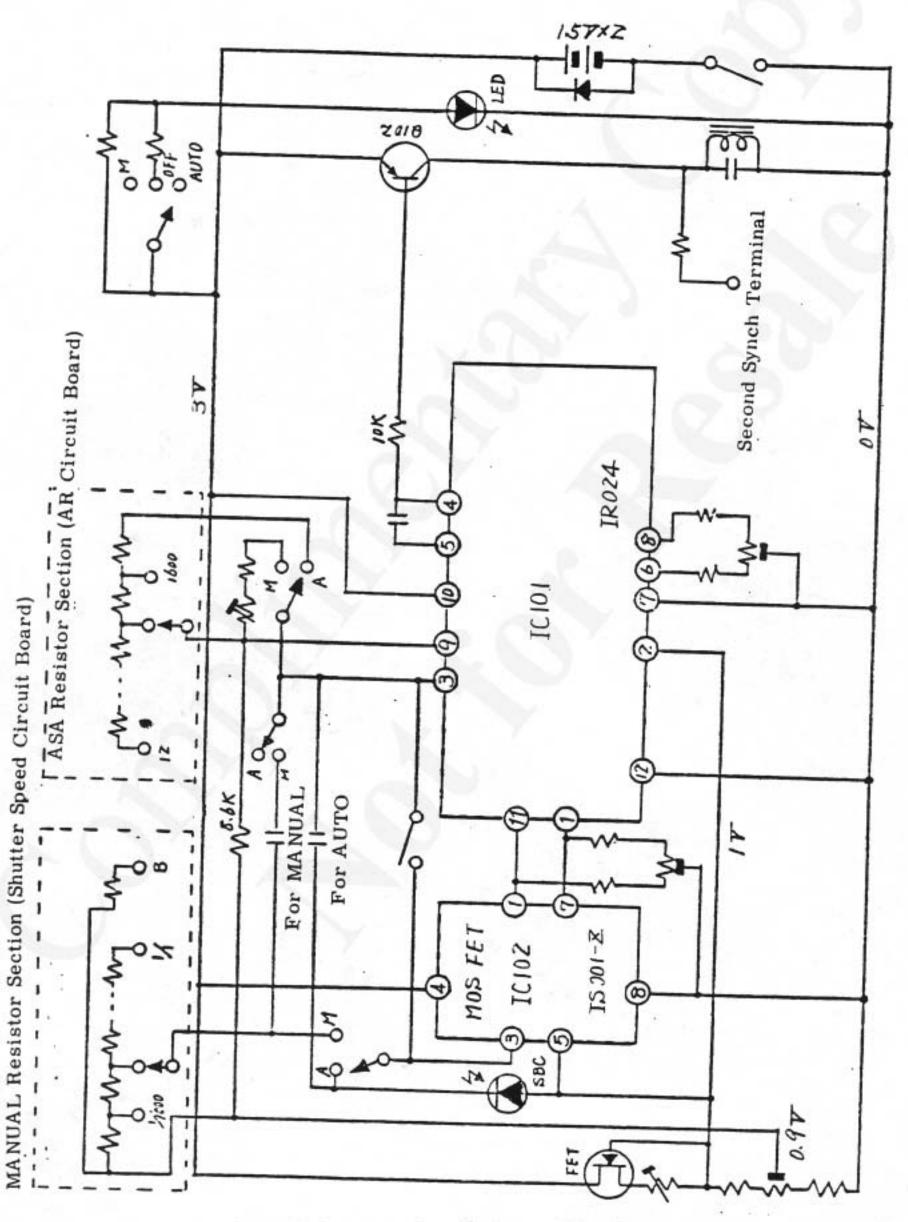
The shutter speed adjustment is done with a mechanical governor in OM-1. but is done with an electric governor (MG + Amplifier) in OM-2. The operation principle of the opening and closing curtains is as follow.

Opening Curtain ... Winding and running are performed with CA8547 (Gear A), same as in OM-1.

Closing Curtain ... The curtain is wound with CE0802 (Gear B), the gear is engaged by MG attractive force and the shutter speed is adjusted by amplifier. The OM-1 governor is replaced by MG and amplifier; others are same as in OM-1.



When MG is turned off, CE0816 (Closing Claw A) is disengaged from CE0802 (Gear B), CE0802 rotates in the arrow direction due to the tension of the closing curtain and the closing curtain starts running.



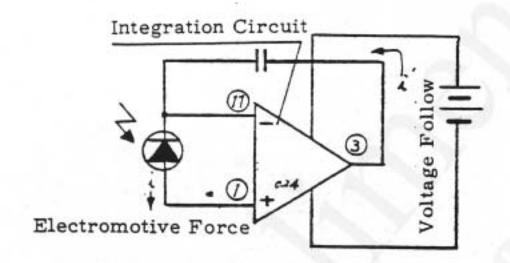
- [8] Description of Each Component
- (1) IR 024 (IC 101)

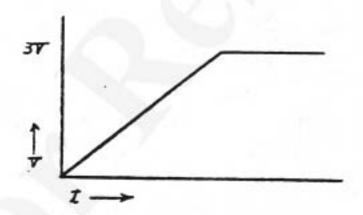
This IC includes four circuits: a) integration circuit, b) comparator, c) sub circuit and d) limiter.

## Integration Circuit



This is also called an operational circuit. It makes the condenser to charge at a rate such that the relation between charging quantity and time can be expressed in a linear formula (straight line if expressed graphically). (i = i'; if i is constant. i' will also be constant.) When connected as in the illustration below. it acts to flow the current to the output pin (3) so that potential difference between two input. pins. (1) and (1) shall always becomes zero.





Relation between V and t of condenser is expressed by a straight line because of integration circuit.

## Comparator

This is connected next to the integration circuit. The comparator acts to decide whether the electric signal transmitted has a potential greater than the rated voltage, and switches its output from 0V to 3V if the potential is greater than the rated voltage. The terminals for input electric signal consist of pins (9) and (2) . while the output terminal of (4) . (As the potential difference of 3V is generated between the base (B) and emitter (E) of the switch transistor Q102 at a 0V output. MG is turned on. When the output is switched to 3V. MG is turned off because potential difference between B and E becomes zero.)

See Shutter Circuit Diagram in the preceding page.

## c) Sub circuit

When battery power is depleted. the limiter described below operates to turn off the MG and the shutter is locked. However, if this condition were left as it is, the battery would recover and MG would repeat turning on and off. To prevent this, the sub circuit operates to shunt large current.

#### d) Limiter

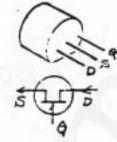
When battery voltage drops below the rated value, the limiter operates to eliminate the potential difference between base and emitter to prevent turning on of MG.

(2).. MOS FET (Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor Field-Effect-Transistor)

This is connected between SBC and IC 024. Insulation resistance\* on the input side of the integration circuit of IC 024 cannot be made a due to structual reason. Thus, extremely weak currents like SBC's (approx. 10-11 A) cannot be dealt with accurately. MOS FET has a very high insulation resistance on its input interface, so that it can accurately catch the extremely weak currents and amplifies and sends them to the integration circuit.

\* Correctly, input impedance MOS FET is destroyed with static electricity of 100V, so must be grounded.

#### (3) FET



This functions to make flow of electric current constant even when the battery voltage fluctuates. and makes the voltage constant. It is provided with 3 pins: source (S). drain (D) and gate (G). When the voltage between S and G is changed, the current flowing from D to S is changed.

## (4) SBC (Silicon Blue Cell)



This is a photo-sensitive element, which generates electromotive force when receiving light.

#### Features

- Very quick response speed (10<sup>-5</sup> 10<sup>-6</sup> sec.) enables real time and unremitting light measurement.
- Dark current is weak and accuracy on the low luminance level is high.
- Electromotive current caused by incident light changes linearly (χ = 1).

therefore easy to compute.

4. Blue filter applied lowers the infrared-ray rate to below 14%.

## (5) Condenser

This plays an important role of deciding the exposure time. The potential between its electrodes is 0V before charging, and is increased in proportion to charging. When the charging current is large (i.e. when the subject or scene is bright), the voltage increase is rapid. Due to the integration circuit. the relation between the charging voltage increase and time is linear. Two condensers are provided for the following reason. In the AUTO mode, the current to be handled is weak because of SBC, so the condenser capacity is small. Whereas, in the MANUAL mode, the current value is designed large for safety purposes and the condenser capacity is made larger.

Condenser for AUTO ..... 470 pF

Condenser for MANUAL . . . . . 22000 pF

In addition to the above, two condensers are used; one for the prevention of comparator oscillation and the other for voltage adjustment of second synchro circuit.

## (6) LED (Light-Emitting Diode)



When the shutter is released in a dark place, the LED (positioned underneath SBC) illuminates the SBC to prevent the shutter from being left opened.



Connect (+) side to the anode (A) and (-) side to the cathode (K). respectively.

When the AUTO/MANUAL switching lever is set to the OFF position. the LED is lit brightly and the shutter can be released at about 1/15 sec. and faster even at OFF.

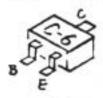
#### (7) Diode



This is connected in the shortest distance between the batteries to prevent current flow when batteries are loaded upside down.

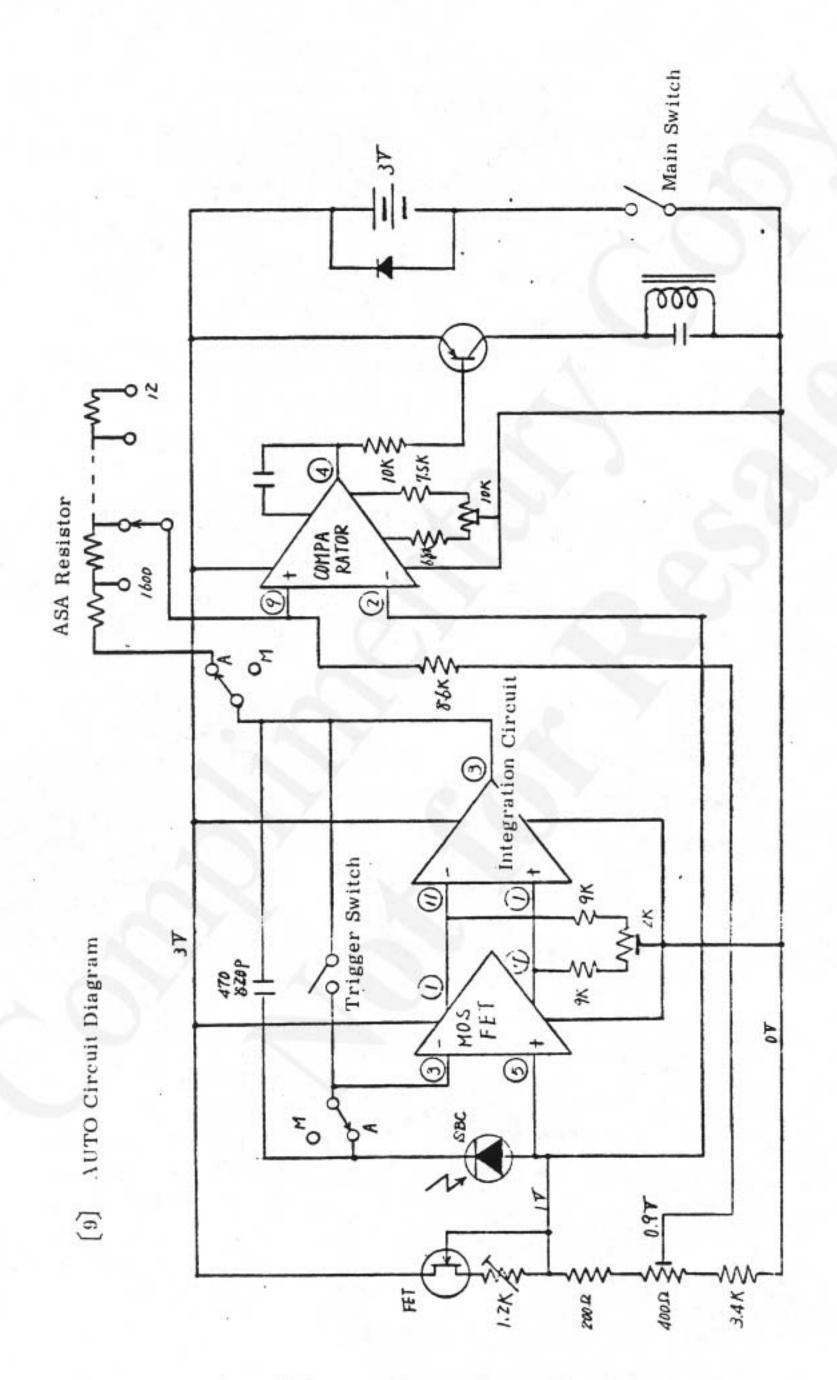


#### (8) Transistor



The transistor used in the M circuit board is for turning on and off of the magnet.





http://olympus.demeatia.org/Hardware

- [10] Operation Sequence at AUTO
- 1) Wind lever is advanced.

Trigger switch is turned ON.

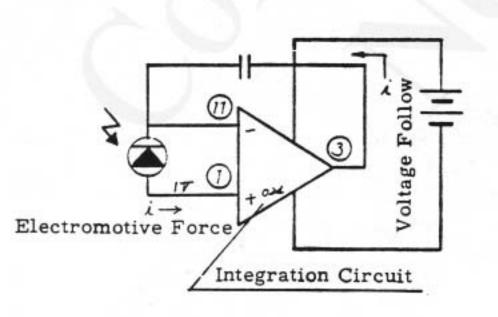
2) Shutter is released and mirror is flipped up.

Main switch is turned on. MG is turned on and closing claw A is fixed (closing curtain is fixed).

- 3) Opening curtain runs.
- (a) Trigger SW is turned off. and condenser for AUTO (470pF) starts . charging.
- (b) The voltage applied to ASA resistor is increased, and the current to flow through the resistor of  $8.6 \mathrm{K}\,\Omega$  is increased.
- (c) The voltages applied to pins 2 and 9 of IC 024 become same level. (pin 9 becomes 1V)
- (d) The voltage on pin 4 of IC 024 is increased from 0V to 3V. (comparator)
- (e) The transistor ceases to flow current, and MG is turned off.
- Closing claw is disengaged, and closing curtain runs.
- 5) Mirror flips down.

Main SW is turned off.

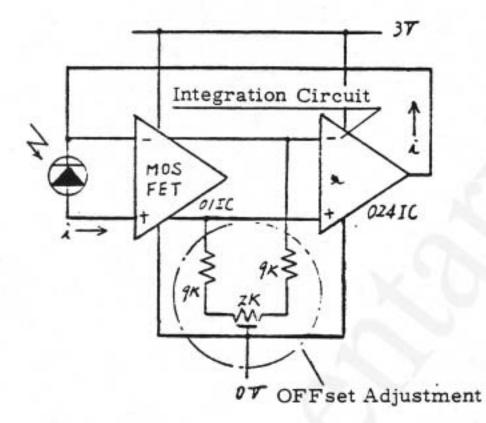
- [11] Supplementary Description of AUTO Circuit
- Voltage Follow of Integration Circuit



- (a) When the SBC receives light. it permits electric current i to flow in the arrow direction because of its photo-electromotive property. (The current to flow is proportional to the amount of incident light.)
- (b) The potential on the (+) side pin 1 of the integration circuit increases.
- (c) The integration circuit has a property to draw current from the

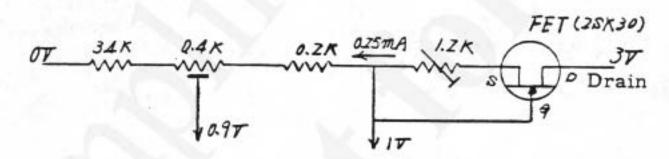
circuit until potentials on the (+) and (-) pins become the same level (IV) to bring balance between (+) and (-). (This is called "voltage follow".)

### 2) Off Set Adjustment



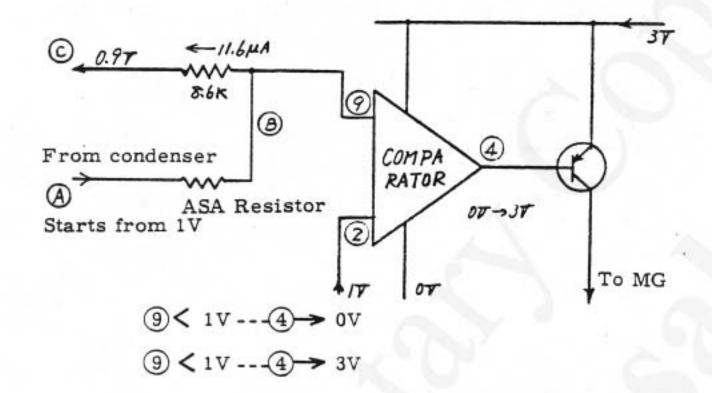
- (a) Theoretically, same potential of 1V is to be applied to both (+) and (-) of IC 01, but this is not the case in actuality due to the inevitable variations in the properties of M circuit board, IC, etc. Thus, like in the circuit encircled, a variable resistor of 2KΩ is used to make the potential on both sides 1V.
- (b) The 2K Ω variable resistor can adjust the range of about +25mV.
- (c) Improper OFF adjustment causes considerable affection to EE accuracy on the high ASA level.

### 3) Description of 1V and 0.9V Lines



- (a) If the voltage between source (S) and gate (G) of FET is changed by means of the  $1.2 \mathrm{K}^{\Omega}$  variable resistor, the current from S can be varied. The resultant current is constant even when the battery voltage 3V is changed, owing to the FET property. (The current is adjusted to  $0.25 \mathrm{mA}$ .)
- (b) 1V  $(3.4K \Omega + 0.4K \Omega + 0.2K \Omega) \times 0.25mA = 1V$
- (c) 0.9V $(3.4K \Omega + 0.4K \Omega / 2) \times 0.25mA = 0.9V$

4) Comparator (Decision Circuit)



(a) The comparator is connected as illustrated above. When the condenser is charged and its voltage is increased, voltages at B and 9 are also increased.

Before charging A = 1V, so that 0.9V 
$$<$$
 B  $<$  1V, and current flows in A  $\rightarrow$  B  $\rightarrow$  C.

(b) As charging of condenser advances (the voltage at A increases), the voltage at B is increased to greater than 1V(9>2). The condenser charging voltage at this time is calculated as described below.

The 1V at B lowers to 0.9V after passing through the resistor of  $8.6 K \Omega$  . so the value of current flowing there through is:

$$\frac{1V - 0.9V}{8.6K\Omega} = 11.6\mu A$$

To flow the current of 11.6uA across ASA resistor (7.16K a at ASA 100) the increase in the voltage at A should be:

(condenser voltage becomes 1V + 83mV = 1.083V.)

The increment of 83mV is the charging voltage.

The charging voltage is also called "decision level" and is a very important value. See Section (13).

Note: Current flowing from B to 9 .

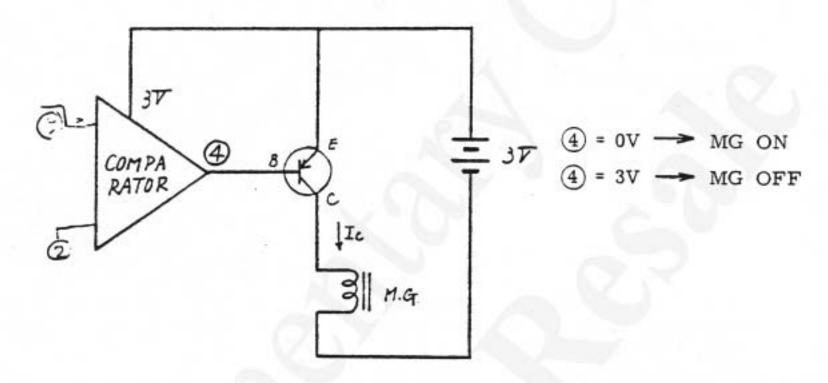
Since the impedance of the comparator is very high, the current across B - 9 can be considered zero and the above relation is established.

(c) When the voltage at 9 of the comparator becomes greater than that at 2 , the output will be switched as follow.

9<2 (=1V): Pin 4 on the output side has 0V .... MG ON

9<2 (=1V): Pin 4 " has 3V .... MG OFF

5) ON and OFF of Magnet



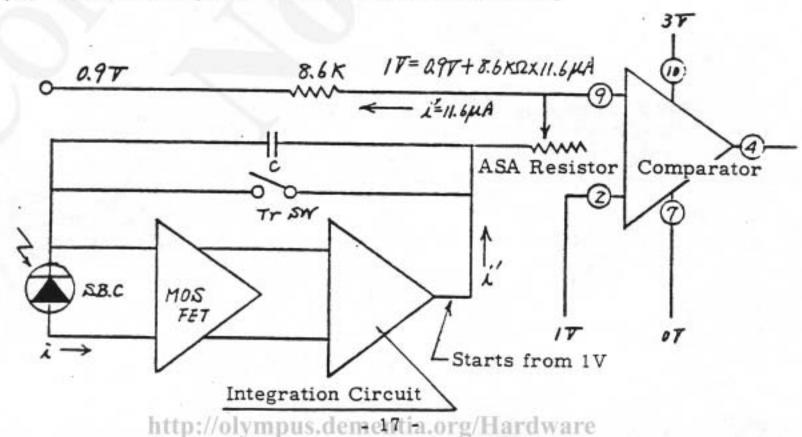
#### (a) MG ON

When pin 4 of comparator has 0V, the potential difference of 3V is generated between the base and emitter and current flows; hence, amplified current Ic flows into MG and MG is turned on.

#### (b) MG OFF

When pin 4 has 3V, there is no potential difference between B and E and no current flows; hence, no Ic current flows and MG is turned off.

## [12] Operation Sequence of M Circuit Board at AUTO



- 1) Main SW is turned on, and Tr SW (trigger switch) is turned off.
- 2) When SBC receives light and electromotive force i is generated, current i' flows from the integration circuit of IC 024 through the MOS FET, and current is charged in condenser (i = i').
- The voltage of the condenser is increased in proportion to the quantity of the charging current.
- 4) When the voltage of the condenser is increased to 1.083V, the current, obtained by the formula (1), flows in the ASA resistors of  $7.16 K\Omega$  (at ASA 100) and  $8.6 K\Omega$ .

$$i'' = \frac{1.083V - 0.9V}{7.16K \Omega + 8.6K \Omega} = 11.6\mu A \dots (1)$$

5) The voltage at pin 9 is:

$$V_{9} = 0.9V + 8.6K \Omega \times 11.6uA = 1V \dots (2)$$

- 6) According to the property of comparator, when the voltage at pin 9 becomes greater than that at pin 2 (9 > 2), the voltage at the output pin 4 is switched from 0 to 3V.
- For the turning on and off of MG. see preceding page.
- 8) ASA conversion is done by changing ASA resistance. thereby changing the charging voltage of the condenser which is necessary to flow the current of i" = 11.6uA. (The charging time is changed, and thus the exposure time is changed.)
- 9) The shutter speed change corresponding to the change in the brightness of the subject or scene is done as follow.

When the light intensity received by the SBC changes, electromotive force i changes linearly ( $\gamma = 1$ ) and the current i' changes at the same time, and thus the charging time of the condenser is always properly controlled.

## [13] ASA Conversion and Decision Level

As the current of 11.6uA flows between the ASA resistor and the resistor of  $8.6 \mathrm{K}\,\Omega$ . the potential of 0.1V is generated there between. See Sections (11) - 4) and (12).

This current flows from the charged condenser through the ASA resistor. If the value of 11.6 $\mu A$  is constant and the value of the ASA resistor is changed. the charging voltage can also be changed according to the Ohm's law.

$$I = \frac{E}{R} = 11.6\mu A \text{ (constant)}$$

Due to the integration circuit, the following relationship is established between the charging voltage and time (light quantity is constant).

y: charging voltage

y = x

x: charging time

When charging voltage is doubled, charging time is also doubled. This enables ASA conversion.

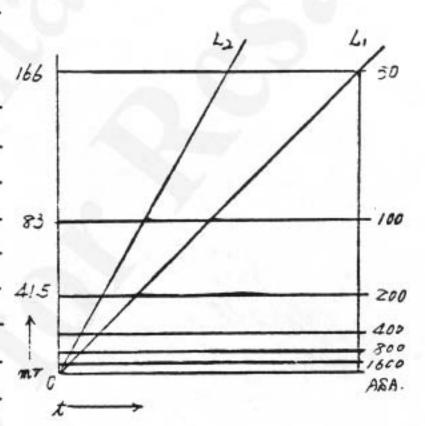
Charging voltage for each ASA value is obtained by the following formula:

As the charging voltage is 83mV for ASA 100

$$V = \frac{100}{ASA} \times 83mV$$
 ASA: ASA sensitivity

"V" is called "decision level".

ASA	Theo- retical Value (mV)	Correct- ed Value	Resist- ance Value (K \Omega )
12	664		57.2
25	332	A.	28.6
50	166		14.3
100	83	AL Y	7.16
200	41.5		3.58
400	20.8		1.79
800	10.4	11.9	1.02
1600	5.2	7.4	0.64



Decision Level and Resistance

ASA and Decision Level

(Subject luminance L2 > L1. ASA relation is the same.)

Shutter Curtain and "Off" timing of MG

There is the following relation between the shutter curtain and MG.

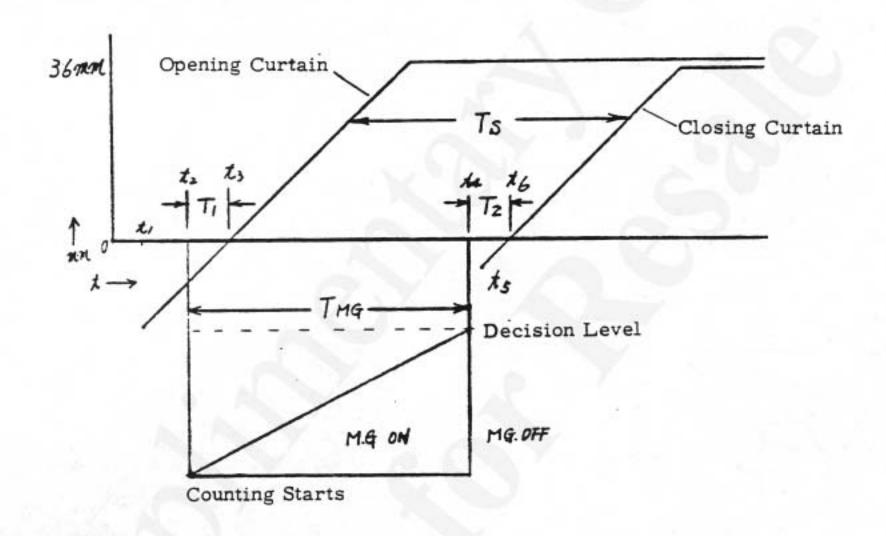
If T1 is made equal to T2. TMG can be made equal to Ts where:

Ts .... Shutter speed (t3 - t6)

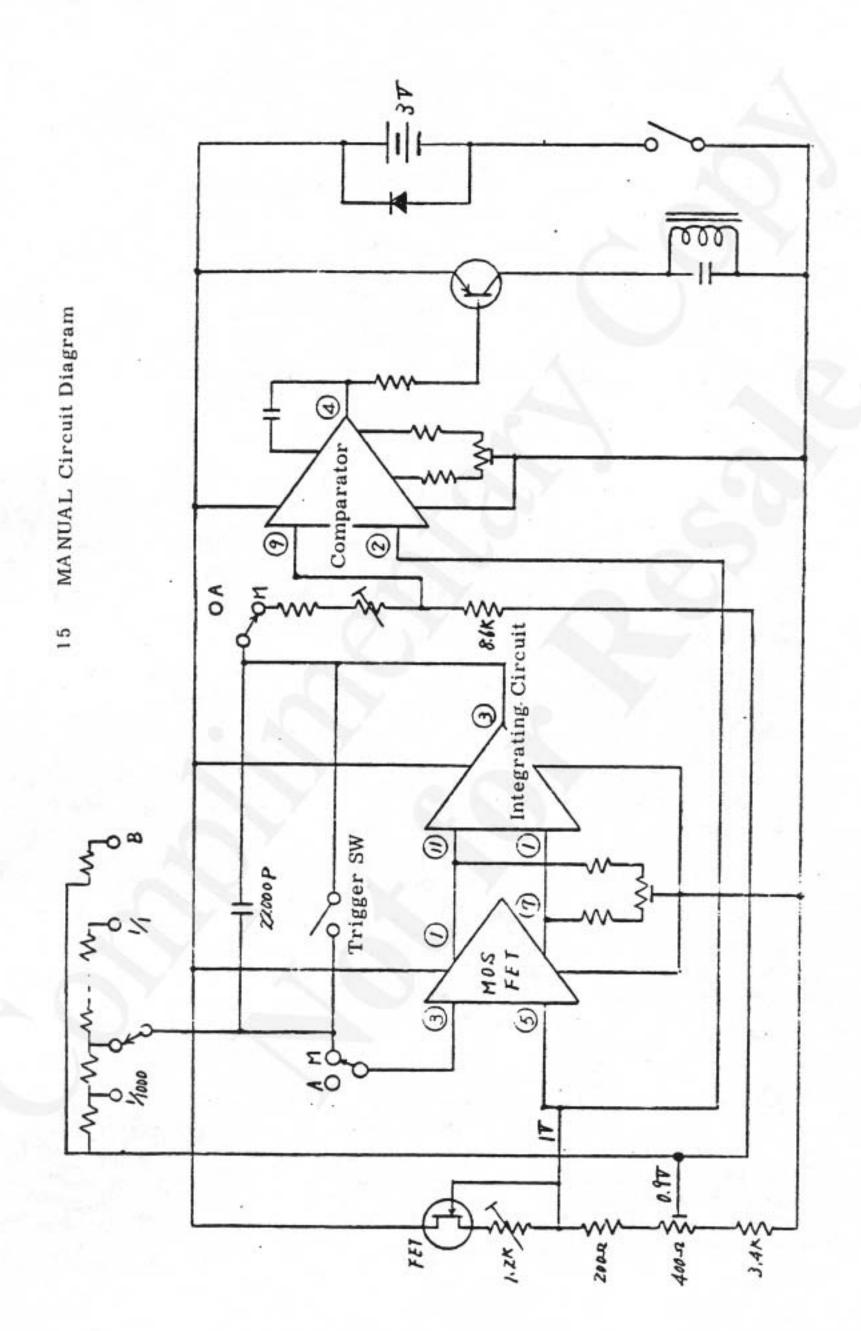
TMG ... MG attractive time (t2 - t4)

- T<sub>1</sub>.... Time required from the turning off of trigger switch to the start of exposing the screen (t<sub>2</sub> - t<sub>3</sub>)
- T2.... Time required from the turning off of MG to the start of closing curtain (t4 t6)

The adjustment of  $T_1$  =  $T_2$  is done by adjusting the timing of the trigger switch. The time  $t_4$  -  $t_5$  is a delay time due to the residual magnetism in the MG; etc.



- t1 ..... Opening curtain starts running.
- t2 ..... Trigger SW turns off.
- t3 ..... Exposure starts.
- t4 .... MG turns off.
- t5 . . . . Closing curtain starts running.
- t6 . . . . Screen starts to be closed.



### (16) Operation Sequence at MANUAL

The operation of M circuit board is the only difference from at AUTO. Other shutter mechanisms operate in the same manner as at AUTO.

#### At AUTO:

- SBC converts the intensity of light to electrical quantity, and controls shutter speed.
- (2) The condenser charging voltage is led into the comparator through the ASA resistor.

### At MANUAL:

- (1) SBC and ASA resistor are disconnected from the circuit.
- (2) The shutter speed circuit board is connected to one pin of the MOS FET. The shutter speed is controlled by changing the current value, which is obtained by varing fixed resistance of shutter speed circuit board.

The operation sequence is as follow:

- (1) Pin 5 of MOS FET is applied with 1V. Pin 3 of MOS FET is connected to 0.9V through the shutter speed circuit board.
- (2) Since there is a potential difference between the input pins of MOS FET, when the trigger switch is turned off. voltage follow is effected by the integration circuit.
- (3) The condenser for MANUAL is charged and voltage of condenser is increased.
- (4) When the voltage at pin (9) from integration circuit becomes 1V or greater, the comparator activates, and the voltage on pin (4) of comparator is switched from 0 to 3V. MG is then turned off.
- (5) Closing curtain runs.

### [17] Shutter Speed Circuit Board

The shutter speed circuit board is directly connected to the speed gear. When the shutter dial is turned, the circuit board rotates to set a resistance value corresponding to each shutter speed. The resistors for individual shutter speeds are serially connected. The shutter speed of 1/1000 sec. is set to the minimum resistance value.

## (18) Outline of Exposure Meter

As described in the preceding section, the exposure meter provides only the viewfinder information, and is separated from the automatic operation of the shutter.

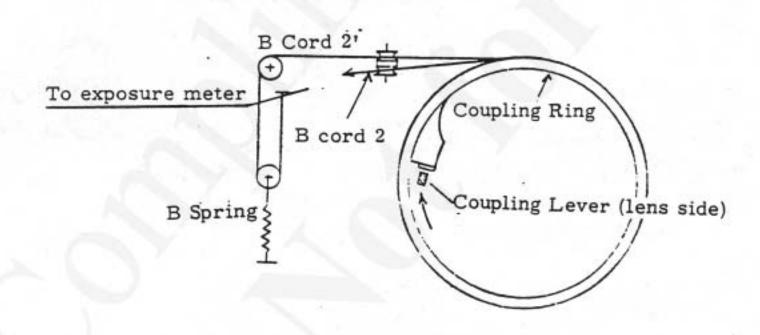
Following points are the major differences as compared with OM-1.

- For coupling of aperture ring and exposure meter, the conventional cam is replaced by a cord for directly connecting each other.
- (2) Coupling of shutter dial and exposure meter has been changed from mechanical one to electrical resistor switching.
- (3) Information display within viewfinder is different for AUTO and OFF.

# [19] Coupling Mechanism of Aperture Ring and Exposure Meter

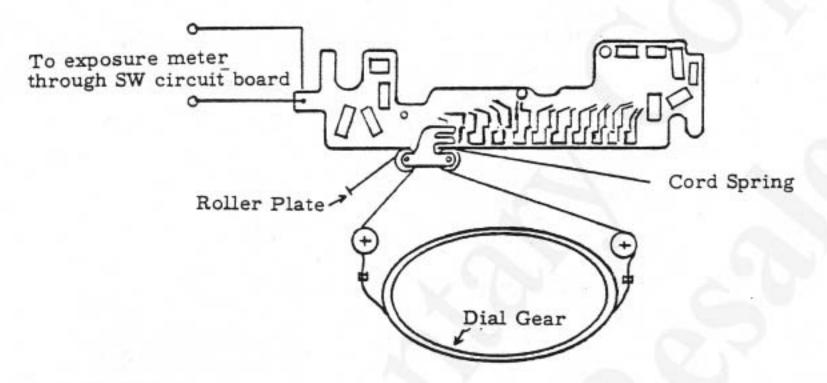
When aperture ring is turned, coupling lever (lens side) rotates the coupling ring. The rotation of the coupling ring winds the B cord 2 and turns the meter pulley.

At this point, B cord 2' adhered to the outer periphery of the coupling ring is simultaneously moved to pull on B spring. The projection of the coupling ring is assured of follow ability in that it is always brought to bear on the coupling lever of the lens. whenever the aperture ring is turned back.



# (20) Coupling Mechanism of Shutter Dial and Exposure Meter

When shutter dial is turned, the directly connected dial gear rotates, the cord (B cord 1) adhered to the outer periphery of dial gear moves SL contact piece to change the resistance of B circuit board and meter deflection is changed.



### (21) ASA Conversion

- (1) At AUTO, ASA conversion is made through resistors of AR circuit board glued to A cam.
- (2) At MANUAL, ASA conversion is made by operating P lever by means of A lever 1 to deflect the exposure meter. (A-lever 1 makes one body with A-lever 2 which is brought to bear on A-cam.)

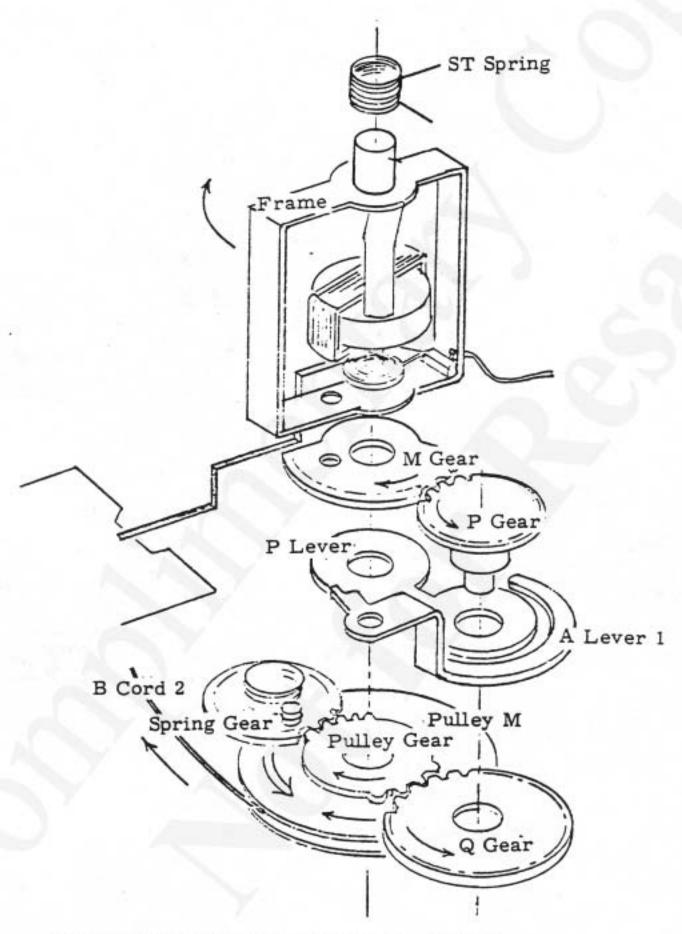
#### [22] F/stop Conversion

When aperture ring is turned from F16 to the maximum lens opening. the cord (B cord 1) moves in the arrow direction to rotate pulley M.

The pulley gear. which is made in one body with pulley M, rotates Q gear and turns M gear through P gear, which is made in one body with Q gear. The M gear is fixed via screw to meter frame and rotates the meter.

The pulley M is always tensioned in the arrow direction ( >> ) by means of a spring, hooked to the spring gear, and ST spring. The cord (B cord 1) is always tensioned.

See next page.



B cord 2 is interlocking with coupling ring



CHECK POINTS (INSPECTION STANDARDS)

# CHECK POINTS (INSPECTION STANDARDS)

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# I. Appearance and General Functions

Major Check Point	Relative Functions to be checked	Checking Method or Points of Special Attention
1 View- finder	1) Viewfield	<ol> <li>No dirt or filth on it.</li> <li>No image cut-off due to foreign substance.</li> <li>The edge of the prism should not be observed conspicuously.</li> <li>Viewfield Percentage: 97 +1 % (with MS5018)</li> </ol>
	2) Focus	(1) When focused at ∞ or at a distance desired, there should be no discrepancy between the reading on the focusing ring and the actual distance from subject to the film surface.
	3) Eyepiece Frame	(1) No deformation, rattling, nor space between the top cover. The magnifier should be mounted onto it firmly.
2 Exposure Meter	Position of     the indication     plate	(1) In case of MANUAL  E 2 0
		(2) In case of AUTO  No excessive inclination
	2) Scratch and dirt of the in- dication plate	(1) Should not be observed conspic- ously.

Major Check Point	Relative Functions to be Checked	Checking Method or Points of Special Attention
Exposure Meter	<ol> <li>Assurance of coming in and out of the in- dication plate</li> </ol>	(1) Should be surely interlocked with the operation of the selector lever.
	4) Smoothness of coming in and out of the indication plate	(1) Should not be unsmooth or with no friction against the meter needle.
	<ol> <li>Play of the meter needle</li> </ol>	(1) None
	6) Stuck of the meter needle	(1) Should not be stuck when deflecting to the middle of 1/2 - 1/4 (temporal).
	7) Length of the meter needle	(1) In case of AUTO. at the longer, should be lower than the dotted line.  (2) In case of AUTO. at the shorter, should be over the dotted line.
	8) Deflection range of the meter needle	(1) Red zone  The needle should be within the red zone in its full width.
		(2) Blue zone  The needle should be within the range show in the illustration.

Major Check Point	Relative Functions to be Checked	Checking Method or Points of Special Attention
3 R Knob	1) Rattling of the knob	<ol> <li>No rattling vertically.</li> <li>Horizontal tolerance should be 0.1mm or less in the stored position.</li> <li>Should be 0.3mm or less at the tip of the knob when pulled out.</li> </ol>
±	2) Operation of the knob	(1) Smooth and accurate rotation for rewinding with no excessive uneveness and squeak regardless of whether the film is loaded.
		(2) Surely pulled out (second step) and automatically returned to the original position.
	<ol> <li>R knob pulling force</li> </ol>	First step: 350 ±100g Second step: 1200 ±300g
4 Rear Cover	Horizontal     rattling of the     rear cover	(1) No rattling at the lock portion when locked regardless of whether there is patrone.
	2) Rattling of the hinge	(1) Slight up-down movement No friction on the end surfaces of the upper and lower plates.
		(2) Vertical tolerance 0.15 or less
	Assurance     of opening     and closing	(1) Smooth with no friction to the upper and lower plates.
	4) Demounting pin	(1) Should be depressed with no excessive unsmoothness and squeak.
0		(2) Should be surely returned when released after the depression.
		(3) Pin Operating Force 350 ± 80g
5 Pressure Plate	1) Mounting position	(1) Should be mounted with the fixed side come to the lock side.
	2) Flatness	(1) Should be 00.03. but the (-) should be concave against the lens.

Major Check Point	Relative Functions to be Checked	Checking Method or Points of Special Attention
6 Sprocket	1) Position of the teeth	Approach the rattling to the mask s
7 Spool	1) Rattling	(1) Vertical tolerance 0.3 or less (temporal)
		(2) Radial tolerance 0.25 or less (at the outer spool diameter)
		(3) Rotational direction 3 or less
	2) Operating force	(1) 180 - 350g x 6mm 180 - 400g x 6mm, temporal
8 Shutter Curtain	Appearance     of Edge     Metal	(1) Prior or subsequent to film advancement, the edge metal should not appear within the mask.
	2) Uneveness. blurring, unclearness and moire of the curtain	(1) Opening curtain should have no conspicuous uneveness. blurring. unclearness and moire.
	Position of the curtain	(1) Opening curtain should have no excessive inclination in the pattern.
		(2) Opening curtain should have no excessive vertical deviation.
	4) Assurance of the curtain tension	(1) The curtains should not be slanted nor loose.
9 Film Advance	1) Rattling	(1) Vertical tolerance (at the center of the axis): 0.2 or less
Lever		(2) Tolerance at the tip of the lever: 0.35 or less, temporal 0.7 or less
		(3) Horizontal and vertical tolerance (at the center of the axis): 0.1 or less

Major Check Point	Relative Functions to be Checked	Checking Method or Points of Special Attention
Film Advance Lever	Assurance of operation	<ol> <li>Upon a full stroke or winding motion film should be advanced by a full frame and the shutter and the mirror should be charged accurately.</li> <li>Even with a quick winding, the shutter should be set accurately.</li> </ol>
	3) Smoothness of operation	(1) Film should be advanced smoothly without difficulty at the start of the lever motion, an extreme friction, uneven movement, or squeaks.
	4) Operating force	(1) Should be 1000g or less at the tip of the lever, when film is loaded.
	5) Assurance of the film advance by short strokes	(1) Even with short strokes, the film should be advanced properly and locked in position accurately.
	6) Assurance of the preven- tion for double film-advance	(1) Film cannot be advanced consecutively for the second frame without shutter release.
	7) Assurance of the film release	(1) Upon shutter release, the film can be advanced for the subsequent frame.
	8) Shutter re- lease prior to or during the film advancing motion	(1) It should not allow the shutter re- lease action prior to or during the film advancing motion. Be cautions at the point immediately prior to completion of the film advancing motion, particu- larly.
OY.	9) Pre-advancing force of the film winding lever	WORK TO THE RESERVE THE TOTAL THE PARTY OF T
10 Release Button	1) Rattling	(1) Vertical: No rattling (2) Slight up-down motion: 0.25 or less
	2) Assurance of operation	(1) Surely released. (2) Surely returned to the original position even when released slowly after depressed strongly.

Major Check Point	Relative Functions to be Checked	Checking Method or Points of Special Attention
Release Button	3) Smoothness of operation	(1) Should be smooth with no friction, uneven movement and squeaks.
	4) Rotation of the release button	(1) No rotation.
	5) Release force	(1) 240 ± 50g See the Product Standards.
	6) Button free height	(1) $+1.3\pm0.2$ (from the tip of the button base) (The plus sign (+) means that the button is extruding from the button base.
	7) Release position	(1) $-0.2 \pm 0.15$ (from the tip of the button base)
11 Film Counter	Accordance     of index and     frame number	After opening and closing of the rear cover, the index lines should not be out of S.
		(2) At "1" and even numbers:  Figure Width 0.8  The center of the index line should be within ±0.4 from the center.
OY"	2) Indication of No. 1	(1) Upon closure of the rear cover and completion of charging (or even without charging), the first figure ("1") should appear in the window after advancement of 3 frames.
	3) Stop position	(1) When the number plate stops at (37). "E" should be, visible.
	4) Assurance of returning	(1) When the rear cover is opened, the number should return accurately to the "S" position.
12 Film Rewinding Clutch	1) Inclination	(1) Should be ±2° or less against the vertical in the normal state, and 90 <sup>+10°</sup> in the set state.  The set position can be 85°, rarely.

M	ajor Check Point	Relative Functions to be Checked		Checking Method or Points of Special Attention	
Film Rewinding	lewinding the upper	(1) Between the upper plate: 0.2 or less			
	Clutch		plate and the rewinding clutch base	(2) Between the frame: 0.3 or less	
		3)	Assurance of R side setting	(1) When turned 90° or beyond, it should be set accurately and should not return to the original position. (Setting can be performed even during the film-advancing motion.)	
		4)	Assurance of operation	(1) When the knob is set, the sprocker should be released and made free in motion.	
		5)	Smoothness of operation	(1) Should be surely returned to the original position in the early stage of the subsequent film-advance motion.	
13	S Lever (AUTO/ MANUAL Selector Lever)	1) Rattling	(1) Vertical tolerance: 0.07 or less		
			(2) Slight up-down motion: 0.25 or less at the tip of the lever		
		٠.		(3) At the click time: No rattling	
		2)	Assurance of operation	<ol> <li>Clicking should be felt.</li> <li>Even if it goes beyond MANUAL. it should return to the clicking position when releasing the finger.</li> </ol>	
		3)	Smoothness	(1) Smooth without extreme uneven movement and difficulty.	
		4)	Assurance of action	<ol> <li>The lever must be clicked into place at the MANUAL. AUTO, and OFF Positions Securely.</li> </ol>	
		5)	Assurance of the interlock- ing of the indication plate	<ol> <li>The indications within the view- finder should surely be changed over in interlocking with the lever setting to the AUTO. MANUAL and OFF. respectively.</li> </ol>	
		6)	Check stop position	(1) 20° ± 5°	
		7)	Assurance of returning from the check position	(1) Should be surely returned to the AUTO click position when releasing the finger.	

characteristic temperature.  2) Brightness of lighting (1) The lighting (red light) shoul discriminated even in the circum equivalent to BV15. The voltage is to be 2.65V.  3) Limitation of lighting (1) LED should surely light up with the Slever is set to the CHECK point batteries of at least 2.75V least to the CHECK point batteries of at least 2.75V least to the CHECK point batteries of at least 2.75V least the Slever is set to the CHECK point batteries of at least 2.75V least the Slever is set to the CHECK point batteries of at least 2.75V least 1 - 60: Purple blue 125 - 1000: Black  2) Rattling (1) B: Fluorescent red 1 - 60: Purple blue 125 - 1000: Black  (2) Click: 0.2 or less at the out shutter dial diameter  (3) Radial: 0.1 or less  3) Accordance of graduation (1) Discrepancy between the cent the index and that of the letter (B should be ±0.3 at the center of the carved letter.  (500)	Major Check Point	Relative Functions to be Checked	Checking Method or Points of Special Attention
lighting  discriminated even in the circum equivalent to BV15. The voltage is to be 2.65V.  3) Limitation of lighting  (1) LED should surely light up with the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the Slever is set to the CHECK pwith batteries of at least 2.75V light the Slever is set to the Slever	4 Checker		(1) Within 100 mV/10° against the room temperature.
lighting the S lever is set to the CHECK rewith batteries of at least 2.75V level batteries of at least 2.75			
Dial  1 - 60: Purple blue 125 - 1000: Black  2) Rattling  (1) Horizontal: 0.15 or less  (2) Click: 0.2 or less at the out shutter dial diameter  (3) Radial: 0.1 or less  3) Accordance of graduation  (1) Discrepancy between the cent the index and that of the letter (B should be ±0.3 at the center of the carved letter.  (500)			(1) LED should surely light up when the S lever is set to the CHECK position with batteries of at least 2.75V loaded.
(2) Click: 0.2 or less at the out shutter dial diameter  (3) Radial: 0.1 or less  (1) Discrepancy between the centre index and that of the letter (B should be ±0.3 at the center of the carved letter.  (500)		1) Marking	1 - 60: Purple blue
shutter dial diameter  (3) Radial: 0.1 or less  (1) Discrepancy between the center of the index and that of the letter (B should be ±0.3 at the center of the carved letter.  (500)		2) Rattling	(1) Horizontal: 0.15 or less
3) Accordance of graduation (1) Discrepancy between the central the index and that of the letter (B should be ±0.3 at the center of the carved letter.  (500)			(2) Click: 0.2 or less at the outer shutter dial diameter
of graduation the index and that of the letter (B should be ±0.3 at the center of the carved letter.  (500)			(3) Radial: 0.1 or less
		[1] 17년 [10 : 10 ] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [	the index and that of the letter (B - 250) should be ±0.3 at the center of the carved letter.  (500)  Center of Carved

Major Check Point	Relative Function to be Checked	Checking Method or Points of Special Attention	
Shutter Dial		1000	
	4) Change-over position  5) Assurance	(1) Should be changed over at 2/3 ±1/3 Should be surely changed over at the 1/125 click position.  (1) Reset should be made surely.	
	6) Position of resetting	(1) Should not be reset even if the S dial is turned to the stop position on the B side.	
		(2) Reset should be made surely when the reset button is depressed to set to B.	
16 Self- timer	Inclination     of the lever	(1) Should be ±1° against the vertical in the state before setting.	
		(2) Parallelism to the rewinding clutch should be observed normal.	
	2) Smoothness of setting	(1) Setting should be made smoothly without no friction, extreme uneven movement and squeaks.	
	3) Smoothness of the lever returning	(1) Upon setting of the self-timer, the setting lever alone will return to its original position smoothly with proper friction but without staggering by self- weight.	

Major Check Point	Relative Functions to be Checked	Checking Method or Points of Special Attention		
Self- timer	4) Assurance of stopping in the middle of run and restarting	(1) If the start-lever is pushed to the left during the timer operation, the times should be stopped. But when the lever is returned to the correct position again, the timer should resume operation accurately.		
	5) Smoothness of operation	(1) The self-timer should operate smoothly without uneven movement such as hesitation or stoppage.		
	6) Operation angle of the lever	A C		
		A: Unsettable range, not exceeding 40° (for reference)		
		B: Release button operable range, 70 - 190°		
		C: Slip range after setting, not exceeding 10°		
		D: Charge side stop position, 190° ± 3°		
	7) Operating	(1) Full set: 12 ± 3 sec.		
	time	(2) Allowance after release: 5 sec. or less		
17 Exposure compen-	1) Clearance	(1) No clearance between the dial and the rubber ring.		
Sation Dial		(2) Clearance between the dial and the dial base should be 0.15 or less.		
	Y	(3) Clearance between the dial and the scale plate should be 0.07 or less.		
	2) Accordance of the exposure compensation scale	<ol> <li>The index and the exposure com- pensation scale should not be disaccorded extremely by seeing from the directly above direction.</li> </ol>		

Major Check Relative Functions Point to be Checked		Checking Method or Points of Special Attention
Exposure Compen- sation Dial	3) Assurance of operation	(1) The stop function should surely effect. and the operation is allowed in the range indicated in the illustration below to make the proper exposure compensation.  Compensation Scale  (-3 Equivalent)  -2 -i 0 +l +z (+3 Equival)  12  25  50  100  200  400  800  1600
- A	4) Smoothness of operation	(1) Operation should be smooth without extreme uneven feeling and difficulty.
1 1	5) Rotating force	(1) Click disengaged: 1000 ± 300g/cm
	6) Pulling-up force	(1) 500 ± 120g (at the lock released position)
	7) Accordance of the window of the exposure compensation plate and ASA index	(1) Cut-off should be within the width of the letter. But no cut-off at ASA 100.
18 Motor Drive	rive	(1) Protrusion from the lower plate to the cover: 0 ± 0.1
Part		(2) Eccentricity with the lower plate: 0.15 or less
		(3) It should be surely screwed in and unscrewed.

Major Check Point	Relative Functions to be Checked		Checking Method or Points of Special Attention		
Motor Drive			(4) Plating fineness should be same as that of the lower plate.		
Part	2) Contact terminal	(1) Stage difference of the contact from the contact base: 0 ± 0.05			
			(2) Depression of the contact base from the lower plate: 0.1 ± 0.2		
			(3) Clearance between the lower plate and the contact base: 0.3 or less		
			(4) There should be no clearance between the contact base and the contact.		
	3)	Assurance of switching of	(1) The contacts should be conductive except during the shutter operation.		
		the contacts	(2) After the shutter operation is started, two contacts should be insulated and the rear side of the movable terminal and the camera die-cast body should be shortcircuited.		
	4) Conduction and insulation resistance of the contact	(1) Inner resistance upon conductive: 0.20 or less			
A A		(2) Insulation resistance upon insulated: 500V 50M Ω or greater			
		Operation of the release	(1) Should surely operate and make the release.		
		plate	(2) Operating force: 180 ± 20g		
	7		(3) Stroke (release position): 2 ± 0.4mm Stroke (stop position): 2.5mm or mor		
19 Reset	1)	Rattling	(1) 0.15 or less		
Button	on 2) Assurance of operation		(1) It should surely come in and out. and the shutter dial should not reach the B when it is not depressed.		
		(2) When it is depressed, the dial should be able to rotate.			
			(3) When returning from the B to "1". the returning should be performed independently of the button.		
*	3)	Operating force	(1) 120 ± 40g		

Major Check Point	Relative Functions to be Checked	Checking Method or Points of Special Attention		
Reset Button	4) Stroke	(1) Standard dimensions  Lock released position: 0.3 +0.2 Stop position: 0 +0.15 -0.2		
	5) Clearance between the front cover	(1) 0.15 or less		
20 Focusing Glass	1) Assurance of mounting	(1) The focusing glass should be surely pressed at the focal position in the condition with the F key effective.		
37	2) Assurance of the F key operation	(1) It should surely lock with "click" sound.		
	3) Assurance of demounting	(1) The F key should be disengaged without extreme difficulty, and the focusing glass mounting frame should be lowered and the focusing glass should be removed.		
21 Iris Lever	1) Rattling	(1) Position and dimensions including the rattling should be satisfied.		
	2) Assurance of operation	(2) Operation should be sure.  Use KC-0074G for the measurement of the position.		
22 Iris Interlock	1) Rattling	(1) Position and dimensions including the rattling should be satisfied.		
Ring	2) Assurance of operation	(1) The coupling ring should rotate to the stopper at B.		
		(2) The coupling ring should surely return.		
	<ol> <li>Smoothness of operation</li> </ol>	(1) The operation should be smooth without extreme uneven movement and difficulty.		

Major Check Point		to be Checked		Checking Method or Points of Special Attention		
23	B Mount	1)	Appearance	(1) The mount screw should be free from biting.		
		2)	Disaccordance of the shutter index and the index of the lens side	(1) When locking surely with the standard lens mount, the disaccordance of the index on the upper part of the body mount and the index of the lens side should be less than the illustrated value.		
		3)	Smoothness of the lens	(1) The lens should be mounted and demounted without extreme friction.		
			mounting and demounting	(2) Mounting and demounting rotational force should be 4 - 7kg/cm.		
		4)	Parallelism and flatness	(1) Parallelism and flatness to the film surface should be 0.02 or less (0.025 or less. temporal) anywhere within 20 in either side from the mask center on the basis of the B mount.		
24	FX Knob	1)	Biting of the slit of the socket base	(1) None.		
		2)	Rattling	(1) Vertical tolerance: 0.2 or less		
	0 -			(2) Click: 0.2 or less		
		3)	Assurance of switching	<ol> <li>Switching should be made with the time lag indicated at the shutter.</li> </ol>		
		4)	Position of the X/FP switching	<ol> <li>The switching should be made at the position near 2/3 to FP from the center of the X/FP.</li> </ol>		
25	Shutter Lock	1)	Assurance	<ol> <li>When the battery voltage is 0V - 2.32 ± 0.06V or the battery is loaded inversely, the shutter lock should function.</li> </ol>		

Major Check Point	Relative Functions to be Checked	Checking Method or Points of Special Attention	
26 WX	1) Assurance	(1) The X contact should flash at the shutter speed of 1/60 or slower in the manual mode, and not at 1/125 or faster.	
27. Movable Mirror	1) Smoothness of operation	(1) It should operate without hesitation and stoppage and squeaks.	

- II. Functions and Features (Items to be checked by measuring instruments)
- Film Advance Lever Operating Force . . . . 1000g or less at the tip of the lever. when film is loaded.
- 2. Film Advance Lever Returning Force ....  $30^{+10}_{-6}$ g at the beginning of the return stroke or thereabout.
- 3. Film Advance Lever Pre-advancing Force .... 25 50g at the tip of the lever.
- 4. Shutter Button Releasing Force .... 240 ± 50g.
- 5. Shutter Button Free Height ....  $+1.3 \pm 0.2$  from the tip of the button base (The plus sign (+) means that the button is extruding from the base.)
- 6. Shutter Button Release Position .... -0.2 ± 0.15
- 7. Shutter Button Stopping Position .... 0.5 and over in depth in relation with button seat top surface.
- 8. Release Button Shaft Depth of Action .... 7 ± 0.3 from button top surface
- 9. R Knob Pulling Force ..... First Step: 350 ± 100g Second Step: 1200 ± 300g
- Self-timer setting Force . . . . 600g or less at the tip of the lever.
- Self-timer Start Lever Operating Force . . . . 160 ± 80g at the tip of the lever.
- FX Knob Operating Force . . . . 700 + 200g at the tip of the knob.
- Shutter Dial Operating Force .... Middle Position: 600 ± 300g/cm Click Position: 1500 ± 500g/cm (1600 ± 650. temporal)
- 14. S Lever (AUTO/MANUAL Selector Lever) Operating Force ..... 330 ± 70g at the tip of the lever upon the click released. 500 ± 150g upon complete pressing to CHECK.

- 15. Flange-back . . . . 46.0 ± 0.02, 46.0 ± 0.025 temporal
- 16. Tunnel Interval .... 0.2 +0.02
- 17. Accuracy of Meter Indications
- a. Indication Difference in AUTO/MANUAL switching:

1/60; ±0.3EV, BV11 F5.6 Other than 1/60; ±0.5EV

b. Accuracy of Each Indication

K = 1.3 ASA100 Voltage; 3.15V ± 0.005

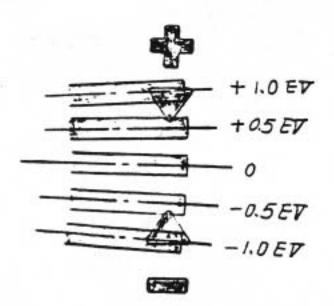
#### OM-2 EE Tester

BV	S.S	FNO	Accuracy of Indication			
4	1/2	2.8	±0.6EV	(T	empo	ral)
8	1/30	2.8	±0.6EV	(	"	)
11	1/60	5.6	±0.6EV	(	11	)
14	1/125	11	±0.6EV	(	11	)
16	1/500	11	±0.6EV	(		)

Caution: The shutter dial should be rotated from the 1/1000 side. The aperture ring should be turned from the F16 side.

## In case of LSBL7 or LSBL1

6	1/2	5.6	±0.6EV	(T	empor	ral)
8	1/2	11	±0.6EV	(	- 11	)
9	1/4	11	±0.6EV	( -	"	)
10	1/125	11	±0.6EV	(	311	)
12	1/125	5.6	±0.6EV	(	11	)
14	1/125	11	±0.6EV	(	**	)
15	1/500	8	±0.6EV	(	11	)
16	1/500	11	±0.6EV	(	11	)



Reading of the meter indication

- 18. Curtain Speed . . . . At 1/1000:  $11.5 \pm 0.1 ms$ The difference in the speeds of the curtains is  $0 \stackrel{+0.15}{-0}$ . The opening curtain should be faster.
- 19. Manual Exposure Time

Setting	Exposur	e time	Guaranteed qu	ality
1/1	1000	ms	871 - 1148	ms
1/2	500	- 11	436 - 574	ŤI.
1/4	250	**	218 - 287	"
1/8	125	"	109 - 144	0
1/15	62.5	11	54.5 - 71.8	TT .
1/30	31.2	-11	27.2 - 35.9	
1/60	15.6	11	13.6 - 17.9	ent.
1/125	7.81	. 11	6.81 - 8.97	· H
1/250	3.91	.11	3.40 - 4.49	
1/500	1.95	"	1.59 - 2.40	11
			(1.53 - 2.49	" Temporal)
1/1000	0.98	"	0.77 - 1.43	"

## Uneveness of Exposure

1/1 - 1/250: 0.15 EV or less

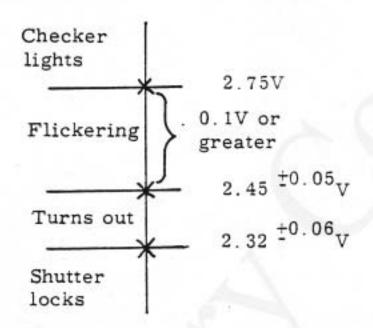
1/500: 0.3 EV or less 1/1000: 0.35 EV or less

- 21. Disorder of Exposure .... 10 continuous measuring values of exposure time should be all within the above standards.
- 22. Contact Efficiency of X Contact ..... Max. 60% or above and minimum 50% or above at the interval of 1ms. in slow speed including 1/60 sec.

- Contact Efficiency of FP Contact .... 70% or above at the interval of 2.5ms.
- 24. Insulation Resistance and Contact Resistance . . . . Insulation Resistance: 30 M at 500V Contact Resistance: Ascertain continuity at 3V
- 25. Time Lag for X Contact . . . . At 1/60 sec . . it should be switched in within 1.5ms of the closing action of the closing curtain. upon completion of the opening curtain opening.
- 26. Time Lag for FP Contact .... It should be switched in at 8 14ms. prior to commencement of the first curtain action.
- 27. Accuracy of Automatic Exposure .... ±0.6EV at 1/1000 sec. or equivalent and ±0.4EV at 1/500 sec. or slower in the range BV2 BV16 at ASA100. K = 1.3 with fresh batteries (two).
- 28. Longest Exposure Time for AUTO .... The shutter should be closed within 60 sec. 20 min at ASA100 in complete darkness.
  (30 60 sec. in temporal is also available.)
- Longest Exposure Time for OFF ..... The shutter should be closed within 35ms - 140ms at ASA100 in complete darkness.
- 30. Temperature Characteristic, -20 60°.... At ASA12 400. automatic exposure accuracy; the changing amount should be within the following value against the characteristic at the room temperature.

1/250 sec. or slower: 0.3EV 1/500 or equivalent: 0.4EV 1/1000 or equivalent: 0.5EV

- 31. Humidity Characteristic . . . . After leaving in 20°C and 90% humidity for two hours, the changing amount in this condition should be within 0.5EV at ASA100 and 10 sec. or equivalent as compared with the characteristic in the normal humidity.
- Difference between Automatic Exposure and Indication . . . . Real exposure should be 20ms or longer when the exposure meter indicates 1/30.
- Voltage Characteristic
  - a. The shutter lock should not activate in the voltage range of 3.2V before-lock value.
    - The shutter lock should operate in the range of lock voltage 0V.
    - c. The battery checker and the voltage should be as follow.



- 34. Change in Exposure against Voltage Fluctuation . . . . The changing amount should be within 0.2EV for either AUTO or MANUAL in the range of 3.2V lock voltage.
- 35. Current Consumption . . . . At AUTO and MANUAL 12mA or less at 3.15V

  At B
  15mA or less at 3.15V

  At CHECK
  15 20mA at 3.15V

  At meter
  800µA at 1/1 sec.
- 36. Vertical Discrepancy in Positioning the Actual Picture . . . . The actual picture should be beyond 0.3mm or more from the perforations.
- 37. Interval between Picture Frames ..... 1.85 ±0.5



ORDER OF DISASSEMBLY

### ORDER OF DISASSEMBLY

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### Caution: X

mark at the head of the part number shows the part which should not be touched directly by fingers. Be sure to cover fingers with rubber fingerstalls, and use new ones when they are discolored to prevent rusting.

#### 1 Removal of CE0503

Parts to Remove	Q'ty	Tool Used	Removable Parts	Remarks
CA9030 (T nut)	1	KC- CA9030G (Screw driver)		
CA8752 (FW lever holder)	1	KC- CA8752G (Screw driver)	Single body (CA9135 (CA8752 CA8753 Single body (CA9180 (CA9180 (CA8751 (CA8806 CA9181	Pin face hole of CA9135 and hole of CA8752 are accorded. and the parts are removable together in one body.
CA8777 (Fastening ring)	1	KC- CA8777G (Screw driver)		KC-CA8777G is made of aluminum, and take care not scratch.
CA8725 (R Knob)	1	KC-0071M (Wrench)	Single body CA9150 CA8730 CA8731	CA8733 is easy to be deformed and thus the jig at left must be used.
PSK1.7x 4SB (Screw)	2	Plus Screw- driver	CE0503 unit CE0525 CE0527 (0 - 3 ea.) CA8722 NW8.6- 2136BO (0 - 1 ea.)	Prior to the removal of CE0503. set the switching lever to the OFF position and ASA to 100.  The OFF and ASA 100 setting on the body side are as follow

Parts to Remove	Q'ty	Tool Used	Removable Parts	Remarks
				Manual
				OFF Position of SW base plate
				ASA 100 Position of AR base plate

## [2] Separation of CE0502 (Front casting) from Die-cast Body

Basically, there is no difference as compared with OM-1, but the number of soldered portion is increased.

Parts to Remove	Q'ty	Tool Used	Removable Parts	Remarks
CE0524 Lead Wire	1	Soldering Iron	Thermo- constrictive Tube	CE0503 should be then being removed.  Remove first from the vinyl tube portion.  LW on the die-cast body side is white.
CE0526 Lead Wire	1	Unger Three-wire Soldering Iron	Thermo- constrictive Tube	Remove the portion between 10KΩ resistor and purple LW (RBJ-M115).

Parts to Remove	Q'ty	Tool Used	Removable Parts	Remarks
Remove the soldered checker LW (RBJ- B30) from CA9483 (SW base plate)	1	Soldering Iron of 20W or less		SW Base Plate
Remove the soldered two LWs (RBJ-Y105. RBJ-W105) of CE0640 (Base plate A)	2	"		RBJ-Y105 (Yellow) RBJ-W105 (White)
Remove the battery compart- ment LW (RBJ-B170) from CA9483 (SW base plate)	2	"		RBJ-B170 Black
Remove the red LW (RBJ-R47) of the front casting and the red LW (RBJ-R125) of the diecast body bottom.			Reference: • Red LW of the front casting is removable from the FP contact piece. • Red LW of the die-cast body bottom is remova- ble from the X contact piece.	Lower cover should be then being removed.  Red and Black LWs  LW Storage  The above illustration shows the condition with the lower cover removed.

Parts to Remove	Q'ty	Tool Used	Removable Parts	Remarks
Remove the black LW (RBJ-B60) of the front casting and the black LW (RBJ-B100) of the diecast body bottom.		o Black LW of the front casting is removable from the main switch o Black LW of the die- cast body bottom is removable from the MG.		
PUK1.4- 404ST	1	Plus Screw- driver	CE0951	679
CA9156 (Light proof padding)	2	Tweezers		Raise the movable mirror with finger before the remova
CE0955 (Covering plate)	1		Caution: CE0955 is soldered to CE0914 with the lead wire, but the removal of the solder is unnecessary.	Adhered to the arrowed portion with pliobond.
CA9155 (Screw)	4	Plus Screw- driver		Before removing the screw. peel off CA9102 and CA9103. For CA9103. it is sufficient to peel off the half from the strap eyelet R side in the self-lever direction.
PUK1.7- 516SO (Screw)	2	Plus Screw- driver	SM Frame CE0502	

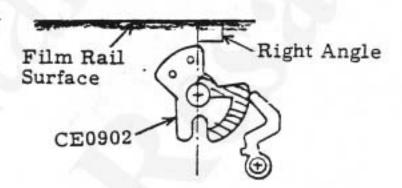
#### (1) Removal of CE0502 (Front casting)

Set the SW base plate to the OFF position, keep the mirror up with the finger and remove while moving CE0502 slightly up and down so that its upper part is removed first. When the upper part has been removed, continue the removal so as to remove the part on the self-timer side. There is the possibility of breaking the vinyl covering of white and yellow LWs of CE640 when moving up and down. Thus, displace the LWs sideways to prevent the above. When CE0502 is removed, CE0955 may be hooked. In such case, thus, pay attention not to break the LW and make scratches on the mirror.

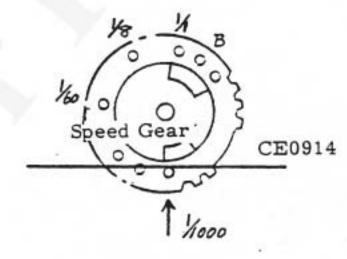
- (2) Order of Docking
- 1) Preparation on the Die-cast Body Side
- a) Set CE0902 to the OFF position.

Never turn CE0902. except the oblique line portion in the right illustration, to prevent the deformation of the contact piece.

- b) Set CE0829 to 1/1000. After setting, keep it unmoved until four front screws are tightened.
- c) Return to the pre-winding condition to protect the opening shutter curtain.
- Preparation on the CE0502 Side
- a) Set CA9483 to the OFF position.
- b) Set the shutter dial to 1/1000.
- c) Return to the condition before the mirror charge.
- Docking
- a) Pass the red and black LWs coming out below CE0502 through the LW hole of the body.
- b) When CE0955 is wired by the LW. flip up the mirror with the finger and place it into the mirror box.
- c) Insert CE0955 from the lower right portion into the body so as to insert the R shaft side first. (Take care not to jam each LW: pay attention because CE0902 is easy to move.)



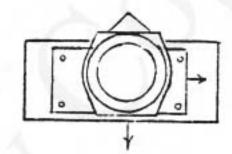
CE0914



Die-cast Body

Hole for LW

- d) Make sure that the pin underneath CA9483 and the groove of CE0902 are accorded (verify switching).
- e) Hook the self-timer on the screw of the release plate.
- f) Tighten four CA9155. Apply CE0502 to the lower right side. and fasten it in the diagonal direction.

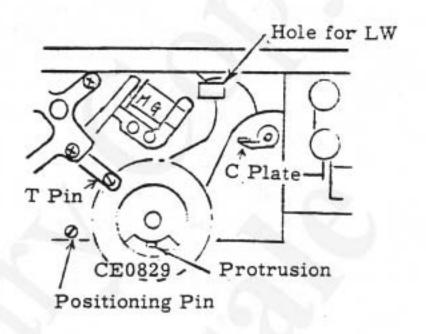


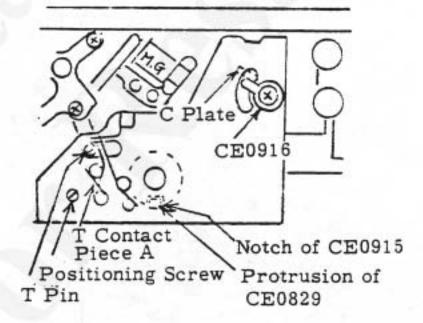
## [3] Removal of CE0914 M circuit board (CE0502 should be being removed.)

Parts to Remove	Q'ty	Tool Used	Removable Parts	Remarks
Remove bonding of RBJ-W105 (white LW) and RBJ- Y105 (yellow LW)	1 each	Pincette		Re-bonding must be made on the original bonding position.
Desolder green and orange LWs of CE0942.	1 each	Unger Three-wire Soldering Iron		Green LW Orange L
Desolder brown LW (RBJ-C95) on the die- cast body bottom.	1	"	CA 8076	

Parts to Remove	Q'ty	Tool Used	Removable Parts	Remarks
Desolder purple LW(RBJ- M25) and black LW (RBJ-B25) of magnet.	1 each	Unger Three-wire Soldering Iron		Black LW  Black LW  Black LW  Purple LW
Desolder purple LW (RBJ-M115) of die-cast body and purple LW (RBJ-M20) of CE0938.  Peel green. brown and orange LWs bonded to die-cast body bottom.	1		CA8076	After peeling off the bonding, pull each LW from under CE0515.
CE0923 (Screw)	1	Flat	Single body CE0914 CE0938 CE0915 CE0829	Caution:  (1) Rubber fingerstalls must be used.  (2) The screwdriver-adjusting resistor must not be rotated.  (3) The oblique line portions in the illustration below should never be smudged.

- Order of Placement of CE0914
   (Use rubber fingerstalls.)
- Pass brown, green and orange LWs of CE0914 through the LW hole of die-cast body.
- Set the protrusion of CE0829 toward you and. with CE0914.
   the notch of CE0915 toward you.
- Accord CE0913 with CE0916 of CE0914. (CE0913 is to be recommendably set to the MANUAL position.)
   Push into CE0913 with CE0916.
- Match T pin with CE0931 of CE0914. (The released shutter condition is recommendable.)
- 5) Put the position hole of CE0914 on the positioning screw. and, at the same time, match CE0829 with CE0915.
- Fix CE0914 to the die-cast body with CE0923.
- Solder each LW referring to the preceding page. and adhere them to the predetermined position.





- (4) Disassembly of the Shutter (Part of the lower side of the die-cast body)
  See the Repair Manual for OM-1.
- (5) Removal of the Shutter Curtain See the Repair Manual for OM-1.
- (6) Removal of CE0801 (S base plate)
  - Disengage cylinders A and B of the shutter curtain.
     (See the Repair Manual for OM-1)
  - Remove two PSK1.7 x 3.5SO to take off CA8875.

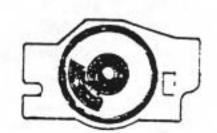
- Remove two PSK2 x 2SO. (Bellock is attached.)
   Remove one PSK2 x 2.8SO. (Bellock is unusable.)
   Then. CE0801 comes off.
- (7) Disassembly of the Film Wind Mechanism See the Repair Manual for OM-1.
- (8) Disassembly of CE0502 (Front casting) (CE0502 should be being separated from die-cast body.)

Main Parts	Parts to Remove	Q'ty	Removable Parts	Remarks
V 40 Self-timer	CA9077 (Pinch)	1	K OF	Remove CA9077 and PSK1.4 x 2.5SO with CA9111 fully
	PSK1.4 x 2.5SO	1		After the removal. set CA907 to the stop position to stop it
	CA9071 (Stopper)	1	Single body CA9072 CA9086 CA9075 CA9111	in the set state, and then remove CA9071.
	PSK2 x 3SO	2	V 40 Self-timer	Be sure to interlock CA9074 with self-timer when assembling.
LC4086 Penteprism	PUK1.7- 314SO	2	CE0524 CE0526	
	PUK1.7 x 2.2SO	2	CE0536 CA8936 LC4086	Remove PUK screw from SW base plate side.
CE0547 (Indication plate) (CE0538)	CE0539 (SL shaft)	2	Single body (CE0538 CE0547	Remove from SW base plate side.  Take sufficient care not to scratch CE0547.  Clean with Ligroine if soiled.
Meter Movable Section (DS4001)	CA9008 (Pulley screw)	3	CE0635	

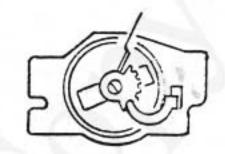
Main Parts	Parts to Remove	Q'ty	Removable Parts	Remarks
Meter Movable	PUK1.7 x 2SO	2	Single body	I W - C M
Section	Remove the solder- ing of CA9483. (SW base plate)	1	CA8981 CE0626 Meter Movable Section	LW of Mete
	CE0642 (C washer)	1		Remove in this state.
	CE0666 (A screw)	1	Single body CE0643 CE0645	Just loosen CE0666 (left- hand screw). Displace A contact piece 1 sideways, and remove A cam
	HK1.4- 633SN	1	CE0629	Just displace sideways not to hook when taking out the meter movable part in the next step.
	PUK1.4- 605SO	10000	CE0626 CE0647	Take care not to lose teflon tube (CE0622).

- (1) Order of Assembly of Meter Movable Parts
- 1) Hook CE0647 to CE0625 as shown in the right illustration.

(CE0643 should be being disengaged and the stopper screw of CE0629 should be being removed.)



2) Apply thin coat of grease 023P to the part of the meter movable section to be inserted into the bearing of CE0625 and the part to be inserted into the bearing of CE0626. and insert them into CE0626.



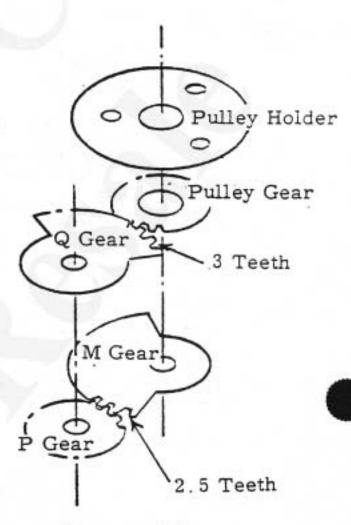
- Stop HK1.4-633SN of CE0629.
- Place CE0626 and fix it with two bellock attached PUK1. 4-605SO.

Setting Manner of CE0626

Place the half of CE0626 on the meter movable section and slide it under the A lever while pushing it downward.

- Hook CE0647, which was hooked to CE0625, on the protrusion of the frame of the meter movable section.
- 6) Place CE0643. fix it with CE0642 and finally fix it with CE0666 (left-hand screw) after positioning for the A contact piece.
- 7) Remove PUK1.7-406SO. disengage the pulley gear. which is made in one body with CA8981. and decide the tooth position as shown in the right illustration.

Note: At ASA 12. the eccentric of A lever 2 is centered.



See page 25.

Main Parts	Parts to Remove	Q'ty	Removable Parts	Remarks
CE0579 CE0580 (FP contact point)	Remove the white LW (BRJ-W17) of CE0579 (F contact)	1		
	CE0582 (T screw)	2	CE0579 CA8901 CE0580 CA8900	Take sufficient care when assembling CE0582 as it is easy to break.  Glue the red LW to the original position when assembling

Parts to Remove	Q'ty	Removable Parts	Remarks
PUK1.4 x 1.6SO	2	Single body  (CE0871  CE0872  CE0874  Note that some are provided with a subswitch.	SW Base Plate  Soldering Point of Black LW of Main Switch.  This should be done with CE0579 and CE0580 removed.
PUK2 x 4.5SG	3	Single body  (CA8877 CA8888 CE0520	
- af		CE0521 CE0522	Inseparable because these are combined with B cord.
PSK1.4 x 2SO	4	CE0519 CE0650	For the incorporation of the reset button, it is recommend able to set it on the front coverand then provide to CE0502 together therewith.
PUK1.4 x 1.6SO	2	CE0553	
PUK2 x 2.5 SO	2	CE0555	Loosen B cord of CE0546. and remove circuit board B and SL contact piece together.
See	the Re	pair Manual fo	r OM-1.
See the Repair Manual for OM-1.			
	PUK1.4 x 1.6SO  PUK2 x 4.5SG  PUK1.4 x 1.6SO  PUK2 x 2.5 SO  See	PUK1.4 x 2 1.6SO  PUK2 x 3 4.5SG  PSK1.4 x 2 1.6SO  PUK2 x 2.5 SO  See the Re	Remove



OTHERS

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### FILM WINDING & SHUTTER RELEASE MECHANISMS

### 1. Winding binds

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Improper selection of CA8844 (spring lever)	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	See the OM-1 Repair Manual. (20 - I - D5)
2) Adjustment of brake force improper	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	

### 2. Winding impossible

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Parts (spring, screw. etc.) coming loose or fallen off	<ul> <li>a. Check parts relative to film winding.</li> <li>b. Check if any shutter part dropped off.</li> <li>c. Check springs and screws of front plate parts for loosening or falling off.</li> <li>Make necessary repairs.</li> </ul>	See the OM-1 Repair Manual. (20 - I - D6)
2) CA9051 (ST. screw) stuck with CA9044 (K. inner plate)	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	
3) Defective CA8419 (low- ering hook)	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	See the OM-1 Repair Manual. (20 - I - D6, 6C)
4) Loosened CA9174 (L bearing)	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	

3. Shutter automatically released (curtain runs) immediately upon completion of winding.

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Insufficient engagement between CE0836 (opening claw A) and Gear A	a. If insufficient in horizontal di- rection; replace either CE0836 or Gear A (whole assembly of CE0802; Gears A and B).	Curtain should not run and next winding should be impossible until release button is depressed.
At	least 0.5-	40
	CE0836 (opening claw	A)
	<ul> <li>b. If insufficient in vertical direction;</li> </ul>	
	Bend CE0836 opening claw to adjust.	
	<ul> <li>Adjust backlash of CE0836.</li> </ul>	
	• Replace CE0836.	
	<ul> <li>Replace Gear A (whole assembly of CE0802; Gears A and B).</li> </ul>	
2) Improper engagement of CE0839 (M. Lever) and CE0852 (B. Lever)	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.

## 4. Excessive or insufficient winding

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Improper adjustment of front eccentric	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	Gently wind up and see if there is a 0.1 - 0.3mm clear- ance until CE0836 (opening claw) stops after it drops in Gear A.
2) Delayed re- lease of CA8824 (lock lever)	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.

#### 5. Wind lock improper

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
Improper operation of related parts	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.

## 6. Shutter can be released during or prior to winding

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Improper operation of related parts	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.

#### 7. Ineffective detent

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Improper operation or adjustment of CA8819 (K detent)	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.

#### 8. Winding not smooth

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Engagement of CA8828 (2- gear) and CA8836 (3-gear) stuck together	Adjust at mounting position of CE0801 (S plate).	Winding shall be smooth without excess grating, squeak, etc.
2) Delayed release of CA8586 (A lever spring)	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	
3) CE0851 (A fitting strip 2) stuck	Check related parts and repair.	
4) Heavy charging force of CA8412 (M charge)	See the OM-1 Repair Manual. (20 - I - D10)	The charging force should be 430 - 500g.

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
5) Engaging of each gear unsmooth	See the OM-1 Repair Manual. (20 - I - D10)	

#### 9. Wind lever not return or binds

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Top plate mounted off position	When CE0503 (Top-cover) is mounted off position, it will cause CA8753 (lever trimming) and CE0531 (button seat) to rub each other. The mounting position of CE0503 should be adjusted.	Wind lever should return surely no matter whether film is loaded or not.
2) CA8774 (lever spring) and CA9185 (frame spring) worn out. broken or entagled	See the OM-1 Repair Manual. (20 - I - D11)	
3) Loosened CA9113 (gear holder)	See the OM-1 Repair Manual. (20 - I - D11)	

### 10. Shutter releasing position of button too deep or shallow.

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Improper adjustment of CA9084 (button shaft)	With film wound condition. CA9084 or release screw should be adjusted so that clearance between CE0854 (bulb plate) and escape pin is 0.1 - 0.3.  Escape Pin CE0854 (bull CA8842 (KS lever)	ſ

#### 11. Heavy release button

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Operation of release plate	Check and make necessary repairs.	Releasing force of button should be 240 ± 50grs.
2) Releasing force of lifting hook		Releasing force of lifting hook should be 50grs or less.
3) Operation of CE0853 (KL plate)		

### 12. Perforation position improper

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Improper position of sprocket	See the OM-1 Repair Manual. (20 - I - D13)  Note:  CA8785 (claw gear) -> CE0518	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.
2) Detent in- effective on the way of winding (See the OM-1 Repair Manual)	Z1.0 205 +	When sprocket is pressed toward mask in wound condition. the distance between edge of mask and sprocket tooth should be 21.0 ± 0.5mm.

## 13. Film counter plate not progress or return to "S"

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
<ol> <li>Improper positioning of CE0518 (claw gear)</li> </ol>	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.  Note:  CA8784 (frame gear) → CE0517  CA8785 (claw gear) → CE0518	See the OM-1 Repair Manual

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
2) Improper positioning of CE0516 (FC returning lever)	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.  Note:  CA8775 -> CA9186  CA8778 -> CE0516	403
3) Deformed CA8786 (C ring)	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	
4) Improper positioning of frame stopper	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.
5) Adjustment of E pin	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	
6) Frame spring entangled	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	
7) Frame window of top plate and frame plate rubbed each other	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	

# 14. "S" mark out of position

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Adjustment of CA9184 (KS pin)	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.  Note:  CA8807 (KS pin) -> CA9184  CA8798 (KS shaft) -> CA8848	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.
2) Improper gluing position of frame plate	Correct the position.	

#### 15. Insufficient allowance after shutter release by self-timer

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
Adjustment     shutter     matching	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.

#### 16. CA9072 (ST-lever) titled

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) S-stopper pin of self- timer not pro- perly adjusted	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	See the OM-1 Repair Manual

#### II. SHUTTER & MIRROR MECHANISMS

#### 1. Curtain speed improper

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Improper adjustment of CA8531 (ten- sion nut)	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.  Note: Never touch or smudge the curtain to prevent change in EE values.	The speed of both curtains should be 11.5 ±0.1ms.  The speed of opening curtain is desirablly faster.

### 2. Opening curtain bounces

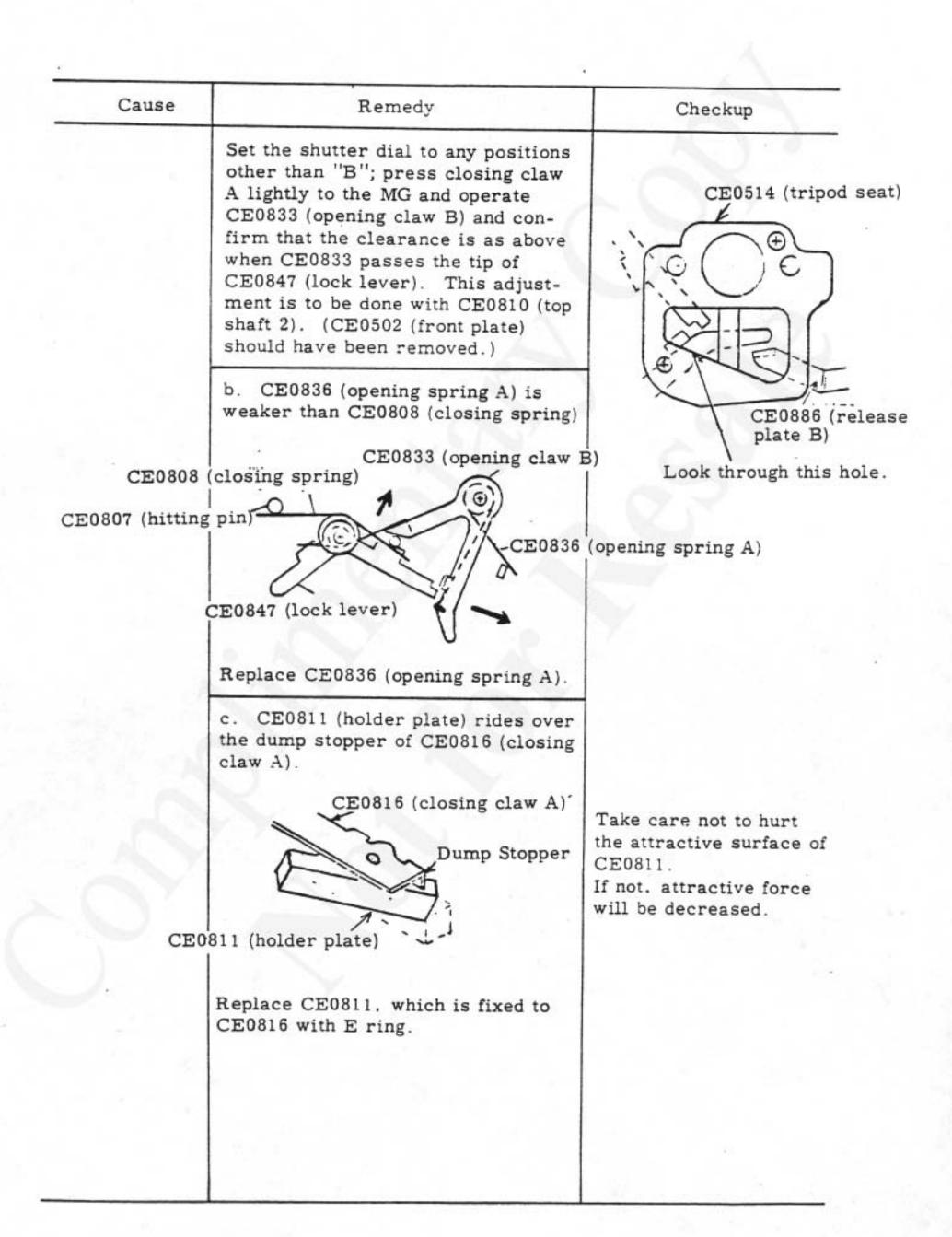
Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Adjustment of curtain posi- tion improper	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.  Note: Do not touch or smudge the curtain.  CA8519 (sylinder shaft A) > CA8661 CA8592 (opening claw) -> CE0832 CA8520 (sylinder shaft B) > CA8662 CA8521 (bottom stopper) -> CA9382 CA8522 (top stopper) -> CA9388	Closing Curtain  O+83  Opening Curtai  Mask  (+) (-)

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
	Fine adjustment:  Rotate CA8666 (locating seat) of cylinders A and B for fine adjust-	Inclination of curtain: The parallelism against camera mask
	ment of opening and closing curtain positions.	should be 0.2 or less in the vertical direction.
		Difference between a and b should be 0.2 or less.
		Overlapping of curtain holders:
		The overlapping of curtain holders should be 2.5mm or more at every position of the picture screen (the curtain holder width is 3mm.)
2) Opening curtain stops at improper position	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.  Note:  CA8538 (opening curtain) -> CE0857	3.7 ± 0.3 when the protrusion of gear A is struck against CE0801 (5 plate).
	CA8519 (sylinder shaft A)—CA8661 CA8517 (sylinder stopper)—CA8666 (locating seat) CA8501 (S plate) ————————————————————————————————————	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.
3) Brake ad- justment improper	See the OM-1 Repair Manual. Note:	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.
	CA8501 (S plate) — CE0801  A-eccentric should be turned clockwise.  The part. with which a clearance of 0.05 - 0.2mm is not obtained, is acceptable if its metallic striking noise against CE0801 (S plate) is not heard.	

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
4) Spring ten- sion of CA8586 weak	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.  Note:  CA8501 (S plate) -> CE0801	33
5) A fitting strip 2 not operating properly	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	
in surface in surface linish of fric- tion ring of CA8661 sylinder shaft	See the OM-1 Repair Manual.	

# 3. Shutter locked

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Defective power supply	a. Check battery voltage.  b. Check shortcircuit between metallic dowel of CE0942 (switching board) and CA9483 (SW plate).  c. Check shortcircuit between CE0507 (cell cover) and PUK1.7-5SN.	The lock voltage is 2.34 ±0.04V or less.
2) Defective CE0801 (S plate) CE0810 (	a. Check if clearance between CE0847 (lock lever) and CE0833 (opening claw B) is small.  CE0833 (opening claw B)  top shaft 2)  CE0847 (lock lever)	When CE0502 (front plate) is unremoved. remove CE0504 (bottom plate) and look through the hole of CE0514 (tripod seat).  The use of loupe of 10 - 20 magnifications is recommendable.



Cause	Remedy	Checkup
	d. MG attractive force is too weak. (Improper MG position)	Attractive force should be 60grs or greater at 1.8V.
	CE0811 (holder plate)  CE0813 (MG bath)  CE0813 (MG bath)  CE0813 (MG bath)  PUK Screw  Adjust PUK and HK screws so that	
	MG plate is made parallel at the center of CE0811 (holder plate).	Normal if coil is conductive when checking by a 6V tester with
	3V Tester	about 6000 resistance.  If nonconductive. replace MG.
3) Defective main switch	<ul> <li>a. Check for brakage of each contact piece of main switch.</li> <li>b. Solder of main switch is removed.</li> <li>c. The main switch is contacted improperly.</li> </ul>	

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
	CE0591 (SW	circuit board)
	Remove CE0503 (top plate) and CE0955 (mat) with the mirror kept up. and check by a tester if there is conduction.	Normal if resistance is ÷0 n .
4) Defective lead wire	<ul> <li>a. Check RBJ-B170 (black LW)</li> <li>between the battery compartment</li> <li>and CE0591 for shortcircuit.</li> <li>b. CE0507 (cell cover) and PUK1.7-5SN are shortcircuited.</li> </ul>	Take out batteries. disconnect the black lead wire from SW circuit board and check for shortcircuit with the body by a tester.
	c. The black lead wire is jammed between the main body and CE0502 (front plate) on the upper side of the main switch.	Normal if resistance is ÷10 n. and ∞ on the reverse side. when measuring with the (-) probe of the tester applied to the black LW and the (+) probe to the body.
5) Defective CE0914 (M circuit board)	a. Check for the ineffective soldering on FET and correct the soldering.  b. Shortcircuit with IS001: As the metal case of IC is applied with negative potential, it is shortcircuited if contacted to IS001 body.	

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
	Adjustment of IC height:	A)
	The clearance between CE0914 (M circuit board) and IC is to be made about 0.3mm. (0.3-clearance jig is available.)	
	c. Shortcircuit between CE0913 (change plate 3) and soldered portion.	
	d. Shutter lock at high ASA setting due to OFFset change. See the section for OFFset adjustment.	
	Check above and make necessary repair.	
6) Defective CE0645 (AR circuit board)	a. Shortcircuit between CE0636 (A-contact piece 1) and periphery of CE0644 (cam holder).	
	b. Shortcircuit between the soldered portion of CE0637 (A-contact piece 2) and CE0643 (A cam).	
	c. Shortcircuit between CE0637 and CE0644 (cam holder) due to the mounting of CE0503 (top plate).	
	d. Shortcircuit between CE0645 (AR circuit board) and CE0501 (body).	40
	Check for above points and make necessary repair.	

## 4. Shutter not locked

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Improper adjustment of CE0886 (release plate B)	a. The clearance between CE0833 (opening claw B) and CE0886 should be about 0.2mm when the shutter is charged. Adjust it by bending the tip of CE0886.	Look through the hole of CE0514 (tripod seat). See Section II - 3 -2) a.

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
	CE0886 (release plate B)	
	1 0.2	
	CE0833 (opening claw B)	
	b. CE0886 should be disengaged	
	from the hook of CE0885 (release plate B) smoothly when operating	4 6
	CE0885 in the film wound condition.	
	c. There should be a clearance between CE0833 (opening claw B) and CE0847 (lock lever) when strik- ing the CE0816 (closing claw A) against MG. except at "B".	See Section II-3-2)-a)
	d. When CE0885 is disengaged by one step except at "B". CE0833 should be engaged by 0.3mm or	See through the hole of CE0514 using a magnifier and confirm.
	more with a clearance at the notch of lock lever.	See Section II-3-2)-a)
	CE0833 (opening	claw B)
	CE0810 0.3mm or	more
	To all Y	
	Lock Lever	
	Adjust with CE0810 (top shaft 2).	
	e. When CE0885 is disengaged by two steps. CE0833 should be locked by the notch of lock lever.	
	0.7mm or mo	pre

#### 5. Shutter lock not released

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Defective CE0829 (speed gear)	a. CE0847 (lock lever) does not engage with CE0829.  CE0847 (lock lever) CE0829 (speed gear)	Even when CE0829 is slightly moved up and down, CE0847 should be engaged therewith by more than 2/3 of the plate thickness.
	Adjust the bending of CE0847, or replace CE0829 when the backlash of CE0829 is excessive. (The replacement should be done after CE0914 (M circuit board) is removed.)	
2) Defective CE0886 (release plate B)	a. Insufficient driving force due to defective operation of CE0886.  b. Excessive force of CE0833 (opening claw B).  Clean or replace the part.	

## 6. Shutter fully opened both at AUTO and MANUAL

	Checkup
a. Shortcircuit between purpl wire and wire and main body.	Normal if resistance between auto synch contact (CE0526) and main body is ÷10K n when measured by a tester.

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
2) Trigger and relateds	a. CE0932 (T contact piece B) is being disengaged from CE0930 (T holder) and always turned on.  CE0930 (T holder)  T Pin T Contact Piece A  CE0932 (T contact piece B)  The above illustration shows the condition of CE0930 and T contact pieces A and B after winding the film.  b. CE0931 (T holder) contacts CE0930 (T contact piece A).  c. The T contact pieces A and B are not separated.  Adjustment should be made as above.	The above illustration shows the position of CE0932 after winding.  T Contact Piece A  CE0932 (T contact piece The above illustration shows the position of T contact pieces A. B after winding the film.  After the opening curtain runs. the con-
3) Defective CE0914 (M circuit board)	a. Improper soldering of FET (defective 1V line).  b. Defective IS001 (OFFset displaced).  c. Broken or disengaged CE0935 (K contact piece).	
0935 (K contac	K Shaft Cam Shaft	

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
	d. Displaced position of CE0829 (speed gear).	
	1000 1500 150	
	[C) 07-1/8	
	1 1	
	When each hole comes to the front (arrowed location), corresponding shutter speed is set. The above illustration shows "B" setting.	
	e. Pattern to K-shaft is broken. See the illustration in c.	

## 7. Shutter fully opened at AUTO

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Broken wire or con- tact failure of ASA resistor	a. White LW (RBJ-W105) or yellow LW (RBJ-Y105) of CE0640 (circuit board A) is broken or poorly soldered.	
	b. Broken pattern due to damaged CE0640.	
39	c. Contact failure of CE0636 and CE0637 (A contact pieces 1. 2).	
2) Contact failure of CE0935 (K contact piece)	a. Insufficient switching due to insufficient adjustment of CE0910 (charge plate 2).  b. Soiled or dusty contacting surface.  There should be	K Contact Piece  Should positively be contacte
	of 0.5mm or les	

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
3) Defective condenser for AUTO	a. The condenser for AUTO is disconnected or poorly soldered.  b. Shortcircuit in the condenser for AUTO.	Condenser for AU
8. Shutter fu	ully opened at MANUAL	
Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Defective CE0915 (speed cir- cuit board)	a. White LW (RBJ-W20) or yellow LW (RBJ-Y30) of CE0915 is broken or poorly soldered.  b. Contact failure of CE0925.  c. Broken pattern of CE0915.	CE0925 (speed plate)
2) Contact failure of CE0935(K contact piece)	a. Soiled or dusty contacting surface.  Should positively be	K Contact Piece
3) Defective condenser for MANUAL	a. The condenser is disconnected or poorly soldered.  b. Shortcircuit in the condenser.	Condenser for MANUA

9. Shutter not released (mechanical fault)

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Defective mirror movement	a. There is no backlash in the left- and -right direction of CE0870 (M frame). Loosen the screw of side plate and adjust the position.	
2) Insuffi- cient CE0886 (release plate B) force	a. Disengaging force of CE0832 (opening claw A) excessive.  b. CE0886 operates improperly.	
3) Insuffi- cient CA8439 (S-release) force	a. Tensile force of CA8447 (M spring) is insufficient. Replace it.	
	b. CA8439 rubs against the body. Adjust the position.	
4) Excessive disengaging force of CE0885 (release plate A)	Apply Rocol Paste to CE0885 for about 1mm (B1).	ease plate A)
	<ul> <li>b. Tensile force of CE0891 (release spring A) is excessive.</li> <li>c. Surface finish accuracy of the hooking portion of CE0885 is insufficient.</li> </ul>	

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
	d. CE0885 operates improperly.	CE0885 should operate smoothly and return with the spring force.

## 10. Defective shutter speed at AUTO

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Defective CE0942 (switching board)	a. Poor soldering of CE0942.  b. AUTO/MANUAL switching is defective.	
2) Defective CE0914 (M circuit board)	a. CE0935 (K-contact piece) is disconnected.  b. IC is defective.  c. SBC is defective.  d. Poor soldering on FET.	
3) Defective CE0645 (AR circuit board)	<ul> <li>a. CE0636 and CE0637 (A-contact piece 1, 2) are shortcircuited.</li> <li>b. Resistors of CE0645 is shortcircuited with body.</li> <li>c. CE0630 (A lever 2) is submerged.</li> </ul>	
	a. Insufficient charge due to improper adjustment of CE0886.	When wound. CE0886 should surely hook on the 1st step of CE0885 with the allowance described at left.  There should be allowance between CE0886 and the body.
	When the wind lever is advanced and CE0886 is set to the 1st step of CE0885, there should be 0.2 - 0.4 mm allowance.	

# 11. Defective shutter speed at MANUAL

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Defective CE0910 (switching plate) of CE0942 (switching board)	a. Poor soldering of CE0942.  Solder it sufficiently.  b. CE0910 operates improperly.  At MANUAL At AUTO  Clearance  As seen from lower sid  Bend and adjust CE0910 to have the above illustrated condition.  Bending and adjusting possible of the second condition.	rtion
2) Defective CE0885/0886 (release plates) engagement	a. CE0886 is charged insufficiently. See Section II-10-4).	
3) MG related parts	a. MG attractive force is too weak.  The surface of CE0811 (attractive plate) is soiled or scratched	The attractive force should be 60grs or more at 1.8V.  See Section II-3-2)-d.

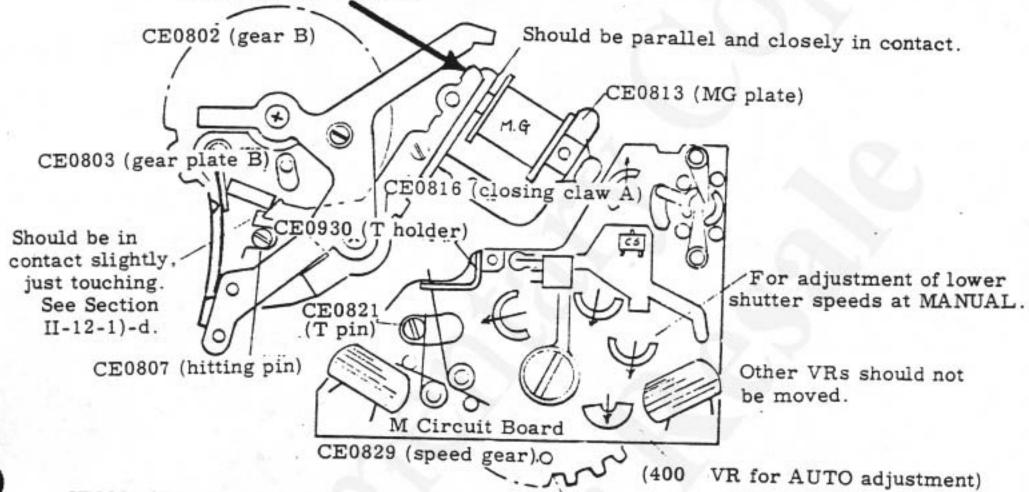
Cause	Remedy	Checkup
4) Defective main switch	a. CE0871 and CE0872 (M contact piece 1. 2) are contacted improperly.  See page 74.	AR.
5) Defective M circuit board	a. Poor soldering on FET.  Correct soldering.	
	b. CE0925 (speed plate) and CE0915 (shutter speed circuit board) are contacted improperly.	
	Clean CE0915 or replace CE0925.  c. Pattern to K shaft is broken.	
	The soldered spot of white LW coming from CE0915.	
	d. Shortcircuit between CE0913 (switching plate 3) and C101 (condenser for MANUAL).	
	e. CE0935 (K contact piece) is detached.	

# 12. Manual shutter speed adjustment

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Preparation for adjustment  CE052 CE0526 (S co	4 (S base)	Silver-oxide batteries may be used as the power supply.  of card board, etc.

c. Adjust the eccentrics of the hitting pin of CE0805 and the T pin of CE0820 (TR plate)  Hitting Cam  CE0805 CE0820 (TR plate)  Locate the screw head of eccentrics in the arrowed direction.  d. Adjust the clearance between CE0803 (gear plate B) and CE0816 (closing claw A).  Loosen CE0803 and fix it in such a degree that it is contacted to CE0816 by the pressure of CE0842 (X contact piece A).  After winding, carefully return CE0816 (closing claw A) in the spring force effecting direction. Improper if 0816 moves even slightly when it is pressed against MG. Make re-adjustment. See next page.  CE0802 (gear B) HK1.4-201SN (gear plate B fastening screw CE0803 (gear plate B) CE0816 (closing claw A)	Cause	Remedy	Checkup
Locate the screw head of eccentrics in the arrowed direction.  d. Adjust the clearance between CE0803 (gear plate B) and CE0816 (closing claw A).  Loosen CE0803 and fix it in such a degree that it is contacted to CE0816 by the pressure of CE0842 (X contact piece A).  CE0802 (gear B)  HK1.4-201SN (gear plate B fastening screw CE0803 (gear plate B)  CE0803 (gear plate B)		hitting pin of CE0805 and the T pin	
trics in the arrowed direction.  d. Adjust the clearance between CE0803 (gear plate B) and CE0816 (closing claw A).  Loosen CE0803 and fix it in such a degree that it is contacted to CE0816 by the pressure of CE0842 (X contact piece A).  CE0802 (gear B)  HK1. 4-201SN (gear plate B fastening screen centers)  CE0803 (gear plate B)  CE0806 (closing claw A)  After winding, carefully return CE0816 (closing claw A) in the spring force effecting direction.  Improper if 0816 moves even slightly when it is pressed against MG. Make re-adjustment.  See next page.  CE0803 (gear plate B)  CE0806 (closing claw A)	H	CE0805	(TR plate)
CE0802 (gear B)  HK1.4-201SN (gear plate B fastening screened)  CE0803 (gear plate B)  CE0816 (closing claw A)		trics in the arrowed direction.  d. Adjust the clearance between CE0803 (gear plate B) and CE0816 (closing claw A).  Loosen CE0803 and fix it in such a degree that it is contacted to CE0816 by the pressure of CE0842 (X con-	return CE0816 (closing claw A) in the spring force effecting direction.  Improper if 0816 moves even slightly when it is pressed against MG.
CE0816 (closing claw A)	CE0803 (	\$ ARI. 4-201SN	See next page.
	CEUGUS	CE0816 (closin	

Should not move when pressed in the arrow direction after winding. See Section II-12-1)-d.



CE0821 (T pin) and CE0930 (T holder) are for the adjustment of higher shutter speeds at MANUAL.

See Section II-6-3)-d for the position of each shutter speed hole.

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
2) Tempo- rary setting of curtain speed	Set the shutter speed to 1/8 sec. (See Section II-6-3)-d if the shutter dial is not attached.)  Turn CA8531 (tension nut) of sylinder shafts C&D to have the curtain speed described at right.  See the OM-1 Repair Manual. 20-I-D18.	The curtain speed should be 11.5 ± 0.2ms for both the opening and closing curtains.  (The speed of opening curtain is recommendably faster.)
3) Setting to 1/8 sec. (Adjustment for lower speeds)	Adjust to 125 ± 5ms with the 30K n VR of CE0914 (M circuit board).	125 ± 5ms

Remedy	Checkup
a. Verify the difference between each shutter speed of 1/500, 1/1000	2ms between 1/500 sec. and 1/250 sec.
and 1/250.	1ms between 1/500 sec. and 1/1000 sec.
	Note:
	If the difference is less 2ms between 1/250 sec. and 1/500 sec. it is acceptable if there is not 1ms difference between 1/500 sec. and 1/1000 sec. (Influence of mini shutter speed. 0.5 - 1.42ms at AUTO)
b. Adjustment of curtain speed at 1/500 sec. Adjust as described at right with CA8531.	11.5±0.1ms The opening curtain should run faster than the closing curtain. The difference should be 0.15ms or less.
c. Adjustment of 1/500 sec. shutter	1.96 ± 0.1ms
CE0931 (T contact piece A)	(Adjust to 2 ± 0.5ms coarsely with CE0830 (T holder) and then make fine adjustment with
c piece B) CE0821 (T pin) (Fine adjustment)	CE0821 (T pin).)  See Section II-6-2) for the locational relations between CE0832.  CE0831 (T contact pieces A. B) and CE0830
Correct by bending (Coarse adjustment)	Caution: CE0830 (T holder) is easy to become loose. and thus care should be
	a. Verify the difference between each shutter speed of 1/500, 1/1000 and 1/250.  b. Adjustment of curtain speed at 1/500 sec.  Adjust as described at right with CA8531.  c. Adjustment of 1/500 sec. shutter speed  CE0931 (T contact piece A)  piece B)  CE0821 (T pin)  (Fine adjustment)

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
5) Check of 1/1000 sec.	a. If the difference is greater than 1/1000 between 1/500 sec. and 1/1000 sec.:	See Section II-12-1)-d.
	Minimize the engagement and clear- ance between CE0816 (closing claw A) and CE0803 (gear plate B).	
	Make the engaging extent to 0.4 - 0.5mm.	
	b. When the difference is smaller than 1/1000 due to smaller mini shutter speed:	
	Adjust with the hitting pin of CE0805.	P P C P P
	See Section II-12-1)-c.	
	c. When the difference between	0.7
	1/500 sec. and 1/1000 sec. is	
	smaller than 1/1000:	
6) Adjust- ment of mini shutter speed	Set to the AUTO mode and short- circuit yellow and white ASA lead wires by placing a 1K n resistor in-between.	Should be within 0.5 - 1.42ms. (Make 0.8ms as a target.)
	CE0805 (CA8547 (gear A)	Fluctuations are accept able if they are within the shutter speed standards.
	Hitting Pin	
	The hitting pin is an eccentric.	
7) Check of 1/1000 sec. and 1/500 sec.	Measure 1/8 sec., high shutter speeds, curtain speeds and mini shutter speed for more than 5 times.	See Specification Standards on the next page.

#### Specification Standards for Manual Shutter Speed

#### 1. Shutter Curtain Speed

The curtain speed should be 11.5  $\pm$  0.1ms for both opening and closing curtains. The difference in the curtain speed at 1/1000 sec. should be 0  $^{+0.15}$ , and the opening curtain should be faster.

#### 2. Exposure Time

Shutter Speed	Unit	Guaranteed Quality	Standard
1/1	1000 ms	871 - 1148 ms	±0.2EV
1/2	500 "	436 - 574 "	"
1/4	250 "	218 - 287 "	11
1/8	125 "	109 - 144 "	- "
1/15	62.5 "	54.5 - 71.8 "	н
1/30	31.2 "	27.2 - 35.9 "	"
1/60	15.6 "	13.6 - 17.9 "	
1/125	7.81 "	6.81 - 8.97 "	
1/250	3.91 "	3.40 - 4.49 "	. 11
1/500	1.95 "	1.59 - 2.40 "	±0.3EV
1/1000	0.98 "	0.77 - 1.43 "	±0.1±0.45EV

#### Exposure Uneveness

- a. At 1/1000, the difference between MAX and MIN of the channels A. B and C should be 0.4EV or less (in the range).
- At 1/500, 0.3EV or less.
- At 1/250 1/1, 0.15EV or less.
- 4. Fluctuations
- a. Should be 0.55EV or less in the 1/1000 range.
- b. Should be 0.3EV or less in the 1/500 1/1 range.
- Mini Shutter Speed
- a. 0.5ms or faster for all channels A. B and C.
- b. Exposure time should be 0.5 1.42ms (for channel B).
- c. Exposure uneveness should be 0.6EV or less.

# 13. Automatic shutter speed adjustment

Remedy	Checkup
<ul> <li>a. Manual shutter speed adjustment should have been completed.</li> <li>b. Power voltage should be 3.10 ±0.04V.</li> <li>c. Mount an F5.6 jig lens.</li> <li>d. Install CE0955 (mat).</li> <li>e. When CE0503 (top plate) is removed, insulate the 2nd synch terminal.</li> </ul>	Silver-oxide batteries may be used as the power supply.  When using a constant voltage power supply, NEVER turn on and off the power switch, after the power supply is wired to the camera.
Make the adjustment with the 400 $\Omega$ VR of CE0914 (M circuit board) to 0 $\pm$ 0.1EV.	Within 0 ±0.1EV
Do not move other VRs.	
	BV 14: Within 0±0.2EV BV 15: Within 0±0.4EV
	Within 0 ±0.3EV
	a. Manual shutter speed adjustment should have been completed.  b. Power voltage should be 3.10 ±0.04V.  c. Mount an F5.6 jig lens.  d. Install CE0955 (mat).  e. When CE0503 (top plate) is removed. insulate the 2nd synch terminal.  Make the adjustment with the 400 n VR of CE0914 (M circuit board) to 0 ± 0.1EV.

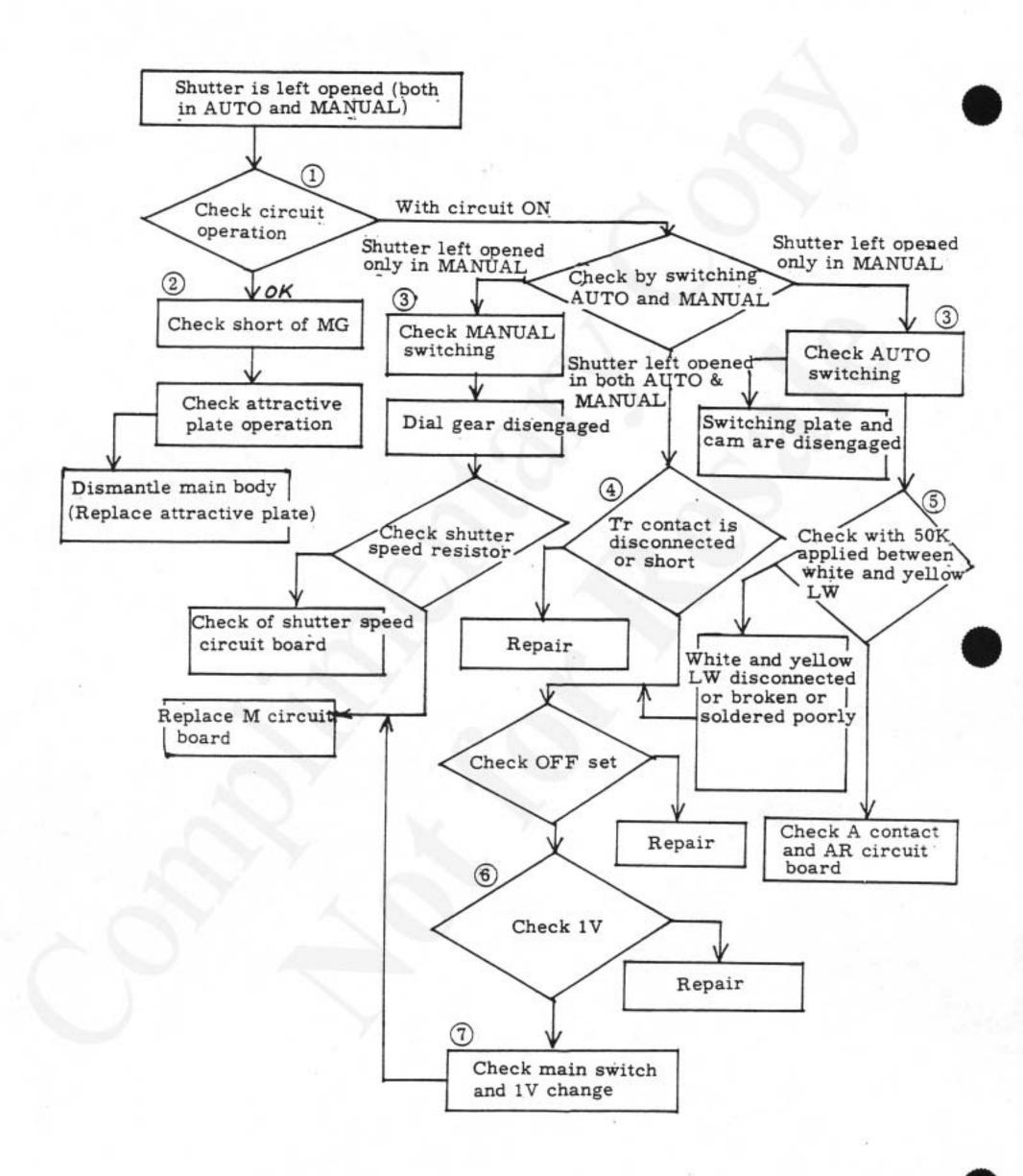
Cause	Remedy					Checku	ıp
5) ASA conversion accuracy	Check a	t BV 8.					Y H
ASA	12	50	100	200	400	800	1600
Accuracy (EV)	0±0.25	0±0.25	Refer- ence	0±0.3	0±0.45	+0.2±0.5	+0.5±0.
Stage Difference	1 0	.7EV or	greater		<b>M</b> <sub>0.5 or</sub>	greater	0.3 or / greater
6) Check of current consumption	cover ar	nd place	ery comp an amper om plate	e meter	9 m. BV	e current sh A or less at 4 and 13m Bulb (B).	t AUTO
7) High luminance EV faulty at high ASA settings	OFF set board). Then, co speed ad auto shu . See Se CE0914	of CE09 Readjus onduct the ljustment tter spece ection of OFF Set	''Adjustm	rcuit F set. I shutter sequently ment. nent of			

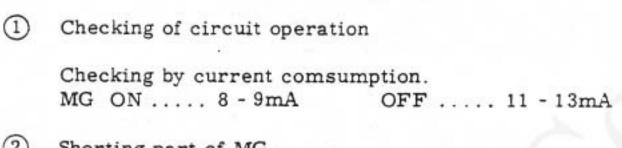
14. Diagnostic chart for defective shutter (electronic parts)

Main possible causes and diagnostic procedures to locate defective parts are given in the following charts.

Interpretation of Chart and Cautions

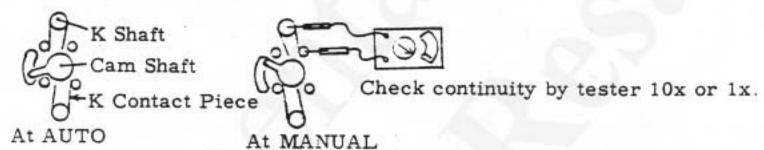
- (1) When each diagnosis (check point) is normal, go downward: go to the lateral step (to right or to left) following the arrow mark if abnormal.
- (2) The number in O above the check point describes caution, method, adjustment, etc. below the chart.
- (3) For other procedures, see "OUTLINE OF REPAIRS".



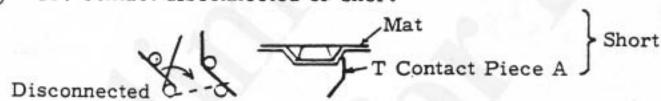


- 2 Shorting part of MG
  - o 10Kn sensor and S base
  - o MG coil end and body
  - o Purple LW and body
  - o Others
- (3) Check of accurate Auto/Manual switching

Check contact of K contact piece at S lever switching.



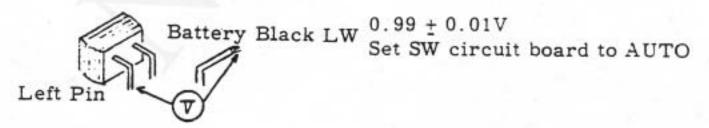
Tr. contact disconnected or short



Disconnect white and yellow LW from circuit board A. and connect 50K resistor in-between.

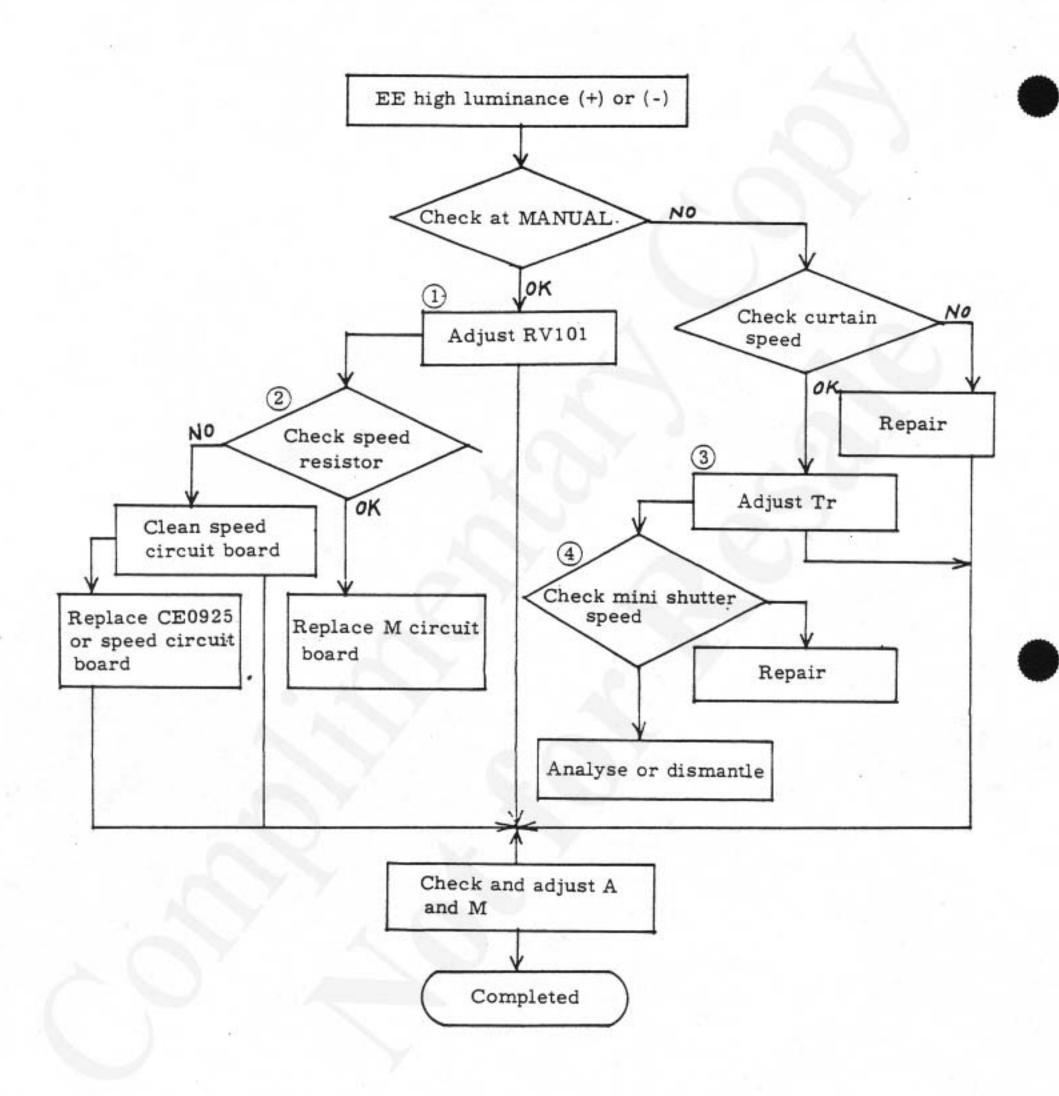


(6) Check 1V

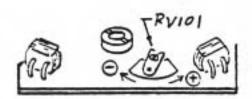


Connect a synchroscope instead of V in 6 and operate main switch to see 1V switching.



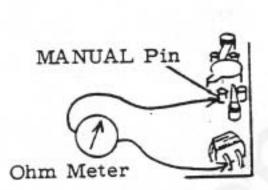


Adjustment of RV101 (AUTO)



2 Check of speed resistor

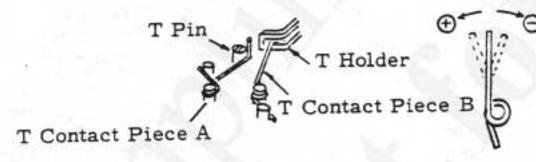
Set selector switch to AUTO, and measure between left pin (1V) of SBC and MANUAL pin.



Left Pin of SBC

1/1000				12 (Ka)
1/500				24
1/250			· ·	48
1/125				96
1/60				192
1/30				384
1/15				768
1/8 .				1.5 (Ma)
1/4				3 -
1/2				6
1/1				12

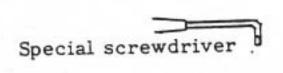
3 Tr adjustment

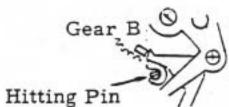


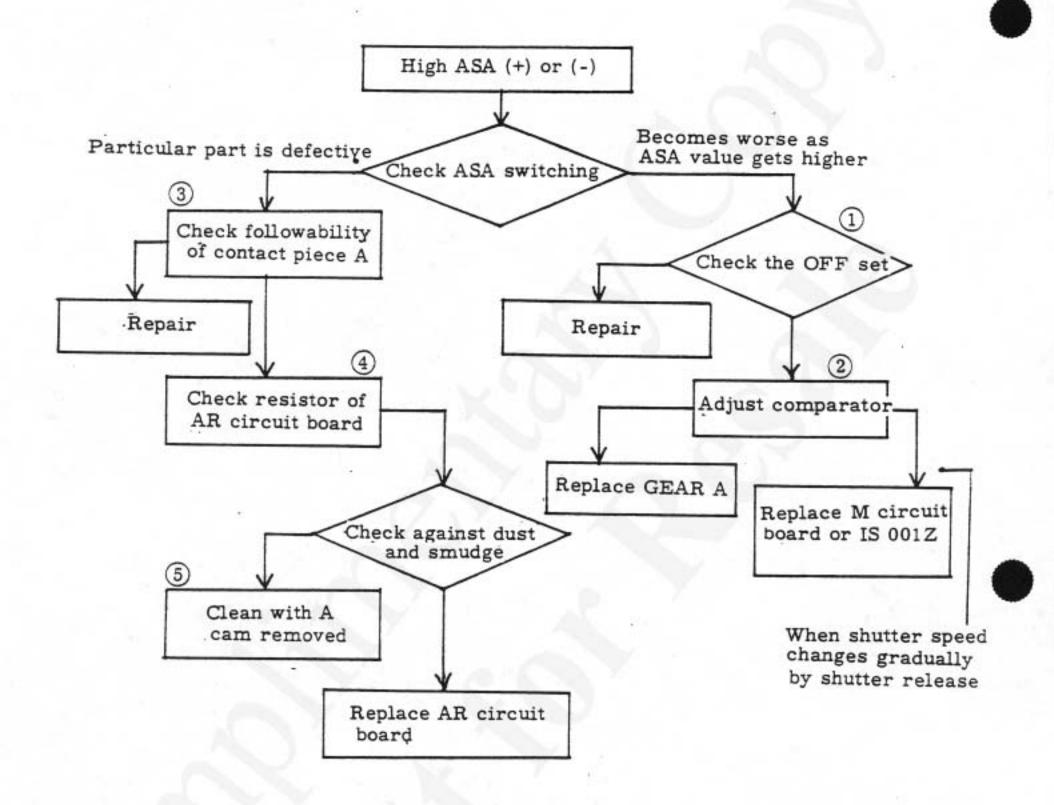
Adjust by bending T contact piece B

- o When fluctuation becomes excessive due to tampering with contact piece. replace and adjust it.
- o After adjustment by bending, there should be a clearance (at second step of opening claw) between T holder and T contact piece B.
- o When wound, T contact piece B should not hit T pin.
- Adjustment of mini shutter speed

Adjust hitting pin with a special screwdriver. Bend # 2 tip.







- Check of OFF set of preamplifier
  - Tr is ON at AUTO
- Should be ±1.5mV or less.
- o Adjustment should be made to +0.5mV or less.

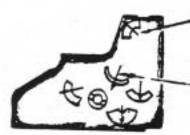
eft Pin o The power supply (-) should be connected with black LW. (Otherwise, load batteries after locking the shutter.)

Right Pin

Digital Multimeter or Bulb Voltmeter

Caution: For checking, matching board may not be used. But it should be used for adjustment.

Adjustment of comparator



Comparator Adjusting VR (After setting to B, turn it from the film side.)

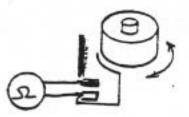
Preamplifier OFF setting VR

(3) Check of contact piece A follow-ability

Contact piece A should be in contact with AR circuit board (by spring pressure) even when the contact piece A is moved slightly up and down.

(4)Check of resistor of AR circuit board

Disconnect white and yellow LW, apply ohm meter and check while turning A cam.



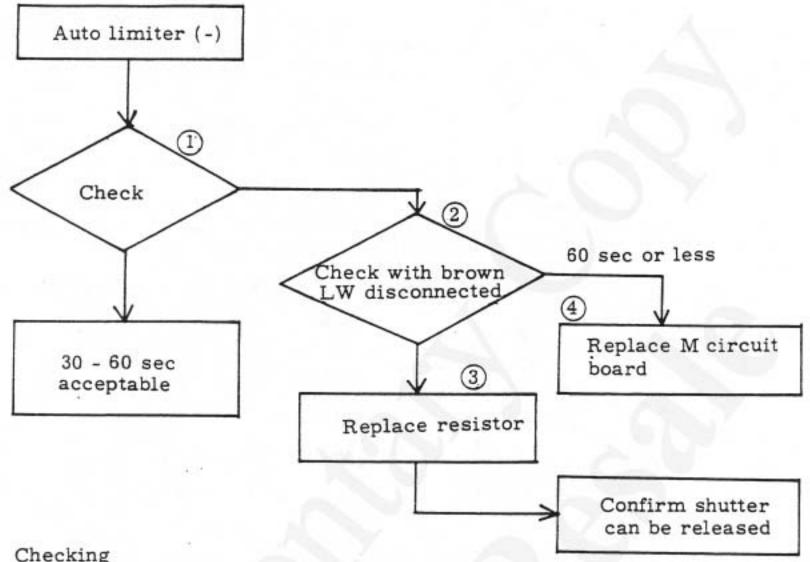
Resistance Value (Ka)

ASA 1600	800	400	200	100	50	25	12
0.64	1.02	1.79	3.58	7.16	14.3	28.6	57.2

- Removal of A cam
- a. Remove C ring. (Turn it clockwise about 30°.)
- Loosen A contact piece fastening screw (left-hand screw), and remove the contact piece from AR circuit board.
- Remove A cam.

Precautions for assembling

- A lever should be brought to bear on the side surface of the A cam. (Displace A lever outwardly, and mount A cam in position.)
- Tighten the screw taking care to the contacting state of A contact piece. b.

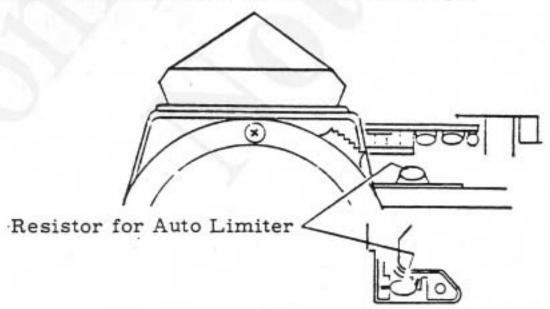


1 Checking

Mirror should flip down after 60 seconds or longer when shutter is released after dark condition of 3 minutes.

Acceptable if the mirror lowers after longer than 30 seconds and less than 60 seconds.

- o "Dark condition" means the state that the body cap is applied and the eyepiece frame is faced downward.
- Remove bottom plate, desolder brown LW and check 1 .
- Remove the resistor for auto limiter, and replace it by a 1Mn resistor. (Use the soldering iron with a pointed tip.)



Protection against leakage current from M circuit board.

#### III. CE0914 (M circuit board)

- Precautions for repairing CE0914
- As the ICs blow out by static electricity, be sure to ground the work desk, soldering iron, pincette, nipper, operator's body, etc. when the IC and FET are handled as a single body.

(The pins 3 and 5 of MOS FET are particularly weak and may be destroyed by static electricity of 100V. Generally, the human body is supposed to have static electricity of 1500 - 10000V.)

Use rubber fingerstalls.

(Use fingerstalls on the thumb, forefinger and middle finger of both hands.)

3) Be sure to use silver containing, sparkle solder (Senju Kinzoku Kogyo Co., S 256, 0.86) for soldering.

(Since the pattern of CE0914 contains silver, if an ordinary solder is used, the silver component may be absorbed into the solder in a long period and the solder may become unstuck.)

4) Use non-acid paste and clean it with DAIFLON S-3E.

(It is sold under the name of Du Pont "FREON-TE" in the overseas market. Chemical Formula C2CL3F3+C2H2OH. C2CL3F396%. C2H5OH4%)

5) As electrical elements are weak against heat, avoid to heat them for long in soldering.

The standard time for soldering is 3 sec. for one spot.

- 6) Dust and smudges (particularly, on flux and paste) should be absent because it lowers insulation resistance. (Particularly, insulation resistance of 10<sup>12</sup>Ω or greater is necessary for lower luminance levels. When smudged, brush and clean with DAIFLON S3-E, and then check with the SZ (binocular stereo microscope). Check particularly the pins of SBC, trigger switch and auto-side contact piece of cam shaft, etc.)
- 7) When the constant voltage power supply is connected, never turn on and off the power switch. Turn the power switch after disconnecting the wire of CE0914 (M circuit board).

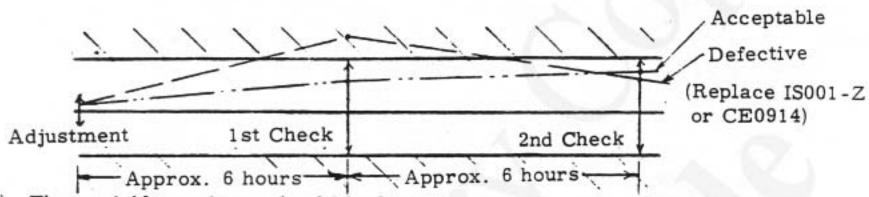
(Turning on and off of the power switch momentarily generates 60 - 70V.)

8) Confirm grounding of each component once a day or at the start of working hours by means of a tester.

(Acceptable if the tester needle deflects by the extent equivalent to the voltage of wall outlet AC between the grounding wire and the AC wall outlet.)

9) Take special care not to heat teflon over 450°C to prevent generation of toxic gas.

10) When the OFF set of the preamplifier is changed beyond 1.5mV. adjust it to ±0.5mV or lower; thereafter repeat the OFF set checking two times at a 6-hour interval. The measured value at each checking should be within ±1.5mV. If adjustment is impossible, replace the IC of ISO01-Z or CE0914.



- 11) The variable resistor should be locked using adhesive, after adjustment.
- 12) Never fail to ground the pincette (tweezers) and the repairman's body when touching the trigger switch contact piece and SBC.
- 2. Adjustment of CE0914 (M circuit board)

Items	Method	Remarks
1) Prepa- ration	<ul> <li>a. Remove CE0951 (bottom cover).</li> <li>CE0955 (mat) and CE0503 (top plate).</li> <li>b. Release the shutter and lock it with the battery unloaded. (Main switch and trigger switch →ON)</li> <li>c. Set CE0591 (SW circuit board) to AUTO.</li> </ul>	The powder switch should have been turned on before wiring and must not be turned off and on after the power supply is wired to camera. (If the switch is operated, high voltage is generated.)
	d. Set the power voltage to $3.10 \pm 0.04 V$ .	
To the	Left- Right- side side SBC. SBC	Digital Multimeter  Reverse + - when us bulb voltme  Ampere  Meter (mA) or Tester  V meter  OFF SW2 3 5 6 6  V meter  OFF SW2 3 5 6 6

Items	Method	Remarks
	* When CE0502 (front plate) is removed.  1. Connect the clip wired to the battery compartment to the black LW on the bottom.  2. Advance the wind lever and turn on the trigger switch.  ** When CE0914 is to be adjusted as a single body.  1. Connect the clip wired to the strap eyelet to CE0920 (sylinder) of CE0914.  2. Connect the clip wired to the battery compartment to the black LW.  3. Turn on the trigger switch.  4. Turn the cam shaft to AUTO side. See Section III-3-2).	Note:  a. The wiring of SBCs should be as above.  b. Ampere meter of 1 - 15mA is most recommendable, but a tester of DC50mA range is acceptable.
2) 1V adjustment	a. Set switches of the matching board to 5 and 7. respectively.  b. ASA = 12  For preamplific. Adjust to 0.99 ± 0.01V with the VR for 1V (1.2Kn).  (-0.99 ± 0.01V at above wiring of the digital multimeter.)  *** The ASA rating is irrelevant when CE0502 (front plate) is removed and CE0914 is to be checked as a single body.	For comparator OFF se fier OFF set  For 1V M  To 1V Lin  Each VR is as above.
3) Elimina- tion of static electricity from each part	(1) Connect (+) of the digital multi- meter to (+) of the voltmeter. (When bulb voltmeter is in use, (+) of the bulb voltmeter to (+) of the volt- meter and (-) to (-). respectively.)	

Items	Method	Remarks
	<ul> <li>(2) Turn the Switch 1 in the sequence 7→6→1.  Turn the Switch 2 in the sequence 5→4→3→2.</li> <li>(3) Turn the Switch 2 in the sequence 2→3→4→5.  Turn the Switch 1 in the sequence 1→6→7.</li> </ul>	Note: The SW circuit board should be surely set to AUTO upon the OFF set adjustment of preamplifier.
4) Off set adjustment of preamplifier	<ul> <li>(1) The switches on the matching board are set to 5 and 7.</li> <li>(2) Adjust to 0 ± 0.5mV or less with the OFF set VR (2Kn) for the preamplifier.</li> </ul>	When the OFF set value is out of ±1.5mV, measure two times at every 6 hours: should be within ±1.5mV. See Section III-1-10).
5) Off set adjustment of comparator	<ul> <li>(1) Disconnect the clip from the left pin of the right-side SBC.</li> <li>(2) Connect the left pin of the above SBC with the white LW of CE0640 (circuit board A) underneath the exposure meter by means of an LW with a clip at each end. (Take care not to shortcircuit the white LW.)</li> <li>(3) The switches on the matching board are set to 5 and 7.</li> <li>(4) Adjust to the current changing point using the OFF set VR for comparator (10K·Ω).</li> <li>Approx. 8mV→ 12mV</li> </ul>	** When the CE0914 is checked as a single body 4.5mA \rightarrow 12mA  Adjustment is completed.

3. Operation check of CE0914 (M circuit board)

Checking Items	Checking Procedure	Remarks
Prepara- on	(1) Before starting the operation check, confirm that CE0914 is properly adjusted. (See Section III-2 "Adjustment of CE0914".)	Note 1: The power switch should be previously turned on before wiring and must not be turned off and on once wired.
	(2) Release the shutter and lock it with the battery unloaded. (Main switch turns on.)	Note 2: CE0951 (bottom cover), CE0950 (mat) and CE0503 (top plate)
	(3) Set the power voltage to 3.10 ± 0.04V.	should be removed.
	(4) Make the wiring as illustrated below.	3
To the spring of,	Not used  To strap  Not used  To 10k resistor.  Of the 2nd synch.  Of the 2nd synch.	Ampere Meter or Tester  To the  OFF  SW2  SW2  SW2  SW2  Matching Board  * When CE0502 (front plate) is removed.
	piece A) as shown below  CE0930 (T hol	simply release the shutter.
CE0821	(T pin)	
	CE0932 (T con	ntact piece B)
31 (T contac	ct piece A)	

Checking Items	Checking Procedure	Remarks
	* When CE0502 (front plate) is removed:	63
	1 Connect the clip wired to the battery compartment shown in the preceding page to the black LW on the body bottom.	
	2 Shortcircuit the white LW and yellow LW of CE0914 (M circuit board) by means of a resistor of about 50Kn.	
	** When CE0914 is to be checked as a single body:	
	① Shortcircuit (+) and (-) of the digital multimeter (or bulb voltmeter) by means of a resistor of about 500 - 1K Ω.	
	② Shortcircuit the white LW and yellow LW of CE0914 by means of a resistor of about 50KΩ.	
	3 Connect the clip wired to the 2nd synch shown in the preceding page to the purple LW of CE0914.	
	4 Connect the clip wired to the battery compartment to the black LW of CE0914.	
9"	5 Connect the clip wired to the strap eyelet to CE0920 (sylinder) of CE0914.	
check of automatic	(1) The switches on the matching board are set to 5 and 7.	** When CE0914 is a single body.
operation	(2) Set the SW circuit board to AUTO.	Insert a thermo- constrictive tube or similar material betwee
	(3) The following conditions should be obtained when trigger switch is turned on and off.	CE0914 and cam shaft as shown below to set to AUTO.

Checking Items	Checking Prod	cedure	Remarks
	Tr SW ON:  Digital multimeter (or bulb voltmeter)  Ampere Meter  Tr SW OFF:  Digital multimeter (or bulb voltmeter)  Ampere Meter	2.8 - 2.9V Approx. 8mA Thermo-co	onstrictive Tube
3) Check of manual operation	(1) The switches on to board are set to 5 and (2) Set the SW circuit MANUAL.  (3) Make the same op above. When same valued AUTO are obtained, in	t board to eration as (3)	

### IV. EXPOSURE METER

### 1. Meter needle stuck

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Discon- nected CE0622	Teflon tube (CE0622) inserted into the needle holder may become detached.	1. One CE0622 should be provided on the lower luminance side.
(teflon tube)	After taking out the fallen tube from inside the camera, insert a new tube into the needle holder without applying adhesive.  Cautions:  o Take care not to deform needle	2. The mter needle should not get stuck with the shutter dial set to 1/2 at AUTO. EV 8 (ASA100). Check by shifting the switch lever from OFF to AUTO and
	holder.  o Do not use adhesive, because it is ineffective with teflon.	vice versa.

# 2. Indication accuracy improper

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Zero point of meter off- positioned  (Power voltage is	If off-positioned when confirming in the manner described at right, adjust as follow.  (1) Coarse adjustment  a. Preparation for adjustment  1 ASA = 100  2 f/stop = 2.8  3 Current = 121µA	(1) Disconnect the black lead wire of the meter movable section from CE0591 (SW circuit board).
voltage is 3.15±0.005V)	4 Set the eccentric position of A lever to the center, and do not use it in the coarse adjustment.  Exposure Meter  Exposure Meter  Slitting faces slightly upward  5 There should be about 1mm clearance between CA8997 (spring gear) and CA8978 (lower boss).  b. Adjustment  Loosen three pulley screws fixing CA8981 (pulley holder) to adjust by slightly moving CA8981.  o When zero point is to (+) side: Turn the pulley clockwise.  o When zero point is off to (-) side: Turn the pulley counterclockwise.  CA9008 (pulley screws fixed)  CA8981 (pulley holder)	1000

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
	(2) Fine adjustment Set the camera as described at right, and adjust by moving the eccentric of CE0630 (A lever 2).	1 ASA = 100 2 Shutter speed = 1/2 se 3 f/stop = F2.8 jig lens 4 Set to MANUAL.
Eccentric (A lever 2	of CE0630  AR Circuit Board	o At BV 4: When CE0503 (top plate) removed: -0.1±0.1EV When CE0503 not removed: 0±0.1EV  Cautions: a. The lens should be closely in contact with diffusion plate. b. Extraneous light
2) Defective at low luminance (BV 8)	R305	should not enter.  o Set the camera as follow.  ① ASA = 100 ② Shutter speed = 1/30 sec. ③ f/stop = F2.8 jig lens ④ Set to MANUAL.  o At BV 8: CE0503 removed:    -0.1 ± 0.1EV CE0533 not removed:    0 ± 0.1EV  Cautions: a. The lens should be closely in contact with diffusion plate. b. Extraneous light should not enter.

Cause	Remedy .	Checkup
3) Defective at high luminance (BV 11)	Adjust by changing resistor R303 of CE0591.  If the adjustment is impossible with R303 (at minus side), adjust to -0.1 - 0.2 with R301.  Thereafter. check BV 8 and adjust to -0.1 ± 0.1EV with R304 to compensate for the above.  After the adjustment, reconfirm BV 4 and make the adjustment at BV 16.  See the above illustration for the position of each resistor.	o Set the camera as follow.  1 ASA = 100 2 Shutter speed = 1/60 sec. 3 f/stop = F5.6 (jig lens) 4 Set to MANUAL.  o At BV 11: CE0503 removed:     -0.1 ± 0.1 EV  CE0503 not removed:     0 ± 0.1 EV  Cautions: 1. The lens should be closely in contact with diffusion plate. 2. Extraneous light should not enter.
4) Defective at high luminance (BV 16)	Adjust by changing resistor R304 of CE0591 (SW circuit board).  See 2) of preceding page for the position of resistors.	o Set the camera as follow.  1 ASA = 100 2 Shutter speed = 1/500 sec. 3 f/stop = F 11 (jig lens) 4 Set to MANUAL.  o At BV 16: CE0503 removed: -0.1 ± 0.1EV CE0503 not removed: 0 ± 0.1EV

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
5) Meter matching	(1) Preparation for matching (Constant voltage should be 3.15V ± 0.005.)	and a
	1 Jig lens, pentaprism and focusing screen should be attached.	4,7
	2 Set the Manual.	+1.0=0
	3 Take care not let light other than that from the luminance box into the CdS.	+0.5 <sup>EV</sup>
	4 Turn the shutter dial from 1/1000 side.	-1.0 EV
	5 Turn the f/stop of the jig lens from F16 side.	

#### . Combination and Reference Value

вv	ASA	S.S.	FNO	Matching R	esistance	Reference (EV)
4	100	1/2	2.8	(Eccentric o	of A Lever)	-0.1
8	"	1/30	2.8	301	30K a	-0.1 ± 0.1
11	11	1/60	5.6	303, 302	12K n	
16		1/500	11	304	27ΚΩ	11

#### Reference Resistance

Note: The reference is -0.1EV with CE0503 removed. and is zero with CE0503 unremoved.

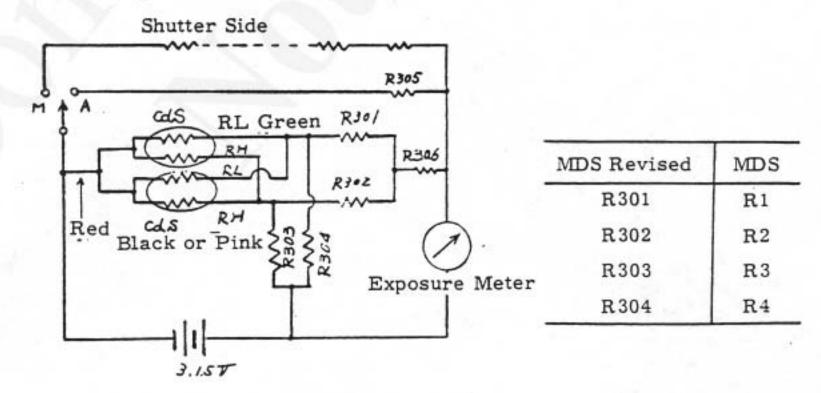
(2) Matching procedure	
Adjust the meter needle zero position.	See above table for combination of camera
Set to BV 4 and adjust with the eccentric of A lever.	settings.
If adjustment by A lever 2 is inef- fective. slightly move the position of CA8981 (pulley holder). See	-0.1EV when CE0503 is removed.

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
(See Section IV-2-2))	② Adjustment at BV 8  Set the luminance to BV 8 and adjust by changing resistor R301 of CE0591 (SW circuit board).	See the table in the previous page for combination of camera settings.  -0.1±0.1EV with CE0503 removed.
	3 Re-confirm BV 4.	-0.1±0.1EV with CE0503 removed.
	Adjustment at BV 11:  Set the luminance to BV 11, and adjust by changing resistor R303 of CE0591.  When R303 adjustment is ineffective (at minus side), adjust to -0.10.2 with R301.  Check at BV 8  Compensate the value added by the above adjustment with R304.	-0.1±0.1EV with CE0503 removed.
	6 Check at BV 4.  7 Adjustment at BV 16:	-0.1±0.1EV with CE0503 removed.
	Set the luminance to BV 16, and adjust by changing resistor R302 of CE0591.  8 Confirm at BV 16 - BV 4.	-0.1±0.1EV with CE0503 removed.
6) Defective resistance of CE0555 (circuit board B)	Each resistance value should be within the range shown below. If the resistance value becomes out of the range, replace the whole set of CE0555.	The resistance values should be as indicated in the table next page when confirmed with a tester (digital) after CE0546 (SL contact piece) is mounted. (Wire the yellow and blue LWs to the digital multimeter

2 1/500 298 Kn 283 - 312.9 Kn die-casting of CE0502 (other than at B)  4 1/125 94.4" 78.9 - 99.1 "  5 1/60 71.7" 68.1 - 75.3 "  6 1/30 57.3" 54.4 - 60.17 "  7 1/15 47.7" 45.3 - 50.0 "  8 1/8 41.3" 39.2 - 43.4 "  9 1/4 36.2" 34.4 - 38.0 "  10 1/2 32.1" 30.5 - 33.7 "  11 1/1 28.7" 27.26 - 30.14 "  die-casting of CE0502 (other than at B)  c. Eyelet hole of CE05 (circuit board B) and di casting of CE0502 (other than at B).  d. Solder of CE0555 and the die-casting of CE05 (other than at B).  Continuity check:  When the shutter dial is set to "B". blue LW and die-casting of CE0502	Cause		Remedy		Checkup
1 1/1000		S.S.	ance	Tolerance Range	a. Between yellow LW and die-casting of
1/125   143   138.8 - 150.1				283 - 312.9 Kn	b. Between blue LW and die-casting of CE0502
5 1/60 71.7" 68.1 - 75.3 " casting of CE0502 (other than at B).  6 1/30 57.3" 54.4 - 60.17 " d. Solder of CE0555 and the die-casting of CE05 (other than at B).  7 1/15 47.7" 45.3 - 50.0 " the die-casting of CE05 (other than at B).  9 1/4 36.2" 34.4 - 38.0 " Continuity check:  10 1/2 32.1" 30.5 - 33.7 " When the shutter dial is set to "B". blue LW and die-casting of CE0502	87	Park Control	ALCOHOL:	100.0 100.1	c. Eyelet hole of CE0555
7 1/15 47.7" 45.3 - 50.0 " d. Solder of CE0555 and the die-casting of CE056 and the die-casting of CE056 (other than at B).  9 1/4 36.2" 34.4 - 38.0 " Continuity check:  10 1/2 32.1" 30.5 - 33.7 " When the shutter dial is set to "B". blue LW and die-casting of CE0502			Land Control	00.1 - 75.5	casting of CE0502 (other
9 1/4 36.2" 34.4-38.0 " 10 1/2 32.1" 30.5-33.7 " When the shutter dial is set to "B". blue LW and die-casting of CE0502		1/15	47.7"	45.3 - 50.0 "	d. Solder of CE0555 and the die-casting of CE0502
10 1/2   32.1"   30.5 - 33.7 "   When the shutter dial is set to "B". blue LW and die-casting of CE0502			Carrier and S	10.1	
12 B die-casting of CE0502		11-246.1		30.0 - 33.1	When the shutter dial is
Should be conductive.		Sh.		31.20 - 30.14	

Exposure Meter Circuit Diagram and Role of Each Resistor

#### 1. Circuit Diagram



#### 2. Role of Each Resistor

R301: For correction of low luminance side (EV 8) = 30KΩ

R302: For correction of low luminance side (EV 4 - 8) = 27Ko

R303: For correction of high luminance side (EV 11) = 12Ka

R304: For correction of high luminance side (EV 14 - 16) = 12Ko

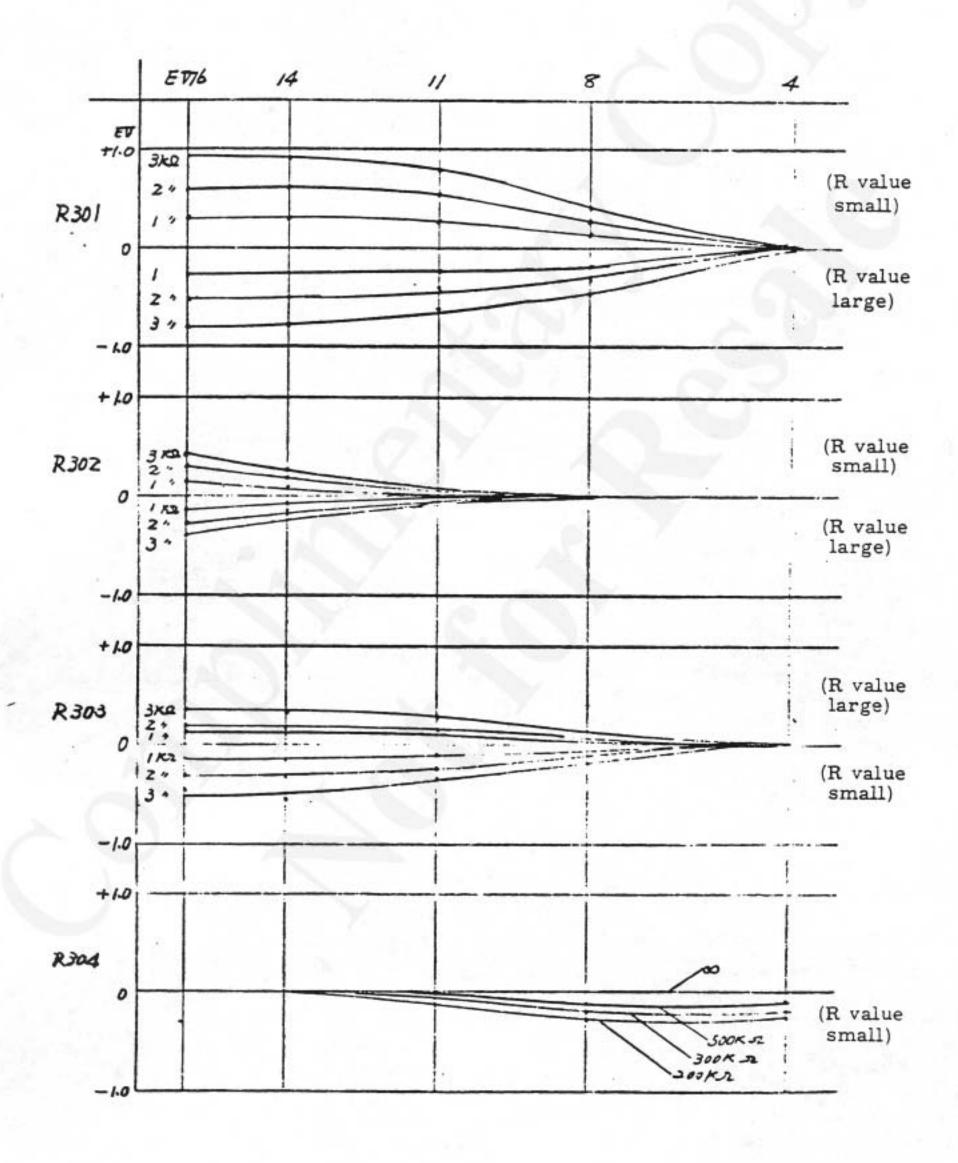
R305: Resistance value is same as at shutter speed of 1/60 sec (68.3K to )

R306: For correction of internal resistance of the meter movable section (2.4Ka)

#### Comparison with MDS

		M	DS Revi	sed	MDS
Coupling	Aperture Ring	Cor	d		Cord
	Shutter Dial	Current (CE0555 circuit board B)		Cord	
Movable Section	Deflection Angle of BV 2		θ = 55μΑ		θ = 15μA
Check Point	ASA = 100	BV	SD	FNO	
		16	1/500	11	
		14	1/125	11	
( Y		11	1/60	5.6	
		8	1/30	2.8	
		4	1/2	2.8	

### Matching Resistance and Change in Meter Deflection



# 3. Improper position of meter needle

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Tilted meter needle	Re-tighten two PUK1.7 x 2SO screws of the meter so that, at either one of the (+) or (-) side, the meter needle is rectangular to the side of the mask when an edge of the needle is aligned to the center of the triangle mark.	The angle should be 90° either on the (+) or (-) triangle center.
2) Length of meter needle	The length of meter needle should be as shown at right.  B = 2A  Re-tighten PUK1.7 x 2SO of the meter.	V   V   V   V   V   V   V   V   V   V
3) Working range of meter needle	The meter needle stop positions at AUTO should be within the range shown at right.  Adjust by bending CE0641 (needle holder).  Take care not to lose CE0622 (teflon tube)	5 steps ±
4) Vertical displacement of meter needle	The meter needle must not contact CE0547 (viewfinder indication plate). prism. etc. Adjust by bending the meter needle or CE0547.	

# 4. Improper position of CE0547 (viewfinder indication plate)

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Improper adjustment of B eccentric and character eccentric CE05	After correcting the tilting with B eccentric of CE0538 (slider), adjust the position with character eccentric of CE0595 (character lever).  38 (slider)  B Eccentric cator plate)	There should be no unsightly tilting.  b. Position at AUTO  Mask Center
	The B eccentric adjustment should be made with CE0502 (front plate) removed. Adjustment of character eccentric of CE0595 (character lever)	c. At OFF
	CE0595 Character Eccentric	CE0547 should not be seen.
9	When adjustment only for character eccentric, is to be made, remove CE0503 (top plate); the eccentric will be seen underneath CE0591 (SW circuit board).	d. At MANUAL
	Caution: Use RIGROIN or DAIFLON S3-E for the cleaning of CE0547. Never	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	use mixed solution. (It may be erase the characters.)	TE≧O

## 5. Improper changing of shutter speed

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Improper position of CE0552 (right side plate)	After confirming that the roller operates normally, strike CE0552 against the post illustrated below and tighten it.  Post  CE0552  Strike in the arrow direction	
2) Improper position of CE0550 (roller plate)	After confirming that the roller operates normally, strike CE0550 against the post illustrated below and tighten it.  Post  CE0550  Strike in the arrow direction	
3) Poor insulation of CE0555 (circuit board B)	When CE0546 (SL contact piece) is attached, the insulation should be as follow.  Between yellow LW and Main Body  ø Ω  Between blue LW and Main Body	When CE0546 (SL contact piece) is not attached, the insulation should be as follow.  Between yellow LW and Main Body
	Conductive at "B" and $\infty$ at other shutter speeds.  Between yellow LW and Blue LW Resistance value of each shutter speed is obtained.	Main Body ω Ω  Between blue LW and Yellow LW ω Ω
	(This test should be done with the yell connected from CE0591 SW circuit b	ow and blue LWs dis-

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
4) Defective CE0602 (B cord 1)	Replace on re-attach CE0602 in the following manner.  (1) Wind CE0602 (cord) around the edge of CE0550 (roller plate), turn the post and pass the cord through CE0546 (SL contact piece).	CE0546 (SL contact piece should be in the position shown below when the shutter dial is set to 1/1000.
	(2) Thread CE0602 (cord) through the roller (two positions) of CE0561 (stopper) and then through the roller (two positions) of CE0522.	
	(3) Thread through CE0546 and then through CE0557 (cord spring) and wind two times.	
gea pla the of (	(4) Engage the cord in CE0521 (dial gear) and place it on CE0502 (front plate) to decide the cord length. and then glue to the cord winding portion of CE0557 (cord spring). Then cut off surplus length.	
	(5) Referring to the checkup method at above right, decide the position of CE0546 and glue the cord to CE0521 (dial gear).  CE0602 (B cord 1)  CE0521	Gluing of the cord to CE0521 (dial gear): Drip 2 - 3 drops of Cemedine 3000RS into the gluing hole of CE0521. The gluing area should
	CE0546 (SL contact piece CE0557 (cord sp	1
0550 (roller p	late) CE0522	/ + \
CE0561 (stop	per)	=25° or more 45° or lead
	Gluing: Cemedine 3000RS	

6. Improper coupling of CE0522 (coupling ring)

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Defective CE0603 (B cord 2)	If CE0522 (coupling ring) operates normally, check CE0603. When it is found defective, replace or adjust it in the following manner.	
	(1) Thread the upper part of cord through the lower roller, and the lower part of cord through the upper roller. respectively. in the condition with CE0522 (coupling ring) placed on CE0502 (front plate).	
	(2) Thread the upper length through the B spring unit and wind it round B spring plate (three winds clock- wise with care not to cross) and glue there.	
	(3) Glue the lower length to CE0635 (pulley M).	
		Do not appl Cemedine here.
	ee times e with care Cemedine 3000RS	When CE0522 (coupling ring) is struck against the stopper, the condi- tion should be as show at left.

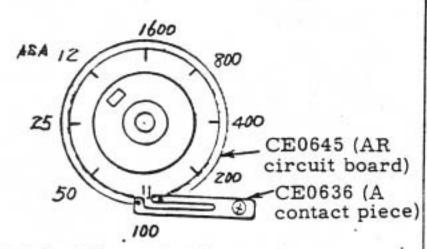
#### 7. Excessive indication difference between AUTO and MANUAL

Cause	Remedy		Chec	kup	
1) Improper adjustment of R306	Replace R306 to have the condition at right.	The second secon	k Point UAL.	s at AUT	0/
0.1.000		EV	(ASA)	Shutter Speed	FNO
		8	100	1/30	2.8
200		11	"	1/60	5.6
	R305 € 24Ka	14	"	1/125	11
		16	"	1/500	11
		o Set	to zer witch to eviation	ck point. o at MAI o AUTO n from th	NUAL and ne

8. Excessive difference in going and returning meter needle deflection owing to aperture ring.

When the tension of CA8999 is insuf-	CA8999 should operate
	effectively and surely.
CA8999 should be tensioned by two winds, and replaced if tension is too weak.	
It is recommended to tension after tentatively tightening the gear shaft.	
Remove CE0502 (front plate). whole set of meter unit. and then whole set of CE0626 (bottom plate M unit), and thereafter make the repair.	
	reciprocating movement and improper returning of cord.  CA8999 should be tensioned by two winds, and replaced if tension is too weak.  It is recommended to tension after tentatively tightening the gear shaft.  Remove CE0502 (front plate), whole set of meter unit, and then whole set of CE0626 (bottom plate M unit),

1) Each ASA position of CE0645 (AR circuit board)



Each ASA setting is matched to CE0636 (A contact piece). The above illustration shows that CE0636 is matched to ASA 100.

- 3) Mounting of exposure meter
- a. ASA = 12
- b. Eccentric of CE0630 (A lever 2)
  = Center
- c. Engagement of M gear and CA8983 (P gear) = 2.5 teeth
- d. Engagement of CE0633 (Q gear) and CA9000 (pulley gear) = 3.0 teeth

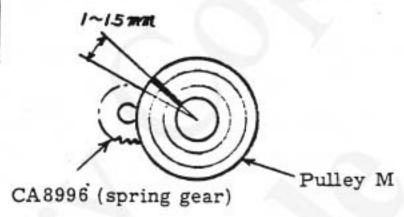
Set CA8981 (pulley holder) as above. and tighten PUK1.7-406SO. (See ''ORDER OF DISASSEMBLY''.)

5) Constant-voltage power supply:

The reference voltage of the exposure meter differs from that of the shutter because of the following reasons.

- a. As the current consumption of the exposure meter is several 100µA. the battery can supply 3.15V without voltage drop.
- b. As the current of about 10mA is consumed when the shutter operates. the battery suffers the voltage drop and supplies 3.10V instead of 3.15V.

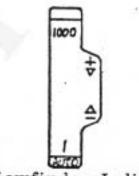
2) Mounting of CE0635 (pulley M)



CE0635 (pulley M) should be set to 1 - 1.5mm with CA8996 (spring gear) as a reference.

4) Cleaning of CE0547 (viewfinder indication plate)

Use RIGROINE for cleaning. Never use mixed solution. (It can erase the characters.)



Viewfinder Indication Plate

Owing to the above reasons. the power supply voltage should be set to 3.15V for the exposure meter and 3.10V for the shutter when the constant-voltage power supply is used.

#### V. PERFORMANCES

#### 1. Poor focusing

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
l) Adjust- ment of lange back	The distance from CA8877 (bayonet mount) to film pressure plate surface should be:	
	$A = 46.2^{+0}_{-0.02}$	
	The distance from pressure plate surface to film rail surface should be:	
	$B = 0.2^{+0.02}_{-0.01}$	
P	ressure Plate Surface Bayonet Mount Su	ırface
	Adjustment should be made with CA9106. CA9107 and CA9170 (spacer).	
	(See the OM-1 Repair Manual.)	
Poor focusing in viewfinder	Select proper piece out of a - h series of CA9144 (front ring seat) and CE0535 (back ring seat). and adjust focusing. Apply pliobond on the side of the ring seat.	
	(See the OM-1 Repair Manual 20-I-D43.)	

#### 2. WX contacts not conductive

		Checkup
1) Conduction failure between CA8602 (X contact piece) and CA8603 (FX contact piece)	CA8602 and CA8603 should be as follow.  a. CA8602 should be pushing CE0851 after winding. (If not. bend CA8602.)  b. CA8602 should not project from the edge of A Lever 1 (CE0851 ASS'Y)	When tested with WX tester. CA8602 and CA860 should be conductive at shutter speed 1/60 sec. or slower, and not conductive at 1/125 sec. or faster.
	c. The clearance between CA8602 and CA8603 should be within 1.0 - 1.5mm.  CE0851 (A fitting strip 2)  CA8602 (X contact piece)  CA8603 (FX contact piece)	CA8602 and CA8603 should become conductive after the opening curtain finished running.  X contact piece A and B should be conductive before the closing curtain runs. and become non-conductive as soon as the closing curtain starts to
2) Conduc-	Lead wire should be soldered at an angle of 45°  CE0842 and CE0843 should be as follow.	run.
between CE0842 (X contact piece A) and CE0843 (X	(1) CE0842 and CE0843 should have a clearance of 0.3mm between HK screw of CE0803 (gear plate B) before winding.	
contact piece B) CE080		e A, B) Both CE0842 and CE0843 should not project from CE0825.
	(2) CE0842 and CE0843 should not project from CE0825 when winding is done.	

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
	(3) CE0842 should be contacted to CE0817 (closing claw B) and have a clearance of 0.4 - 0.6 between the metallic dowel of CE0843 before winding.	
CE0843 (X cont	act piece B)  CE0842 (X contact piece Á)  Adjustment is to be made by retightening PUK1.4 x 1.6SO of CE0842 and CE0843 or by bending CE0842 and CE0843.	
3) Insuffi- cient contact efficiency	If the contact efficiency is less than the value described at right when measured by an insulation efficiency gauge, clean each contact piece or replace it.	1/60 sec. at an interval of 1ms: 60% or higher 1/30 sec. at an interval of 2.5ms: 70% or highe
4) Check for insulation and continuity	Check in the following procedures.  (1) Check for insulation of FP contact  Check with the shutter speed set to 1/1.  (2) Check for continuity of X contact  It should be conductive with 3V when the shutter is released at 1/60 or slower.  (3) Check for insulation of X contact  Set the shutter speed to 1/1. wind	<ul> <li>(1) Should be 30 M Ω or more at 500V when measured by insulation efficiency gauge.</li> <li>(2) X contact should be conductive at 3V.</li> <li>(3) Should be 30 M Ω or more when measured by insulation efficiency.</li> </ul>
	the closing curtain midway after the opening curtain run. and check insulation.  (4) Check for switching of X/FP contacts  Keeping condition (3). set the supply voltage to 3V and switch from X to FP. and check continuity of FP contact.	by insulation efficiency gauge.  (4) X contact should not be conductive and FP contact conductive at 3V.

#### 3. Improper time lag of FP contact

Cause	Remedy	Checkup
) Improper djustment f CE0532 FP screw)	Peel off CA9102 (front leather L) around the reset button, and adjust by turning the FP screw with screw- driver No. 2.  Clockwise turning: Becomes faster Counter-clockwise turning: Becomes slower	
	Caution:  Take care not to tighten FP screw too deep, because it will be fallen into the inside of the camera body.	(front leather L)

### VI. OTHERS

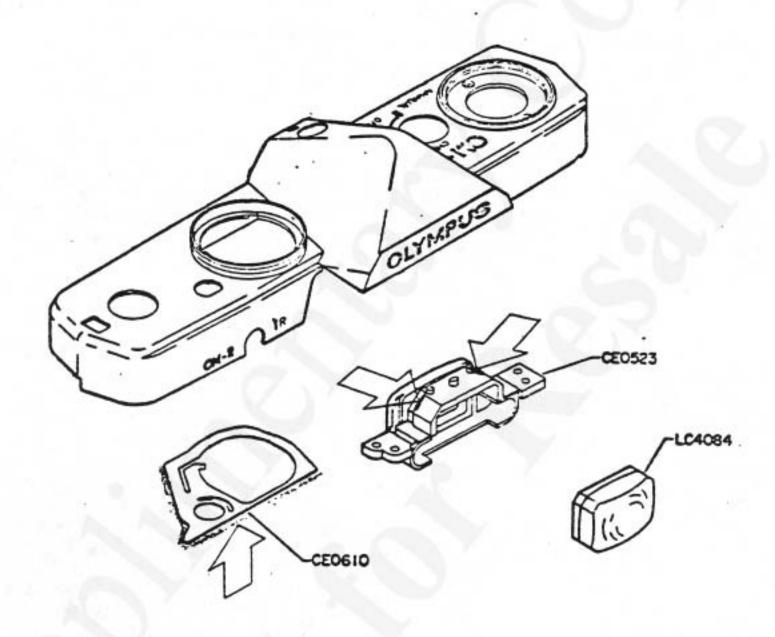
# 1. Improper battery checker indication

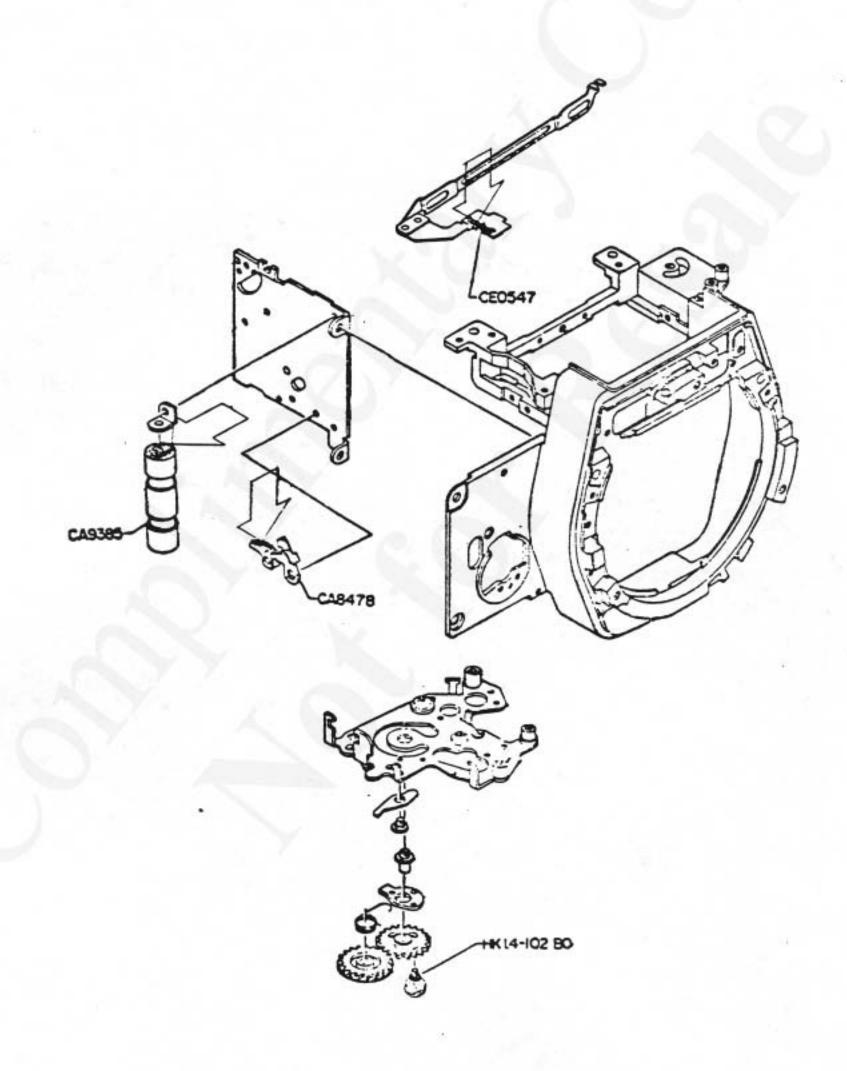
Cause	Remedy	Checkup
1) Improper matching of R202 (matching resistor)	After removing the whole set of CE0584 (circuit board C) from the body, remove R202 attached to CE0584 and wire it as illustrated below, and select a resistor with which the LED turns off at an voltage less than 2.4V.	Turn-off voltage: 2.45 ± 0.04V  Blinking voltage: Difference with the turn-off voltage is 0.1V or more and 2.75V or less.
;€.	(+) Matching Power Supply (-)	Digital Multimeter
	CE0584	(circuit board C)
		Box for meter matching
0	The part wired to the resistor box in the above drawing is R202, which is available in the following 11 types.	1
	470 Ω ±10% 1/16W 1.5K Ω " " 2.2 " " " 2.7 " " " 3.3 " " "	Blinks Over 0.1
	3.9 " " " 4.3 " " " 4.7 " " "	Turns off 2.34 ±00

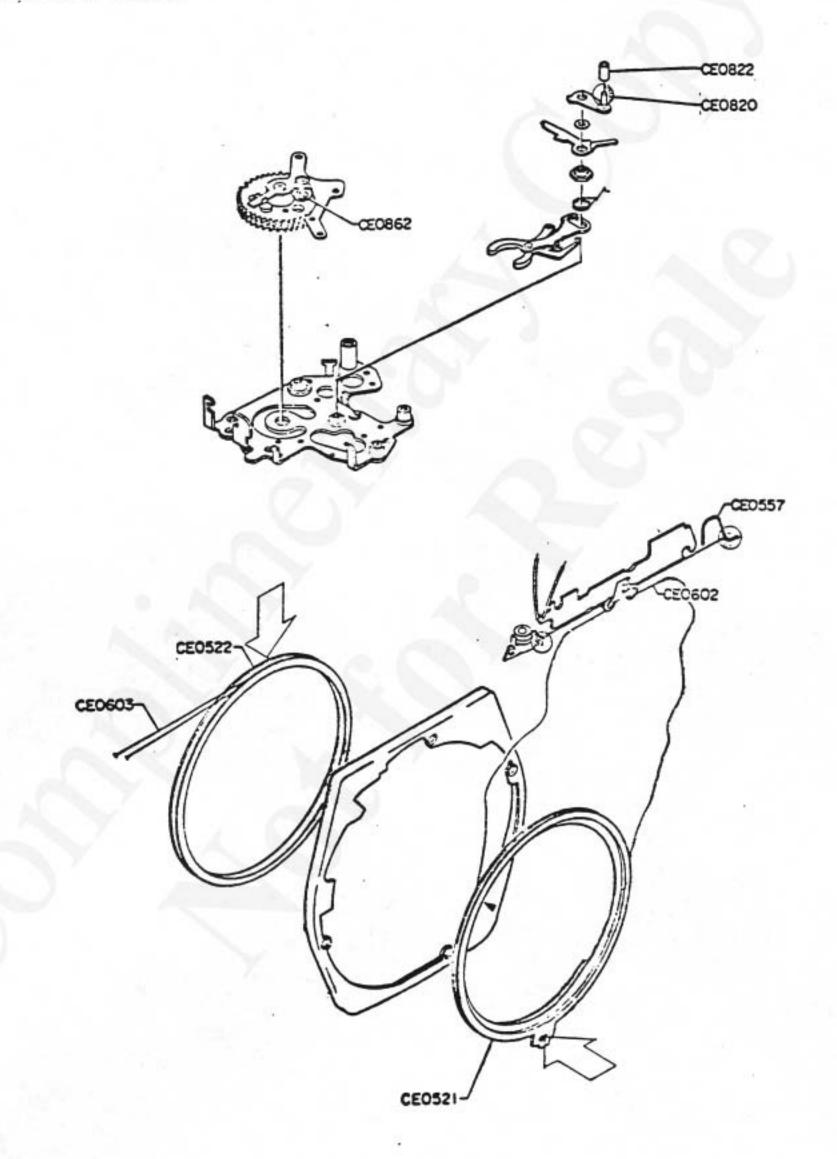
## PARTS WHERE OIL, GREASE ETC. SHALL BE USED

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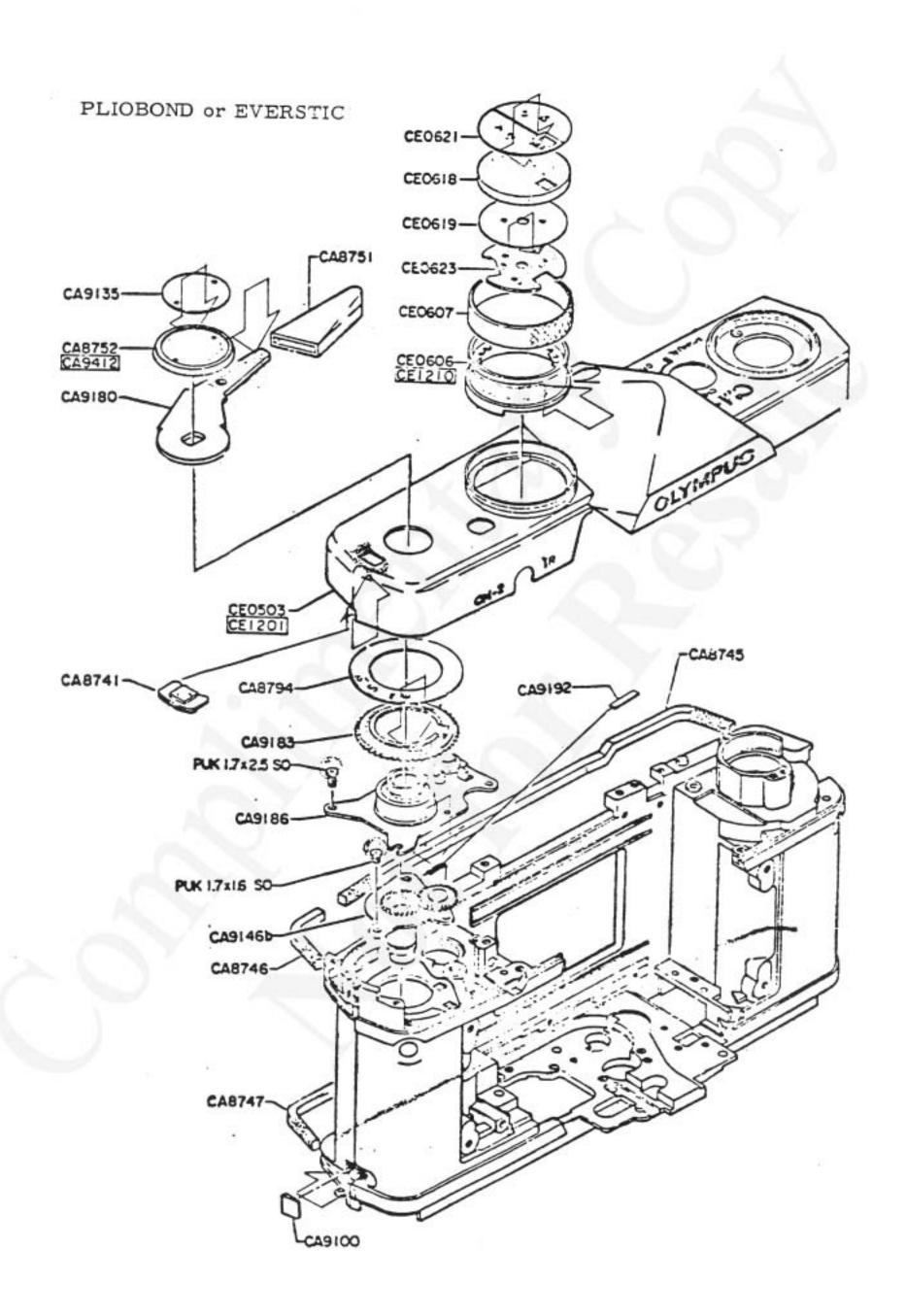


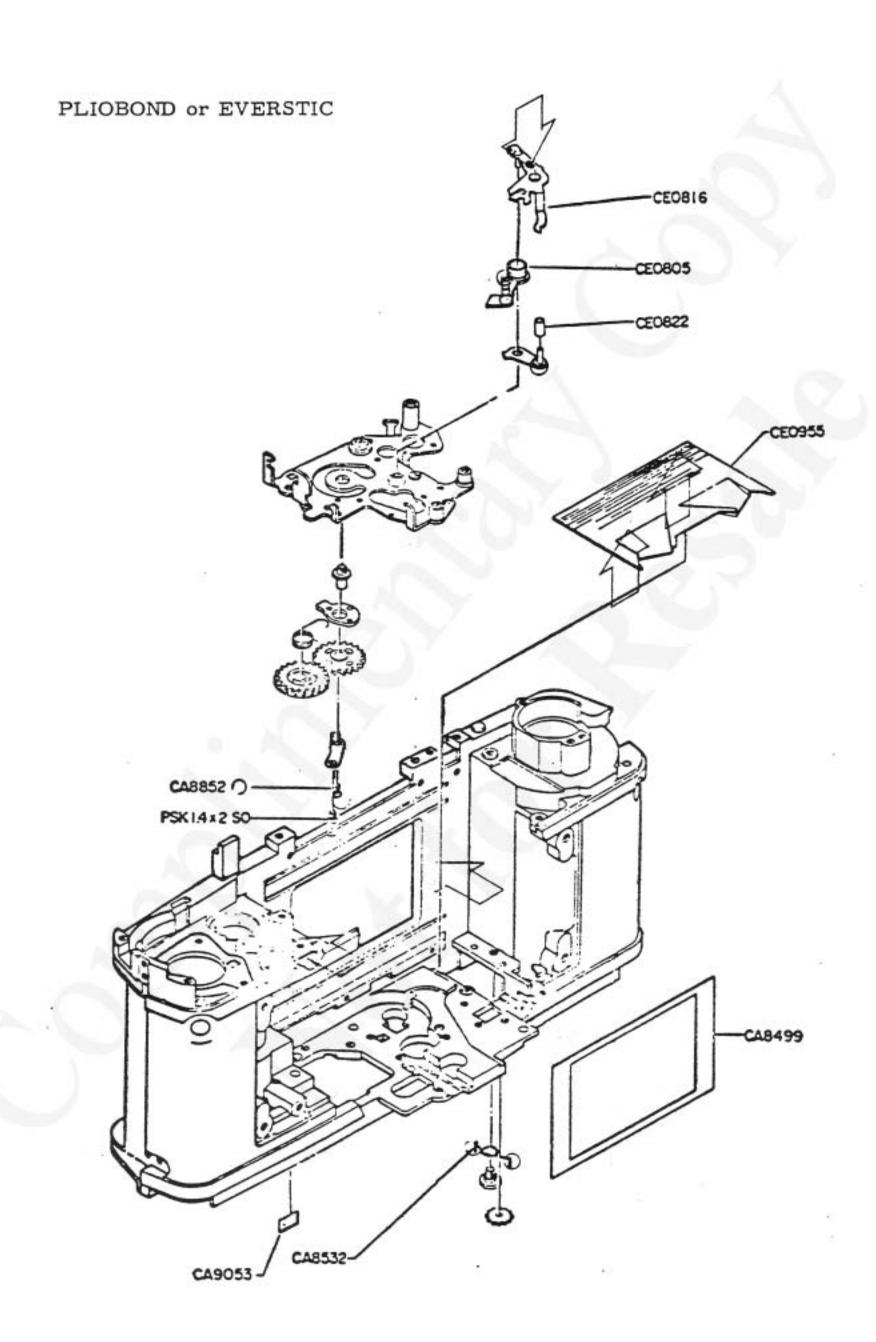






PARTS WHERE OIL. GREASE, ETC. SHALL BE USED

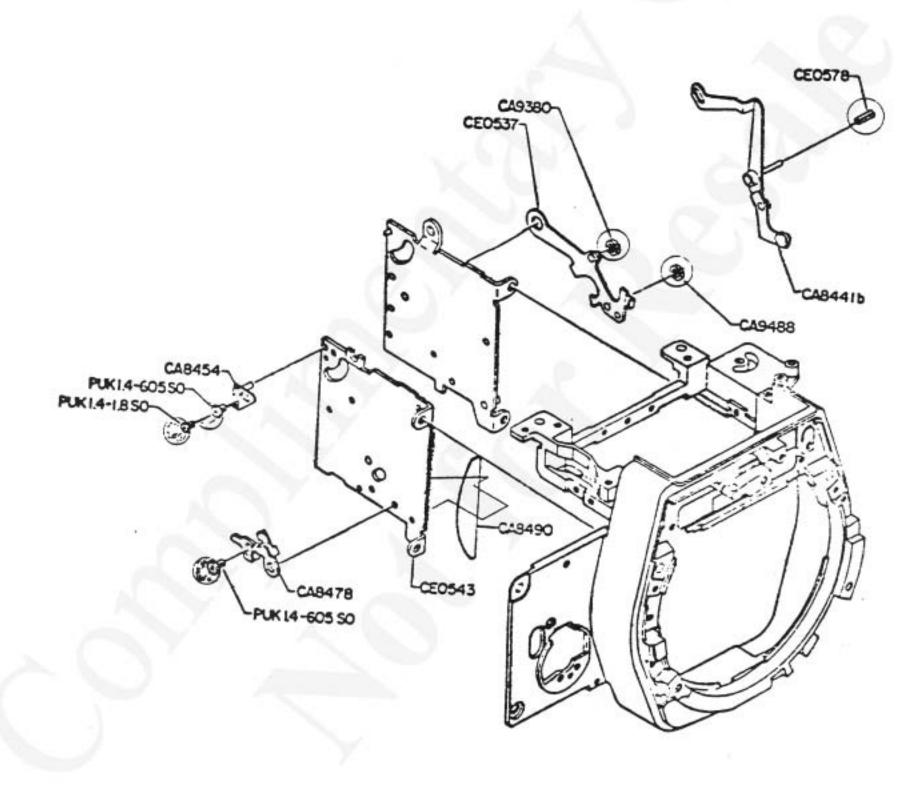


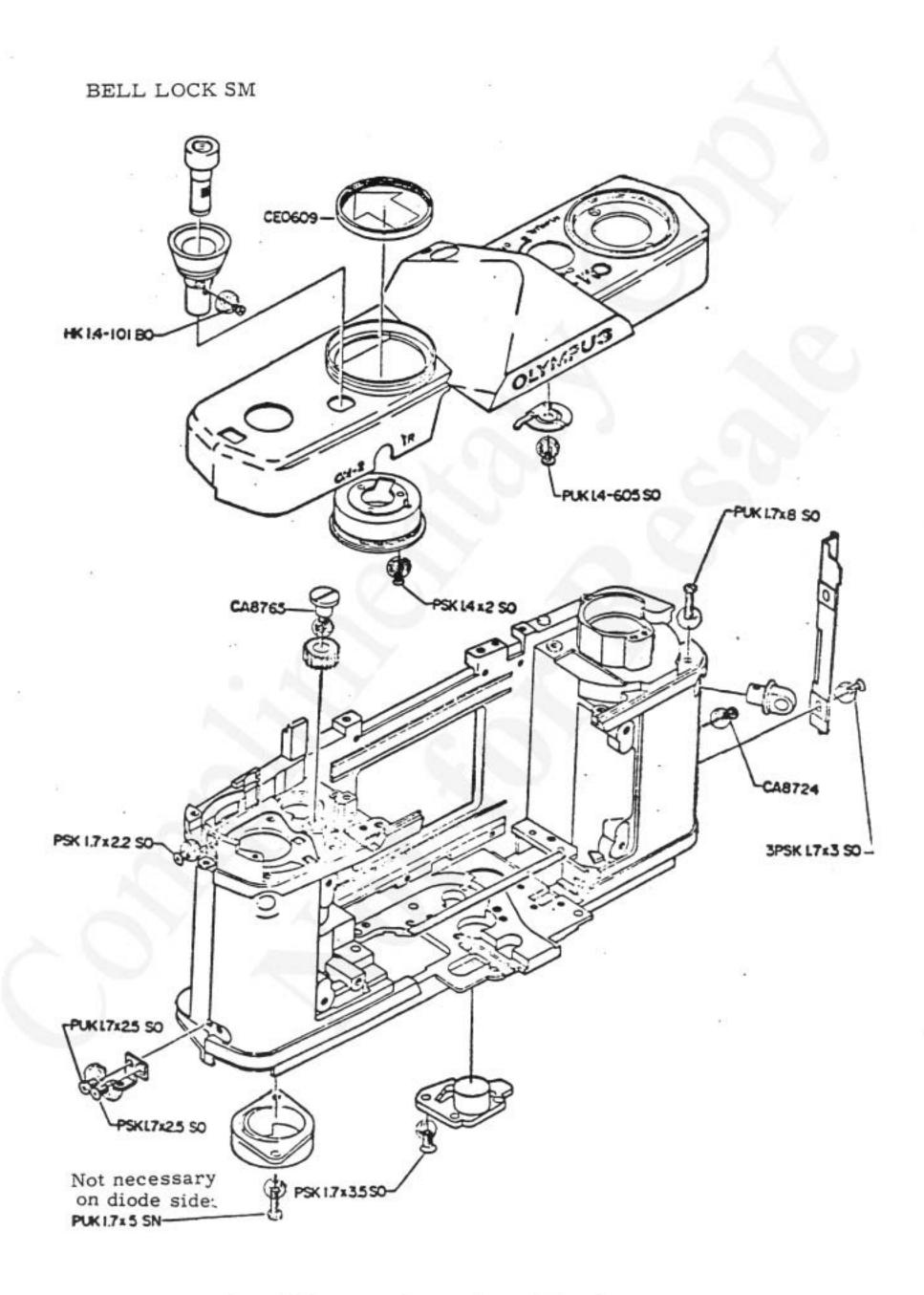


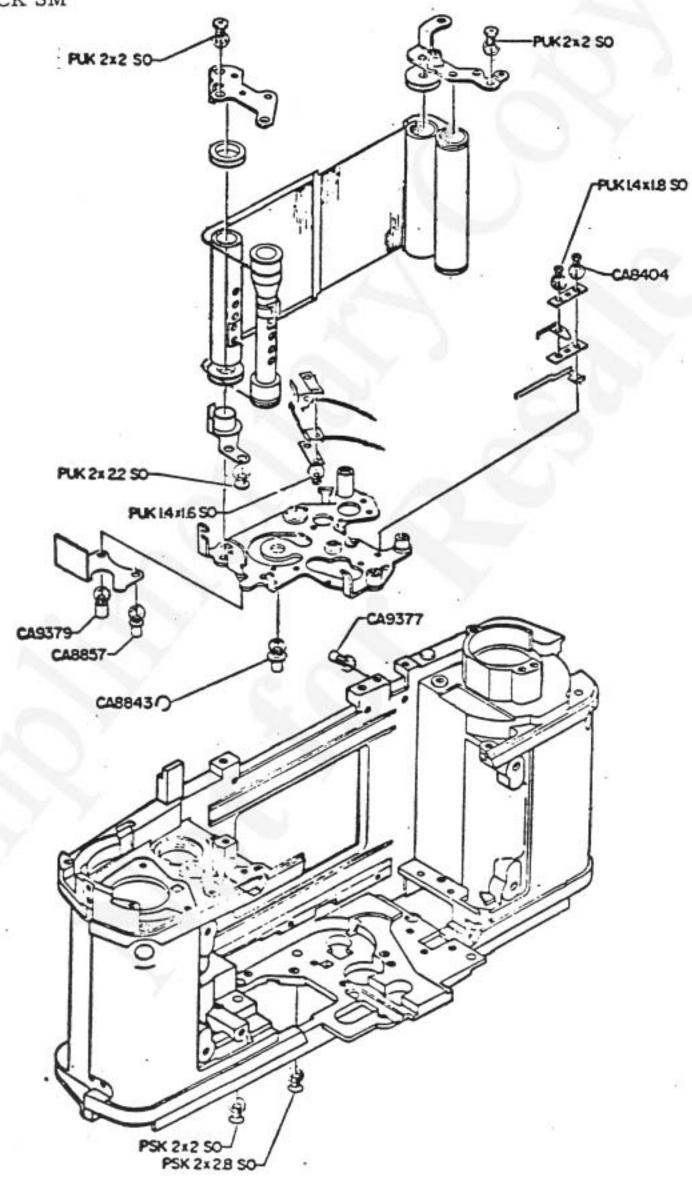
- 133 http://olympus.dementia.org/Hardware

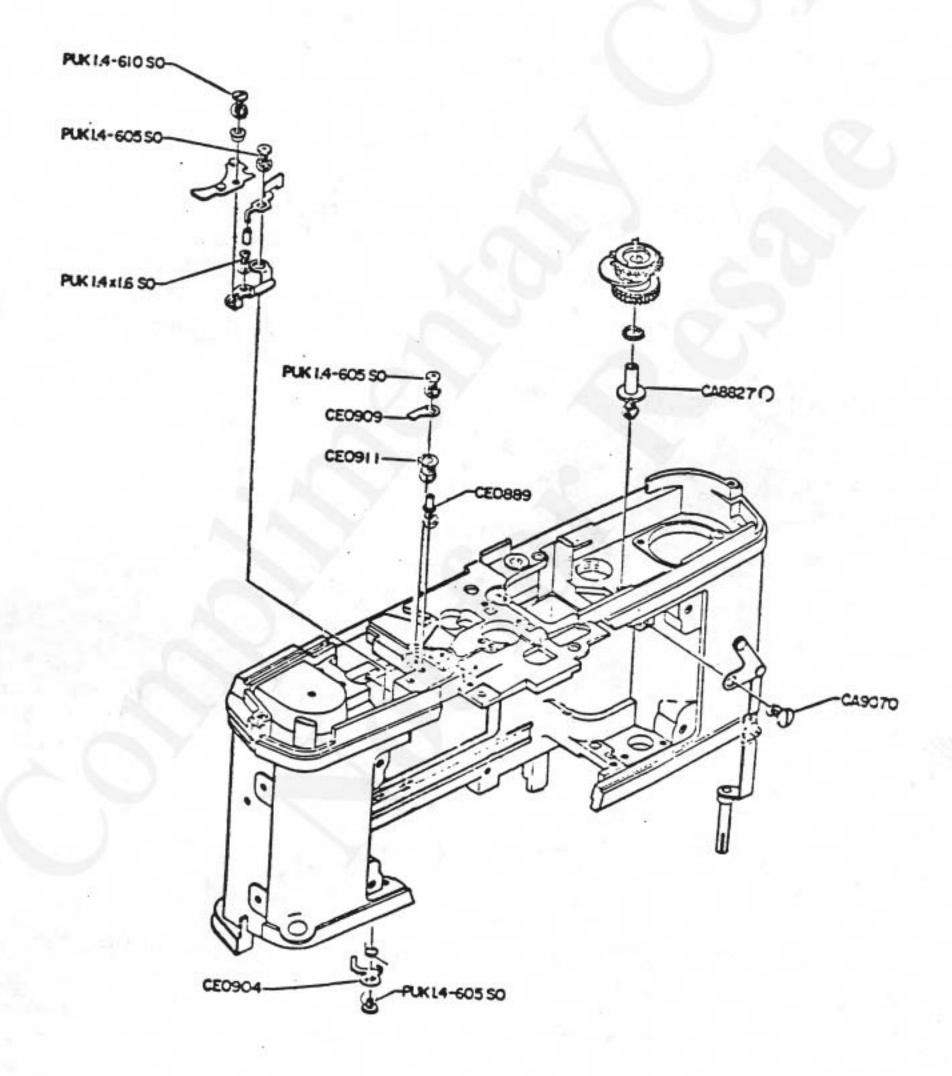
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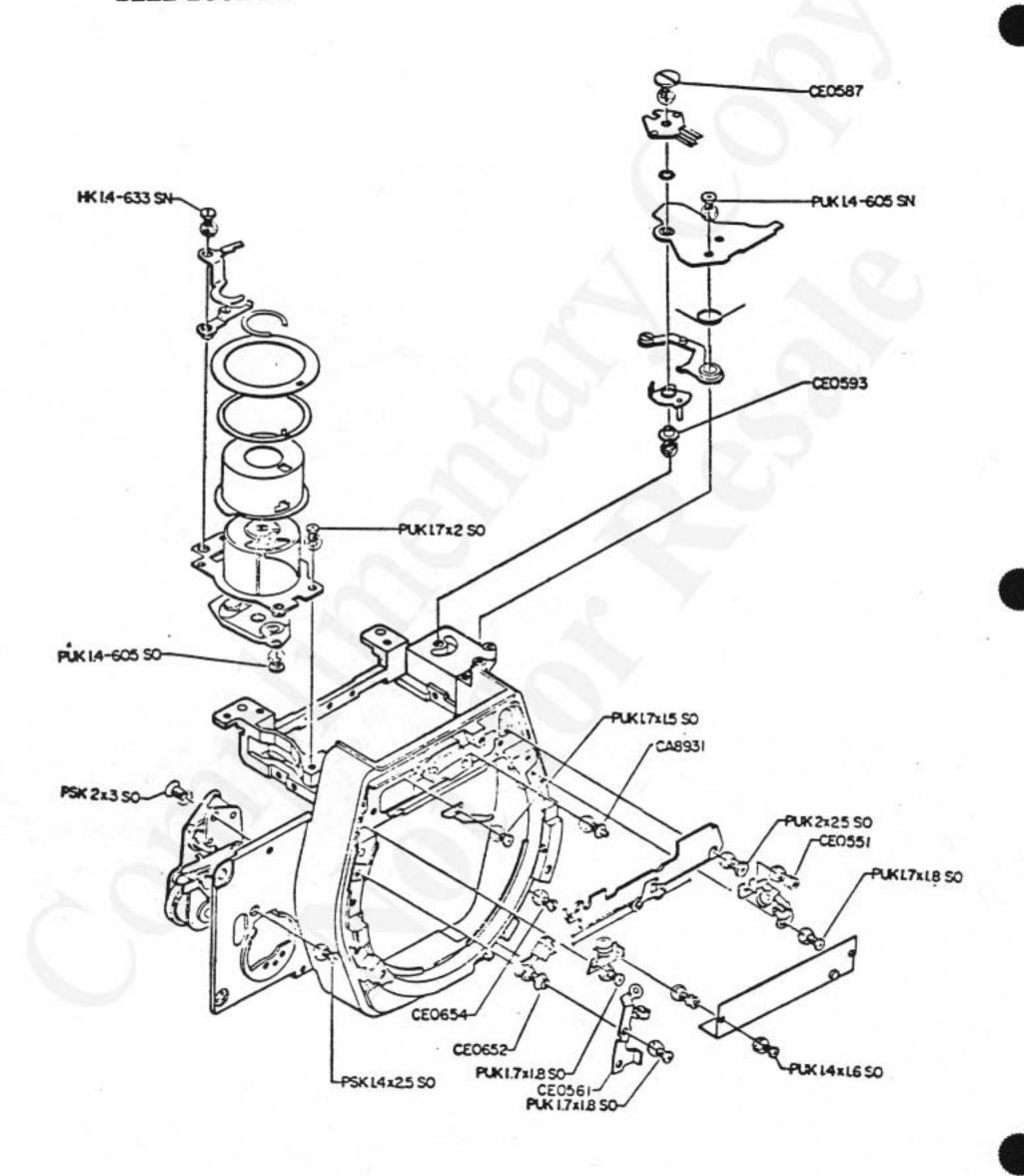
- 134 http://olympus.dementia.org/Hardware

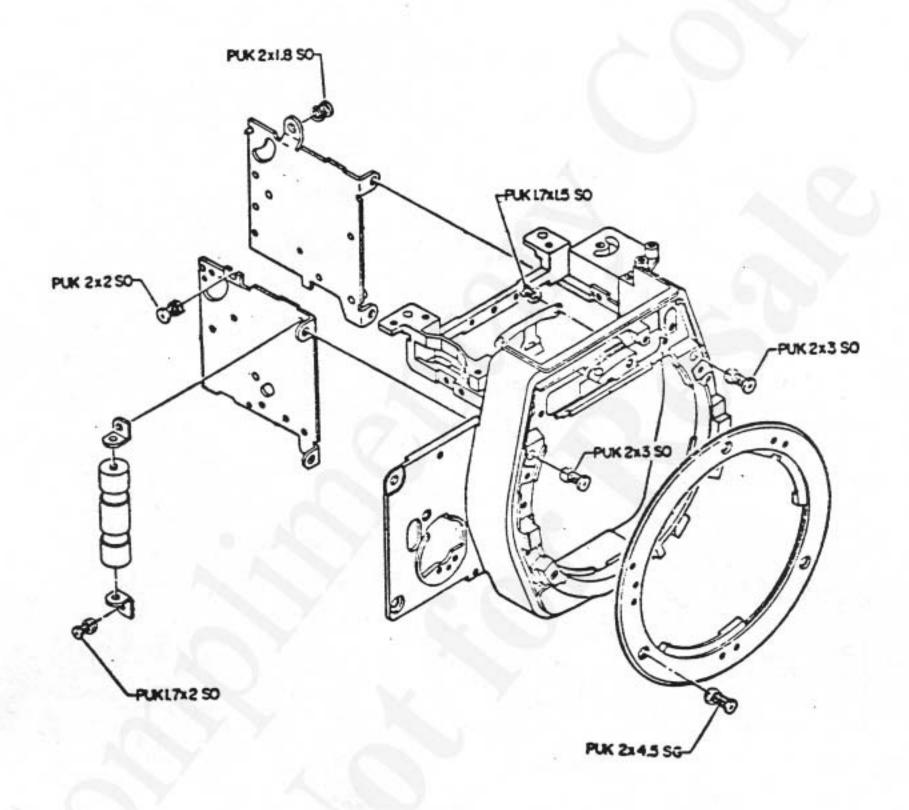


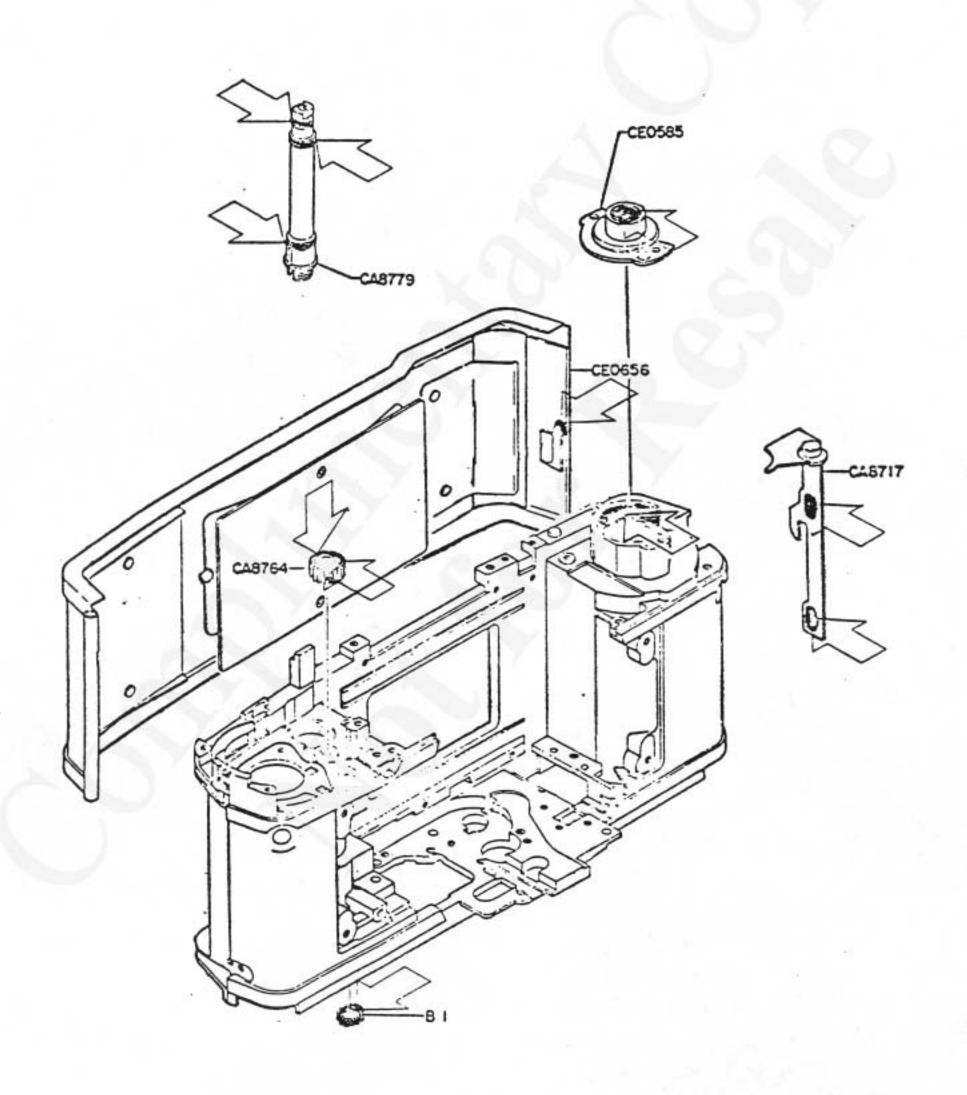




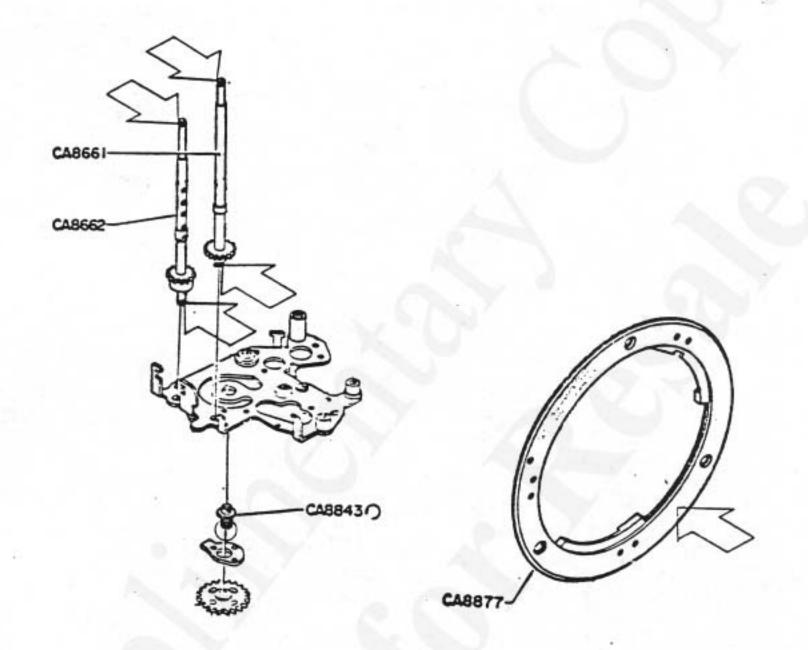


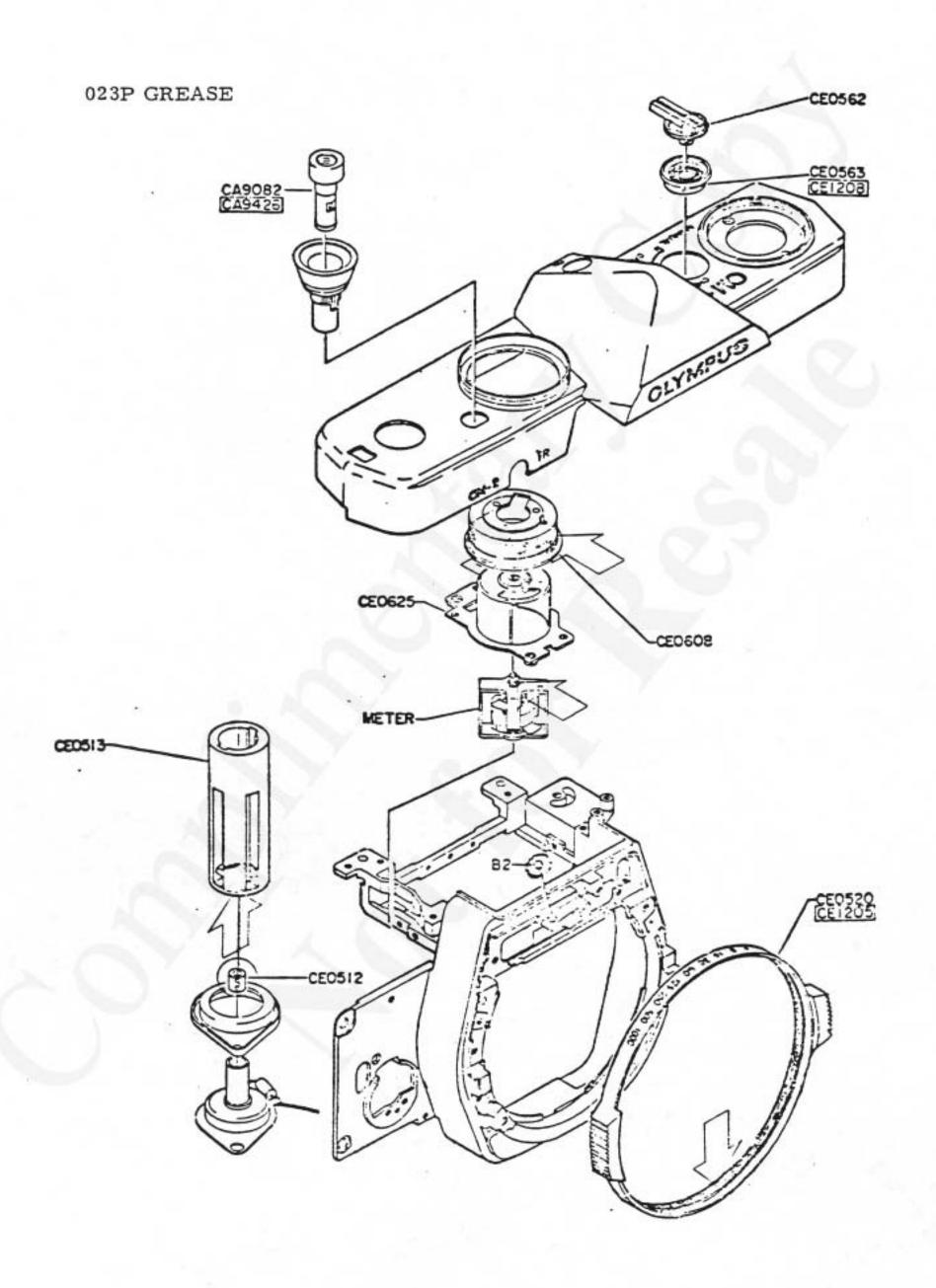


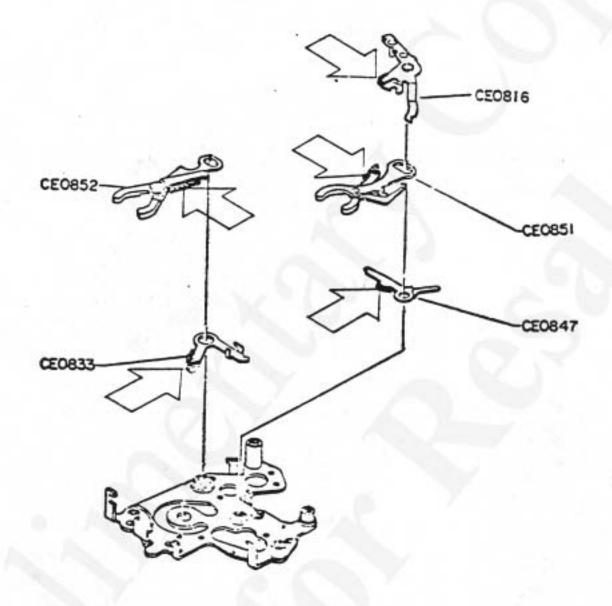


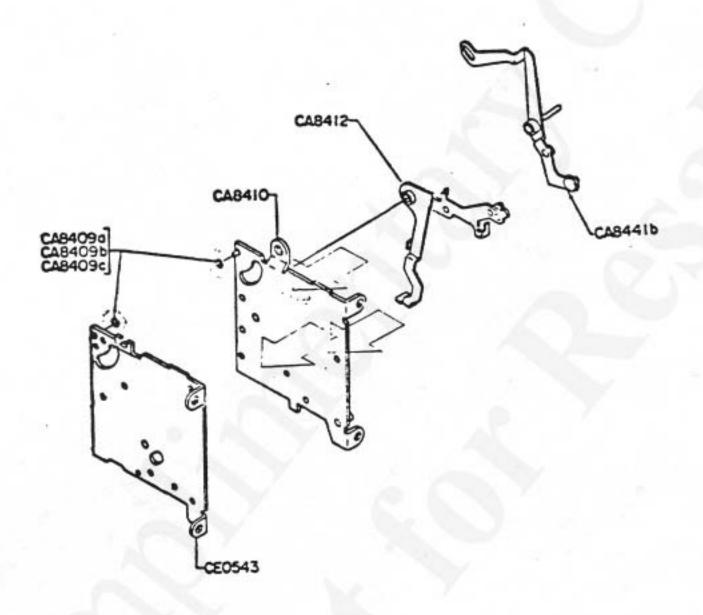


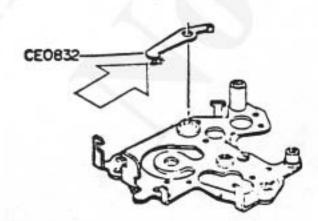
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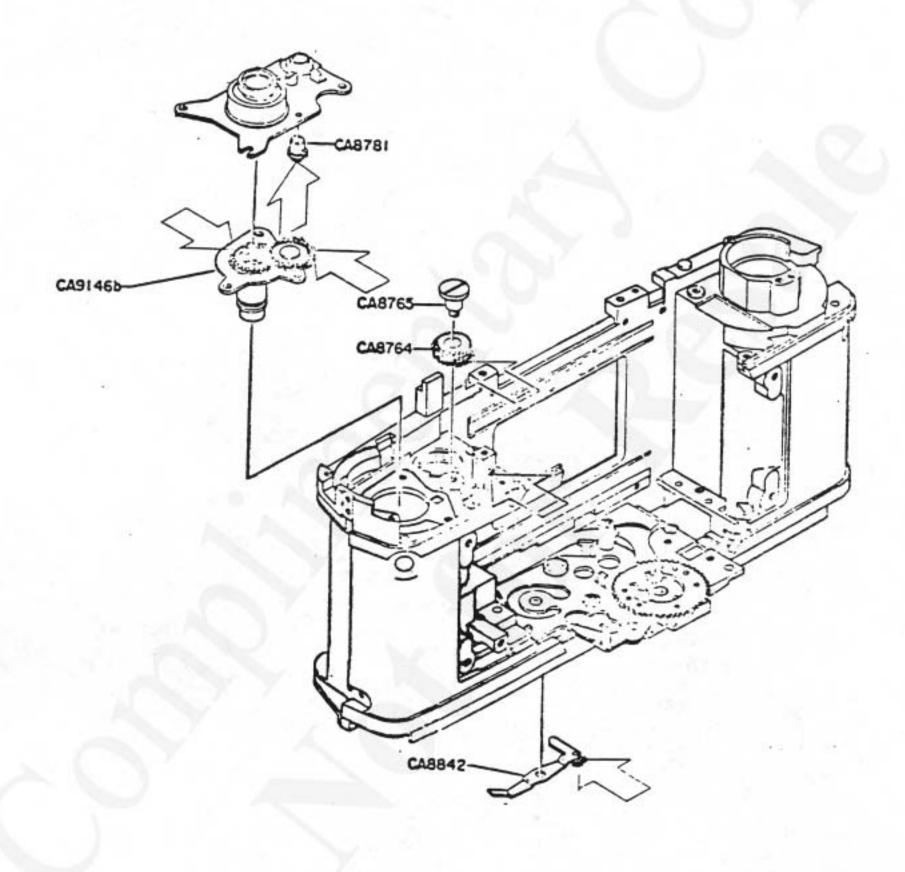


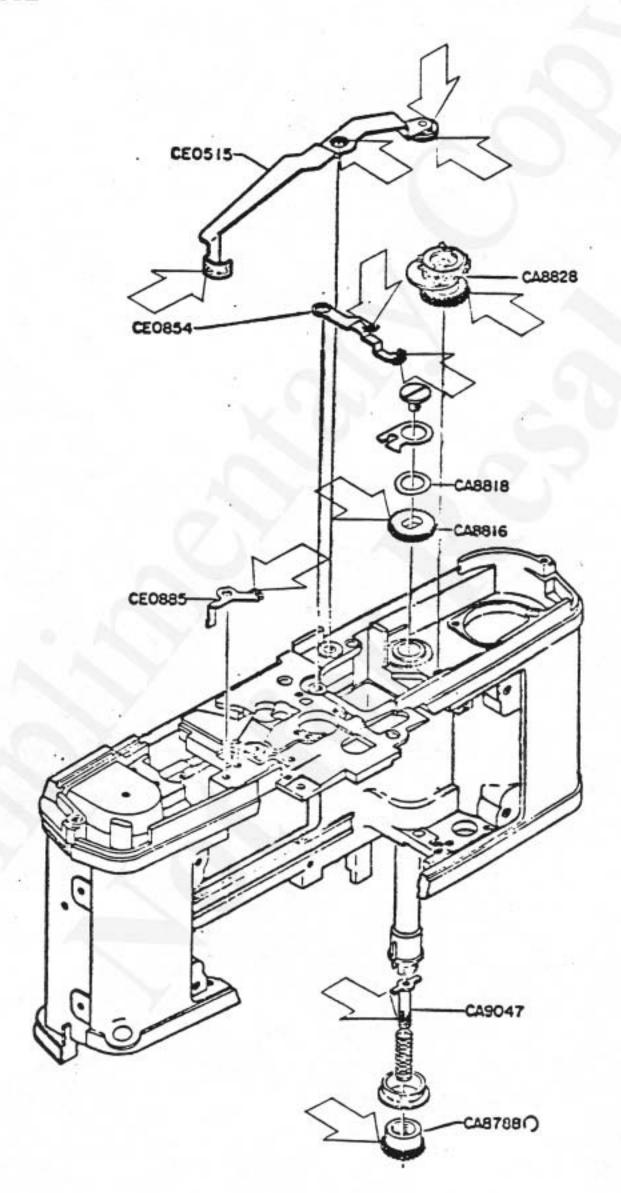














SPECIAL TOOLS

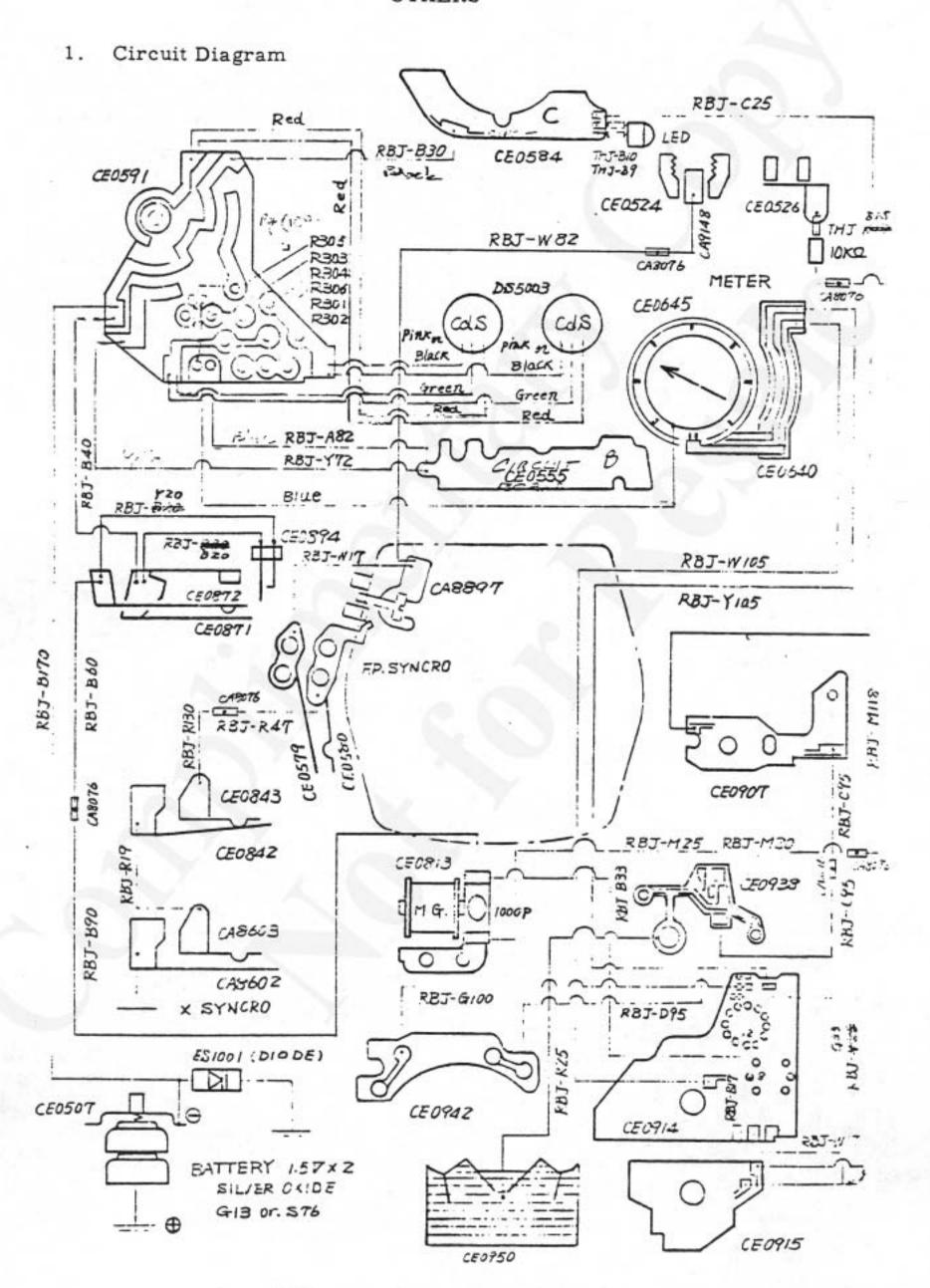
# SPECIAL TOOLS

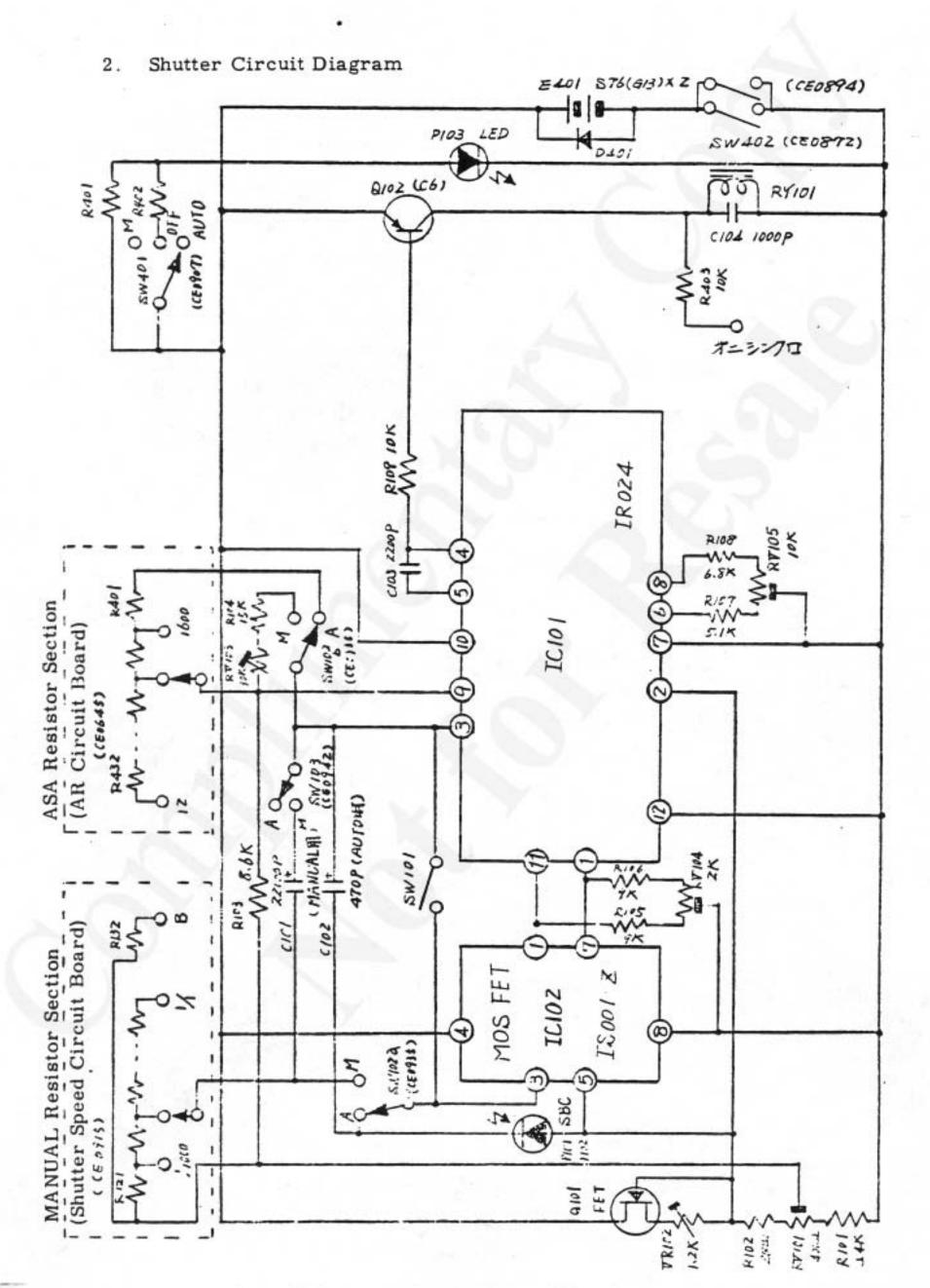
Eliminates unnecessary electricity of IC upon matching and checking M circuit board. Usage	у
See page 106.	
Used to connect the white LW (or circuit board A) to the left pin of SBC at the time of off set adjustment of the comparator of M circuit board.	
Connects the yellow and white LWs when checking if the front casting (CE0502) is out of position or checking the operation of M circuit board by itself.  See page 106.	This resistor is enough with 1 - 57Kn because it is a substitution for AR circuit board (CE0645).
To be connected to the (+) and (-) terminals of digital multimeter when making the operation check for M circuit board itself.	This resistor is enough with 500 - 1Kn because it is a substitution for MG.
	white LW (or circuit board A) to the left pin of SBC at the time of off set adjustment of the comparator of M circuit board.  See page 104.  Connects the yellow and white LWs when checking if the front casting (CE0502) is out of position or checking the operation of M circuit board by itself.  See page 106.  To be connected to the (+) and (-) terminals of digital multimeter when making the operation check for M circuit

Name	Place Used & Usage	Remarks
KC-CE0922D Driver	Used in being mounted to the driver chuck Q-0008 3.06.	o To be newly manufactured.
S.C. GERTREM		o Precautions or Usage
	CEOR22	Since the driver (CE0922) is soldered, turn KC-CE0920G to remove CE0920 upon disassembling or assembling.
KC-CE0920G Driver	CE0920	
19	XC-CEO920Q	
55- CE 2020 W	H	
5		
KC-CE0914aG M Circuit Board Adjusting Tool	Used upon soldering IC (IR-024 and IS-0001Z) to M circuit board.	o M circuit board and IC should be set
	Usage	with the space of about 0.3mm.
· Survey Of	When this tool is mounted on the M circuit board after inserting each pin of IC into the M circuit board. it is automatically set at the optimum height of IC.	cause short- circuit between
	Then, it is to be soldered as it were.	the camera main body die-cast and IC. So. take sufficient

care in mounting

IC.

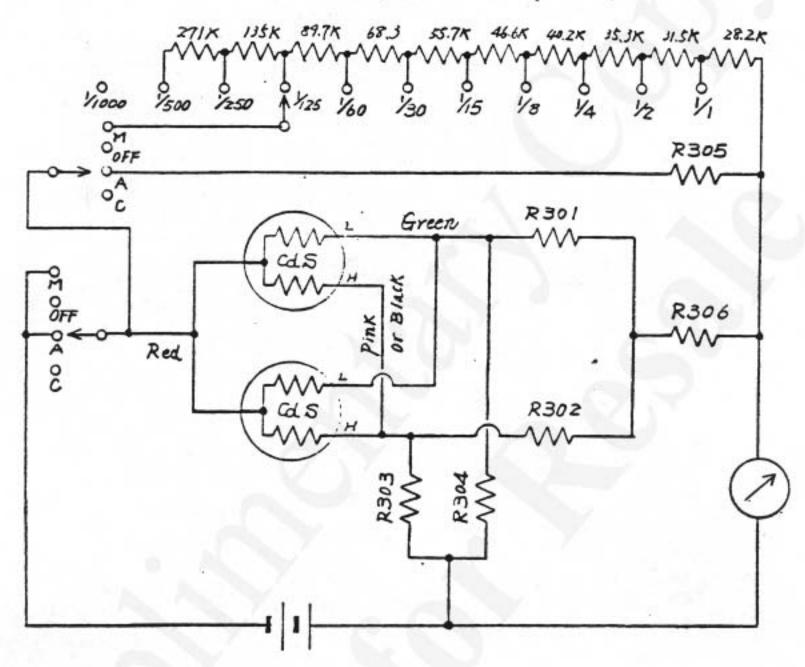




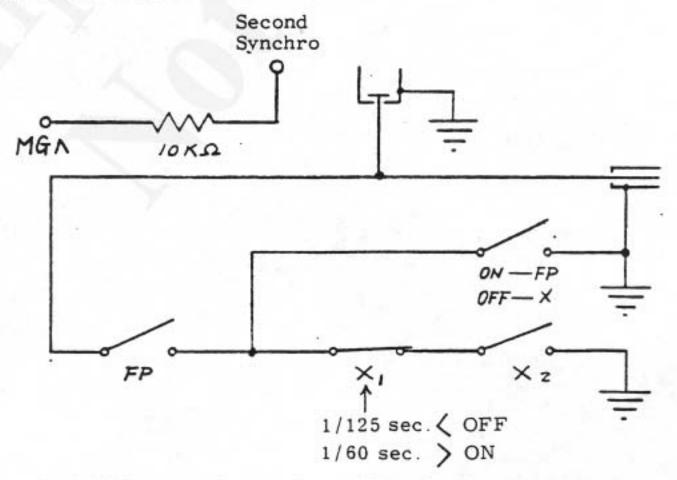
http://olympus.deme15la.org/Hardware

## 3. Meter Circuit Diagram

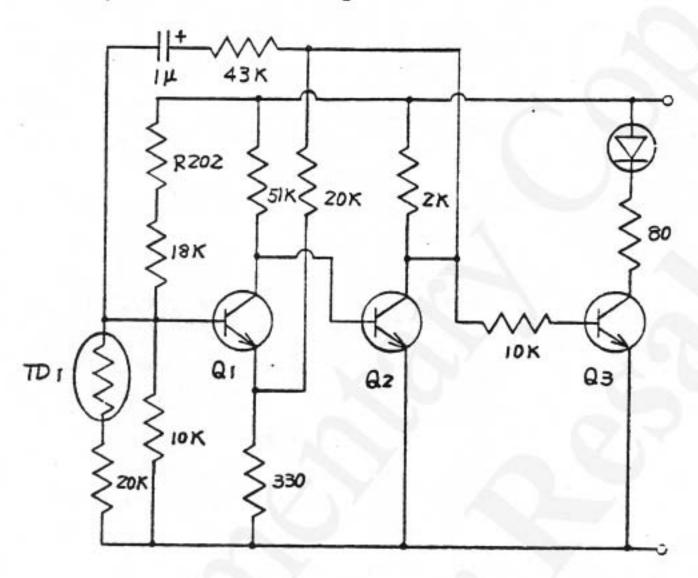
(CE0555 Base plate B)

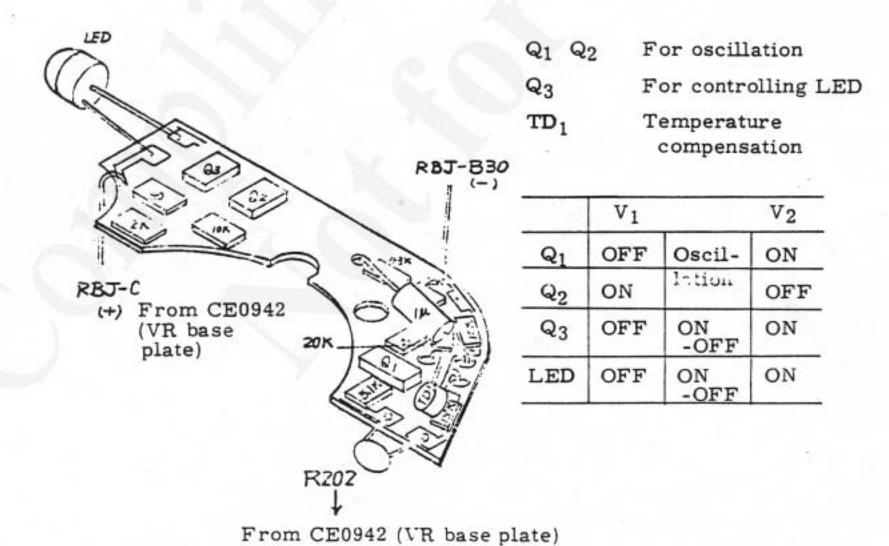


## 4. Synchro Circuit Diagram



## 5. Battery Checker Circuit Diagram





## CONTENTS



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# CORRIGENDA

Page	Column, Box & Line	Incorrect	Correct
37 ,	Right C. 7th L. from bottom	without no friction	without friction
59	in Fig.	2.5 teeth	1.5 or 2.5 teeth
61, 70	16	. CA9072 titled	CA9072 tilted
74	Right C. 2nd B. 3rd L.	by a 6V tester with	by a 3V tester with
77	Center C. bottom L.	0.7mm or more	0.4mm or more
95	3rd L. from bottom bottom L.	instead of V in 6 Defective Normal	instead of 🕅 in 6
104	Center C. bottom L.	Approx. 8mV12mV	Approx. 8mA12mA
108	Right C 1st L. Right C. 9th L.	Disconnect the black (2 wires of	Disconnect the blue (2 index lines of
109	Center C. in Fig.	R305 R304	R306 R305
120	Center C. Fig.	Cemedine 3000RS	Concave (die casting)
121	Left C. 3rd L. Center C. 1st L. Center C. Fig.	R306 R306 ★ 2.4 KΩ	R305 R305 ≒ 68.3 KΩ
122	Left C. 2nd B. 6th L.	2.5 teeth	1.5 or 2.5 teeth
76, 92, 94, 98, 99, 102, 103, 104, etc.	3rd L. in Fig.	Off Set Off set	Offset "



OUTLINE OF REPAIRS

#### PRECAUTIONS FOR REPAIRS

The Model OM-2 is designed for very weak electricity in its electronic parts of the automatic exposure device so that it can measure and control an extremly low level of luminance (-5.5EV at ASA 100).

The electronic parts thus tend to be affected by static electricity or a voltage larger than that of the batteries used, and to suffer easily performance degradation or breakage due to the static electricity that a human body usually possesses. (The OM-2, however, is designed so as not cause such disadvantage in a completed state.)

Because of the above reason, if you should handle the OM-2 in the same way as with other cameras in repairs, the electric parts may be broken causing serious trouble that requires replacement of the shutter amplifier (M circuit board).

Take particularly the following cautions in repairs.

- 1. For the troubleshooting of the shutter amplifier and related mechanism, be sure to ground all materials that come into contact with the electronic parts including the human body, repair tools and work bench, and commence repair work after making sure the condition free from static electricity is achieved. (The ICs of MOS FET and IRO24 are particularly delicate.)
- For the soldering work, use a three-wire type soldering iron with the tip grounded.

- 1 -

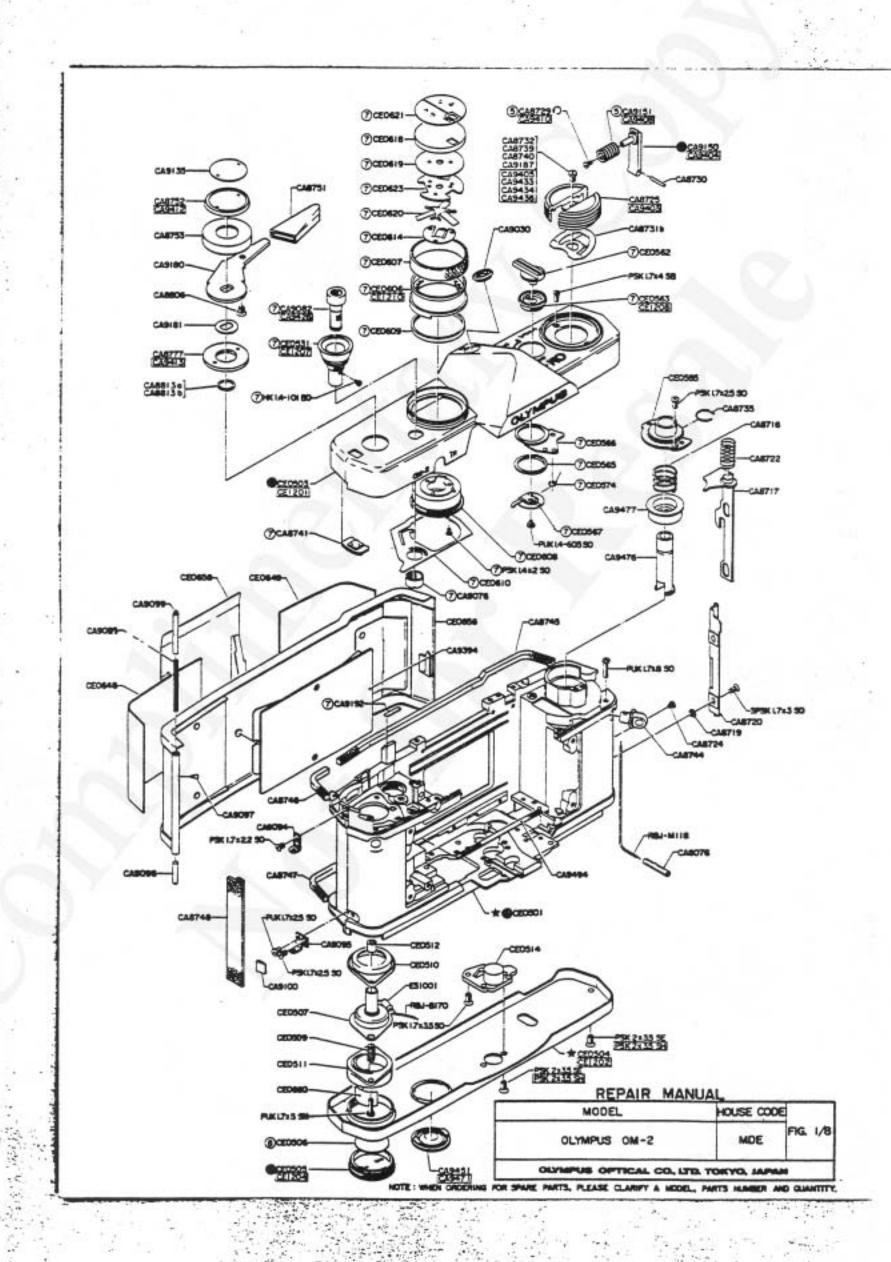
- 3. The electronic parts are weak against heat. Thus, the soldering work must be made securely in a short time, 3 seconds for one place as a rule.
- 4. The shutter amplifier (M circuit board) requires very high insulation resistance on its every part, and must be kept free from dust, smudges, etc.
- 5. For the soldering of the shutter amplifier (M circuit board), use solder containing silver. If ordinary solder should be used, the silver in the circuit pattern may be absorbed by the solder causing unstuck soldering.
- 6. When a constant-voltage power supply is used in the shutter amplifier (M circuit board) repair work, do not turn on and off the main switch of the power supply leaving it connected to the M circuit board. Back electromotive force may break the electronic parts.
- 7. When a continuity test is made in the shutter amplifier (M circuit board) repair work, avoid to use the 3V tester for the case other than specified in the OUTLINE OF REPAIRS. The electronic parts may be broken.
- 8. For other cautions, see each item in the OUTLINE OF REPAIRS.

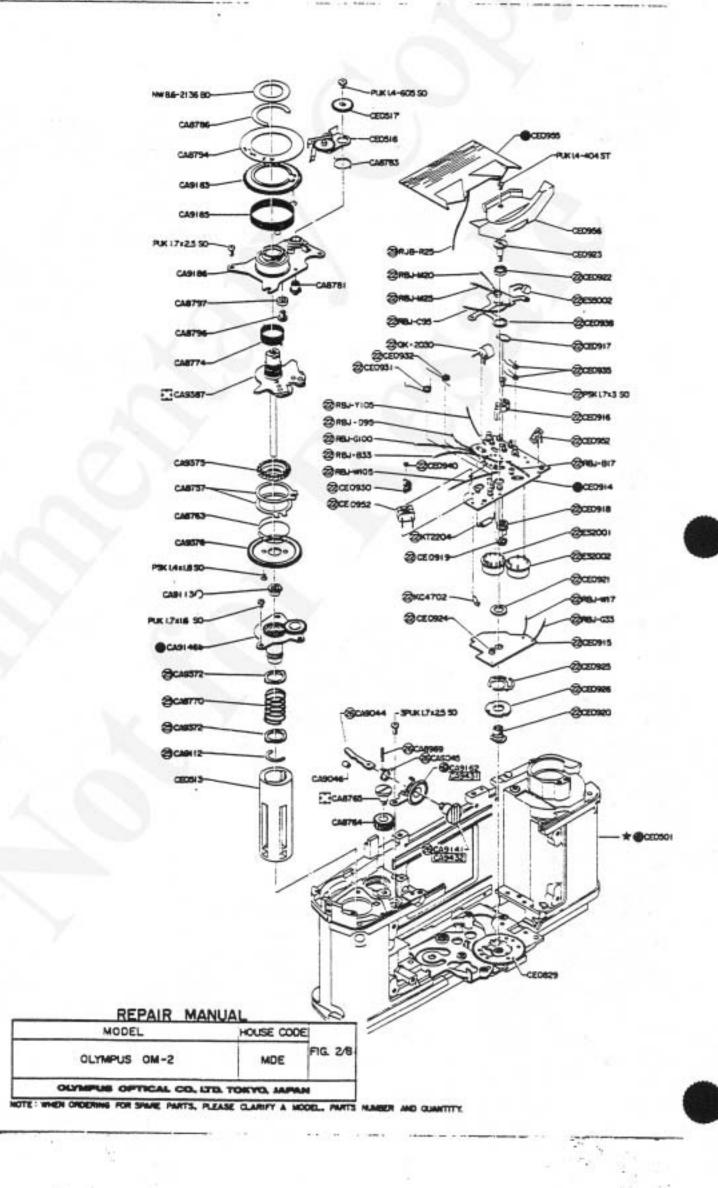


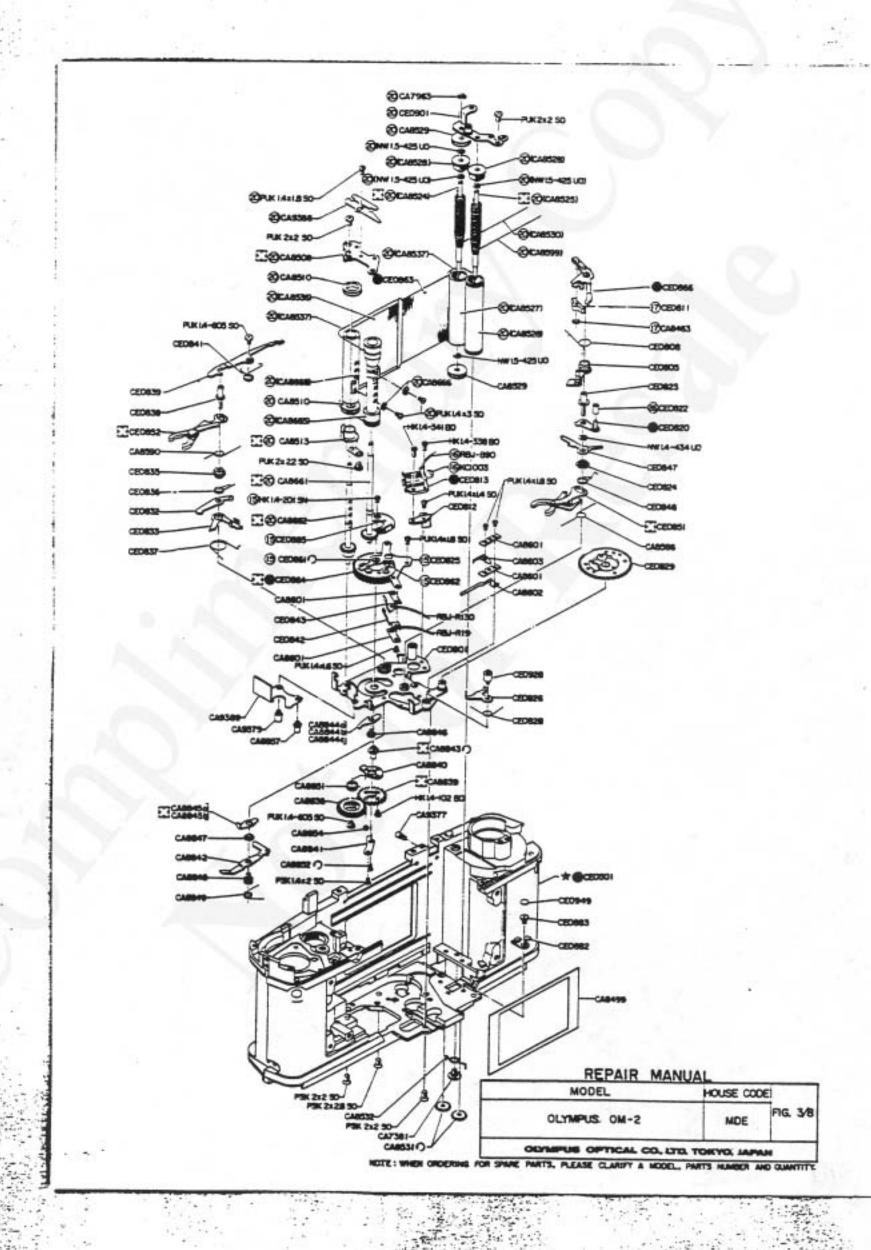
# PARTS LIST & DRAWING

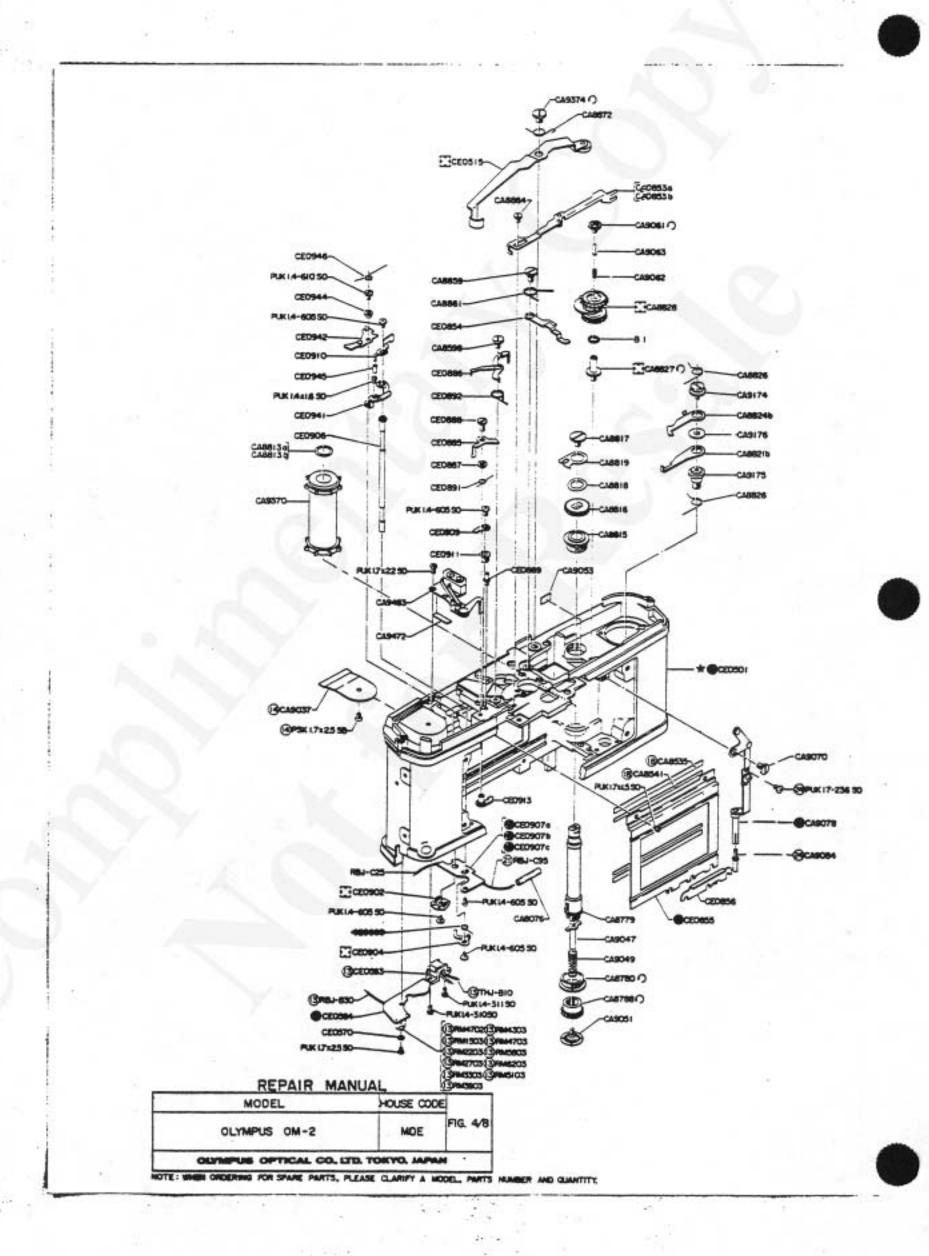
# EXPLANATORY NOTES ON VARIOUS MARKS & NUMBERS USED IN IMPROVED PARTS TABLE & PARTS LIST

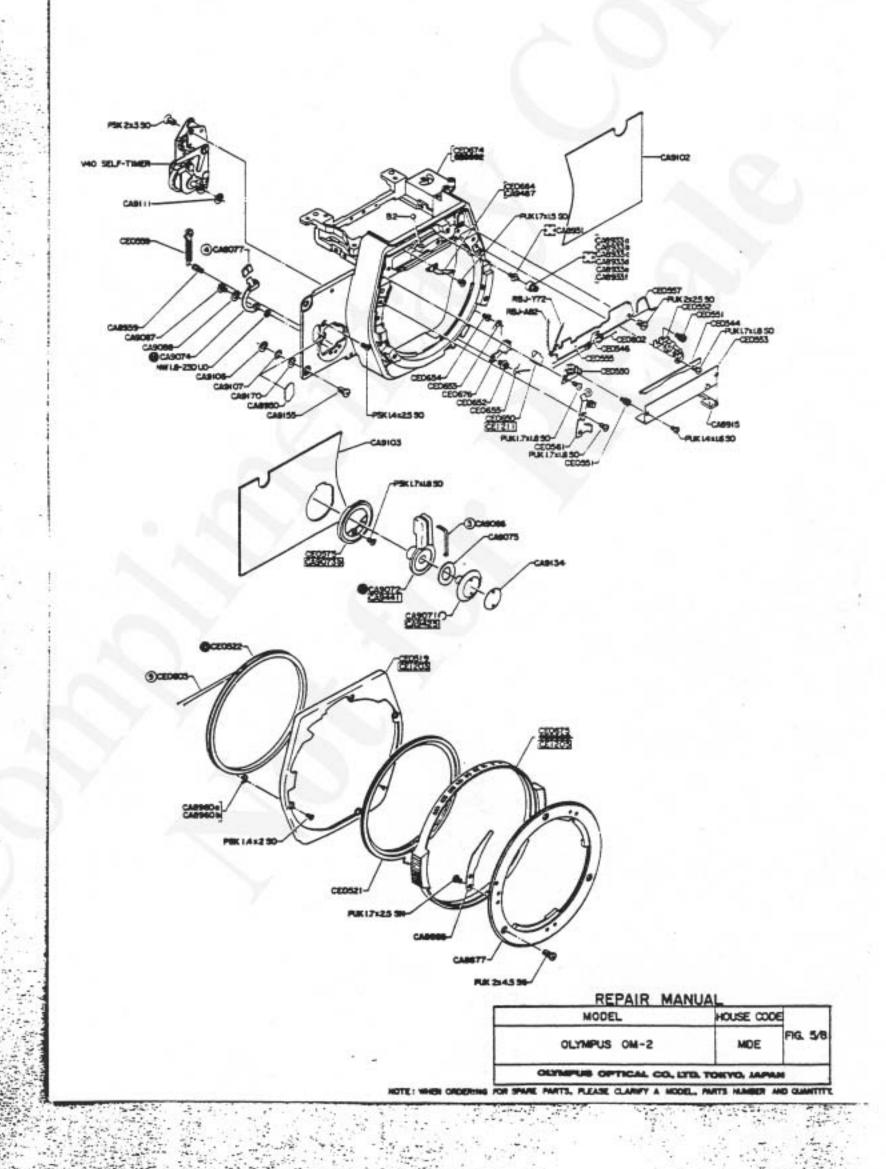
*	Only Body Die-Cast is not available in case of overseas.
0	An assembled parts is supplied including parts marked with
1	Single parts is supplied.
( )	Not to be supplied in single parts, but as an assembled parts.
0	Left-handed screw. (the mate screw hole is not marked particularly). All right-handed screws have no special indication.
< >	Improved parts. Number shows INDEX in IMPROVED PARTS TABLE where more details are explained.
	No more available parts.
$\Rightarrow$	The place where parts have been improved.
[ ]	Dimensions of improved parts and improved points.
∆ 	Replacing parts of no more available parts marked with ===
*	How to replace parts or how to repair.
_	Original parts are also usable instead of improved parts.
><	Printing error. No parts are built-in cameras.
	Clarify HOUSE CODE, PARTS NUMBER and QUANTITY in your ORDER SHEETS.

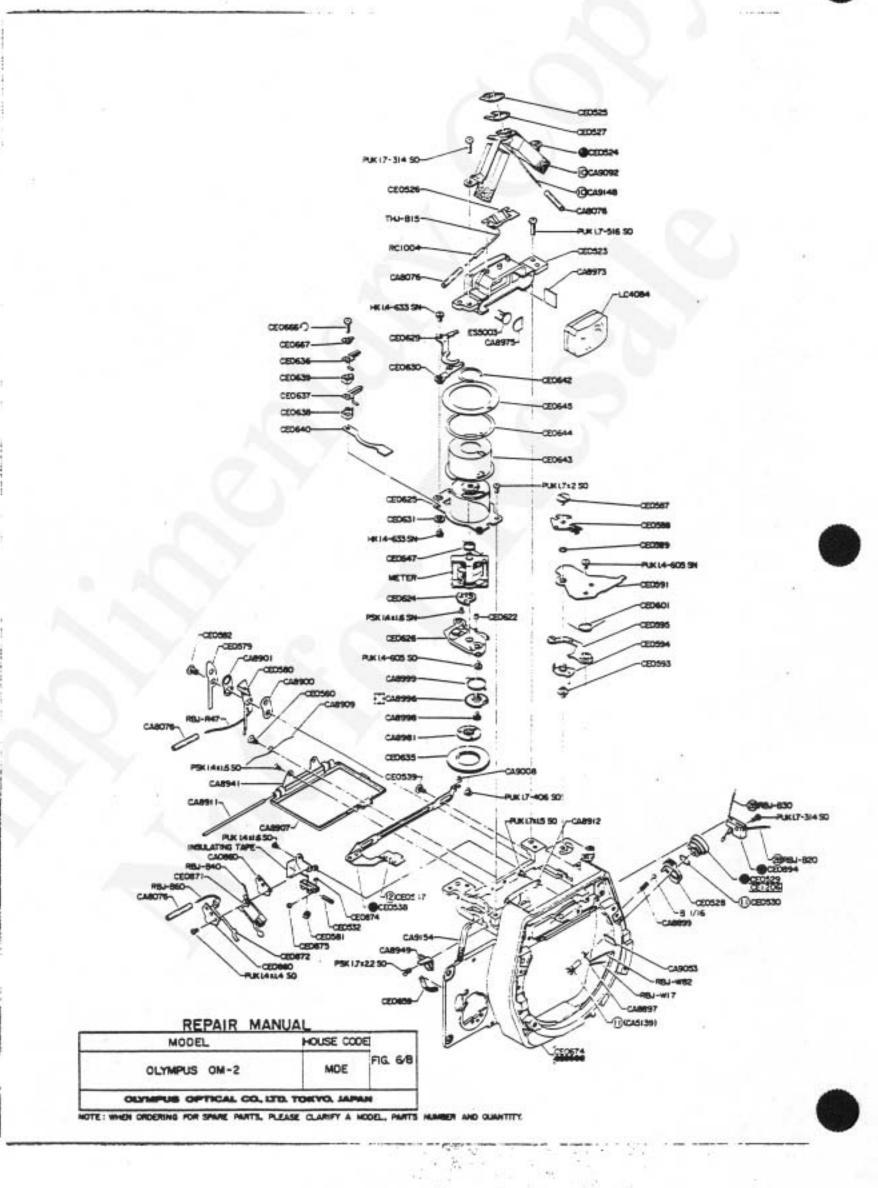


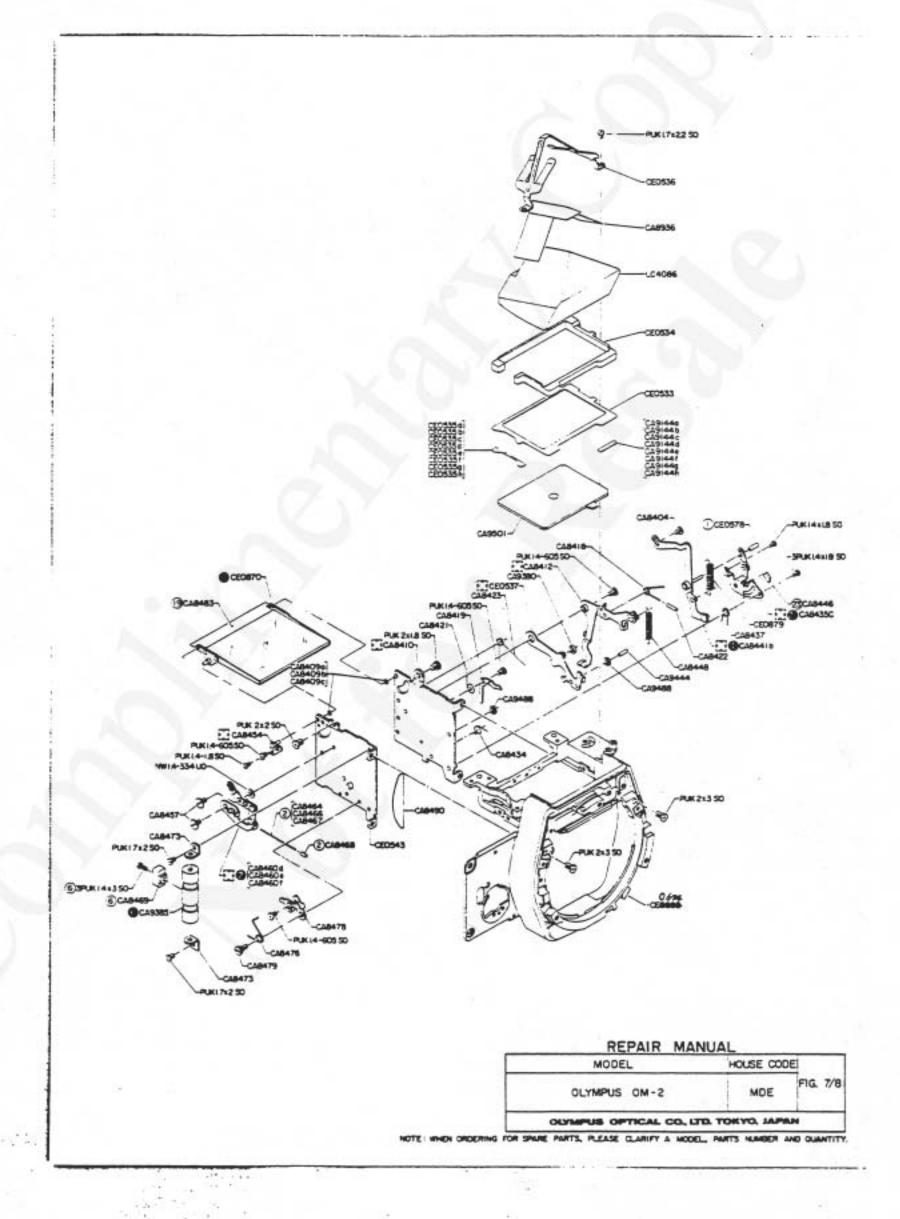


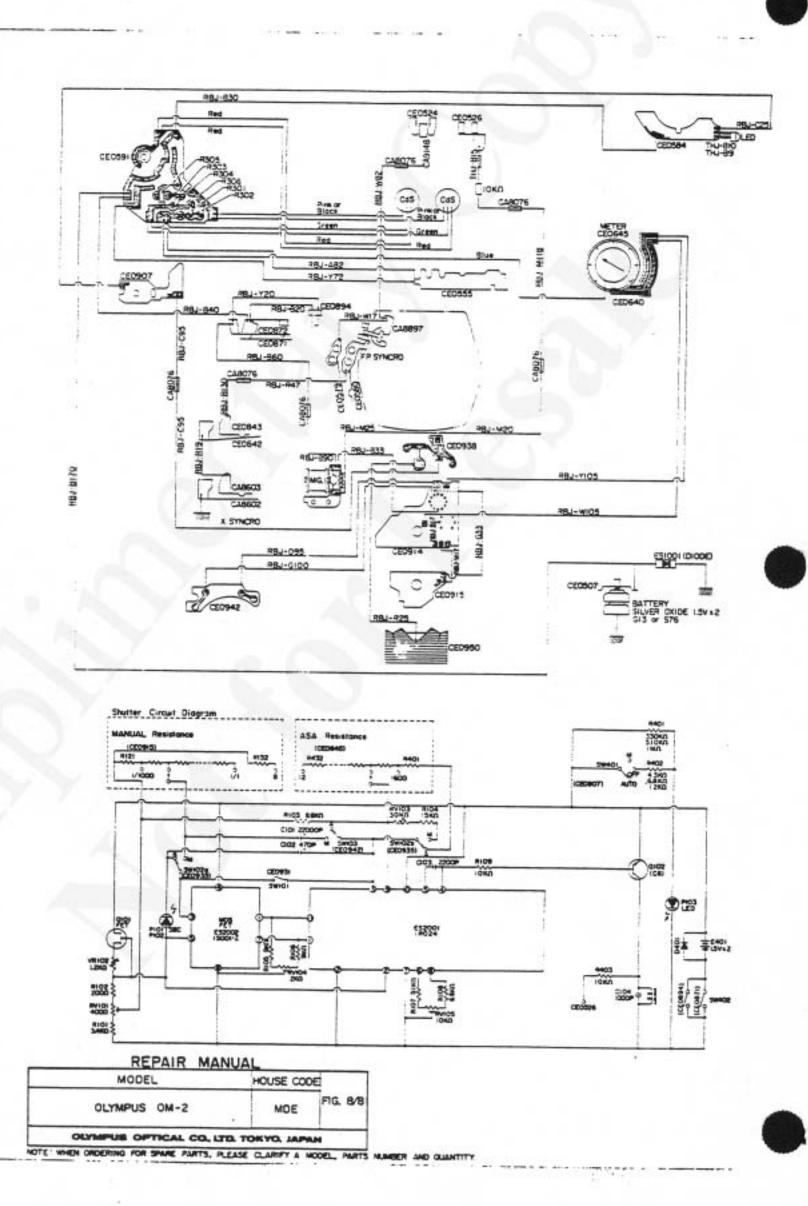












PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
CA 7381	STOPPER SCREW	CA 8586	A LEVER SPRING
7963	RING E	8590	B LEVER SPRING
8076	TUBE	8598	S LEVER WASHER
		8601	STOPPER PLATE
8404	M LEVER SCREW	8602	"X" SYNCHRO CONTACT POINT
8409a	ADJUSTING WASHER a	8603	"FX" SYNCHRO CONTACT POINT
8409Ъ	ADJUSTING WASHER b	8661	TUBE SHAFT A
8409c	ADJUSTING WASHER c	8662	TUBE SHAFT B
8410	LEFT SIDE PLATE	8666	ADJUSTING WASHER
8412	M CHARGING LEVER	8716	R COLLAR SPRING
8418	STOPPER SPRING	8717	KEY A
8419	M HOOKING LEVER	8719	KEY COLLAR
8421	HOOKING LEVER SPRING	8720	KEY COVER
8422	TUBE 2	8722	KEY SPRING
8423	RETURNING SPRING	8724	KEY POSITIONING SCREW
8434	HOOK SPRING	8725	R KNOB
8435c	M BASE PLATE C	8729	R PINCH SET SCREW
8437	MS SPRING	8730	R LEVER PIN
8441Ъ	M LEVER b	8731	R LEVER SPRING
8/446	M RING	8732	R LEVER WASHER
8448	CONNECTING LEVER SPRING	8735	R SPRING
8454	M PIVOT	8739	R LEVER WASHER 2
8457	LEVER SHAFT	8740	R LEVER STOPPER 3
8460d	LINK d	8741	FILM COUNTER COVER
8460e	LINK e	8744	STRAP EYELET
8460f	LINK f	8745	LIGHT PROOF L
8463	E RING 08	8746	LIGHT PROOF R
8464	SPRING 1	8747	LIGHT PROOF (LOWER)
8466	SPRING 2	8748	LIGHT PROOF (SIDE)
8467	SPRING 3	8751	FW LEVER COVER
8468	SPRING COVER	8752	FW LEVER HOLDER
8469	PIPE CONNECTOR	8753	FW LEVER DECORATION
8473	PIPE HOLDER (UPPER)	8757	F PLATE
8476	M POSITIONING SPRING	8763	F SPRING
8478	M POSITIONING PLATE	8764	ST IDLE
8479	M POSITIONING SHAFT	8765	IDLE SHAFT
8483	LIGHT PROOF PLATE	8770	SPOOL SPRING
8490	RIGHT COVERING PLATE	8774	FW SPRING
8499	B MASK	8777	FASTENING RING
8508	CURTAIN BASE R	8778	FC RETURNING LEVER
8510	ROLLER A	8779	ST SHAFT
8513	ROLLER HOLDER	8780	SPROCKET HOLDER (UPPER)
8529	ROLLER B	8781	FC GEAR SHAFT
8531	TENSION NUT	8783	FC RETURNING SPRING
8532	TENSION NUT STOPPER	8786	C RING
8535	FELT B	8788	ST GEAR
8541	FELT A	8794	FC PLATE
0747	LUDI W	0/34	TO TEATE

PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
CA 8796	L STOPPER	CA 8915	DAMPER #2
8797	WASHER (RUBBER)	8931	PULLEY SHAFT
8806	FW LEVER COVER STOPPER	8933a	RETURNING ROLLER a
8813a	WASHER la	8933ь	RETURNING ROLLER b
8813ъ	WASHER 1b	8933c	RETURNING ROLLER c
8815	SPROCKET HOLDER (LOWER)	8933d	RETURNING ROLLER d
8816	GEAR #1	8933e	RETURNING ROLLER e
8817	GEAR #1 SCREW	8933£	RETURNING ROLLER f
8818	GEAR #1 SPRING	8936	P COVER
8819	K CLAW	8939	B SPRING SHAFT
8821ь	CHECKING LEVER b	8941	F HINGE
8824b	LOCK LEVER b	8949	B SPRING PLATE
8826	LOCK SPRING	8950	COVERING PLATE
8827	SHAFT #2	8960a	
8828	GEAR #2 SHAFT	8960b	COVERING PLATE WASHER a
8836	GEAR #2 SHAFT		COVERING PLATE WASHER b
8839	CEAR #4	8969 8973	STOPPER 61
8840	S WINDING PLATE		C LICHT PROOF
8841	GEAR #4 BASE	8975	C COVER
8842	KS LEVER	8981	M PULLEY HOLDER
8843	SHAFT #4	8996	M LOWER PLATE GEAR
8844a		8998	GEAR SHAFT
8844Ъ	LEVER la	8999	GEAR SPRING
8844c	LEVER 1b	9008	PULLEY SCREW
470 D100 D170	LEVER 1c	9030	T NUT
8845a	LEVER #2a	9037	P PLATE
8845ъ	LEVER #2b	9044	K INNER PLATE
8846	LEVER STOPPER	9045	K LEVER SPRING
8847	KS HOLDER	9046	K PLATE HOLDER
8848	KS SHAFT	9047	ST CLAW
8849	KS SPRING	9049	ST SPRING
8851	GEAR #3 SPRING	9051	ST SCREW
8852	SHAFT #4 SCREW	9053	LEVER CUSHION
8854	S RING	9061	ME GUIDE
8857	BASE PLATE SHAFT	9062	COVER SPRING
8859	BULB PLATE SCREW	9063	COVER PIN
8861	RETURNING SPRING	9070	C SCREW
8864	KL SHAFT	9071	S LEVER STOPPER
8872	KM SPRING	9072	ST LEVER
8877	B MOUNT	9074	START LEVER
8888	B MOUNT SPRING	9075	F SPRING
8897	FP SYNCHRO CONTACT POINT	9076	RELEASE BASE NUT
8899	FX SYNCHRO CONTACT SPRING	9077	START LEVER CAP
8900	INSULATING PLATE	9078	S RELEASE PLATE
8901	INSULATING PLATE	9082	S RELEASE BUTTON
8907	F FRAME	9084	SR BUTTON SHAFT
8909	F SPRING	9086	S LEVER PLATE
8911	F SHAFT	9087	D SCREW
3912	F LOCK SCREW	9088	W SPRING

PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
CA 9092	SM COVER	CA 9375	FW LC
9093	SR BUTTON WASHER	9376	FW GEAR
9094	HINGE FIN HOLDER (UPPER)	9377	FILM GUIDE SCREW
9095	HINGE PIN HOLDER (LOWER)	9378	(COVERING PLATE NO. 3)
9097	HINGE PIN SCREW	9379	3G HOOK SCREW
9098	HINGE PIN A	9380	LEVER COLLAR (RUBBER)
9099	HINGE PIN B	9385	A PIPE
9100	COVERING PLATE	9387	FW SHAFT
9102	LEFT SIDE LEATHER	9388	
9103	RIGHT SIDE LEATHER	9389	STOPPER PLATE (UPPER)
9106	ADJUSTING WASHER NO. 1	9394	STOPPER PLATE (LOWER)
9107	ADJUSTING WASHER NO. 2	9444	PRESSURE PLATE TUBE 3
9111	ST WASHER	9451	M COVER
9112	C WASHER	9472	
9113	GEAR FASTENER	9476	SW WASHER R SHAFT
9134	COVERING PLATE NO. 1	9477	
9135	COVERING PLATE NO. 2	9483	R COLLAR
9141	K PINCH	9487	SW BASE PLATE
9144a	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE a	9488	CLICK SPRING
9144b	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE b	9494	RUBBER RING 3
9144c	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE C	9501	FELT C
9144d	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE d	9301	FOCUSING SCREW
9144e	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE e	CE OFOI	(DID 0100
9144f	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE f	CE 0501	(DIE CAST BODY)
9144g	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE g	0502	FRONT CASTING
9144h	FRONT ADJUSTING PLATE h	0503	TOP COVER
9146b	SPOOL SHAFT b	0504	BOTTOM PLATE
9148		0505	BATTERY COMPARTMENT LIE
9150	LEAD WIRE (45mm long, BLACK) R LEVER	0506	COVERING SEAL
9151	R PINCH	0507	B COVER
9154		0509	B CONTACT POINT
9155	LIGHT PROOF PADDING (UPPER) FRONT CASTING SET SCREW	0510	INSULATION COVER
9156	LIGHT PROOF PADDING M	0511	B HOUSING
9162	K BASE PLATE	0512	COLLAR
9170	ADJUSTING WASHER 3	0513	S POOL B
9174	LEVER SHAFT	0514	TRIPOD BASE
9175	M HOLDER	0515	KM LEVER
9176	LEVER SHAFT WASHER	0516	FC RETURNING LEVER
9130	FILM WINDING LEVER	0517	FC GEAR
9181	LEVER WASHER	0519	FRONT COVERING PLATE
9183		0520	SHUTTER DIAL
9185	FILM COUNTER GEAR	0521	DIAL GEAR
9186	COUNTER SPRING	0522	CONNECTING RING
9187	FC BASE PLATE	0523	S FRAME
9192	R LEVER WASHER	0524	S BASE
9370	ADJUSTING PLATE	0525	S INSULATING WASHER
9370	SPROCKET SPROCK HOLDER	0526	S CONTACT POINT
9374	SPOOL HOLDER	0527a	T WASHER a
23/4	M LEVER SHAFT	0527ь	T WASHER b

PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
CE 0528	FX SINCHRO KNOB	CE 0587	SLIDE SCREW
0529	SINCHRO SOCKET	0588	SLIDE PLATE
0530	P STOPPER SPRING	0589	SLIDE HOLDER
0531	BUTTON COVER	0591	SW CIRCUIT BOARD
0532	FP SCREW	0593	CAM SHAFT
0533	MASK	0594	CAM S
0534	PRISM WASHER	0595	CHENGE LEVER
0535a	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE a	0601	RETURNING SPRING
0535b	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE b	0602	B STRING 1
0535c	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE C	0603	B STRING 2
0535d	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE d	0604	SPRING HOLDER
0535e	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE e	0606 0607	A DIAL RUBBER RING
0535f	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE f		
0535g	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE g	0608	CLICK RING
0535h	REAR ADJUSTING PLATE h	0609	L NUT
0536	P STOPPER	0610	LOCK SPRING
0537	CONNECTING LEVER	0614	CAM SPRING
0538	SLIDER	0618	A CAP
0539	SL SHAFT	0619	A PLATE
0543	RIGHT SIDE PLATE	0620	MK PLATE
0544	GUIDE PLATE	0621	EV PLATE
0546	SL CONTACT	0622	INSULATION SHAFT
0547	INDICATION PLATE	0623	COVERING PLATE
0550	ROLLER	0624	M GEAR 2
0551	ROLLER SCREW	0625	M BASE
0552	RIGHT SIDE PLATE	0626	M LOWER PLATE
0553	COVERING PLATE	0629	A LEVER 1
0555	CIRCUIT BOARD B	0630	A LEVER 2
0557	SPRING	0631	WASHER
0559	B SPRING	0635	PULLEY M
0560	F SPRING SHAFT	0636	A CONTACT 1
0561	STOPPER	0637	A CONTACT 2
0562	S LEVER	0638	CONTACT BASE 1
0563	SW WASHER	0639	CONTACT BASE 2
0565	NUT	0640	BASE PLATE A
0566	C BASE PLATE	0642	C WASHER
0567	K LEVER	0643	A CAM
0570	INSULATING WASHER	0644	WASHER
0574	C SPRING	0645	AR BASE PLATE
0575	S BASE COVER	0647	ST SPRING
0578	SR TUBE	0648	REAR RIGHT SIDE LEATHER
0579	F CONTACT (UPPER)	0649	REAR RIGHT SIDE LEATHER
0580	F CONTACT (LOWER)	0650	RESET BUTTON
0581	F NUT	0652	HOOK SHAFT
0582	F SCREW	0653	HOOK SPRING
0583	CL HOUSE	0654	
	C CIRCUIT BOARD		BL SPRING HOLDER
0584		0655	BL SPRING
0585	R SHAFT HOLDER	0656	REAR COVER ASS'Y

PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
CE 0658	HOLDING SPRING	CE 0863	CURTAIN ASS'Y
0659	LIGHT PROOF PADDING (LOWER)	0864	GEAR AB
0660	B NAME PLATE	0865	GEAR PLATE B
0663	SL INSULATING PLATE	0866	REAR CLAW A
0664	CLICK SPRING	0870	M FRAME
0665	INSULATION PLATE	0871	
0666	A SCREW	0872	M CONTACT 1
0667	INSULATION PLATE	0874	M CONTACT 2
0674	FRONT CASTING		M INNER PLATE
		0875	M TUBE
0675	S DIAL	0879	M SPRING
0676	BL LEVER	0882	M RELEASE
0801	S BASE PLATE	0883	MR SHAFT
0805	HOOK LEVER	0885	TURN PLATE A
0808	SPRING A	0886	TURN PLATE B
0811	HOLDING PLATE	0887	TURN COLLAR
0812	MG BASE	. 0888	TURN SCREW
0813	MG PLATE	0889	SPRING STOPPER
0819	SPRING B	0891	TURN SPRING A
0820	TR PLATE	0892	TURN SPRING B
0822	T TUBE	0894	M2 WASHER
0823	REAR SHAFT	0901	PLATE L
0824	REAR NUT	0902	C CAM
0825	S PLATE (UPPER)	0904	C LEVER
0826	B LEVER	0906	C SHAFT
0828	B SPRING	0907a	C BASE a
0829	SPEED GEAR	0907Ъ	C BASE b
0832	FIRST CLAW A	0907c	C BASE c
0833	FIRST CLAW B	0909	C PLATE 1
0835	FIRST SHAFT	0910	C PLATE 2
0836	FIRST SPRING A	0911	C BOSS
0837	FIRST SPRING B	0913	C PLATE 3
0838	B LEVER SCREW	0914	M CURCUIT BOARD
0839	M LEVER	0915	S CURCUIT BOARD
0841	M SPRING	0916	CAM SHAFT
0842	X CONTACT A	0917	PLASTIC CAP
0843	X CONTACT B	0918	CAM NUT
0847	LOCK LEVER	0919	C SPRING 2
0848	SL LEVER	0920	BASE TUBE
0851	A LEVER 2	10.000 to 00.000	\$1.55 (A) 1.70 (A) 2.70 (B) 1.70 (B)
0852	B LEVER 2	0921	INSULATING PLATE
0853a	KL PLATE a	0922	PLASTIC NUT
0853b		0923	SCREW
101 N S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	KL PLATE b	0924	STOPPER
0854	B PLATE	0925	SPEED PLATE
0855	F MASK	0926	POSITION NUT
0856	MASK STOPPER	0928	B SCREW
0860	STOPPER PLATE	0930	T FASTENER
0861	GEAR SCREW	0931	T CONTACT A
0862	B STOPPER RING	0932	T CONTACT B

PARTS LIST

PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
CE 0935	K CONTACT	RE	SISTOR
0938	SUB CIRCUIT BOARD	-	- I I
0940	STOPPER		m. 170/
0941	C BASE PLATE		RM 1704
0942	C BASE	Ann	1804
0944	C COLLAR		1805
0945		AAC	1904
	C TUBE		2004
0946	C SPRING 3		2203
0949	RM PLATE	C 10 1 100	2204
0952	L BASE	10	2304
0955	COVERING PLATE		2403
0956	LOWER COVER		2404
			2504
LC 4084	EYE PIECE LENS		2604
4086	PENTAPRISM		2703
		). / I //	2704
	EXPOSURE METER ASS'Y		2705
		1	2804
V 40	SELF TIMER	1	
			2904
ES 1001	DIODE	*	3004
2001	IR-024		3104
2002	IS-001Z		3204
5002	L E D		3303
5003			3304
3003	CdS		3404
2020			3504
QK 2030	FET		3604
T- 017			3903
CONI	ENSER		4303
			4702
2.5%	KC 1003		4703
	KC 4702		4705
- ( - 7	KT 2204		5103
			5603
RESI	STOR		6203
			F383911CU
	RC 1004		9103
	RC 7174	LEA	D COIL
	RM 1004		A CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT OF
		RBJ-A82	Blue
	1005	-B17	Black
1	1104	-B20	Black
	1204	-B30	Black
	1304	-B33	Black
	1404	-B40	Black
1	1503	-B60	Black
	1504	-B90	Black
	1604	-B170	Black
		22.0	DIGER

PARTS LIST

PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
LE	AD COIL	SET	SCREW
	SERVINGE 1	76	
RBJ-C25	Brown		PUK1.7x 2.5SN
-C95	Brown	Alexander	PUK1.7x 5 SN
-D95	Orange		PUK1.7x 8 SO
-G100	Green	PAL.	PUK1.7-236SO
-M20	Purple		PUK1.7-314SO
-M25	Purple	( No. 3	PUK1.7-406SO
-M118	Purple	4 - 10 1 mg	PUK1.7-516S0
-R19	Red	K L	1081.7-51030
-R25	Red		PIR 21 960
-R47	Red		PUK2x1.8SO
-R130	Red		PUK2x2 SO
			PUK2x2.2SO
-G33	Green	4	PUK2x2.5SO
-W17	White	1 /8	PUK2x3 SO
-W82	White		PUK2x4.5SG
-₩105	White		
-Y20	Yellow		PSK1.4x1.6SO
-Y25	Yellow		PSK1.4x1.6SN
-Y72	Yellow		PSK1.4x2 SO
-Y105	Yellow		PSK1.4x2.5S0
1	TUBE		PSK1.7x1.8S0
			PSK1.7x2.2S0
THJ-B9	Black		PSK1.7x2.2S0
-B10	Black		PSK1.7x2.5SB
-B18	Black		
	2244		PSK1.7x3 SO
SET	SCREW		PSK1.7x3.5SO PSK1.7x4 SB
- A			
	PUK1.4x 1.4S0		PSK2x2 SO
	PUK1.4x 1.6SO	7	PSK2x2.2SO
	PUK1.4x 1.8SO		PSK2x2.8S0
	PUK1.4x 3 SO		PSK2x3 SO
	PUK1.4-310S0		PSK2x3.5SE
	PUK1.4-311SO		
	PUK1.4-404ST		3PUK1.4x1.8SO
	PUK1.4-605SO		3PUK1.4x3 SO
	PUK1.4-605SN		3PUK1.7x2.5SO
	PUK1.4-609S0		3PUK1.7x5 SN
	PUK1.4-610S0		3PUK1.7x3 SO
	PUK1.7x 1.5SO	BAL	r.
	PUK1.7x 1.6SO	DAL	=
	PUK1.7x 1.8SO		D 1
	PUK1.7x 2 SO		B 1
	PUK1.7x 2.2SO		B 1/16
			B 2
	PUK1.7x 2.5SO		

ARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS	PARTS NO.	NAME OF PARTS
SET	SCREW	BLAC	K FINISH
	HK1.4-101BO	CA 9073b	S BASE COVER
	HK1.4-102B0	9403	R KNOB
	HK1.4-201SN	9404	
			R LEVER
	HK1.4-338B0	9405	R LEVER WASHER
	HK1.4-341B0	9408	R PINCH
	HK1.4-633SN	9410	R PINCH SCREW
		9412	LEVER FASTENER
		9413	FASTENER
WASI	EER	9425	S LEVER STOPPER
100		9426	SR BUTTON
	NW1.4-334UO	9431	KT HOLDER
	NW1.4-434U0	9432	K PINCH
	NW1.5-425U0	9433	
	NW1.8-230UO		R LEVER WASHER
		9434	R LEVER WASHER
	NW1.8-325B0	9436	R LEVER WASHER
	NW2.1-240PO	9441	ST LEVER B
	NW8.6-2136BO	9471	M CAP
		CE 1201	TOP COVER
		1202	BOTTOM PLATE
		1203	FRONT CASTING
		1204	B COMPARTMENT LID
	bearing A	1205	SHUTTER DIAL
		1206	SYNCHRO SOCKET
		1207	BUTTON WASHER
- A		1208	SW WASHER
-		1210	A DIAL
		1211	RESET BUTTON
	7 /	1211	RESET BUTTON
0		SET	SCREW
			PSK 2x3.5 SH
	74		



GENERAL OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL FEATURES

## GENERAL OUTLINE AND MECHANICAL FEATURES

#### GENERAL OUTLINES

HOUSE CORD: MDE

MODEL NAME: OM-2

#### 2. MAIN SPECIFICATIONS

System: OLYMPUS OM System

Camera type: 35mm Single Lens Reflex with automatic exposure control electronic focal plane shutter.

Film format: 24mm x 36mm.

Lens mount: OLYMPUS OM Mount, bayonet type; rotation angle 70°, flange back 46mm.

Shutter: Focal plane shutter, automatic exposure control from several tens of seconds to 1/1,000 second (ASA 100, F1.2, at normal temperature and humidity). Manual exposure: B, 1-1/1,000 sec., ring mounted control.

Synch .: FP.X switch type contact, incorrect flash prevention.

Automatic exposure control: Aperture-preferred automatic exposure control electronic shutter type. TTL Direct Light Measuring System, center-weighted for bright, and averaging for dark conditions. Measuring range: ASA 100 F1.2 from several tens of seconds to F16, 1/1,000 seconds. (about EV-5.5 - EV 18) (at normal temperature and humidity). Light sensors: 2 SBC sensors. Large fine-exposure adjustment dial: ±2EV (within the ASA film speed range). Automatic flash exposure: Direct contacts for TTL Auto Flash.

Manual exposure: TTL type. Measuring system: Full aperture centerweighted metering. Measuring range: EV1.5 - EV17 (ASA 100 with F1.2 standard lens). Light sensors: 2 CdS sensors. Zero-method with needle visible in viewfinder.

Film speed setting: ASA 12 - 1600, set by lifting and rotating film speed dial.

Auto/Manual selection: By switching lever.

Battery check: 3-stage battery check lamp (light emitting diode) indicates full voltage, depleted charge, and exhaustion of batteries. Shutter lock to limit drainage.

Power source: Two 1.5V silver oxide batteries (Eveready (or UCAR) S-76 or equivalents).

Viewfinder: Pentaprism type wide-vision finder.

Focusing screens: Wide selection of interchangeable screens. Standard type Focusing Screen 1-1 (microprism-matte type).

Finder view-field: 97% of actual picture field.

Apparent field view: Vertical 23°30', horizontal 35°.

Indicators in: 3-stage selector lever. (Auto: Shutter speed indicator. —
Manual: exposure index. — Off: nothing).

Reflex mirror: Oversize, quick return type (without lock-up).

Film loading: OLYMPUS easy loading.

Manual film advance: Lever type with 150° angle for one long or several short strokes, pre-advance angle 30°, self cocking, double advance and double exposure prevention.

Motor drive: With Motor Drive 1 unit attached, single frame and continuous advance at speed of 5-frame per second (at exposures above 1/500 sec., with fresh batteries and at normal temperature and humidity).

Exposure counter: Progressive type with automatic reset.

Film rewind: Crank type, with rewind clutch setting, automatic return.

Self-timer: 4 - 12 second delay lever type with 180° maximum angle. stopped and reset after actuation.

Camera back: Removable hinge type, with memo holder. Interchangeable with Recordata Back 1 and 250 Film Back 1.

Hot shoe socket: OLYMPUS accessory shoe (optional) attachable.

Dimensions and weights:

Body only: 136 x 83 x 50mm (5.35" x 3.27" x 1.97") 520g (18.3 oz) With F1.8 lens: 136 x 83 x 81mm (5.35" x 3.27" x 3.19") 690g (24.3 oz) With F1.4 lens: 136 x 83 x 86mm (5.35" x 3.27" x 3.39") 750g (26.5 oz) With F1.2 lens: 136 x 83 x 97mm (5.35" x 3.27" x 3.82") 830g (29.3 oz)

#### CAUTION

AUTO: At "AUTO", the shutter speed varies automatically in response to the f/stop preselected and lighting conditions regardless of the shutter dial setting, except "B".

To release the shutter lock: When the shutter is locked due to improper battery condition, the lock can be released by resetting the shutter dial. (Align the reset marks, \* and arrow, while depressing the reset button. At this point, the shutter dial is set to "B".)

When trouble occured: If the shutter is locked, the battery shall be depleted quickly. Therefore, release the lock immediately.

# 4. MECHANICAL FEATURES

## CONTENTS

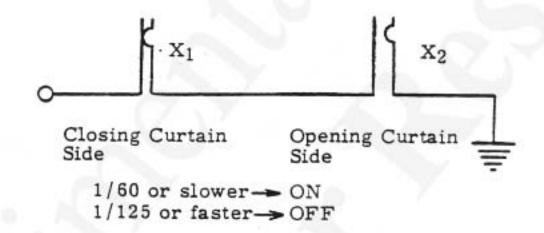
1	WX Mechanism
2	Shutter Lock and Lock Release
3	Automatic Synchronization
4	Battery Checker (3-level indication)
5	Light Measuring Method
6	Shutter Speed Adjusting Mechanism
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# [1] WX Mechanism (Prevention of flashing at 1/125 sec. and faster)

The mechanism, in which the X contact is not turned on for the shutter speeds faster than 1/125 of a second, is called "WX mechanism".

The principle lies in the structure comprising two contact pieces;  $X_2$  coupling with opening curtain and  $X_1$  coupling with closing curtain, wired in series each other. When the shutter is charged, the contact piece  $X_2$  is OFF, while  $X_1$  is ON.

- 1/60 sec. or slower ----- When the opening curtain fully run, X2 is turned ON; at this point, the closing curtain doesn't start for a certain time (X1 remains ON). Both contacts are thus ON at the same time.
- 1/125 sec. or faster----The closing curtain runs before  $X_2$  is turned on. ( $X_1$  is OFF.) Both contacts are thus OFF at the same time.



# [2] Shutter Lock and Lock Release

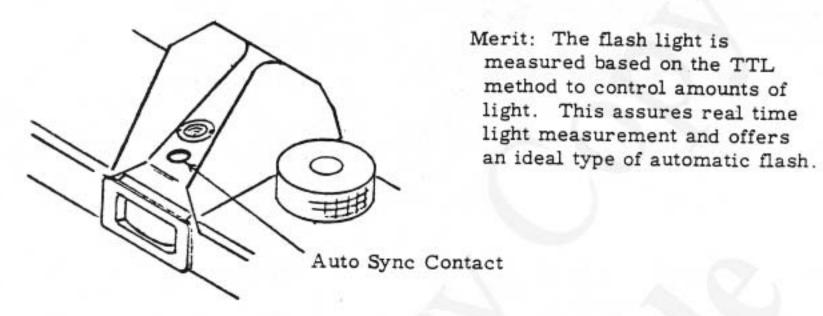
When the shutter cannot operate due to battery voltage drop and other battery troubles, the shutter lock is activated and the mirror is locked up midway. To return the mirror to the original position, turn the shutter dial to "B". Thereafter, load fresh batteries correctly. (See CAUTION at the top of this chapter.)

# [3] Automatic Synchronization

The shutter of OM-2 is of an electric control type for both auto and manual. Whenever the closing curtain has run. MG (magnet) is turned from ON to OFF.

Since the MG takes a coil form, back electromotive force (caused by self-induction) is generated for the change in the current.

This back electromotive force is utilized to control a special electronic flash unit. Both the OM-2 and the special electronic flash unit are provided with an exclusive synch contact in addition to the conventional direct contact.



## [4] Battery Checker (3-level indication)

When the switching lever is pressed to the "CHECK" position (the lever is automatically returned by releasing the finger), the red light-emitting diode provides three indications of ON, BLINK and OFF depending upon battery voltage.

QN ...... Normal (battery voltage 2.75V or higher)

BLINK .... Better to replace (2.75V ± 0.04V or lower)

(Still provides about 20 rolls of 36-frame film.)

OFF ...... Replace (2.45V ± 0.04V or lower)

# [5] Light Measuring Method

The light measurement is performed through two CdSs in the eyepiece section and two SBCs (Silicon Blue Cell) in the mirror box. making a total of four light sensors.

The CdSs in the eyepiece section are connected only to the exposure meter visible in the viewfinder, and plays a role of controlling the pointer of the exposure meter.

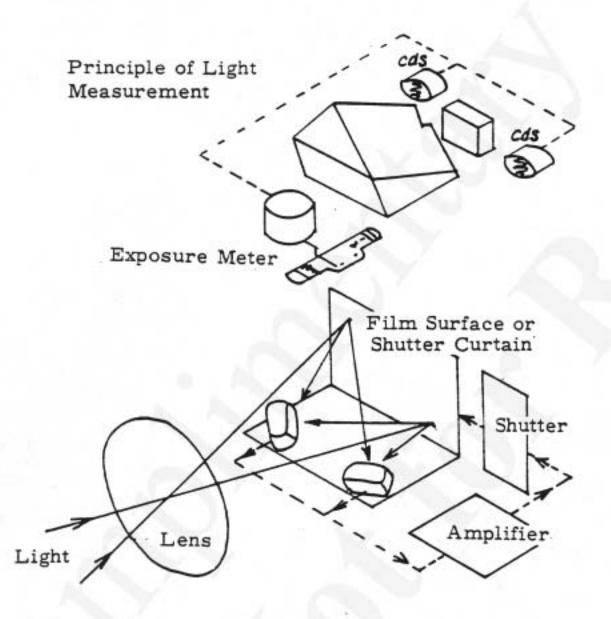
The SBCs in the mirror box are used to measure the light at AUTO to control the shutter speed.

The SBCs face the film plane to measure the reflected light from the film surface (from shutter curtain at high shutter speeds).

Since the SBCs measure substantially the reflected light from the opening curtain at high shutter speeds, the shutter curtain is printed with a "random pattern" designed to achieve correct exposures. (Take care not to leave finger marks. nor smudge the curtain.)

The main switch of the SBCs is turned on when the shutter button is depressed and the mirror is being flipped up. The SBC's quick reaction speed ( $\mu$  sec order) amply assures the control of shutter speed which is about 1/1000 sec. at the highest.

Therefore, unlike other single-lens reflex cameras with electronic shutter, the conventional memory device is needless; hence, correct exposures can always be obtained even when the subject or scene varies its brightness at the moment of shutter opening.



Reflectance variations of various types of film is approximately ±0.3EV.

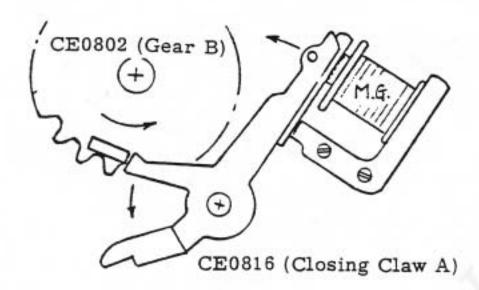
From among a number of patterns, the random pattern was selected which was found to yield best exposures.

# [6] Shutter Speed Adjusting Mechanism

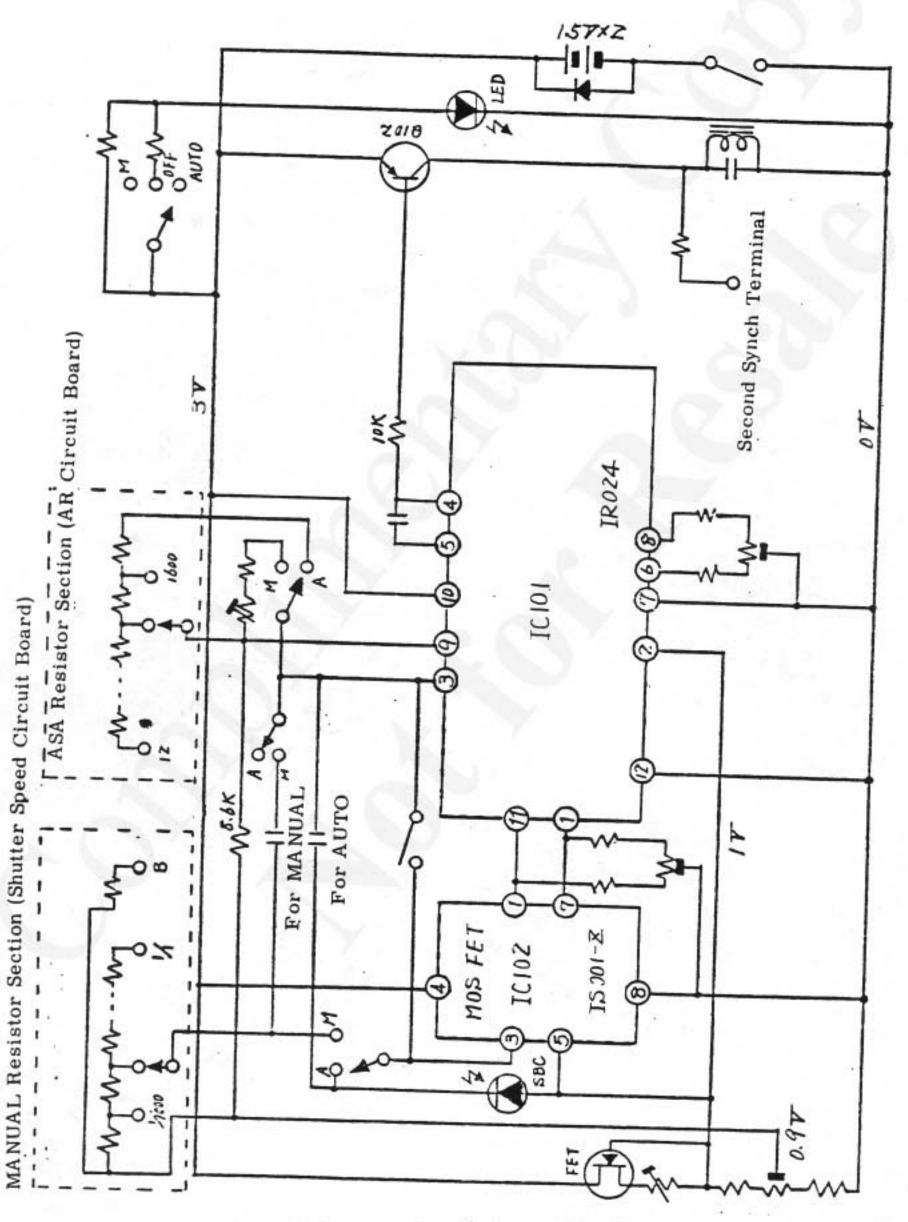
The shutter speed adjustment is done with a mechanical governor in OM-1. but is done with an electric governor (MG + Amplifier) in OM-2. The operation principle of the opening and closing curtains is as follow.

Opening Curtain ... Winding and running are performed with CA8547 (Gear A), same as in OM-1.

Closing Curtain ... The curtain is wound with CE0802 (Gear B), the gear is engaged by MG attractive force and the shutter speed is adjusted by amplifier. The OM-1 governor is replaced by MG and amplifier; others are same as in OM-1.



When MG is turned off, CE0816 (Closing Claw A) is disengaged from CE0802 (Gear B), CE0802 rotates in the arrow direction due to the tension of the closing curtain and the closing curtain starts running.



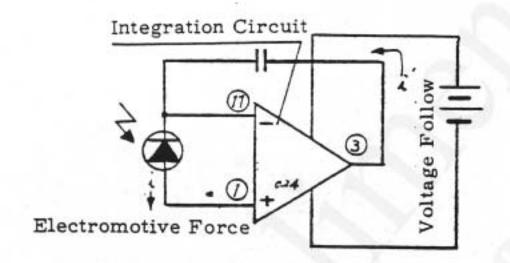
- [8] Description of Each Component
- (1) IR 024 (IC 101)

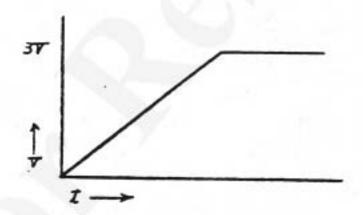
This IC includes four circuits: a) integration circuit, b) comparator, c) sub circuit and d) limiter.

#### Integration Circuit



This is also called an operational circuit. It makes the condenser to charge at a rate such that the relation between charging quantity and time can be expressed in a linear formula (straight line if expressed graphically). (i = i'; if i is constant. i' will also be constant.) When connected as in the illustration below. it acts to flow the current to the output pin (3) so that potential difference between two input. pins. (1) and (1) shall always becomes zero.





Relation between V and t of condenser is expressed by a straight line because of integration circuit.

#### Comparator

This is connected next to the integration circuit. The comparator acts to decide whether the electric signal transmitted has a potential greater than the rated voltage, and switches its output from 0V to 3V if the potential is greater than the rated voltage. The terminals for input electric signal consist of pins (9) and (2) . while the output terminal of (4) . (As the potential difference of 3V is generated between the base (B) and emitter (E) of the switch transistor Q102 at a 0V output. MG is turned on. When the output is switched to 3V. MG is turned off because potential difference between B and E becomes zero.)

See Shutter Circuit Diagram in the preceding page.

#### c) Sub circuit

When battery power is depleted. the limiter described below operates to turn off the MG and the shutter is locked. However, if this condition were left as it is, the battery would recover and MG would repeat turning on and off. To prevent this, the sub circuit operates to shunt large current.

#### d) Limiter

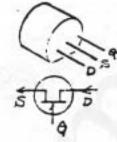
When battery voltage drops below the rated value, the limiter operates to eliminate the potential difference between base and emitter to prevent turning on of MG.

(2).. MOS FET (Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor Field-Effect-Transistor)

This is connected between SBC and IC 024. Insulation resistance\* on the input side of the integration circuit of IC 024 cannot be made a due to structual reason. Thus, extremely weak currents like SBC's (approx. 10-11 A) cannot be dealt with accurately. MOS FET has a very high insulation resistance on its input interface, so that it can accurately catch the extremely weak currents and amplifies and sends them to the integration circuit.

\* Correctly, input impedance MOS FET is destroyed with static electricity of 100V, so must be grounded.

#### (3) FET



This functions to make flow of electric current constant even when the battery voltage fluctuates. and makes the voltage constant. It is provided with 3 pins: source (S). drain (D) and gate (G). When the voltage between S and G is changed, the current flowing from D to S is changed.

#### (4) SBC (Silicon Blue Cell)



This is a photo-sensitive element, which generates electromotive force when receiving light.

#### Features

- Very quick response speed (10<sup>-5</sup> 10<sup>-6</sup> sec.) enables real time and unremitting light measurement.
- Dark current is weak and accuracy on the low luminance level is high.
- Electromotive current caused by incident light changes linearly (χ = 1).

therefore easy to compute.

4. Blue filter applied lowers the infrared-ray rate to below 14%.

#### (5) Condenser

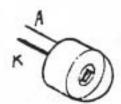
This plays an important role of deciding the exposure time. The potential between its electrodes is 0V before charging, and is increased in proportion to charging. When the charging current is large (i.e. when the subject or scene is bright), the voltage increase is rapid. Due to the integration circuit. the relation between the charging voltage increase and time is linear. Two condensers are provided for the following reason. In the AUTO mode, the current to be handled is weak because of SBC, so the condenser capacity is small. Whereas, in the MANUAL mode, the current value is designed large for safety purposes and the condenser capacity is made larger.

Condenser for AUTO ..... 470 pF

Condenser for MANUAL . . . . . 22000 pF

In addition to the above, two condensers are used; one for the prevention of comparator oscillation and the other for voltage adjustment of second synchro circuit.

#### (6) LED (Light-Emitting Diode)



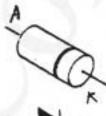
When the shutter is released in a dark place, the LED (positioned underneath SBC) illuminates the SBC to prevent the shutter from being left opened.



Connect (+) side to the anode (A) and (-) side to the cathode (K). respectively.

When the AUTO/MANUAL switching lever is set to the OFF position. the LED is lit brightly and the shutter can be released at about 1/15 sec. and faster even at OFF.

#### (7) Diode



This is connected in the shortest distance between the batteries to prevent current flow when batteries are loaded upside down.



#### (8) Transistor



The transistor used in the M circuit board is for turning on and off of the magnet.

