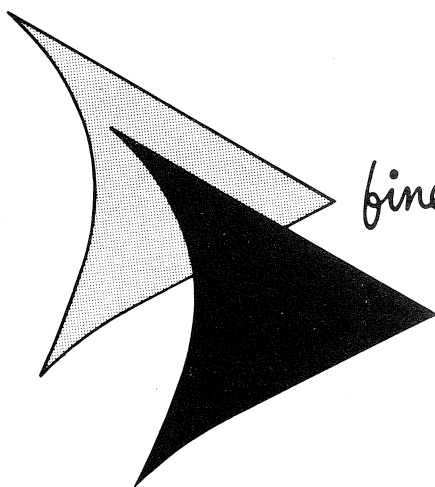


WIRING DIAGRAM MANUAL

FILMOSOUND PROJECTORS



finer products through imagination

Bell & Howell

**GENERAL SERVICE DEPT.
7125 N. KIMBALL AVE.
CHICAGO 45, ILLINOIS**

PRINTED IN U.S.A.

INTRODUCTION

This manual has been prepared especially for the Bell & Howell Service Stations. It is assumed that the repair man performing repairs has a thorough knowledge of sound amplifiers and the operation of all Filmosounds. If the repair man is not familiar with Filmosound operation, reference should be made to the Instruction Book and Manual of Operation which accompanies each machine.

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SECTION A

GENERAL INFORMATIONAMPLIFIERS.

Amplifier circuits are all conventional or adaptations of conventional tube circuits. An oscillating vacuum tube supplies energy for the exciter lamp. Frequencies range from 22KC to 100KC, depending on the model. Volume is usually controlled at two places: first, by varying the voltage on the oscillator tube causing a change of oscillation intensity, and second, by varying the voltage to the photocell. On older models this is accomplished by one control which is placed in the cathode circuit of the oscillator tube. A lead from the cathode side of this control connects to one side of the photocell and the voltage drop is used to neutralize the voltage on the opposite side of the photocell when the control is in the minimum position. Therefore, if the two voltages are not equal the volume will not shut off completely. Another method is used on the later Design 138, Model R and Design 156, Model A and D amplifiers. This consists of a dual control, one section of which varies the voltage on the photocell, and the other changes the degree of feedback in the oscillator tube.

EXCITER LAMP VOLTAGE.

Exciter lamp voltage or current cannot be measured with any meter other than a vacuum tube voltmeter or a radio frequency ammeter. Many modern testing units are not vacuum tube voltmeters on the A.C. scales.

SPEAKERS.

Speakers have specially designed cones whose frequency characteristics blend in with those of the associated amplifier; therefore, do not have damaged cones replaced by any company other than Bell & Howell.

PARTS.

Parts should always be ordered by the "A" number and description. If the number is unknown give the projector serial number and a brief description of the part.

TUBES.

Tubes used must be very low in microphonic qualities, otherwise vibration of the running motor will be reproduced in the speaker.

MODEL DESIGNATION.

On all old model Filmosounds the model designation appears on the projector name plate. On late model Filmosounds the amplifier part number appears on an individual plate attached to the amplifier. Be sure to give the serial number of the projector and, when possible, the part number of the amplifier in correspondence concerning an amplifier.

On models manufactured since 1943 the design number and model designation appear on the name plates of projector and speaker case.

RESISTOR COLOR CODE.

The following resistor color code is given as means of determining the resistance values of the resistors.

<u>Color</u>	(A) <u>Body</u>	(B) <u>Tip</u>	(C) <u>Dot</u>
Black-----	0-----	0-----	-----
Brown-----	1-----	1-----	0-----
Red-----	2-----	2-----	00-----
Orange-----	3-----	3-----	000-----
Yellow-----	4-----	4-----	0000-----
Green-----	5-----	5-----	00000-----
Blue-----	6-----	6-----	000000-----
Violet-----	7-----	7-----	
Grey-----	8-----	8-----	
White-----	9-----	9-----	

EXAMPLE:

_____ Red Body (A)
 _____ Green Tip (B)
 _____ Yellow Dot (C)

The resistance value of this resistor would be:

Red Body, Green Tip, Yellow Dot
 ---2-----5-----0000---

which is 250,000 ohms.

Later resistors are marked with 3 consecutive bands. A fourth band is used for tolerance percentage. A gold band indicates a 5% tolerance and a silver band indicates a 10% tolerance. Absence of a fourth band indicates a 20% tolerance. The bands are read 1 - 2 - 3 toward the percentage band.

SECTION B

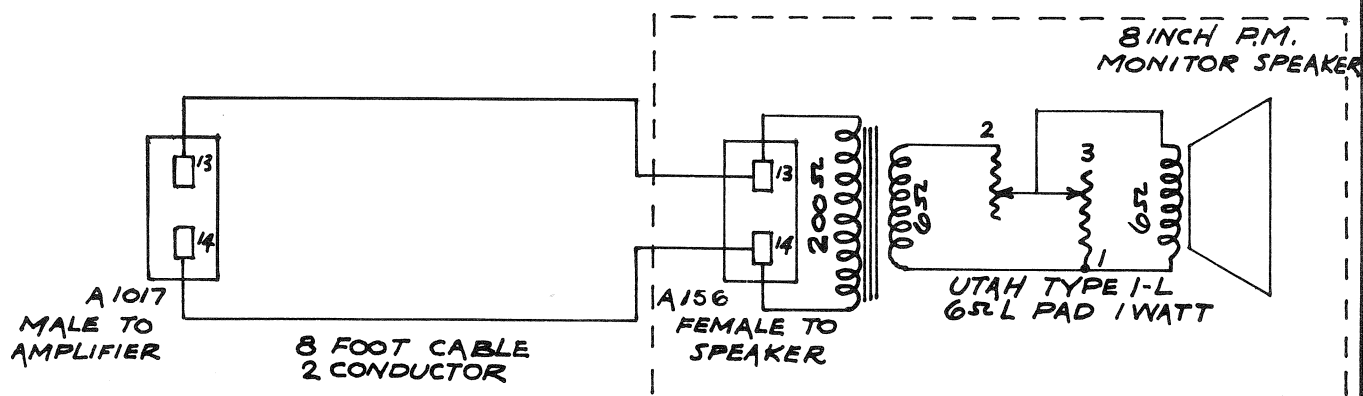
FILMOSOUND MONITOR SPEAKER

The Filmosound monitor speaker is supplied with a monitor volume control. Permanently attached to this box is a short cord which should be plugged into the amplifier receptacle to which the speaker cable is ordinarily connected.

Connect the speaker cable to the receptacle provided in the monitor speaker case.

The volume of the monitor speaker will always be proportional to the volume of the stage speaker, and experimentation will quickly indicate the correct position of the monitor volume control to provide the proper volume of sound in the projection booth when the stage speaker is delivering the desired output in the auditorium.

Do not connect or disconnect the monitor speaker until the Filmosound amplifier has been turned off.

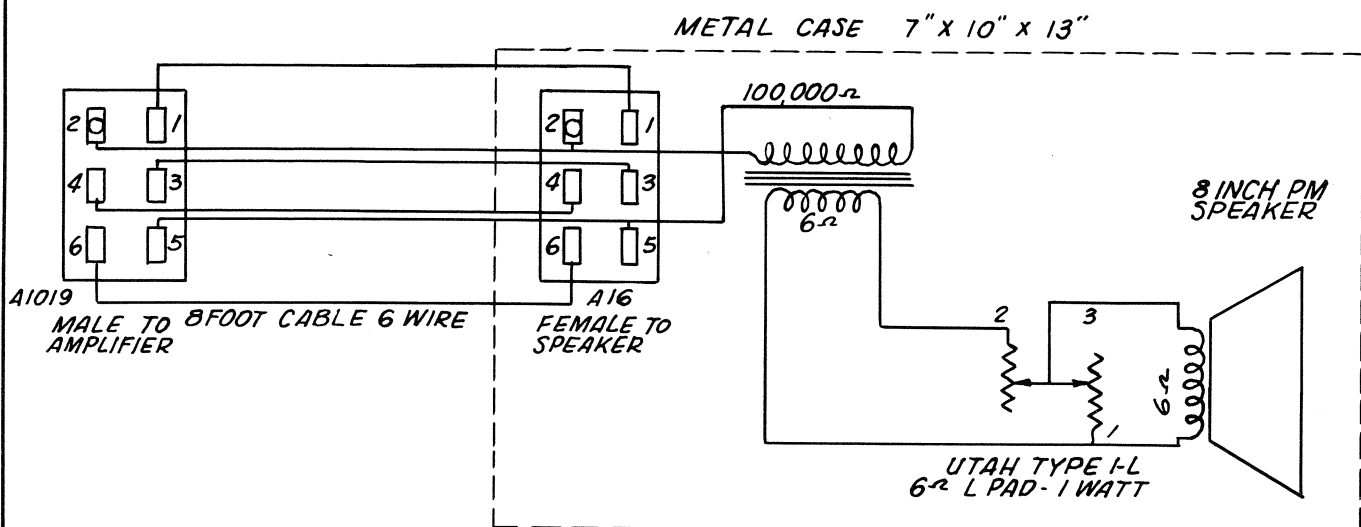


MODELS 130G, 6B, E, EB, - 140 A, E, G, H, AB, EB, GB, HB,
142B, BB, C, CB, 120 J-K

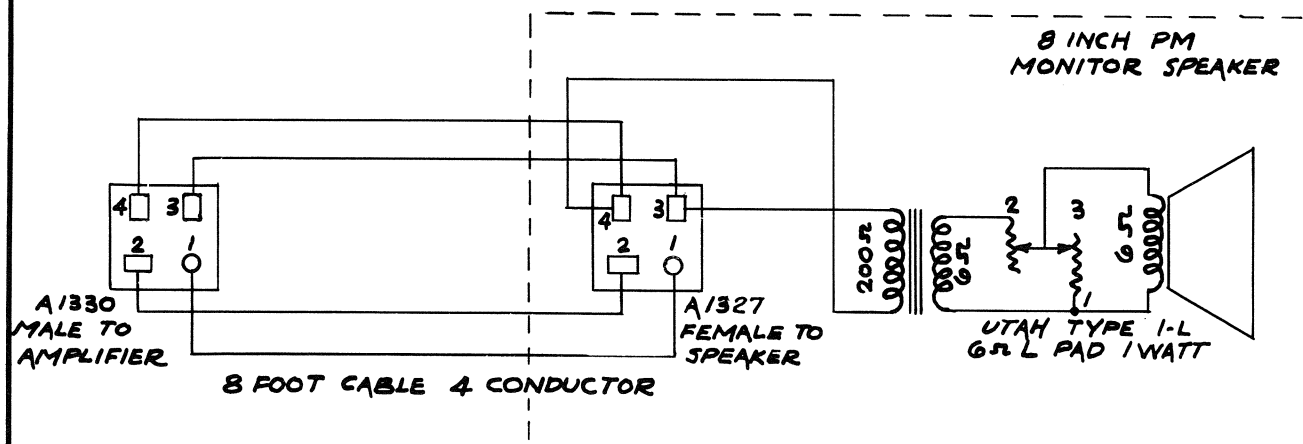
SERVICE DATA

MONITOR SPEAKER

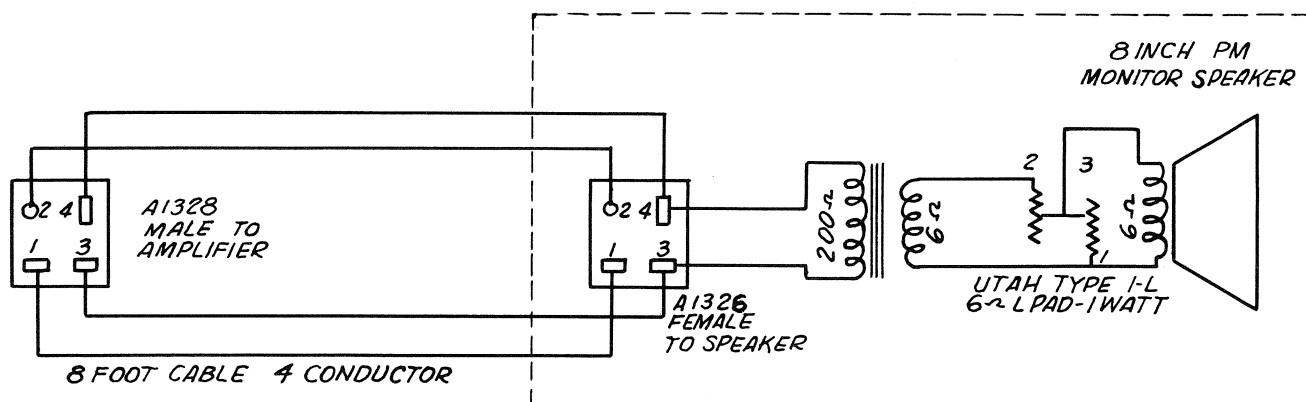
DATE
9-8-45



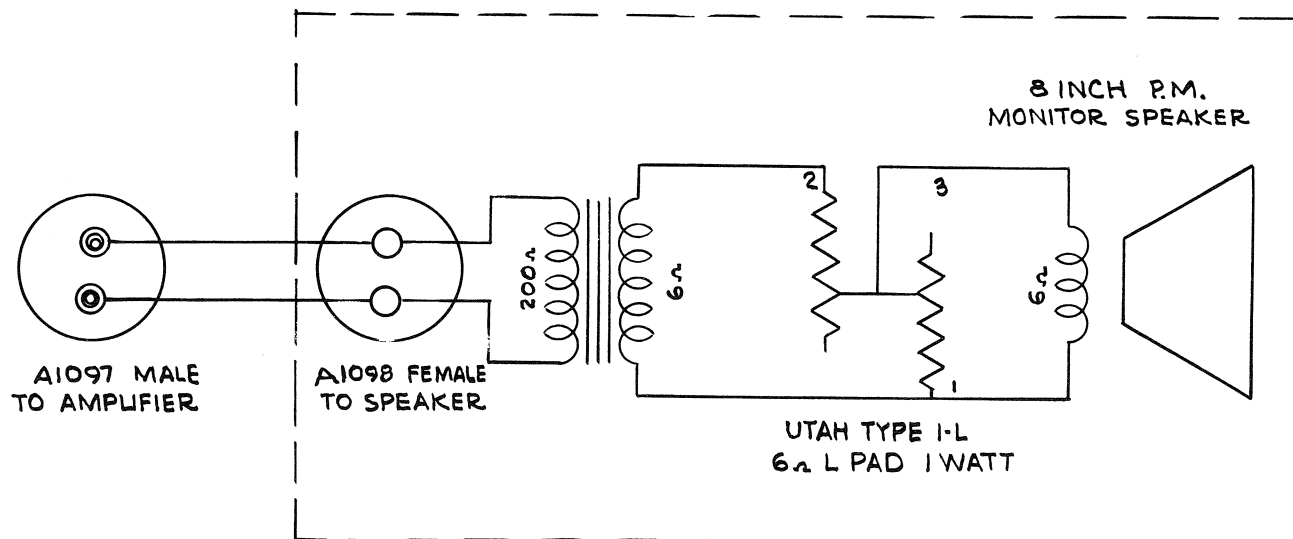
SERVICE DATA	
MONITOR SPEAKER	
MONITOR SPEAKER MODELS 138Q70Z	
	DATE



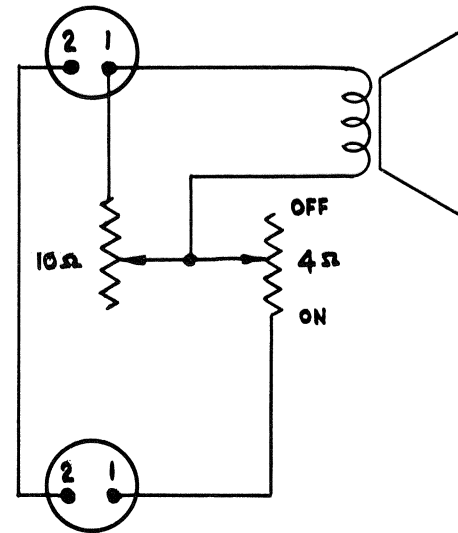
SERVICE DATA	
MONITOR SPEAKER	
MODELS 142 D & DB	
	DATE 9-8-45



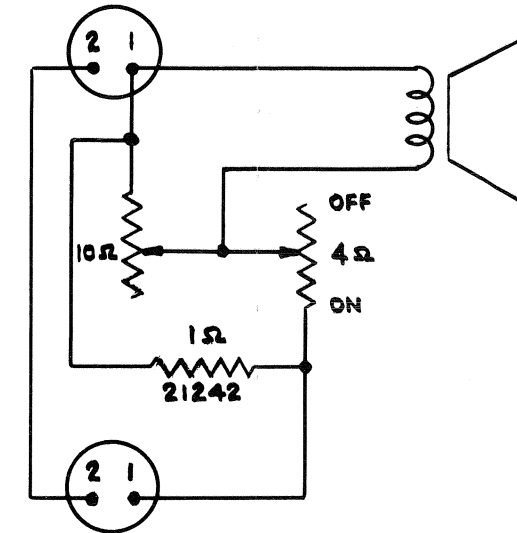
SERVICE DATA	
MONITOR SPEAKER	
MONITOR SPEAKER MODELS 156A, B, C, D, & 156V	
	DATE



SERVICE DATA	
WIRING DIAGRAM	
MONITOR SPEAKER	
MODELS 156 G,H	MODELS 179 A,B
DATE: 1-5-46	

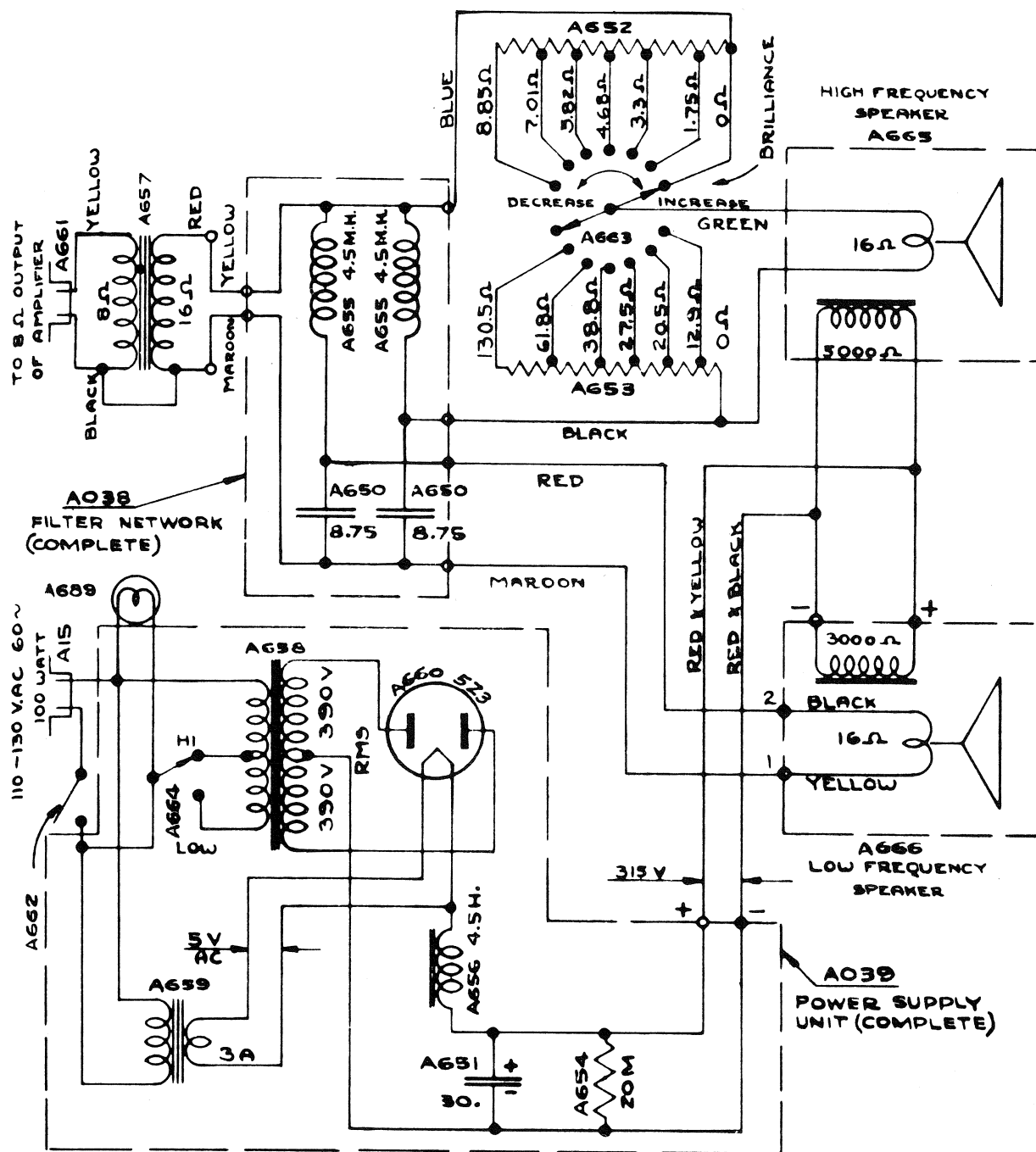


PART 21241
MONITOR SPEAKER FOR USE ON SYSTEMS
UP TO 15 WATTS OUTPUT



PART 05400
MONITOR SPEAKER FOR USE ON SYSTEMS
FROM 16 WATTS TO 50 WATTS OUTPUT

SERVICE DATA	
MONITOR SPEAKER WIRING DIAGRAMS	
FOR USE WITH PARTS 05400 AND 21241	4-19-51



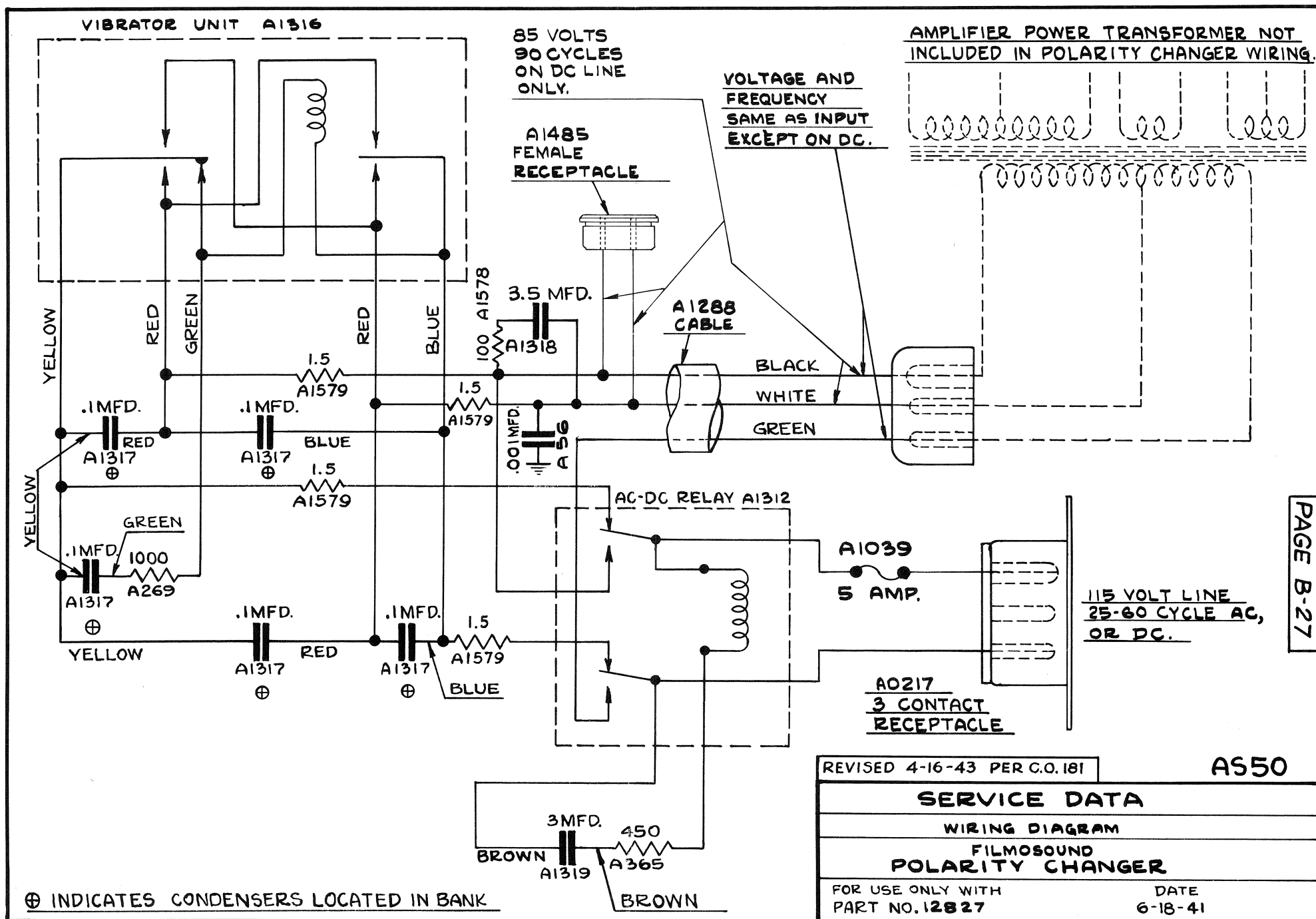
SERVICE DATA

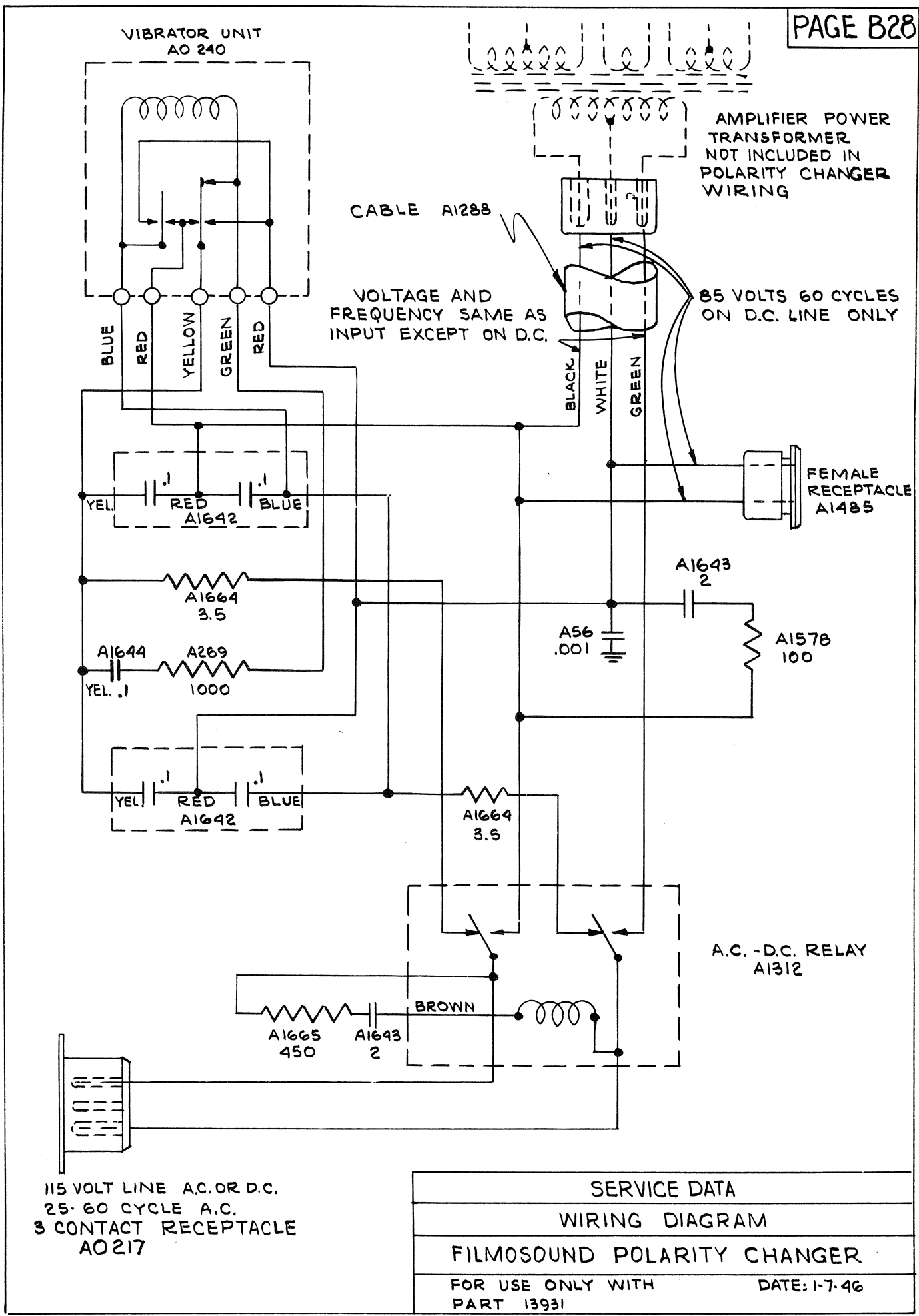
SPEAKER WIRING DIAGRAM

ORCHESTRICON

DATE OF ORIGINAL	DRAWING
	REVISED

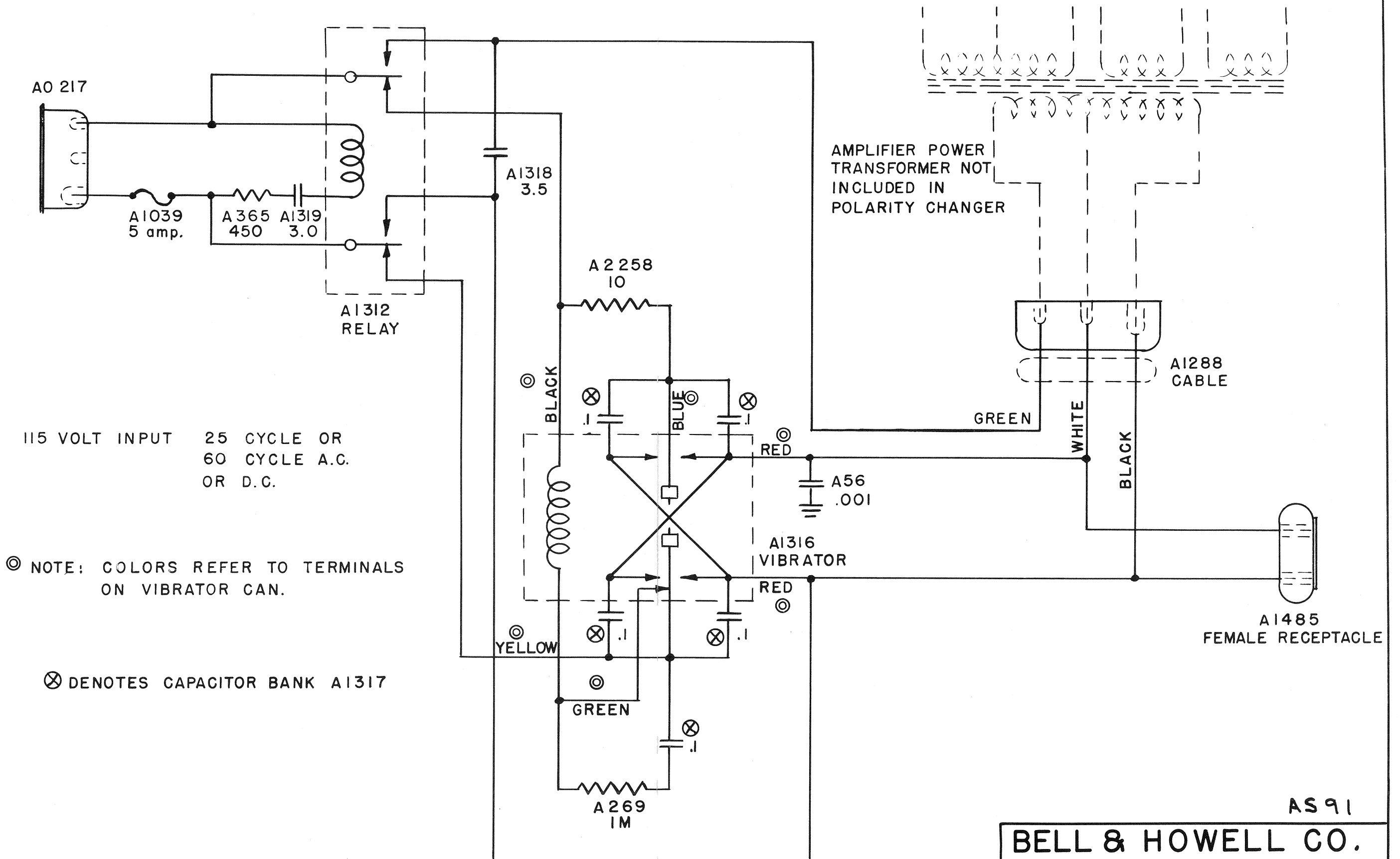
12-21-39
10-15-45





SERVICE DATA	
WIRING DIAGRAM	
FILMOSOUND POLARITY CHANGER	
FOR USE ONLY WITH PART 13931	DATE: 1-7-46

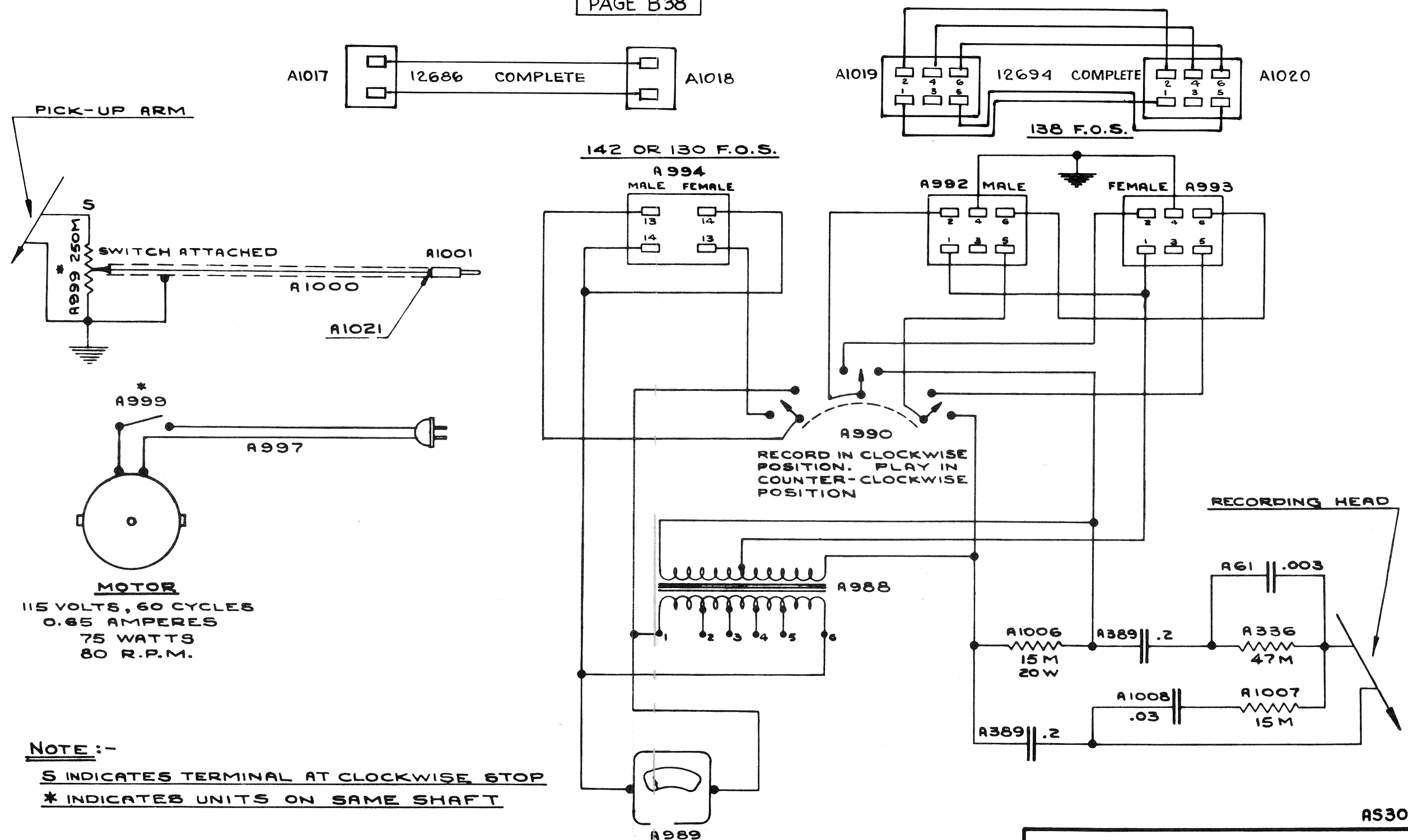
B 2 9



AS 91

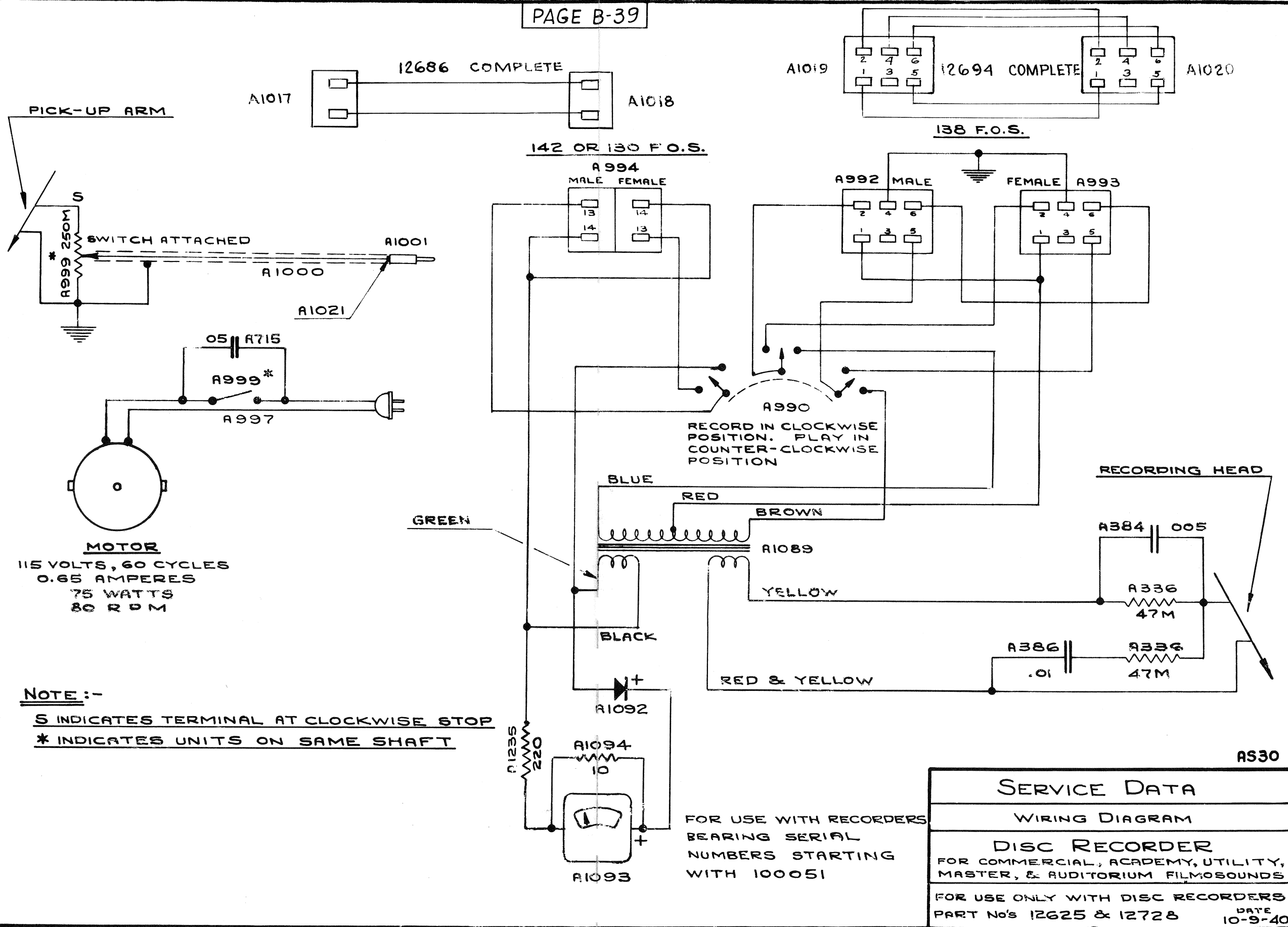
BELL & HOWELL CO.		
POLARITY CHANGER		
DATE 5-20-46	SERVICE DATA	DRN SWT APVD

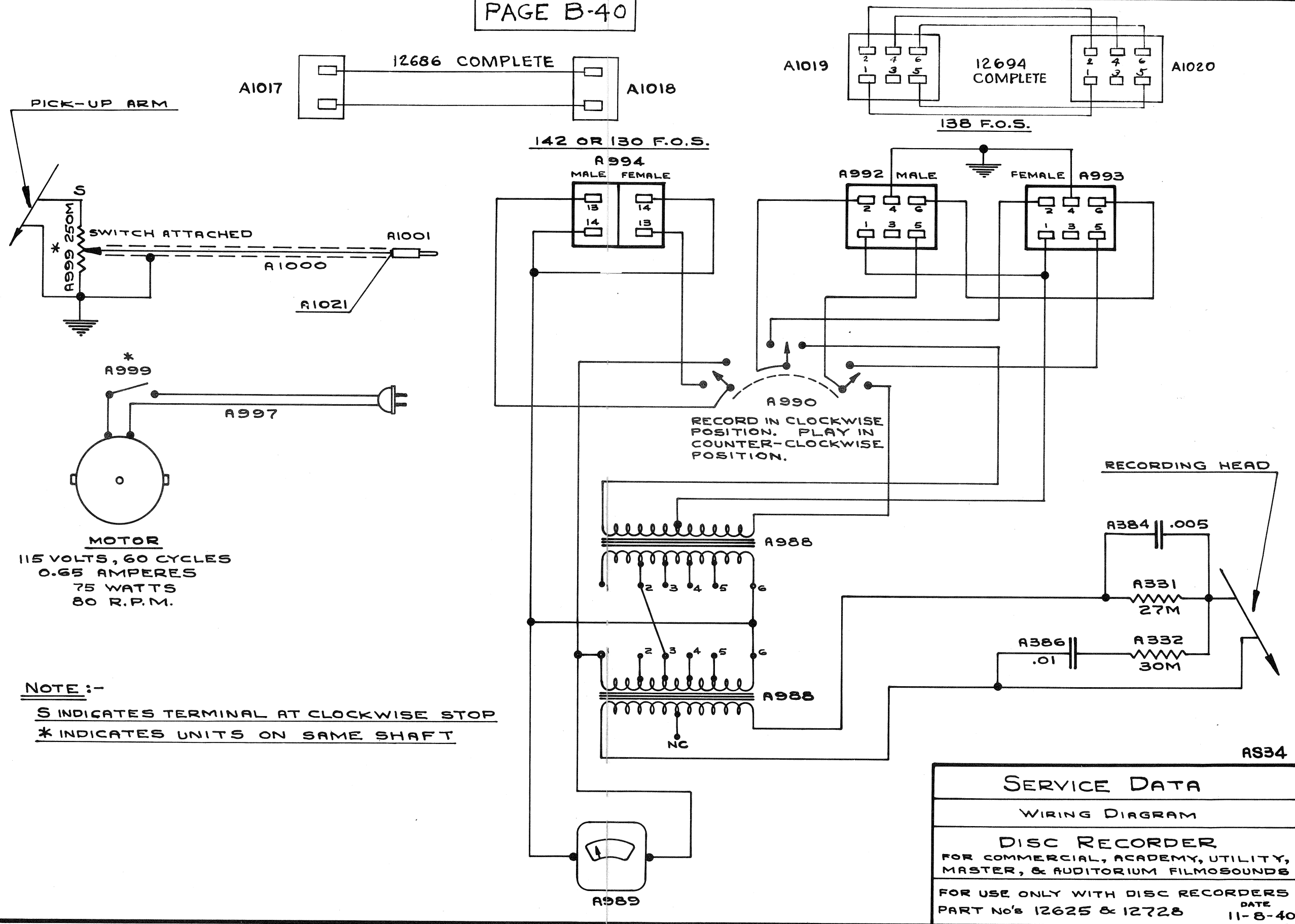
PART 12827 REVISED

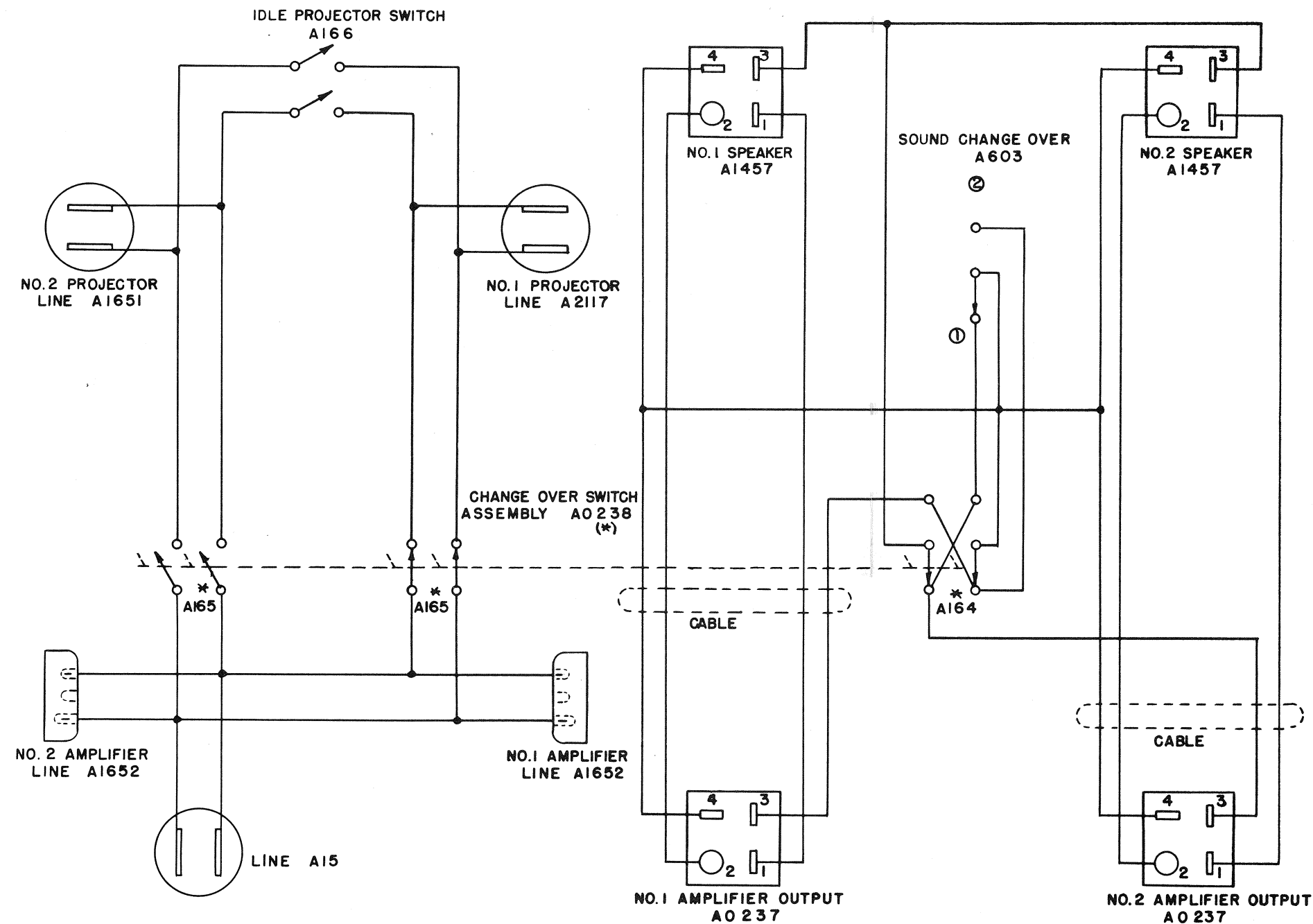


NOTE :-
S INDICATES TERMINAL AT CLOCKWISE STOP
* INDICATES UNITS ON SAME SHAFT

SERVICE DATA	
WIRING DIAGRAM	
DISC RECORDER	
FOR COMMERCIAL, ACADEMY, UTILITY, MASTER, & AUDITORIUM FILMSOUNDS	
FOR USE ONLY WITH DISC RECORDERS	
PART No's 12625 & 12728	DATE 10-9-40







SWITCHES SHOWN IN PROJECTOR NO.1 POSITION

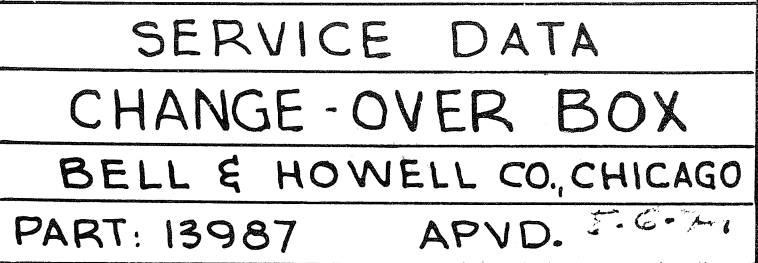
AS102

BELL & HOWELL CO.
CHANGE OVER BOX

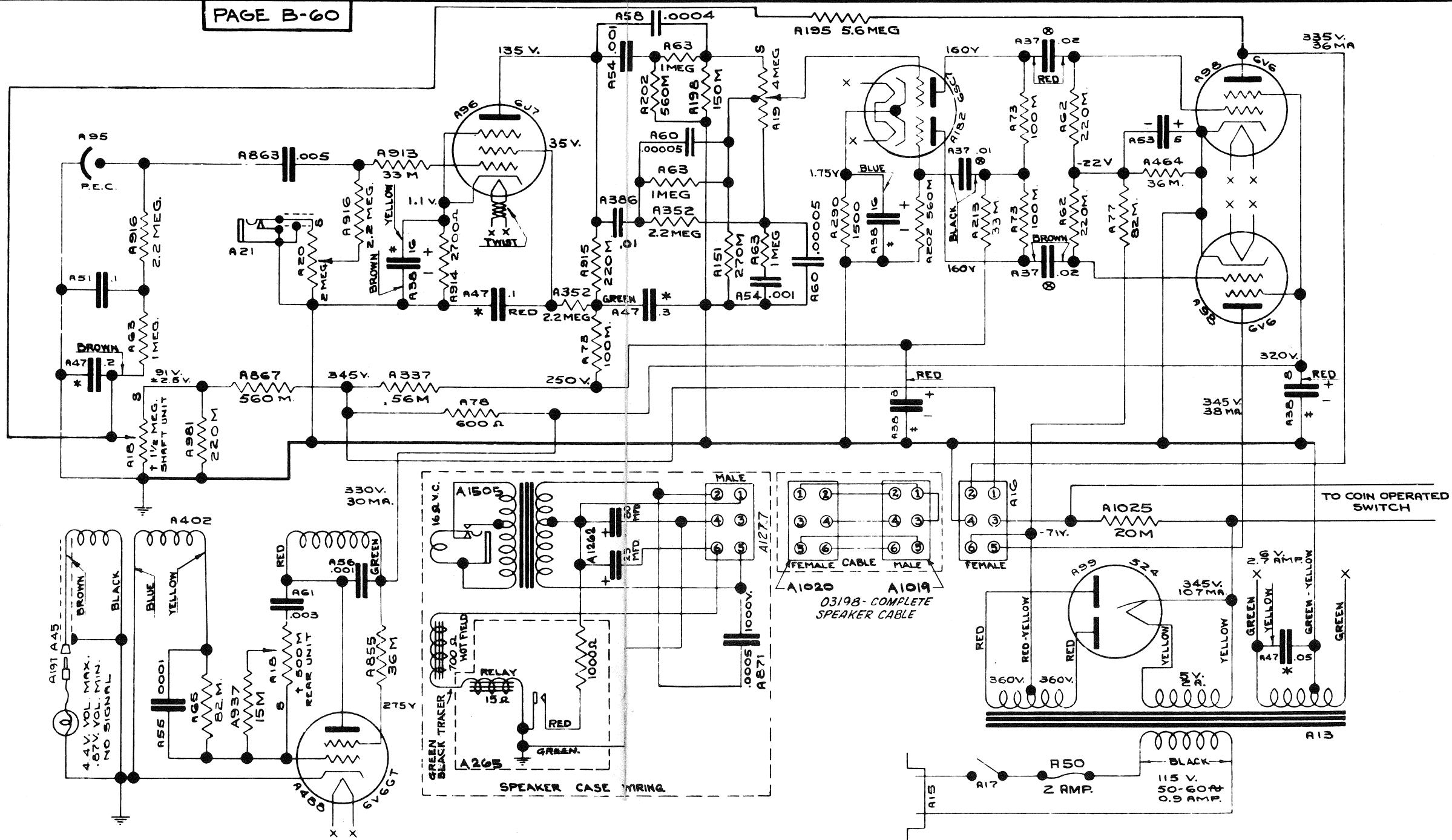
DES. 156A-D, V

DATE 5-13-46	SERVICE DATA	DRAWN <i>EMJ</i> APVD <i>EMJ</i>
--------------	--------------	-------------------------------------

B-51



SERVICE DATA
CHANGE-OVER BOX
BELL & HOWELL CO., CHICAGO
PART: 13987 APVD. J. C. H.



"S" INDICATES TERMINAL AT CLOCKWISE STOP. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH EXCITER LAMP FULL ON AND NO SIGNAL AT 115 V. LINE. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED TO GROUND. # † ⊕ DENOTE CAPACITORS LOCATED IN BANK.
† INDICATED CONTROLS ON SAME SHAFT

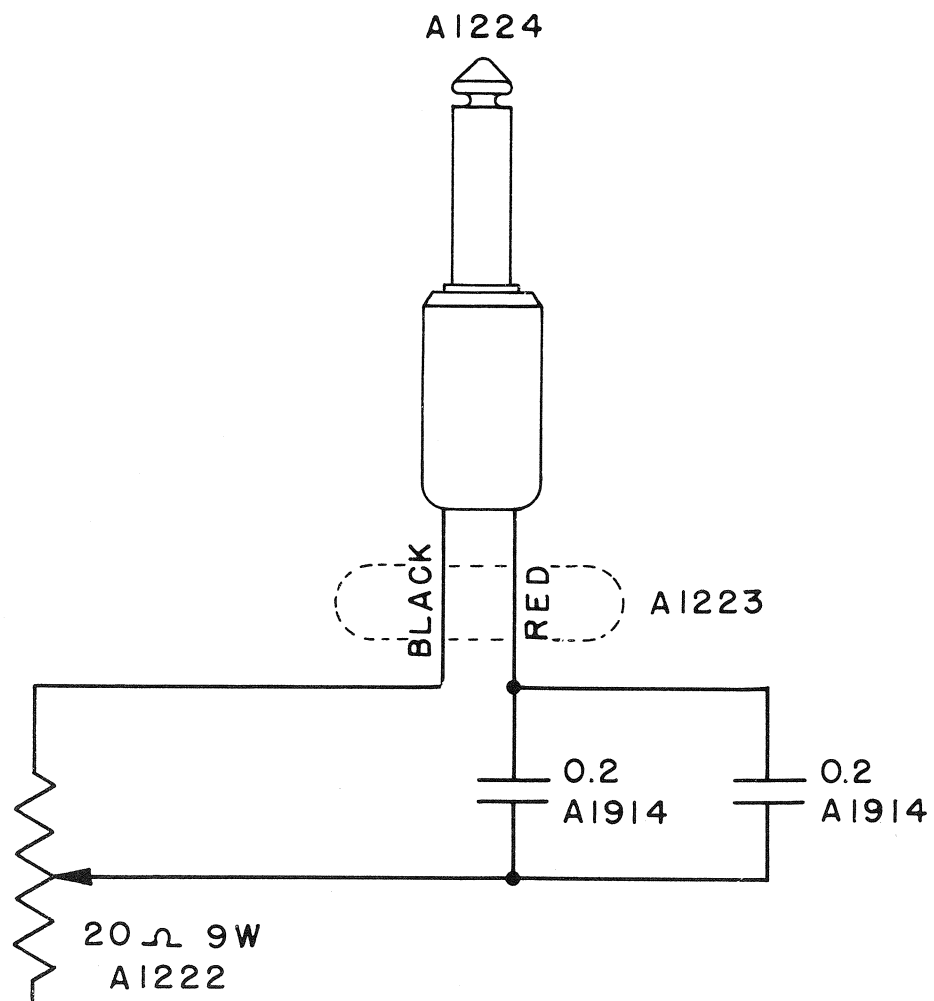
WIRING COLOR CODE	
WHITE - GROUND	BROWN - SCREEN
YELLOW - CATHODE	BLUE - PLATE
RED - B+	BLACK - HEATER
GREEN - GRID	

SERVICE DATA

AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM

60 CYCLE PHONOVISION FILMOSOUND

FOR USE ONLY WITH
AMPLIFIER PART NO. RM12 DATE 8-5-40



AS 103

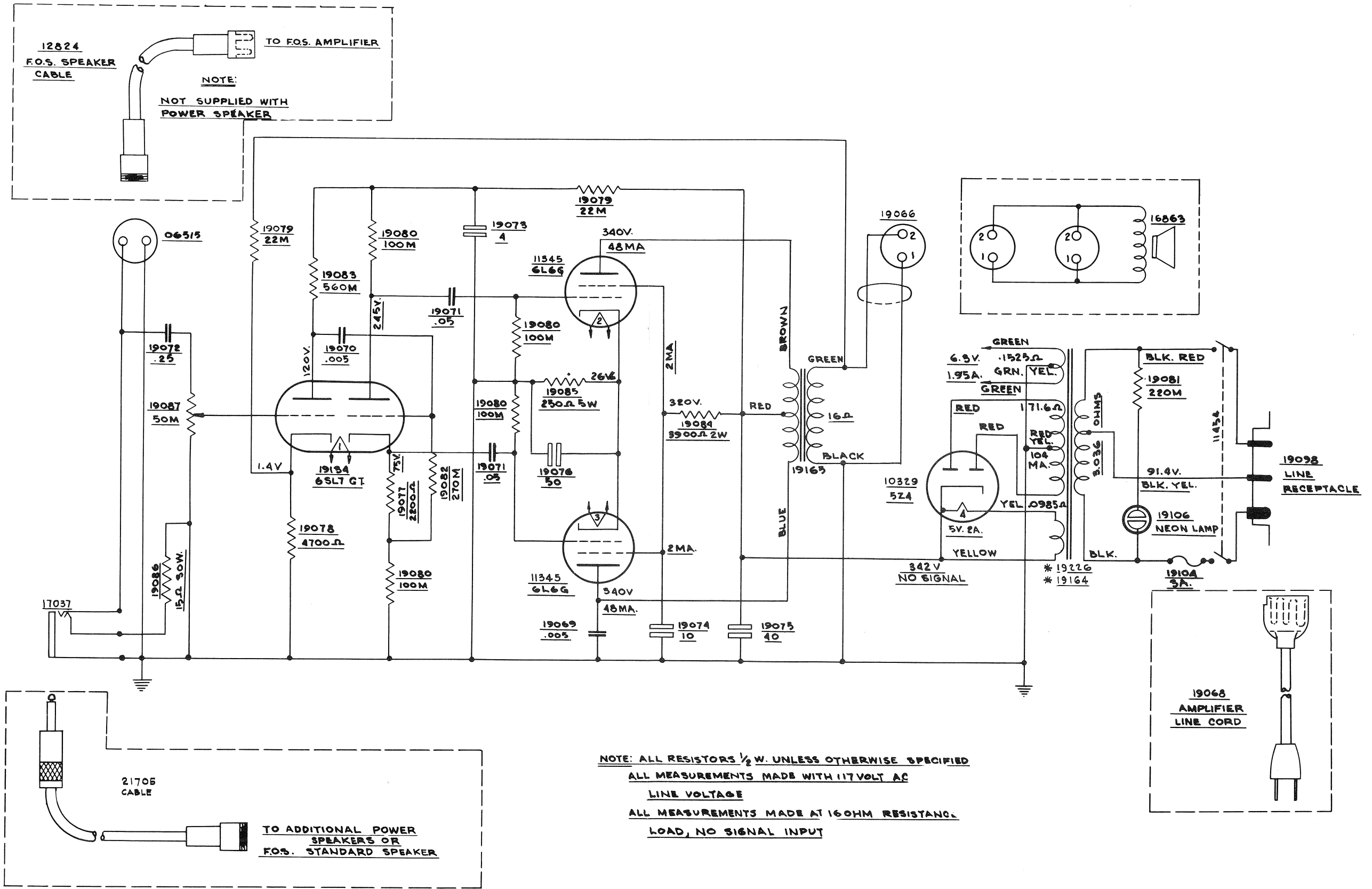
SERVICE DATA

REMOTE VOLUME CONTROL

B & H #12828

5-1-46

B 70



* WIRING FOR 25 TO 60 CYCLE AND 50 TO 60 CYCLE
POWER SPEAKERS IS THE SAME EXCEPT FOR THE
FOLLOWING:
25 TO 60 ~ POWER TRANSFORMER PART # 19226
50 TO 60 ~ POWER TRANSFORMER PART # 19164

BELL & HOWELL CO. CHICAGO U.S.A.

25 WATT 60 CYCLE POWER SPEAKER

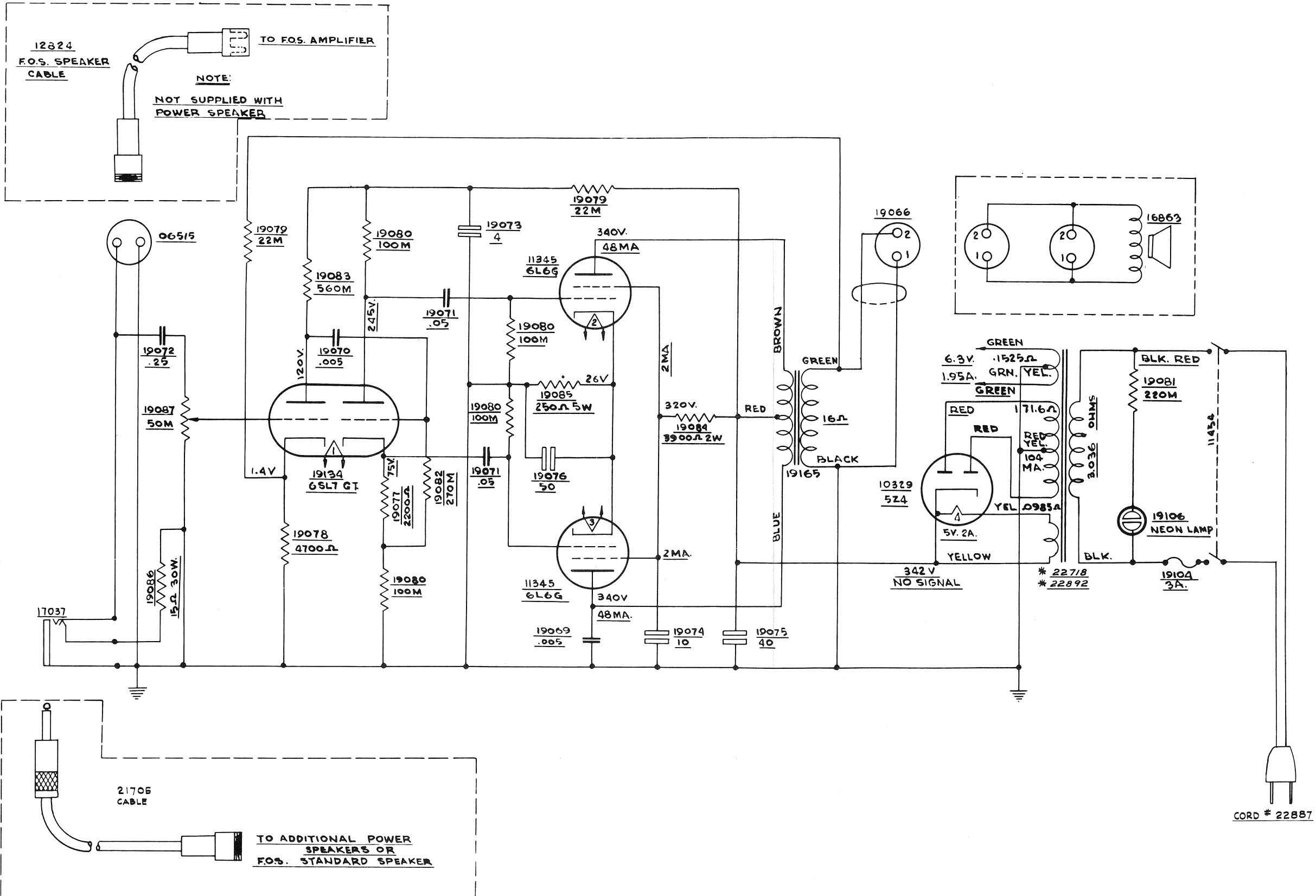
SCHEMATIC
FOR USE WITH 06528 & 06517 AMPLIFIERS ONLY

DATE: 1-12-49

SERVICE
DATA

DRAWN BY: EG
APPROVED: [Signature]

B-71



* WIRING FOR 25 TO 60 CYCLE AND 50 TO 60 CYCLE
POWER SPEAKERS IS THE SAME EXCEPT FOR THE
FOLLOWING:
25 TO 60 ~ POWER TRANSFORMER PART # 22892
50 TO 60 ~ POWER TRANSFORMER PART # 22718

REVISSED 6-20-51

BELL & HOWELL CO. CHICAGO U.S.A.

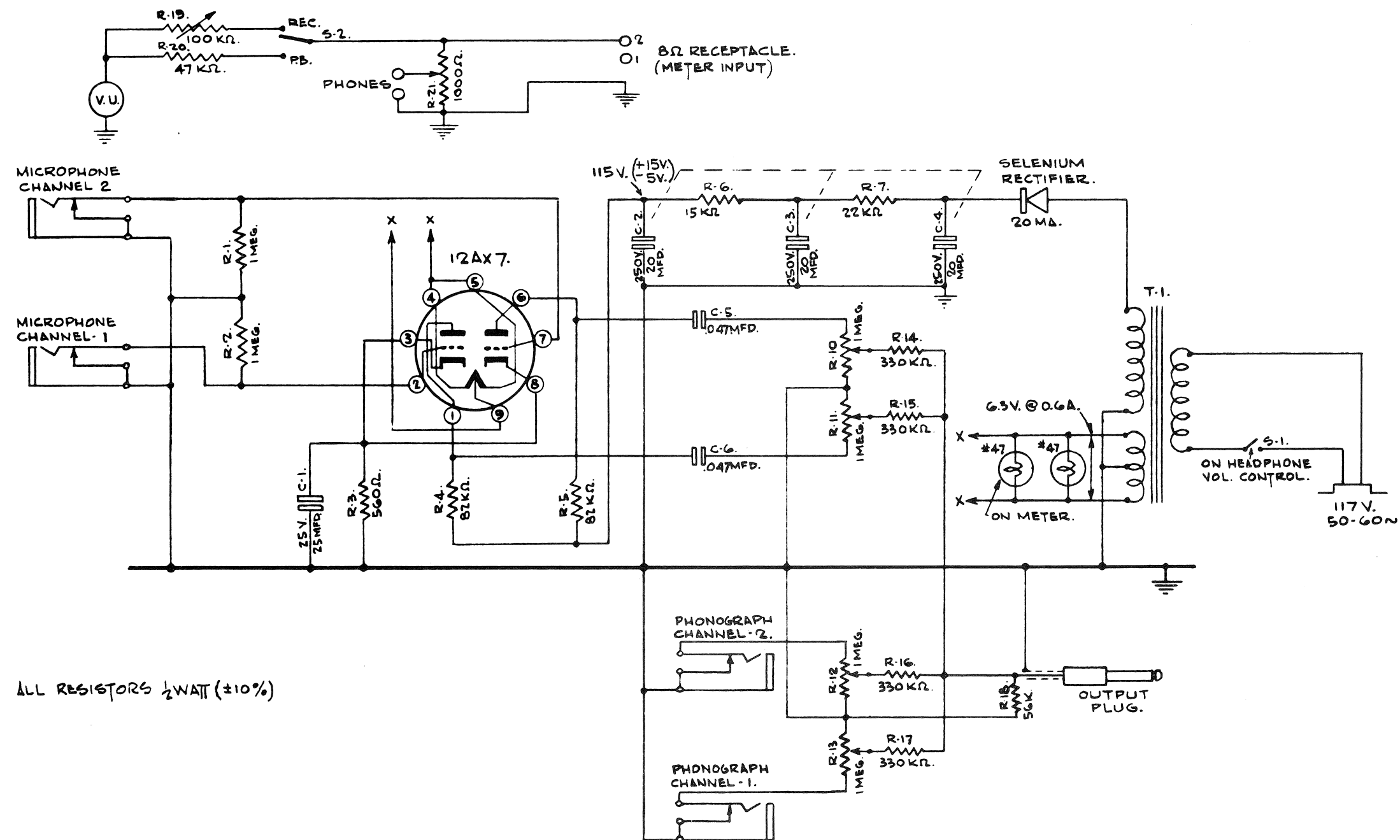
25 WATT 60 CYCLE POWER SPEAKER

SCHEMATIC
FOR USE WITH 06517 & 06528 AMPLIFIERS ONLY

DATE: 5-23-51

SERVICE
DATA

DRAWN WK
APVD: *[Signature]*



SERVICE DATA	
WIRING DIAGRAM	
MONITOR MIXER	MODELS - ALL
DESIGN 202	DATE 11-30-55
FOR USE ONLY WITH	PART NO. 25996

SECTION C

DESIGN 120, Models A, B, C, DGENERAL INFORMATION.

The amplifier uses 2A3 tubes in the output. Filmosounds with serial numbers up to 161595 and from 162157 to 165485 inclusive are of this type. These amplifiers contain a microphone transformer with a 200-ohm primary and use a double-button carbon microphone with a Western Electric No. 110 or a Kellogg No. 191 plug. The voltage for the microphone is obtained from the 45 oscillator tube. The tone control and microphone volume control are mounted on the same shaft. The tone control is disconnected when the plug is inserted.

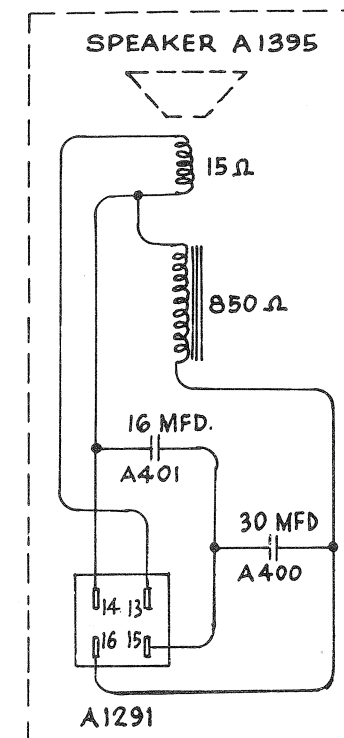
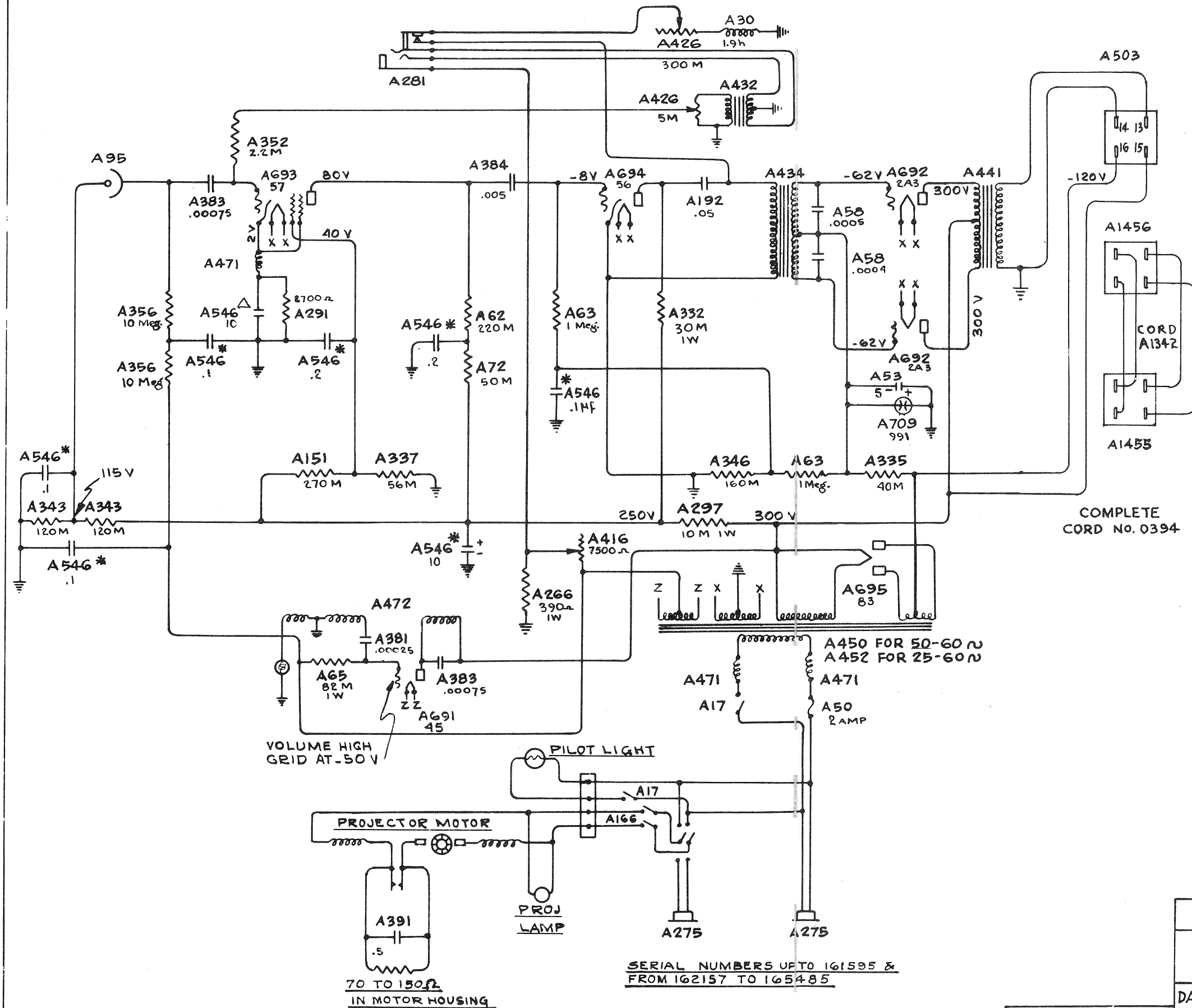
FILM VOLUME.

Film volume is controlled by changing the voltage on the oscillator tube. This in turn controls the voltage on the exciter lamp and the bucking voltage supplied to the phototube. As this bucking voltage is decreased, the positive voltage on the anode remaining constant, the effective voltage on the phototube is increased and the volume is higher. The 45 tube oscillates at a frequency of approximately 25,000 cycles.

SPEAKER.

Note that the speaker field is connected in the "B" negative lead. The voltage divider across the field provides the negative voltage for the bias on the 56 and 2A3 tubes. The 991 neon lamp, A709, acting through the 40,000-ohm resistor, maintains a constant bias voltage on

the 2A3 tubes. The 4 mfd condenser, A53, prevents flickering of the neon lamp and reduces hum. The voice coil impedance required is 15 ohms, and the plate load impedance is 10,000 ohms. The power output of each of these models is 10 watts.



NOTE:-
IN SOME MODELS THE CONDENSERS
IN THE CONDENSER BANK ARE
AS FOLLOWS:

	A546	RED
	A546	BLUE
BLACK	A546	GREEN
	A546	GREEN
	A546	GREEN
WHITE & GREEN	A546	BROWN
BLACK & WHITE	A546	RED & WHI

IN SOME MODELS THE CONDENSERS IN THE BANK ARE AS FOLLOWS:

		A546	RED
		A546	BLUE
BLACK		A546	GREEN
		A546	GREEN
		A546	GREEN
BLACK & YELLOW		A546	MAROON
		A546	YELLOW
BLACK & RED		A546	RED & BLA

IN OTHER MODELS THE SECOND COLOR CODE IS USED, BUT CONDENSER MARK Δ IS LOCATED OUTSIDE THE BANK.

* CONDENSERS WITH THIS MARK
ARE NORMALLY LOCATED IN THE BAN
SEE THE ABOVE CLASSIFICATION.

BELL & HOWELL CO. CHICAGO, U.S.A.

FILMOSOUND

DESIGN 120 MODELS ABC & D

DATE 5-13-36

SERVICE DATA

DRAWN ~~CMS~~
APVD.

SUPERSEDES MODEL 120

DATE 5-13-36
REV. 10-16-45

SUPERSEDES MODEL 120

DESIGN 120, SPECIAL ERPI MODEL

GENERAL INFORMATION.

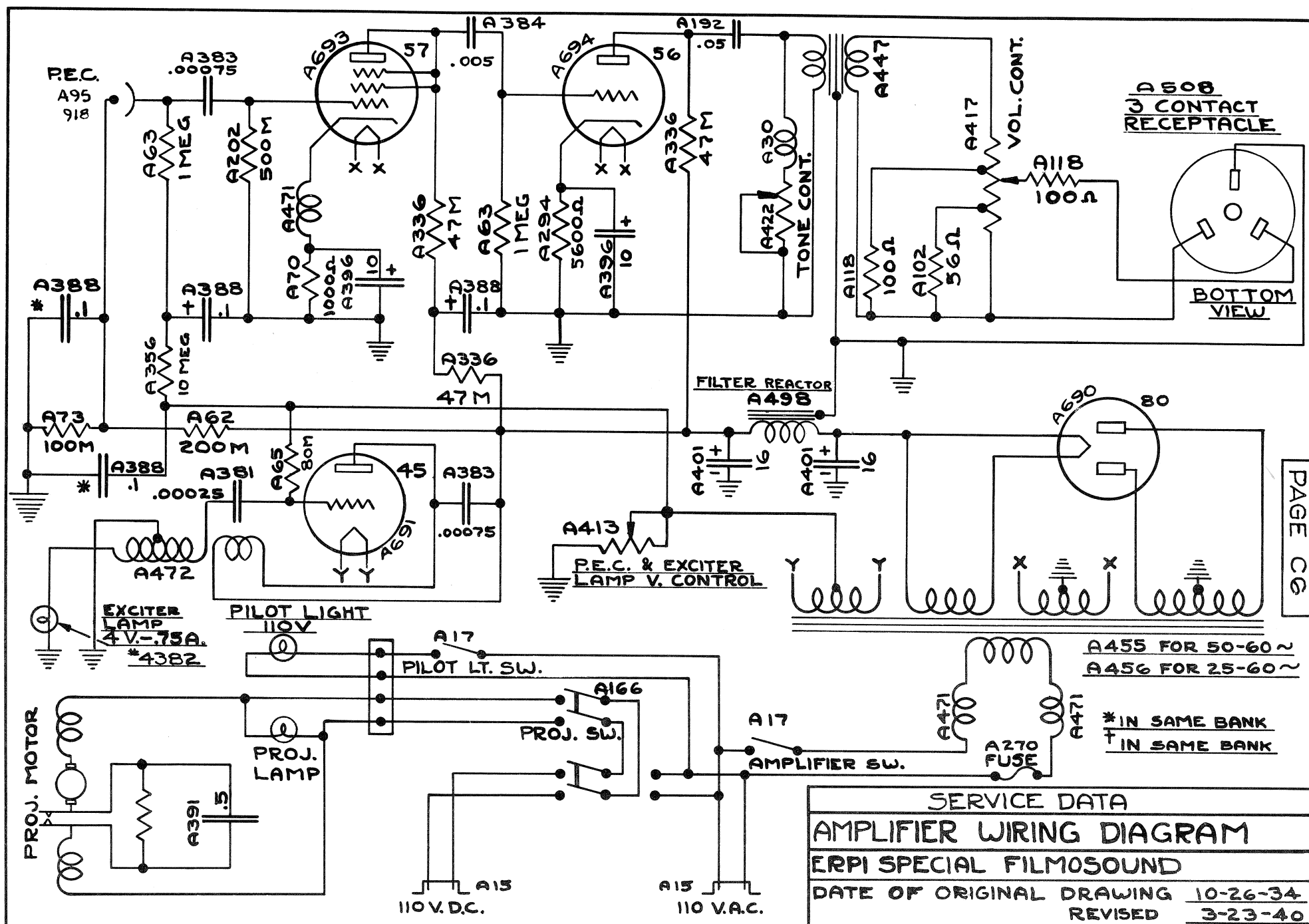
This projector has a standard Design 120 mechanism but has only a pre-amplifier which terminates in a low impedance line. The final amplifier was manufactured by Western Electric. It is located in the speaker and uses Western Electric special parts and tubes. Due to the special design of the final amplifiers, we have never serviced them and recommend that you do not attempt their repair.

VOLUME REGULATION.

Complaints of poor volume regulation can be corrected by changing the original output circuit to the one shown on the schematic diagram, page C-6. Parts are obtainable from Bell & Howell Company.

TESTING.

For testing, the output may be connected into the microphone input of a standard Filmosound of almost any model. The upper and lower right terminals of the output receptacle when connected together will form the sleeve connection to the microphone plug, and the lower left terminal, the tip connection. Headphones may also be used but the output will be extremely low.



DESIGN 120, MODELS B, D

(with hum balancer and adjustment on phototube voltage)

- - - - -

GENERAL INFORMATION.

This amplifier uses 2A3 tubes in the output. Filmosounds with serial numbers from 161963 to 161965, 161967 to 161991, 161993 to 161999, 162010 to 162054, 165486 to 165493, and 171468 to 171479 are of this type. These Filmosounds can be distinguished by the hum balancing control mounted on top of the amplifier casting between the amplifier and pilot light switches, and the phototube voltage control on top of the casting above the volume control.

There is no microphone transformer in this amplifier. A 5,000-ohm input is used, and voltage is supplied on the ring contact of the jack. A double-button carbon microphone with an external transformer is used. A Western Electric No. 110 or Kellogg No. 191 plug should be used.

FILM VOLUME.

Film volume is controlled by varying the voltage on the exciter lamp with a variable series resistor. Thus, the oscillator is not changed. The voltage on the phototube is adjusted by control A425. Thus, the phototube is not controlled by the volume control and will pick up any light reaching it, producing a hum in the speaker. Turning the volume control down will not eliminate this hum. It is important that the phototube in these Filmosounds be shielded from 60-cycle light if this hum is to be avoided.

The hum balancer adjusts the bias on the 2A3 tubes, and, in this way, compensates for unmatched tubes having different plate currents.

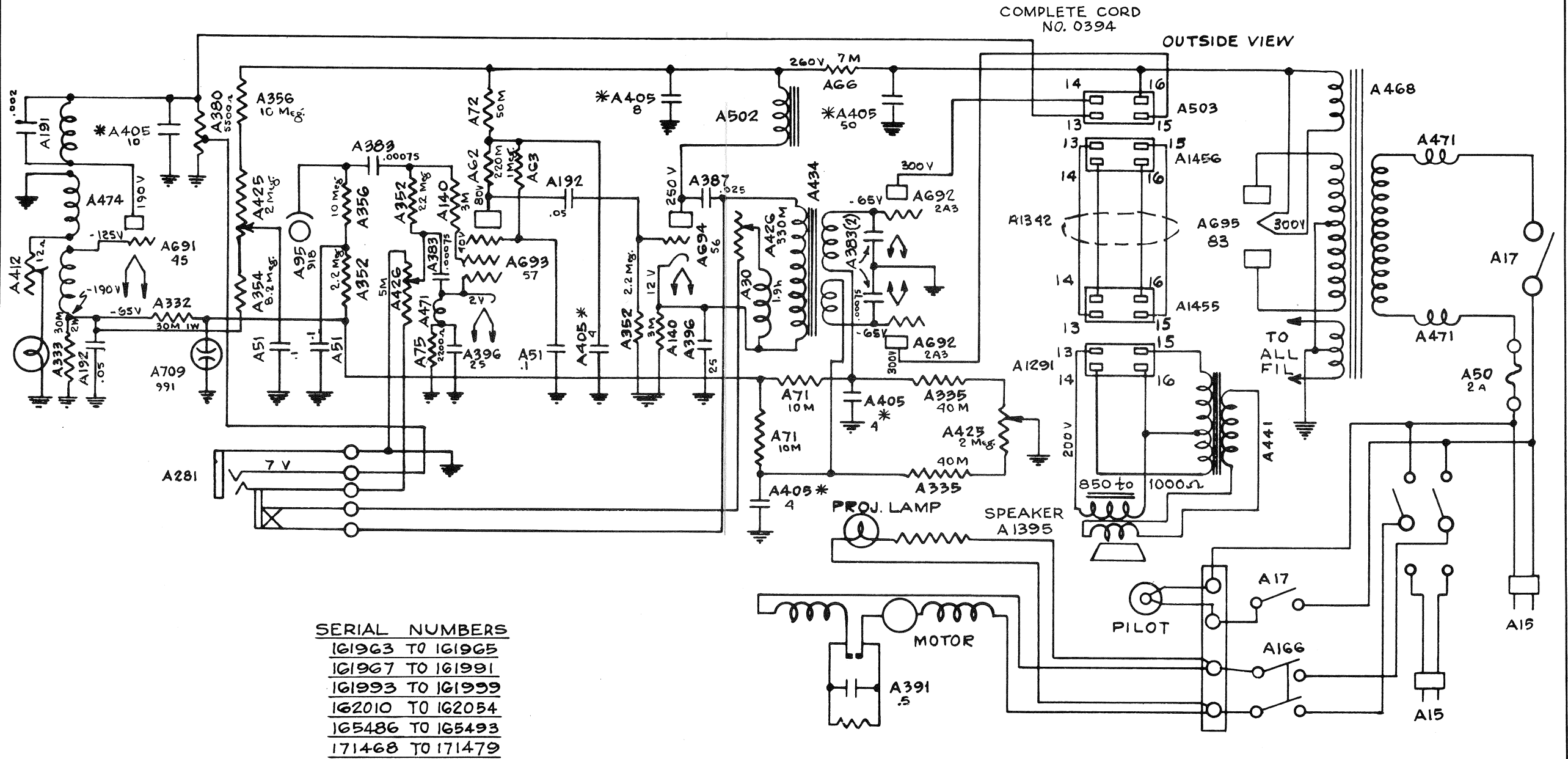
The bias voltage for the 2A3 tubes is obtained from the oscillator, by the drop in resistor A333. As in the other amplifier using 2A3 tubes, the 991 neon lamp regulates the bias voltage by acting through resistor A332. However, in this amplifier, if the 991 neon lamp does not function the bias becomes so high that the tubes will not operate. Sometimes the oscillator will not start if the amplifier is turned on with the volume control advanced. Under these conditions the 2A3 tubes have no bias and the fuse will blow. This point should be watched.

SPEAKER.

Note that the speaker field and resistor A380 are connected across the "B" supply. The current through this circuit, plus the plate current of the oscillator tube, furnishes the field excitation. Filtering is accomplished by condensers as no filter choke is used.

WARNING

Do not press on resistor A380 when handling this amplifier. It will last indefinitely if not disturbed but will not withstand any flexing.



NOTE

* MOUNTED IN CONDENSER BANK.

SERVICE DATA

WIRING DIAGRAM

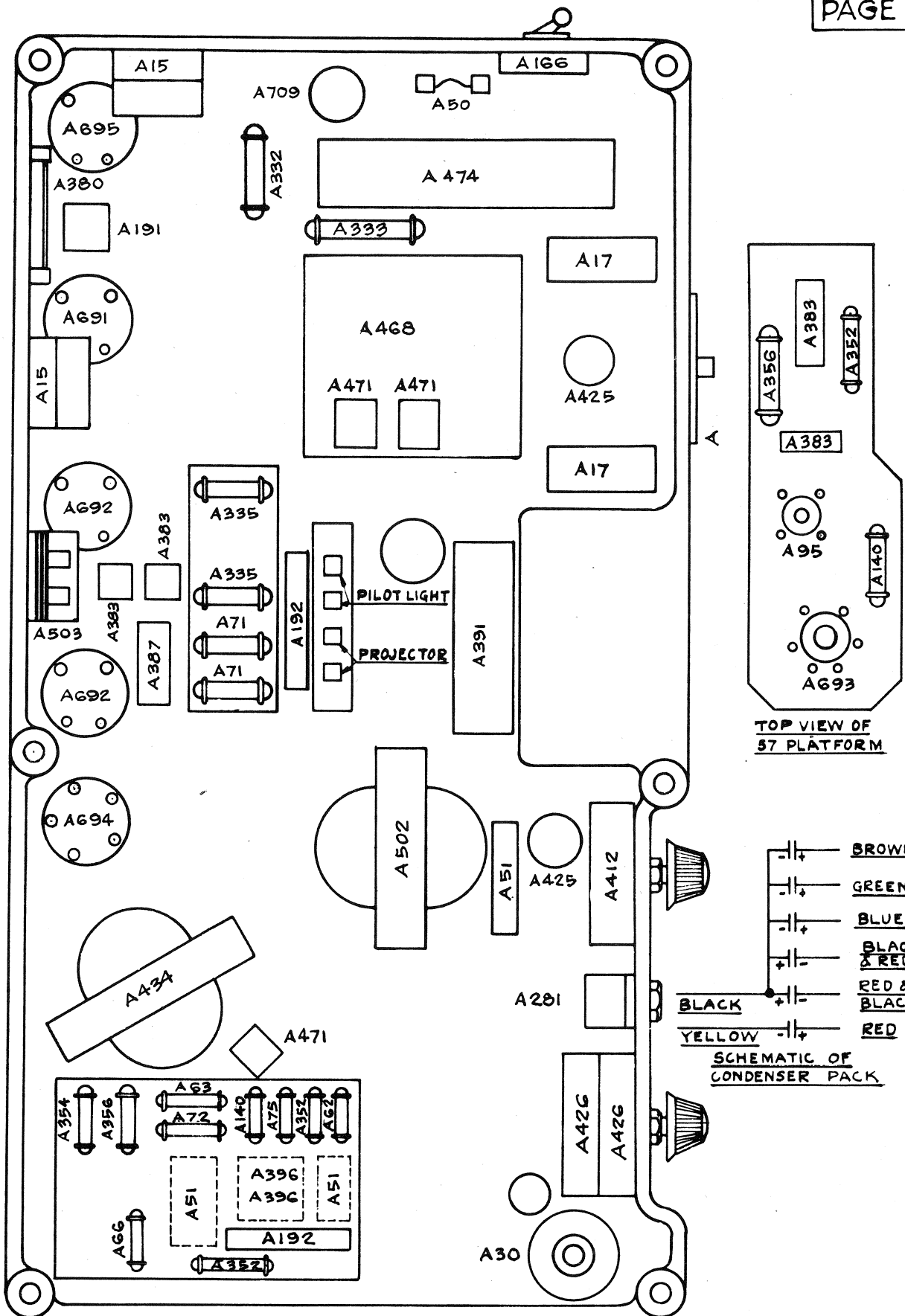
FILMOSOUND

DESIGN 120 MODELS B&D WITH HUM BALANCER

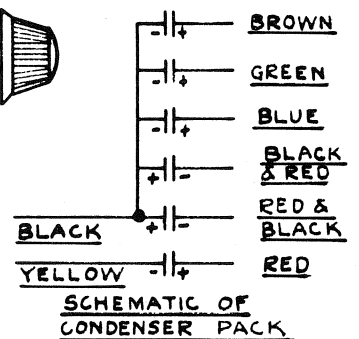
FOR USE ONLY WITH
PART NO. 02564

DATE 5-21-36
REV. 10-17-45

SUPERSEDES MODELA



TOP VIEW OF
57 PLATFORM



SCHEMATIC OF
CONDENSER PACK

SERVICE DATA

BOTTOM VIEW OF AMPLIFIER

FILMOSOUND

DESIGN 120 MODELS B & D WITH HUM BALANCER

FOR USE ONLY WITH
PART NO. 02564

DATE 5-23-36
REV. 10-17-45

SUPERSEDES MODEL A

DESIGN 120 - MODELS E, F, G, H

GENERAL INFORMATION.

In this type of amplifier, 6B5 output tubes are used. All of the tubes are of the 6-volt series. The 991 neon lamp is not used, as the 6B5 tubes are self-biased. This Filmosound uses a diaphragm-type crystal microphone with a Yaxley No. 75A plug. The cell-type crystal microphone may also be used, but the output is not as great. The sleeve of the plug is the ground terminal.

FILM VOLUME.

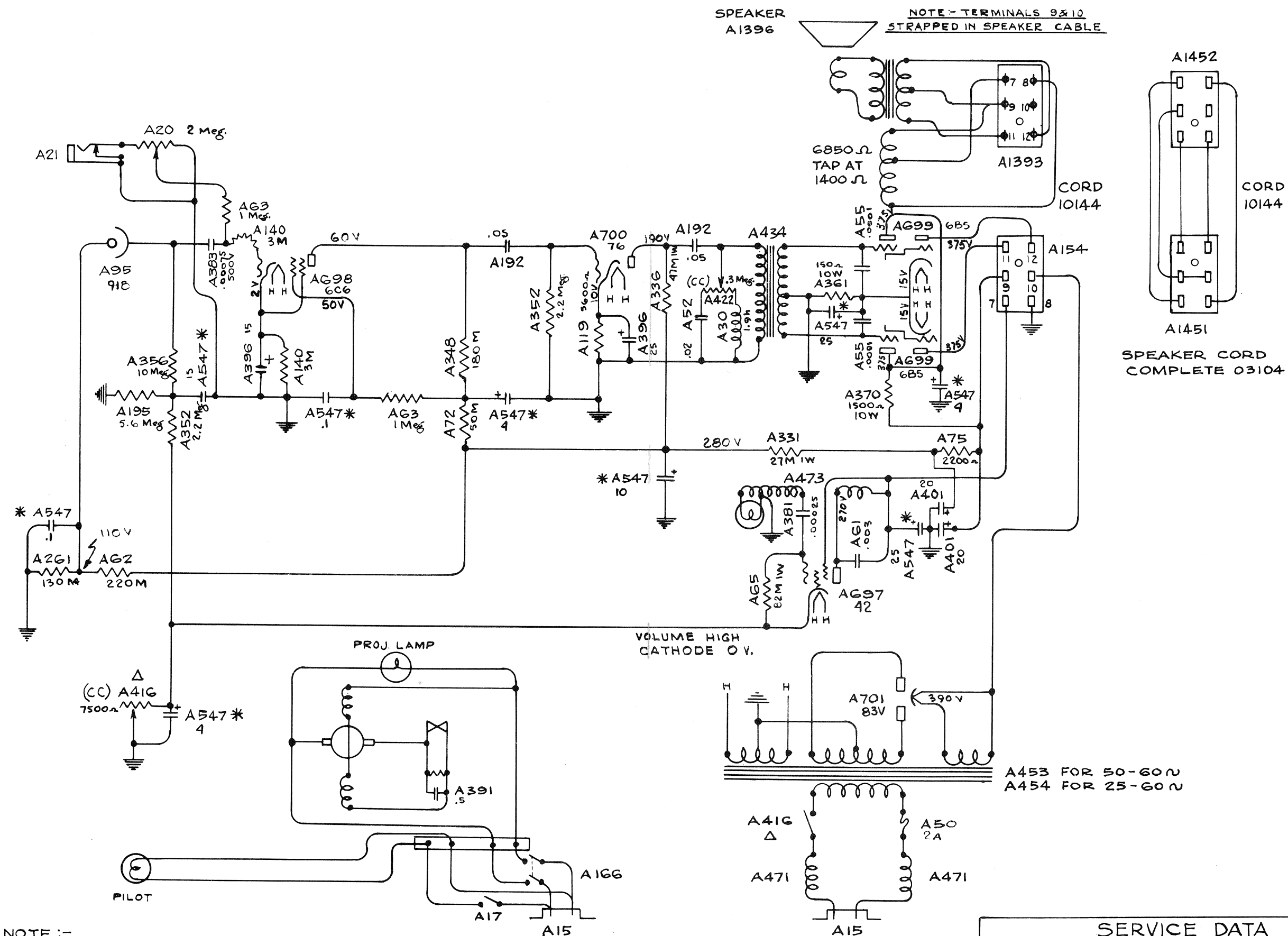
Film volume is controlled by varying the voltage on both the phototube and the exciter lamp.

SPEAKER.

A 12-inch speaker is used, with its 6,850-ohm field connected directly across the B supply. A tap on the field provides reduced voltage for the oscillator. The speaker voice coil has an impedance of 18 ohms.

CAUTION

Do not leave the lead to the exciter lamp close to the microphone volume control when working on this amplifier, as this may cause feed back. Keep the lead straight and pulled back toward the power transformer.



NOTE :-

Δ COMBINED IN SAME UNIT

* MOUNTED IN CONDENSER BANK

SERVICE DATA

WIRING DIAGRAM

FILMOSOUND

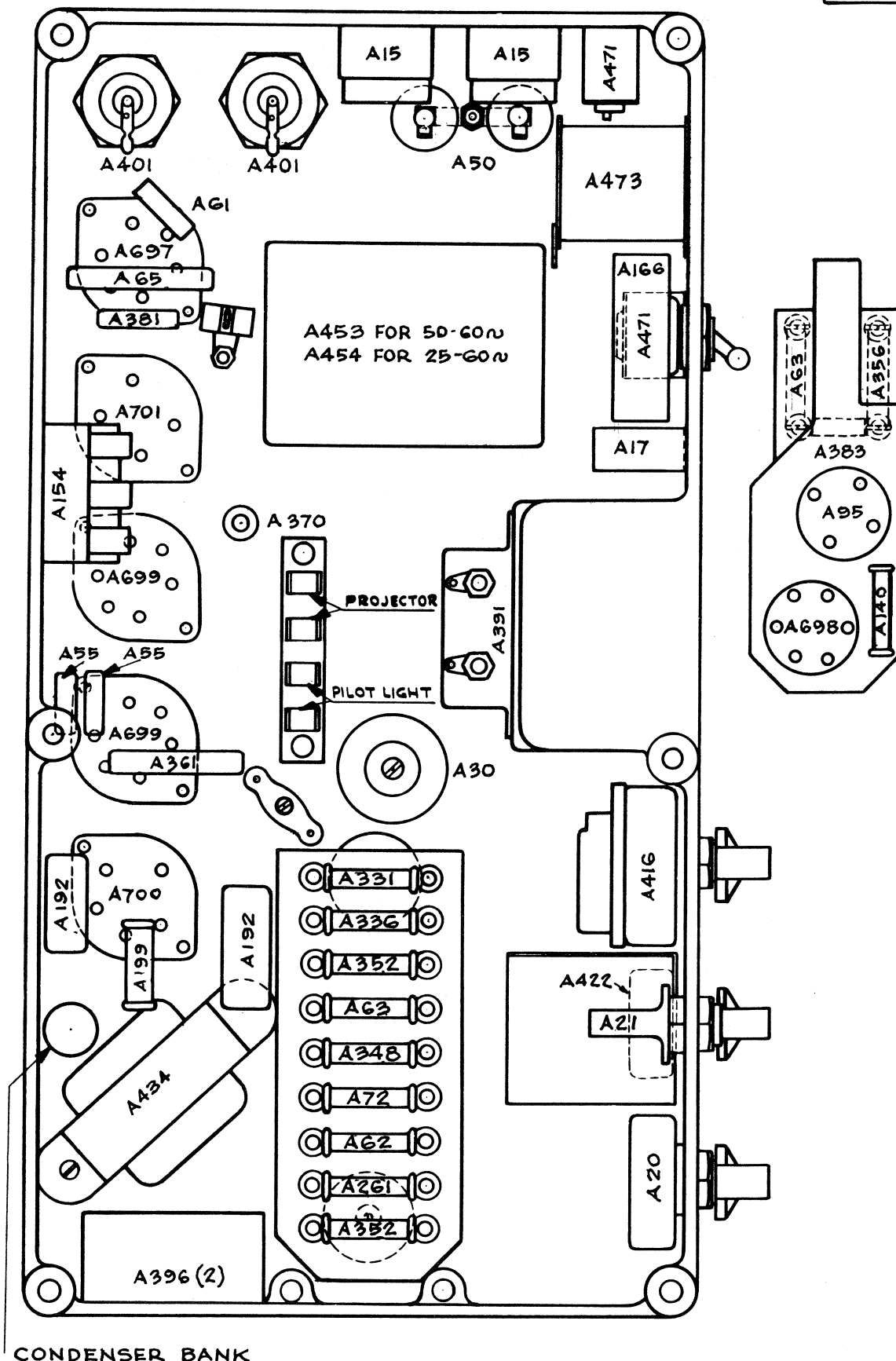
DESIGN 120

MODELS E & F

FOR USE ONLY WITH
PART NO. 02668

DATE 5-22-36
REV. 10-18-45

SUPERSEDES MOD. E & F
1-20-36



CONDENSER BANK

SERVICE DATA

BOTTOM VIEW OF AMPLIFIER

FILMOSOUND

DESIGN 120

MODELS E&F

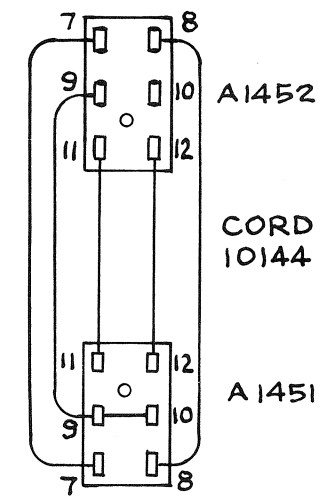
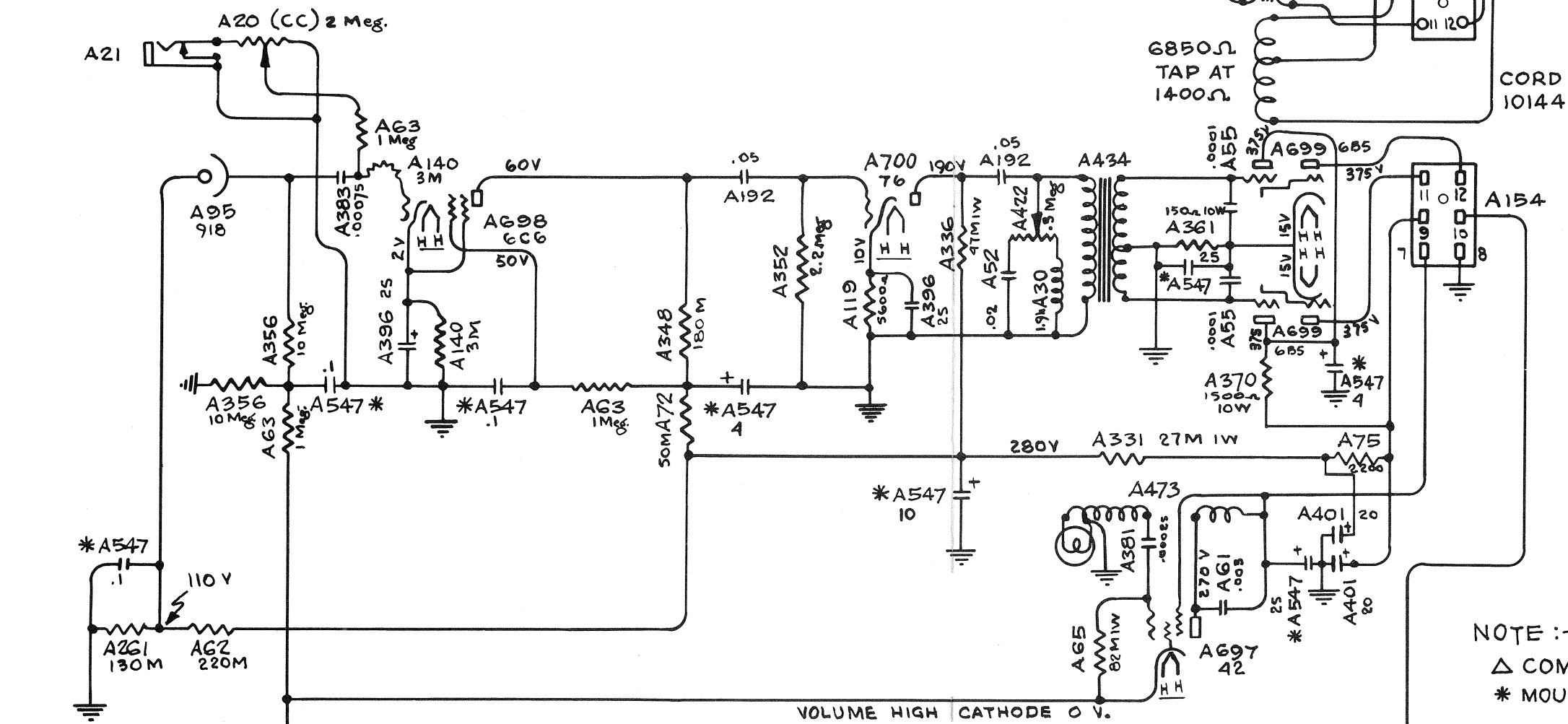
FOR USE ONLY WITH
PART NO. 02668

DATE 1-21-36
REV. 10-19-45

SUPERSEDES MOD. ABC&D

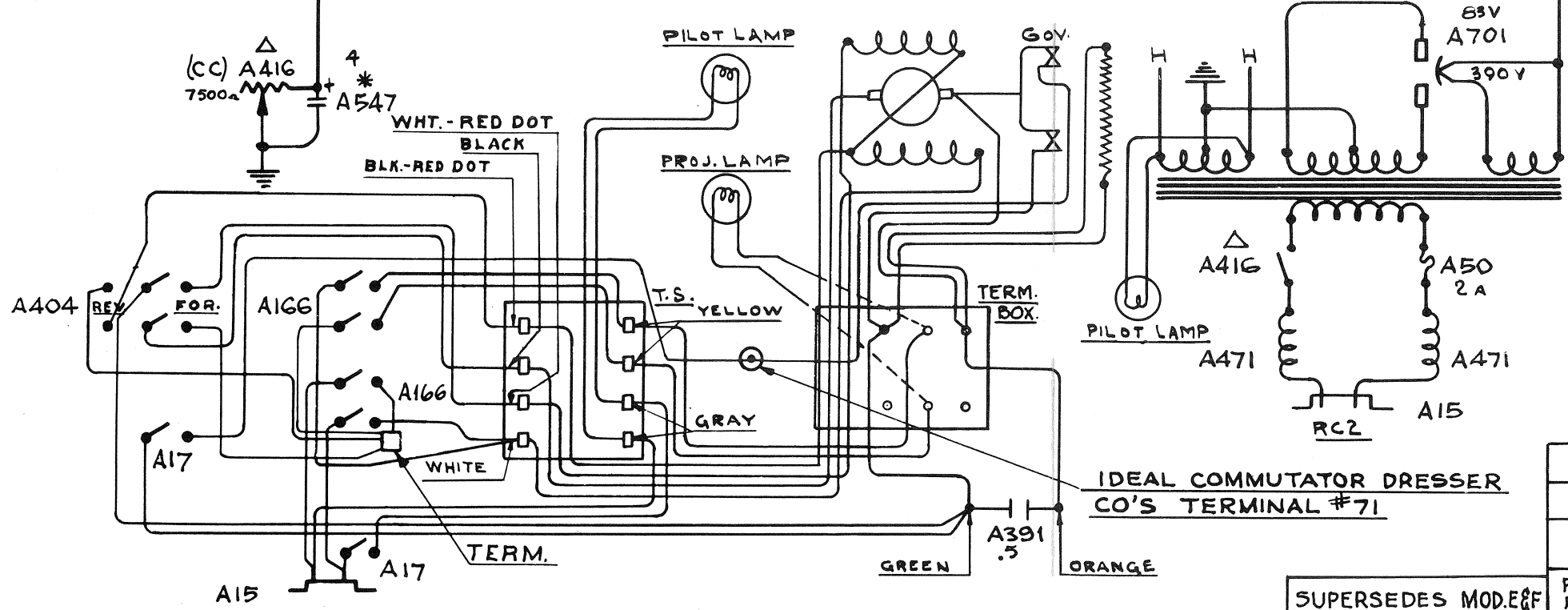
SPEAKER
A1396

NOTE - TERMINALS 9 & 10
STRAPPED IN SPEAKER CABLE



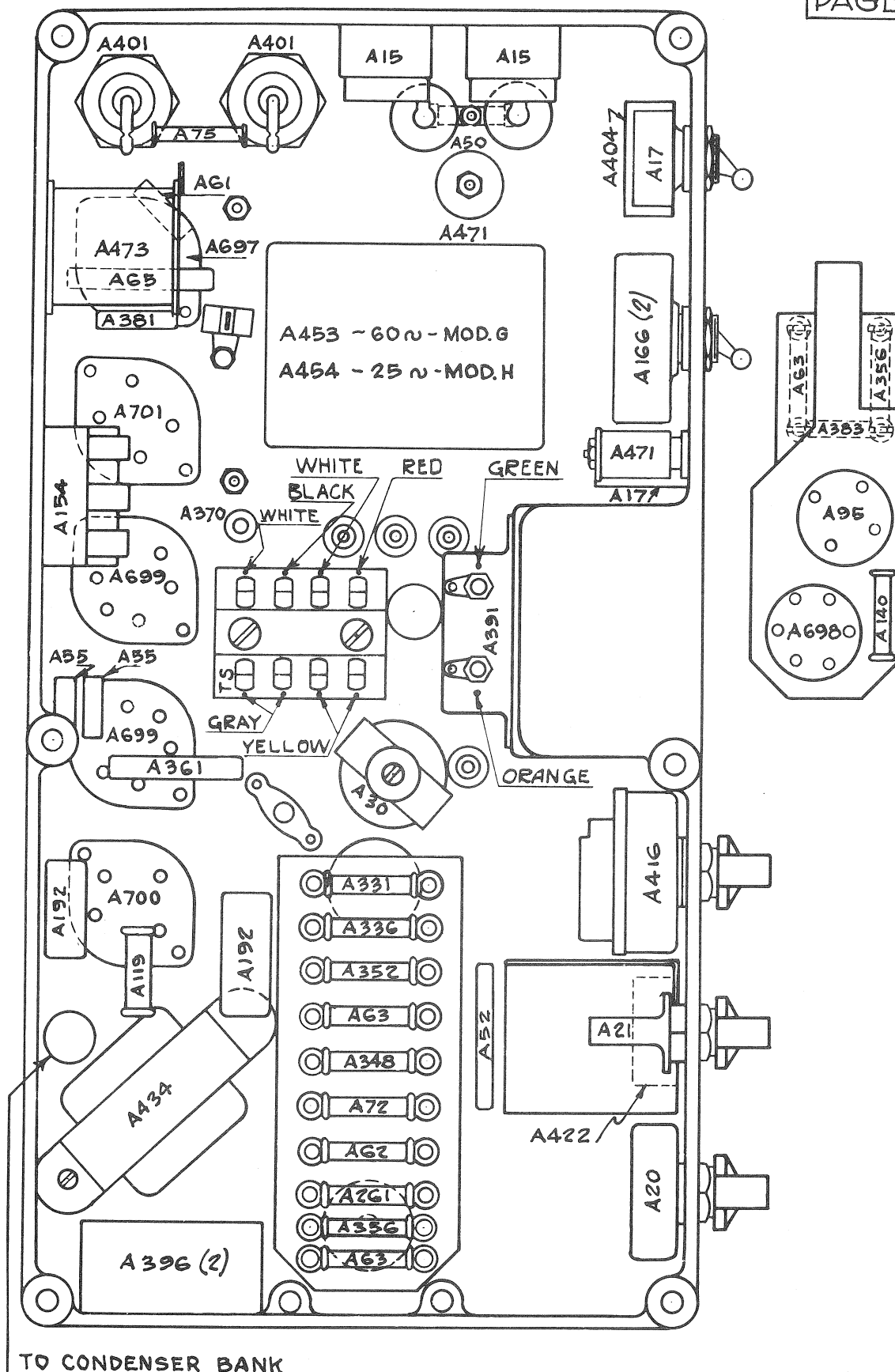
SPEAKER CORD
COMPLETE 03104

NOTE :-
Δ COMBINED IN SAME UNIT
* MOUNTED IN CONDENSER BANK



SERVICE DATA	
WIRING DIAGRAM	
FILMOSOUND	
DESIGN 120	MODELS G & H
FOR USE ONLY WITH PART NO. 02791	DATE 3-26-37 REV. 10-19-45

SUPERSEDES MODEL 6F



SERVICE DATA

BOTTOM VIEW OF AMPLIFIER

FILMOSOUND

DESIGN 120

MODELS G&H

SUPESEDES MOD. E&F

FOR USE ONLY WITH
PART NO. 02791DATE 3-29-37
REV. 10-22-45

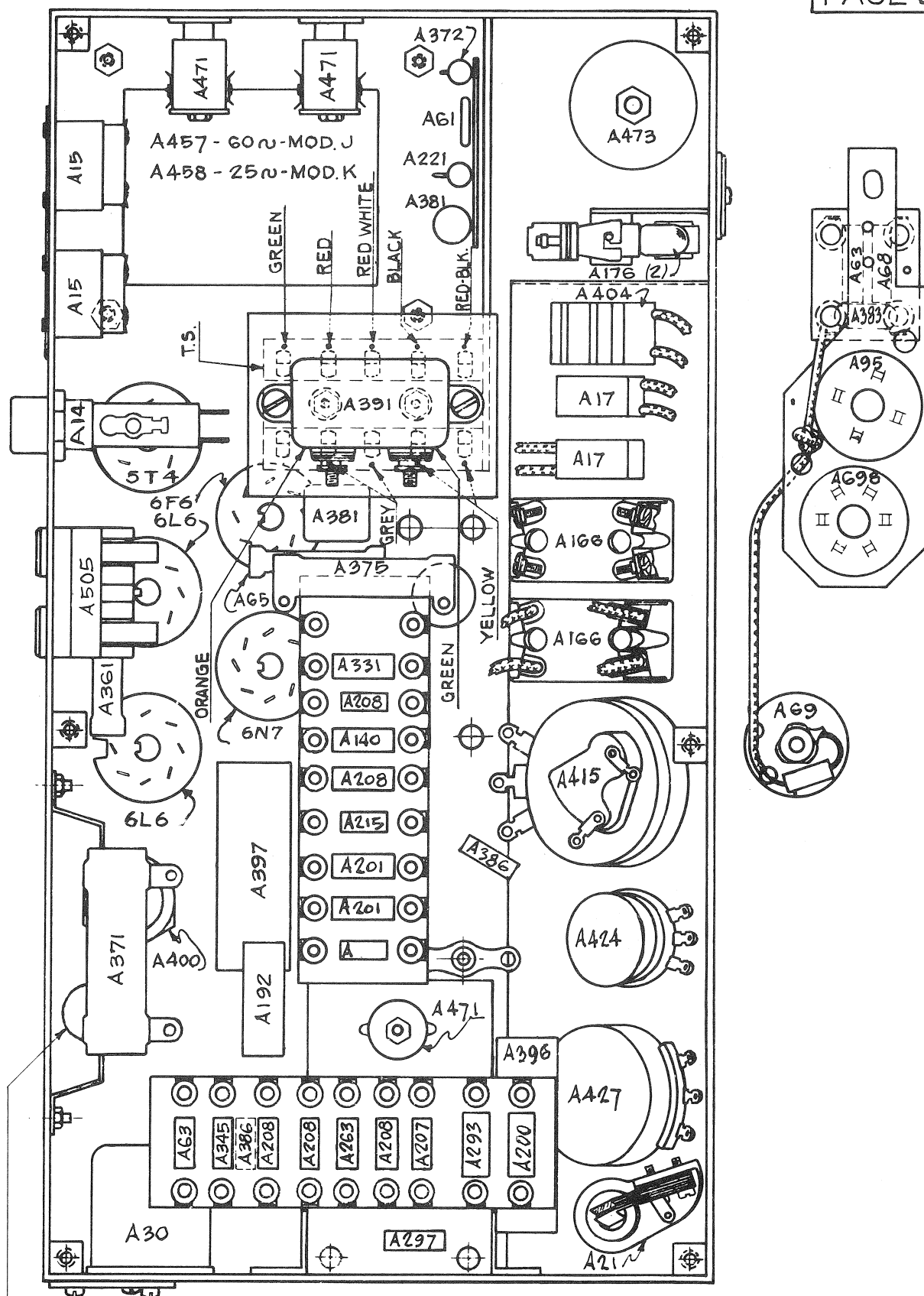
DESIGN 120 - Model J (60-CYCLE), K (25-CYCLE)

GENERAL INFORMATION.

In this amplifier, two 6L6 tubes are used in the output. The amplifier uses a crystal microphone with a Mallory type 75A plug, No. A1378. These amplifiers were made in two series of which very few of the first (page C-17) will be encountered. The second series is readily distinguished by the switch located on the microphone control. This switch must be in the "off" position for the amplifier to operate with film. A close examination of the circuit (page C-19) will show that the input circuits to the second tube are transferred. Also note that the oscillator tube was changed from a pentode to a triode connected pentode.

A three-ampere fuse is used.

The power output is 25 watts.



TO CONDENSER BANK.

SUPERSEDES MODEL G

SERVICE DATA	
BOTTOM VIEW OF AMPLIFIER	
FILMOSOUND	
DESIGN 120	MODEL J & K
FOR USE ONLY WITH	DATE 2-21-38
PART NO. 02936	REV. 10-22-45



A1018

A994

A1392 H.D.
SPEAKER

* A ⊗ INDICATE COMPONENTS
OF SAME UNIT

SERVICE DATA WIRING DIAGRAM

FILMOSOUND

DESIGN 120

MODEL J & K

FOR USE ONLY WITH
PART NO. 02936

DATE 5-10-38
REV. 10-25-45

SUPERSEDES MOD. J (6-30-37)

SECTION D

DESIGN 130, MODEL CGENERAL INFORMATION.

This is the 1000- or 1200-watt lamp Filmosound, with amplifier separate from the projector. The phototube and exciter lamp are connected to the amplifier through cables. A rather elaborate switching arrangement is used on the amplifier, so study the instruction book until you are familiar with it. Try all the switches to understand their actions. When the amplifier line switch is in any "on" position, a resistance is in series with the transformer primary for "stand by" purposes. It is necessary to have the projector switch in the "on" position, which corresponds to the change-over lever position, in order to apply full voltage to the amplifier.

Note that the first 6C6 tube is connected as a pentode, the second as a triode, the 42 tube as a triode driver, and the 45 tubes as push-pull parallel output. The bias for the 42 and 45 tubes is obtained from the drop in resistor A362, which is in the negative return of the "B" supply. Three chokes are provided for filtering, as well as several condensers.

FILM VOLUME.

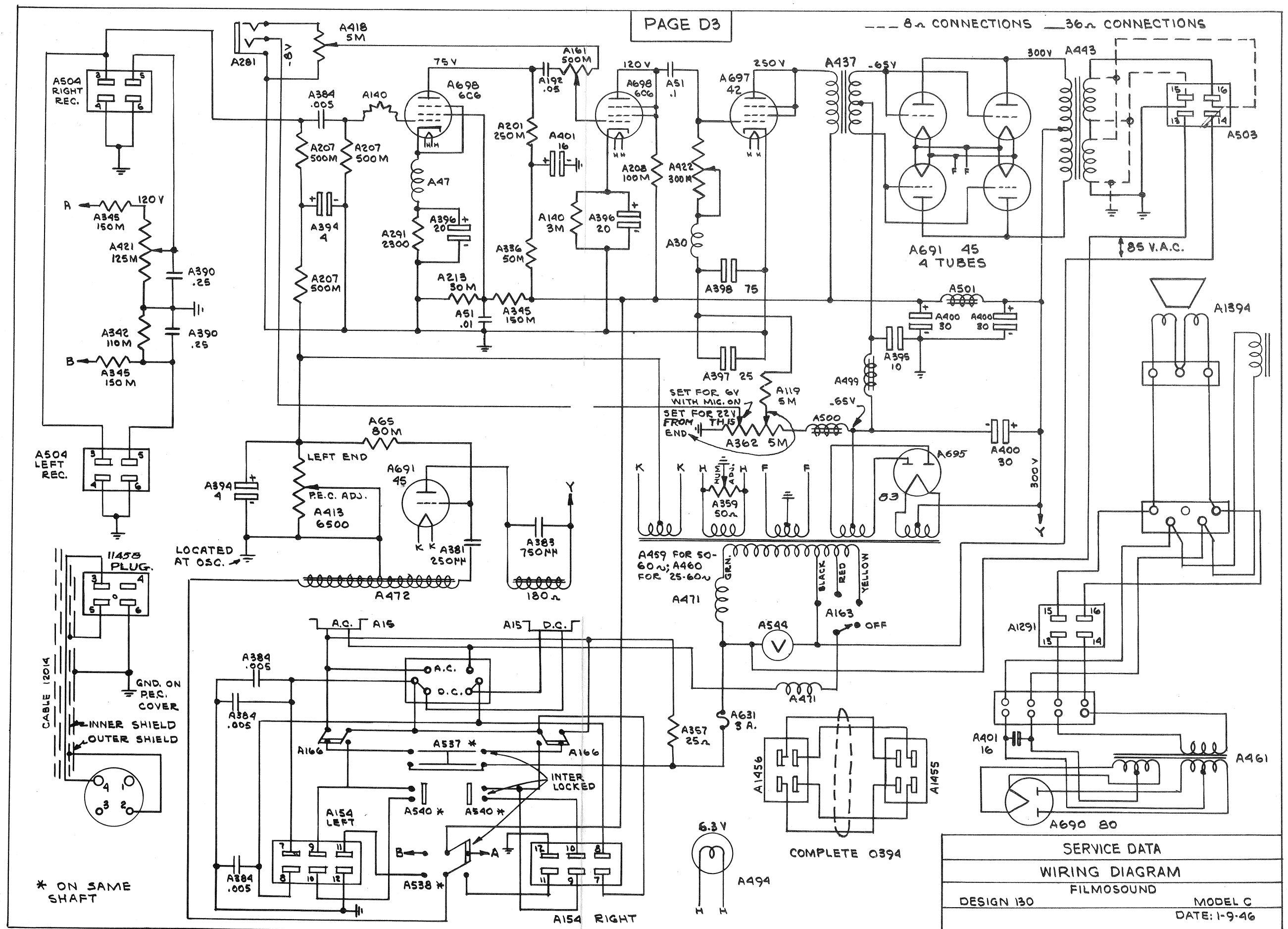
The volume is controlled by a gain control in the grid of the second 6C6 tube. Thus the voltages on the exciter lamp, and phototube are not changed by this control. The control, A413, is an adjustable control that adjusts the voltage on the oscillator as in the volume control of the Design 120, Model E. In this way the phototube voltages and exciter lamp voltages at both ends are set to the proper values. The semi-variable control, A421, gives an additional adjustment on the right phototube voltage so both projectors will give equal volumes.

SPEAKER.

The speaker has its own field supply, provided by an 80 tube, condenser, and power transformer in the speaker case. Voltage is applied through terminals 13 and 14 of the speaker cable. This voltage, approximately 90 volts, is obtained from the power transformer of the amplifier. The voice coil impedance required is 36 ohms. The plate load impedance is 2000 ohms.

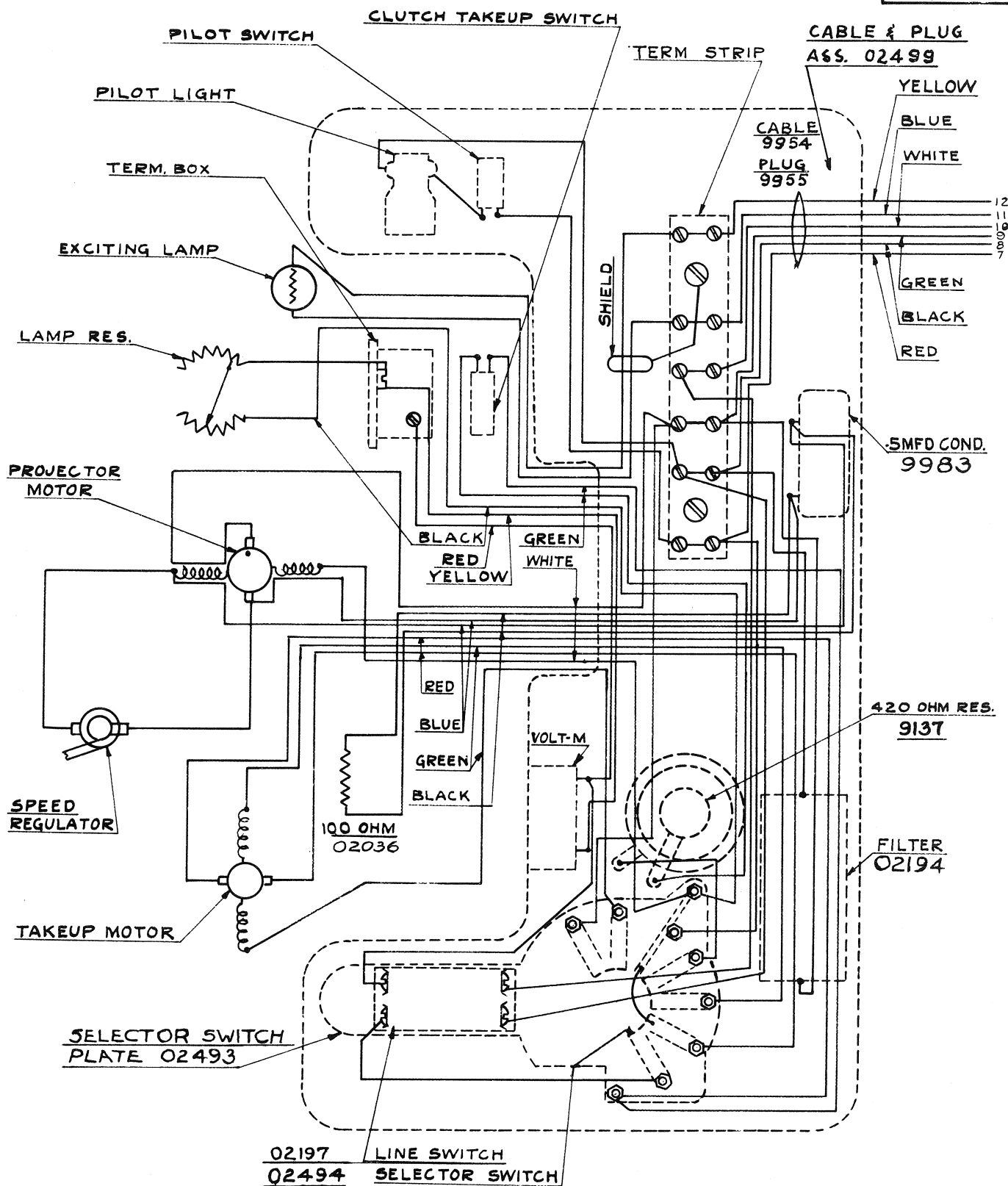
MICROPHONE.

This Filmosound uses a double-button carbon microphone with an external microphone transformer. Voltage is provided on the ring contact of the jack. A Western Electric No. 110 or Kellogg No. 191 plug should be used.



* ON SAME SHAFT

SERVICE DATA	
WIRING DIAGRAM	
FILMOSOUND	MODEL C
DESIGN 130	DATE: 1-9-46



BASE ASSEMBLY SEEN FROM BOTTOM
FOR WIRING

BELL & HOWELL CO
CHICAGO U.S.A.
FILMOSOUND
DESIGN 130
MODEL C & D
SERVICE DATA
DRAWN APVD
6-29-36

SUPERSEDES MOD. A&B

DESIGN 130, MODEL D, E
(Dual and Single Switch)

GENERAL INFORMATION.

These two amplifiers are similar except for the output transformers. The Design 130, Model D has an electro-dynamic speaker and the Design 130, Model E, has the permanent-magnet type speaker. The amplifiers use four 6L6 tubes in the output and a 6F6 tube as the oscillator.

The single-dual switch when in "single" position changes the output impedance to match one speaker and also cuts a resistance into the output tube screens, thus lowering the output to 25 watts.

See 130-C General Information par. 1

FILM AND MICROPHONE VOLUME.

Film volume is controlled by a 500,000-ohm control in one grid of the 6N7 tube. The semi-variable control on the left end of amplifier controls the oscillator. The setting of this control will determine the maximum output of amplifier. The control on the right end is in the right PEC input voltage circuit and is for balancing both projector outputs.

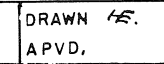
Microphone volume is controlled by a 500,000-ohm control in the second 6N7 grid.

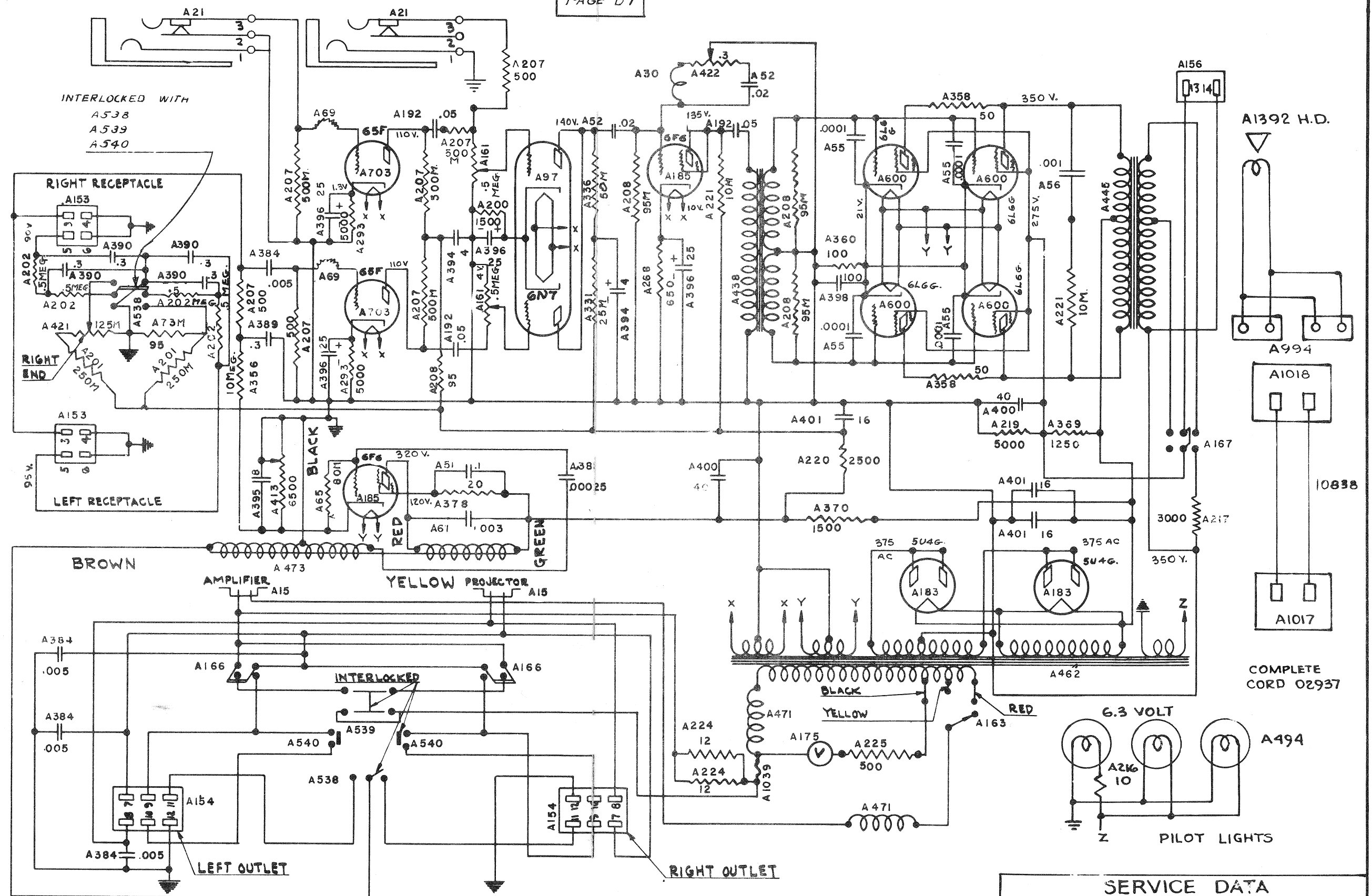
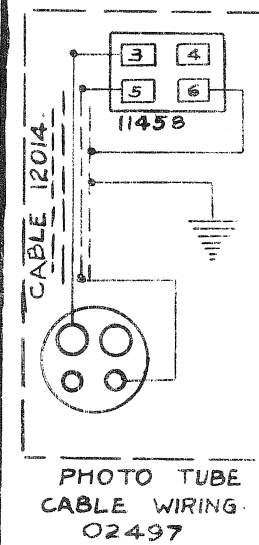
SPEAKER.

The Design 130, Model D, speaker has a separate field supply, provided by an 80 tube in the speaker case, which is fed through terminals 13 and 14 of the speaker cable. This voltage, approximately 90 volts, is obtained from the power transformer of the amplifier.

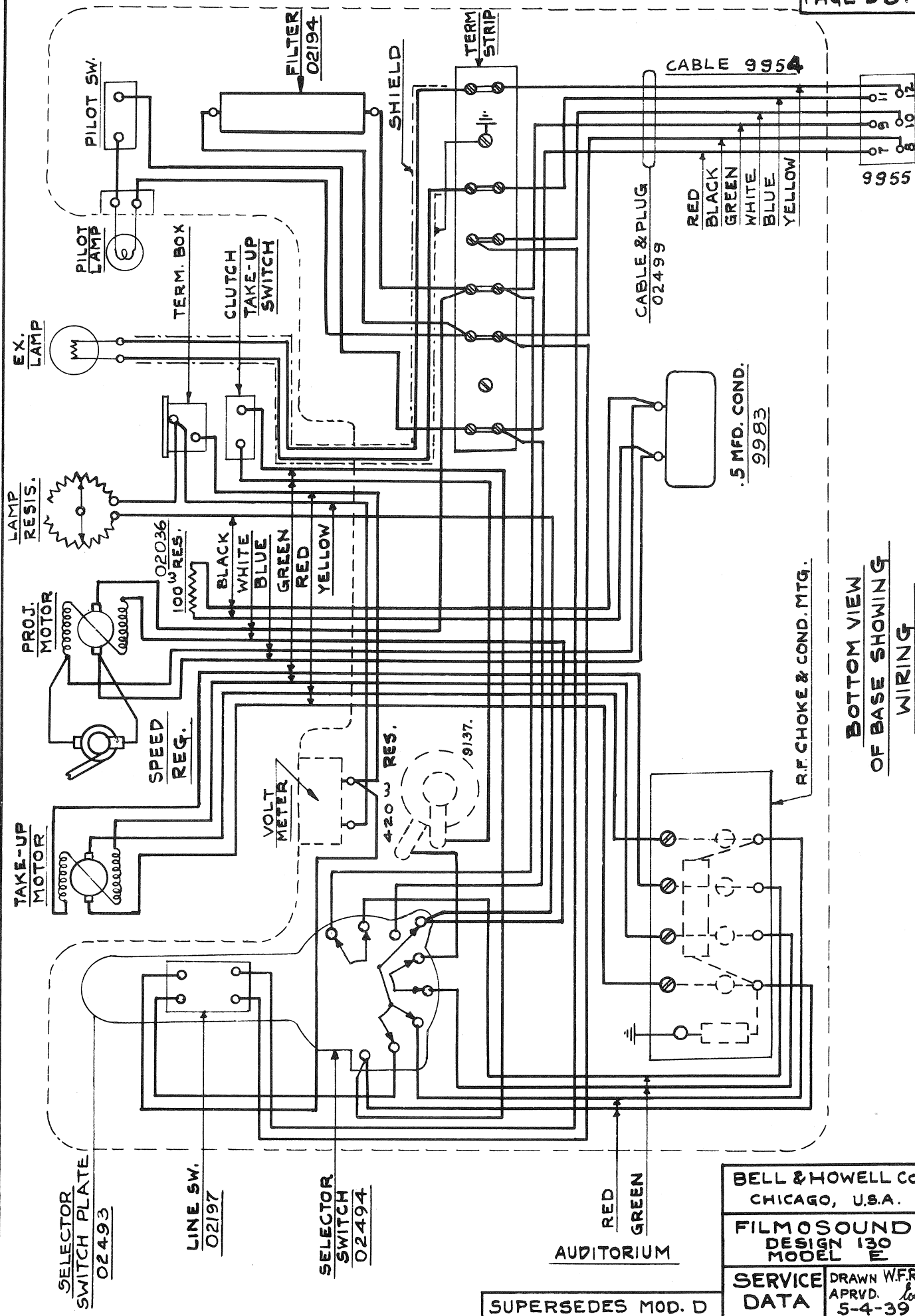
TUBES.

When replacing the 6L6 tubes in the amplifier, use the glass type 6L6G tubes but do not intermix with metal tubes.





SERVICE DATA	
WIRING DIAGRAM	
FILMOSOUND	
DESIGN 130	MODEL E
FOR USE ONLY WITH	DATE 12-21-45
PART NO.	REV.



BOTTOM VIEW
OF BASE SHOWING
WIRING

BELL & HOWELL Co.
CHICAGO, U.S.A.
FILMOSOUND
DESIGN 130
MODEL E
SERVICE DATA
DRAWN W.F.R.
APRVD. 5-4-39

SUPERSEDES MOD. D

DESIGN 130 and 140 - AMPLIFIER NO. 03600

GENERAL INFORMATION.

This amplifier differs from other Design 130 types in that all three input tubes as well as the phase inverter have their filaments connected in series and are operated by the current flowing in the output tube cathode circuit.

Frequency characteristics of the amplifier may be altered by means of a tapped control on the rear of the amplifier.

Two microphone inputs are featured, one of which is under separate control. The second is mixed at a fixed level with the photocell input. Control is by the main film volume control.

Two phonograph inputs are provided, neither of which has a volume control. Phonovolume should be controlled by means of the volume control on the phonograph.

The output transformer has a tapped secondary controlled by means of a switch on the rear of amplifier. The permanent-magnet type speaker has an impedance of 16 ohms.

The power output is 25 watts with a single speaker and 50 watts with dual speakers.

See General Information 130-C, par. 1.

DESIGN 130 and 140 - AMPLIFIER NO. 03600

GENERAL INFORMATION.

This amplifier differs from other Design 130 types in that all three input tubes as well as the phase inverter have their filaments connected in series and are operated by the current flowing in the output tube cathode circuit.

Frequency characteristics of the amplifier may be altered by means of a tapped control on the rear of the amplifier.

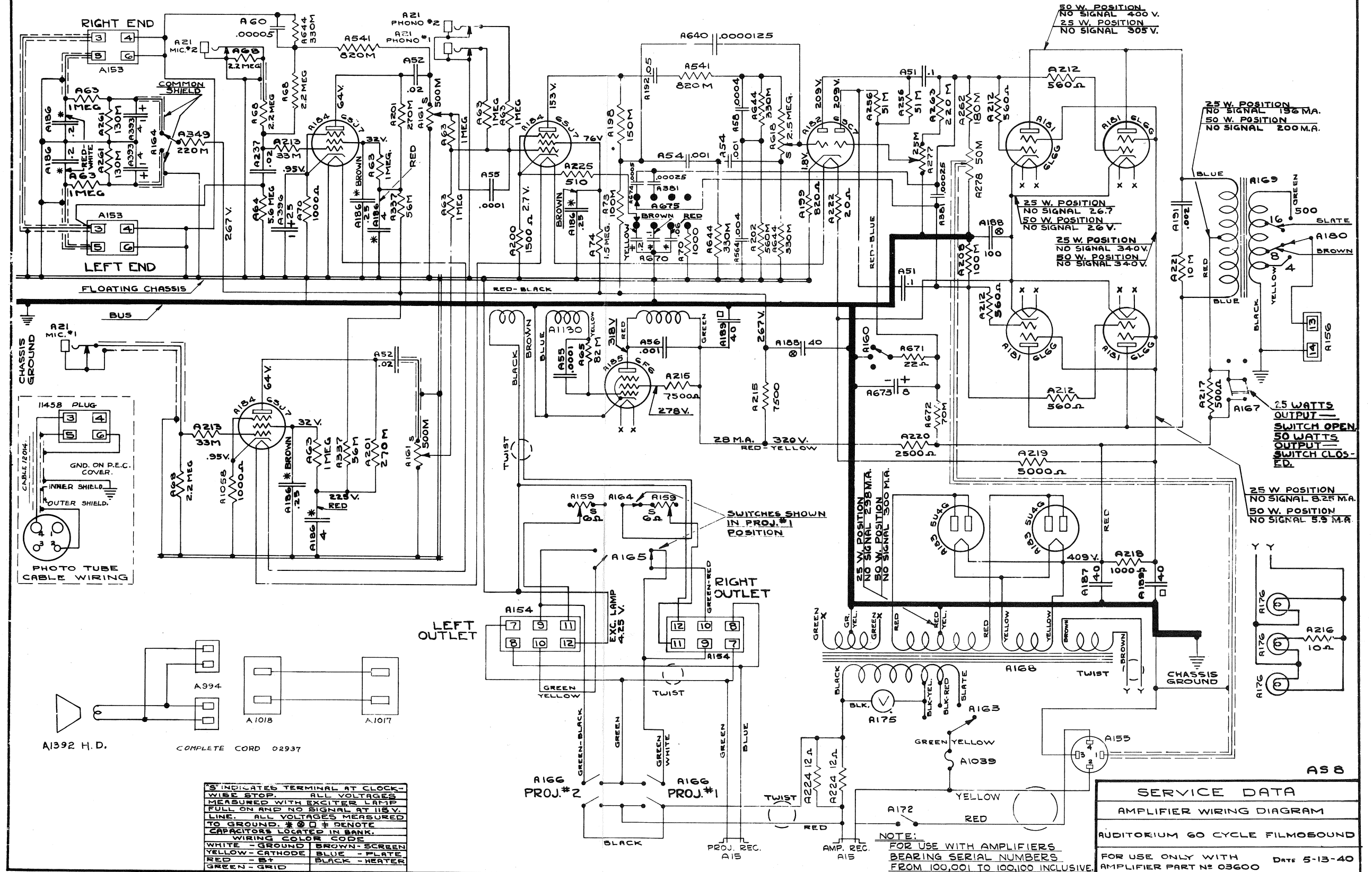
Two microphone inputs are featured, one of which is under separate control. The second is mixed at a fixed level with the photocell input. Control is by the main film volume control.

Two phonograph inputs are provided, neither of which has a volume control. Phonovolume should be controlled by means of the volume control on the phonograph.

The output transformer has a tapped secondary controlled by means of a switch on the rear of amplifier. The permanent-magnet type speaker has an impedance of 16 ohms.

The power output is 25 watts with a single speaker and 50 watts with dual speakers.

See General Information 130-C, par. 1.



SECTION E

DESIGN 138, MODELS A to L, GB, GB2, O AND PGENERAL INFORMATION.

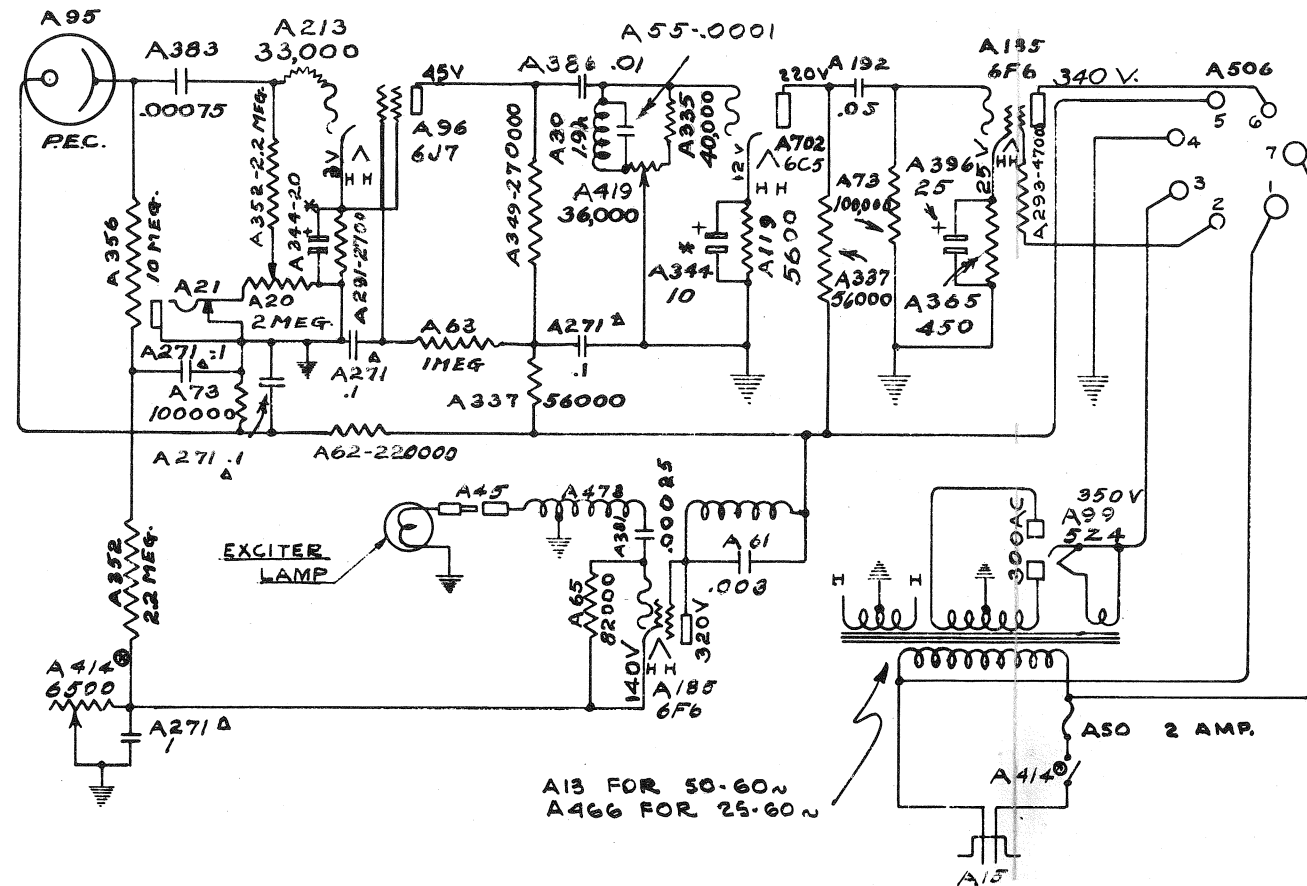
This amplifier was designed originally to be serviced only at the factory. Therefore, in order to work on it, the rivets in the bottom plate will have to be removed. This is best accomplished by using a hammer and sharp chisel applied to the peened end of the rivet. When reinstalling the plate be sure to place "shakeproof" lock washers between it and the chassis in order to insure a perfect electrical connection.

FILM VOLUME.

Film volume is controlled by single control acting on the photocell and oscillator tube. Failure of the volume to shut off will be due to either resistances A62 and A73 changing value, or to a leaky section of condenser bank A271 connected to this pair of resistors or connected to the junction of resistors A356 and A352. The voltage of this latter point, when measured with a 20,000 ohms per volt, or better, voltmeter, should equal the voltage at junction point of resistors A62 and A73. It should be between 100 and 115 volts.

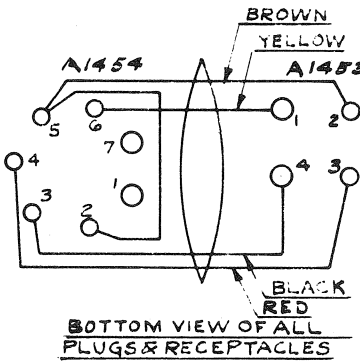
Low volume and the burning up of resistor A293 will be caused by poor contact of terminal #6 of the speaker cord receptacle A506. When it is known that the speaker is not of the booster type, we recommend that pin No. 1 be broken off the speaker cord plug and inserted in the No. 1 opening of the receptacle. A bit of Dupont household or General Electric glyptol cement will hold it in place. This will prevent the plug from being inserted improperly in the amplifier.

The power output of each of these models is 3.5 watts.

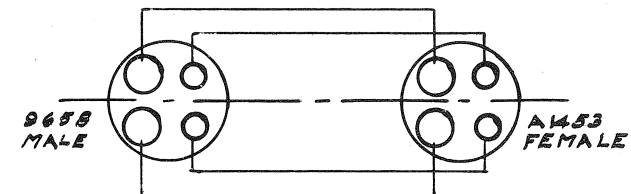


NOTE: ♂, *, Δ DENOTE COMPONENTS OF SAME UNIT

CORD
USE A1342

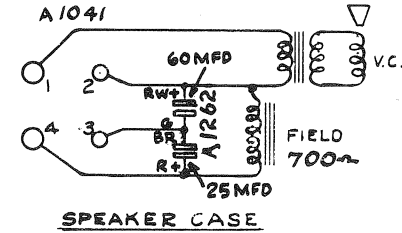


SPEAKER CABLE
COMPLETE #02695



SPEAKER EXTENSION
CABLE #02361

SPEAKER 8" A1040
12" A1053
VC 1.8~ 8"
6~ 12"



SPEAKER CASE

BELL & HOWELL CO. CHICAGO U.S.A.

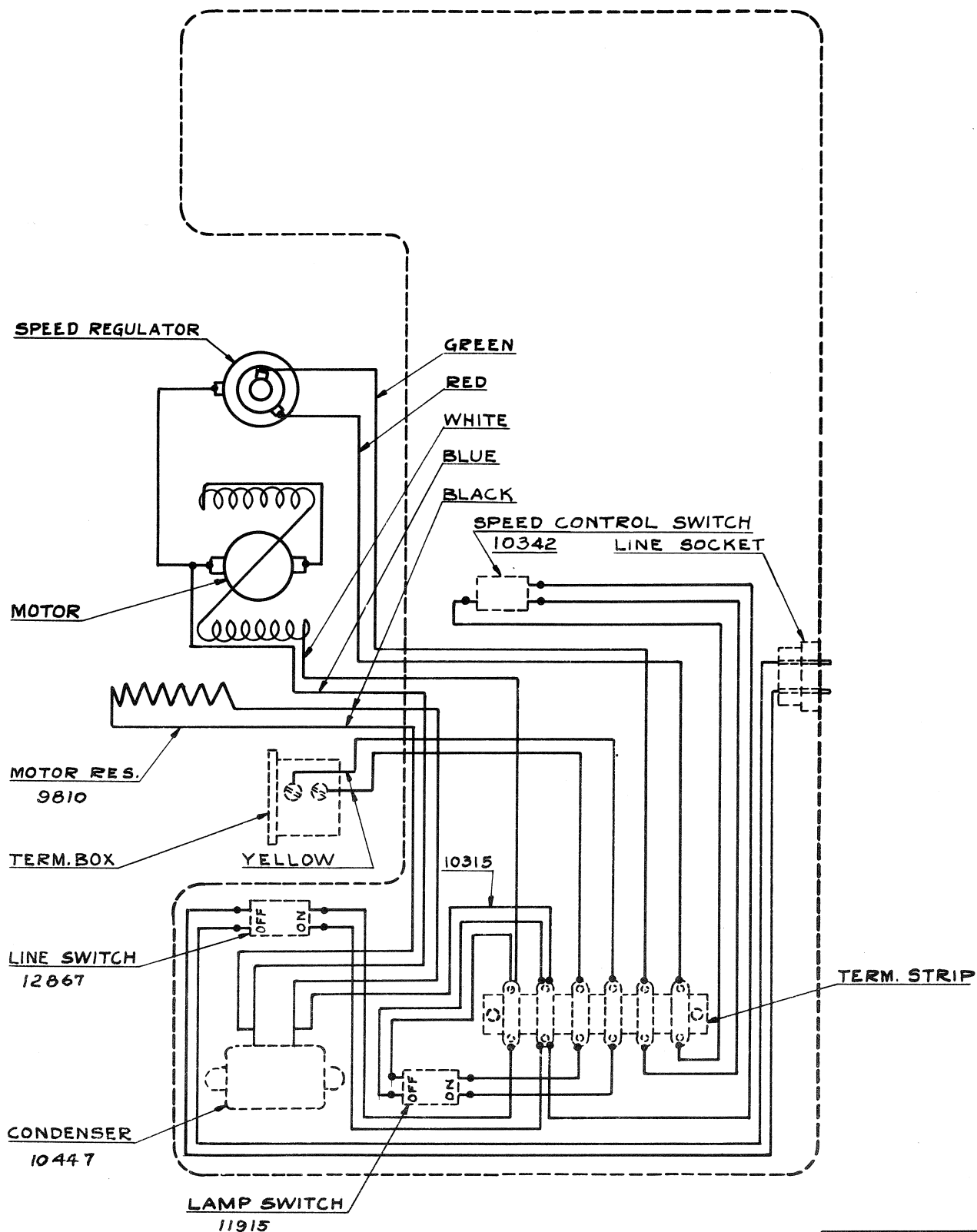
FILMOSOUND A-B-C-D-E-F-G-H
DESIGN 138 MODELS J-K-L-G-B-R-B-
S-B-T-A

REVISED

12 18 45

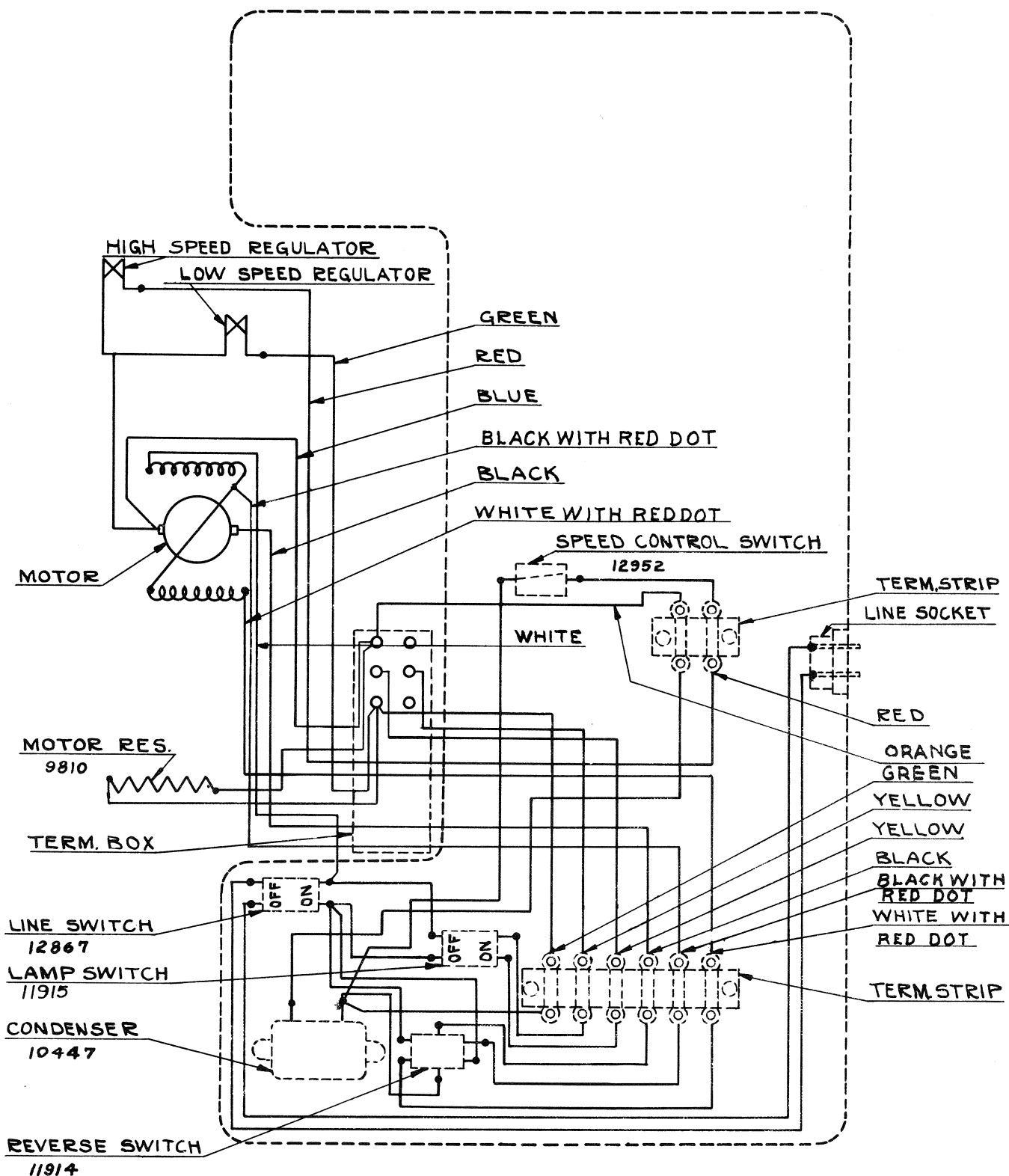
SERVICE
DATA

drawn. C. J. N.
apvd.



**BASE ASSEMBLY SEEN FROM BOTTOM
FOR WIRING**

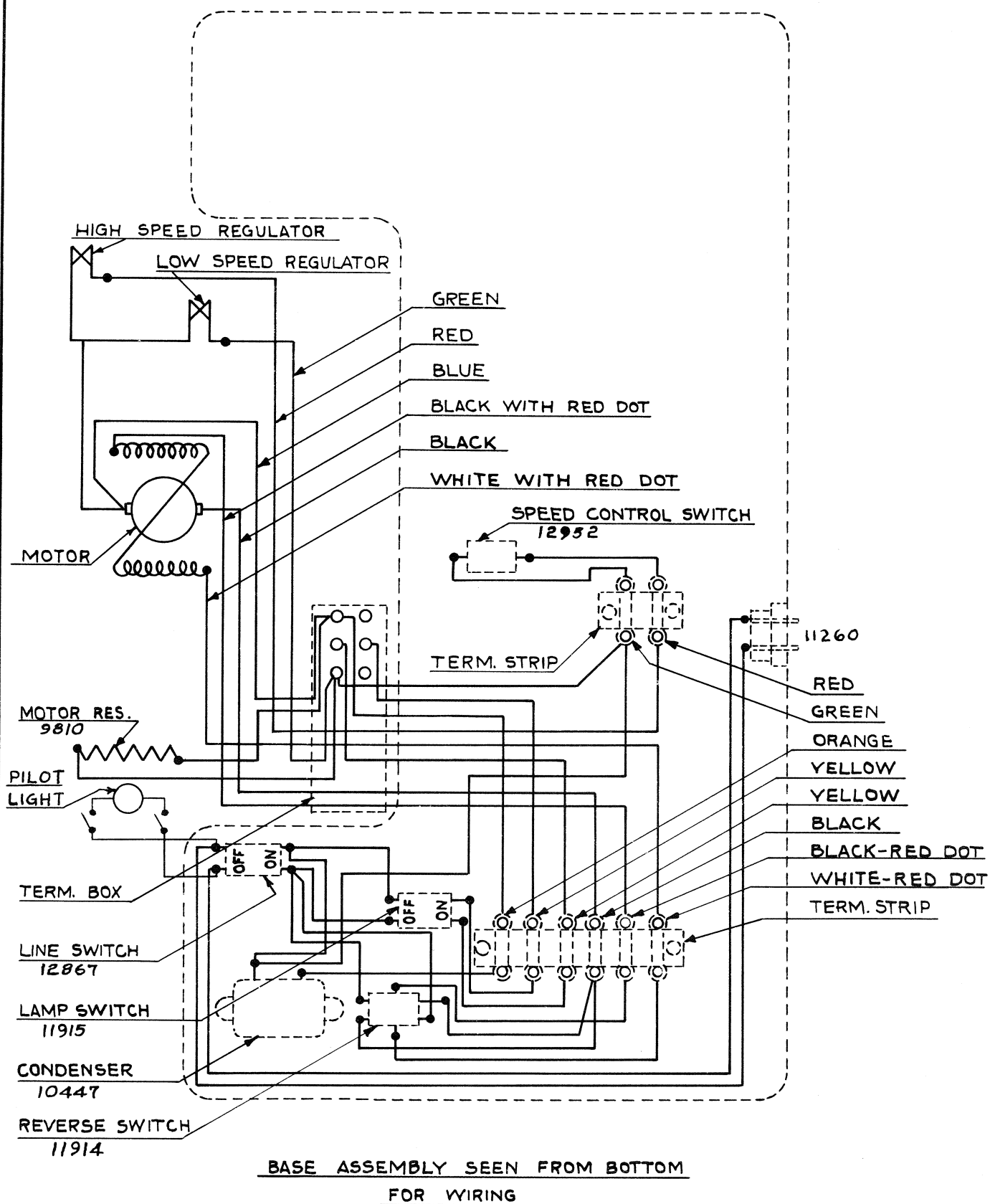
BELL & HOWELL CO. CHICAGO, U.S.A.	
FILMOSOUND DESIGN 138 MODELS A.B.C. & D.	
SERVICE DATA	DRAWN APVD 6-29-36



BASE ASSEMBLY SEEN FROM BOTTOM
FOR WIRING

BELL & HOWELL CO.
CHICAGO, U.S.A.
FILMOSOUND
DESIGN 138
MODELS: F-G-J & K
SERVICE DATA
DRAWN BY
APVD W.S.D.
4-12-37

SUPERSEDES MOD. ABC & D



BELL & HOWELL CO.
CHICAGO U.S.A.

FILMO SOUND
DESIGN 138
MODELS-H-L-M2

SERVICE
DATA

DRAWN *Asc.*
APRD. W.S.D.
1-3-38

SUPERSEDES MOD. E

DESIGN 138, BOOSTER AMPLIFIER NO. 02634GENERAL INFORMATION.

This amplifier was designed for use with the Design 138, Models A to L Filmosound to increase the output. It provides an output stage of two 6F6 tubes in push-pull.

The amplifier is located in the speaker case, and may be exposed by removing the four knurled screws on the back grill of the case. To remove the amplifier for servicing, remove the four screws holding it in the case, and cut off the eyelets holding the bottom cover plate.

The special speaker cable furnished with the booster amplifier connects the 6F6 tube in the Design 138 amplifier as a triode, and supplies 110 volts A.C. to the power transformer in the booster. Note that condensers A401, A501, A366, and A401 supply the filtering for the Design 138 amplifier, as they replace the speaker field and the condenser pack in the regular Design 138 speaker case. Resistors A298 and A333 provide a stabilizing action and keep the volume down, to reduce extraneous noises. The addition of the booster amplifier adds another stage of amplification so the hum, hiss, and microphonic noises will be increased. The tone control A420, with shaft extending through the rear grill, allows the hiss to be reduced by attenuating the high frequencies.

SPEAKER.

The speaker used with the booster is identical to that supplied with the Design 120, Models E and F Filmosounds. They have a 6,850-ohm field and 18-ohm voice coil. The tap supplies reduced voltage for the screen grids.

The speaker field is connected directly across the "B" supply of the booster. Condenser A401 provides sufficient filtering for the plate voltage. Remember in servicing that there are voltages from two "B"

supplies, one in the Design 138 amplifier and one in the booster amplifier.

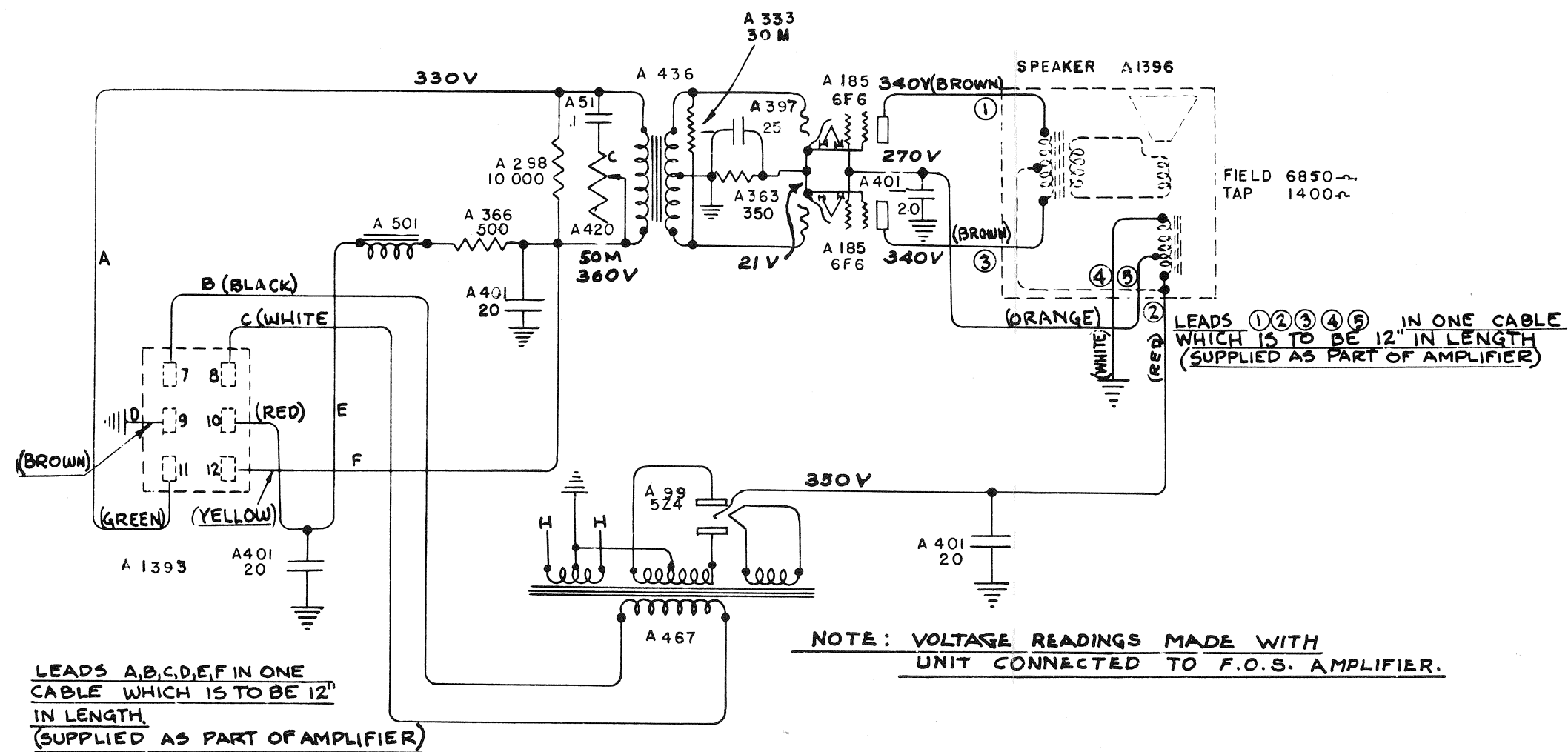
The speaker cord should be very carefully checked for opens within the cord itself.

Voltage readings should be taken with the booster connected to the corresponding amplifier. The power should be on.

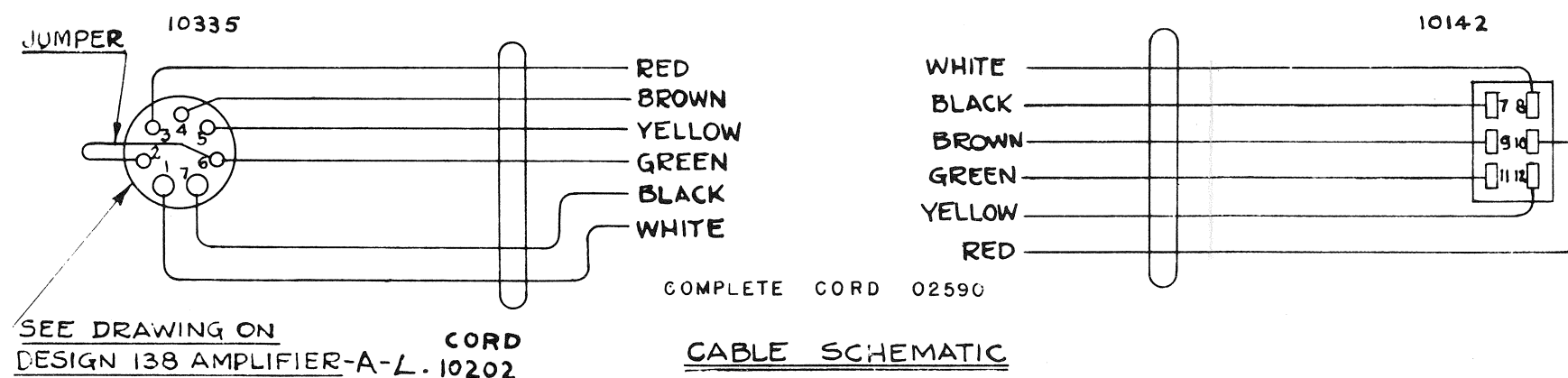
Resistance readings should be taken with the power shut off.

All values are approximate.

The power output of this amplifier is 12 watts.



BOOSTER AMPLIFIER SCHEMATIC



BELL & HOWELL CO. CHICAGO USA		
02634 BOOSTER AMPLIFIER FOR DESIGN 138 FILMOSOUND		
12 19 45	SERVICE DATA	drawn. C.J.N. apvd.

REVISED 12-19-45

DESIGN 138, MODELS M, M-2, and MA

GENERAL INFORMATION.

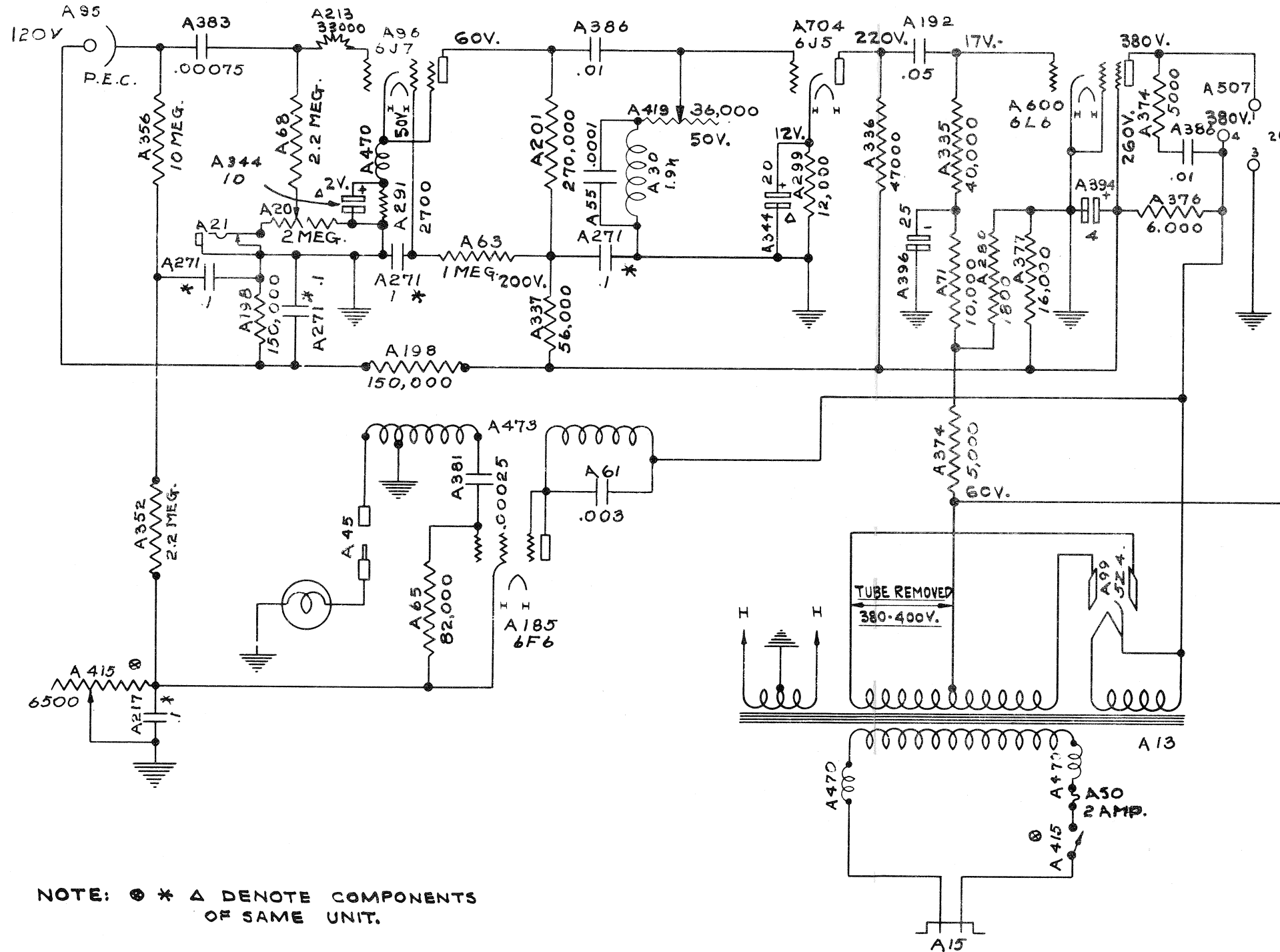
The amplifier for the 138-M series of Filmosounds uses a 6L6 tube in the output and a 6F6 tube as the oscillator.

The voice coil impedance required is 1.8 ohms. The required plate load impedance is 4000 ohms. The power output is 8 watts.

The 6L6 tube operates on semi-fixed bias and, if distortion is noticed, the resistance A374 in the transformer high-voltage center tap circuit should be checked.

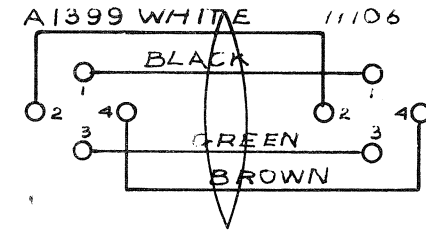
112 V. LINE
(2000 ω PER VOLT VOLTMETER READING)

"0" VOL. ON
55V. VOL. OFF

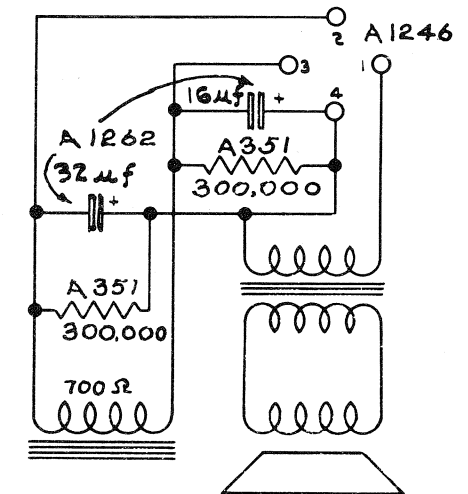
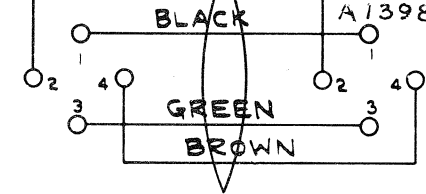


NOTE: $\odot$ * Δ DENOTE COMPONENTS
OF SAME UNIT.

EXTENSION CORD
CORD COMPLETE 03076



CORD COMPLETE 02992
A1399 WHITE / CORD A1342



A1215 - 12" SPEAKER 6-
A1096 8" SPEAKER 1.8-

BELL & HOWELL CO. CHICAGO USA

FILMOSOUND M, MA
DESIGN 138 MODELS

REVISED 12 20 45

SUPERSEDES MOD. ^{ABCE}_{FHJL}

12-20-45

SERVICE
DATA

DRAWN C. J. N.
APVD.

DESIGN 138, UTILITY, COMMERCIAL AND ACADEMY

(Amplifiers No. 03202, 03389, 03401, 03413, 03473, 03634, and 12634)

GENERAL INFORMATION.

The various models of the Utility, Commercial, and Academy Filmsounds are identified by the following method:

Utility	Commercial	Academy
138-R, -U, -X	138-S, -V, -Y	138-T, -W, -Z
Two cases 12" speaker	Single case 8" speaker	Two cases 8" speaker

Several different amplifiers were used in these models. Bell & Howell keeps a very accurate record of the type of amplifier used with every Filmsound serial number. Under no circumstances should they be changed to another type. Amplifiers may be identified by the numbers appearing on the front of the chassis to the left of the control panel or by a small plate attached to the bottom plate of amplifier. When replacing the amplifier bottom plate, place a small amount of Dupont household or General Electric glyptol cement on the screw threads. This will prevent the screws from working loose.

All amplifiers of this series use 6V6 tubes connected in push-pull and deliver 12 watts of undistorted power.

SPEAKER.

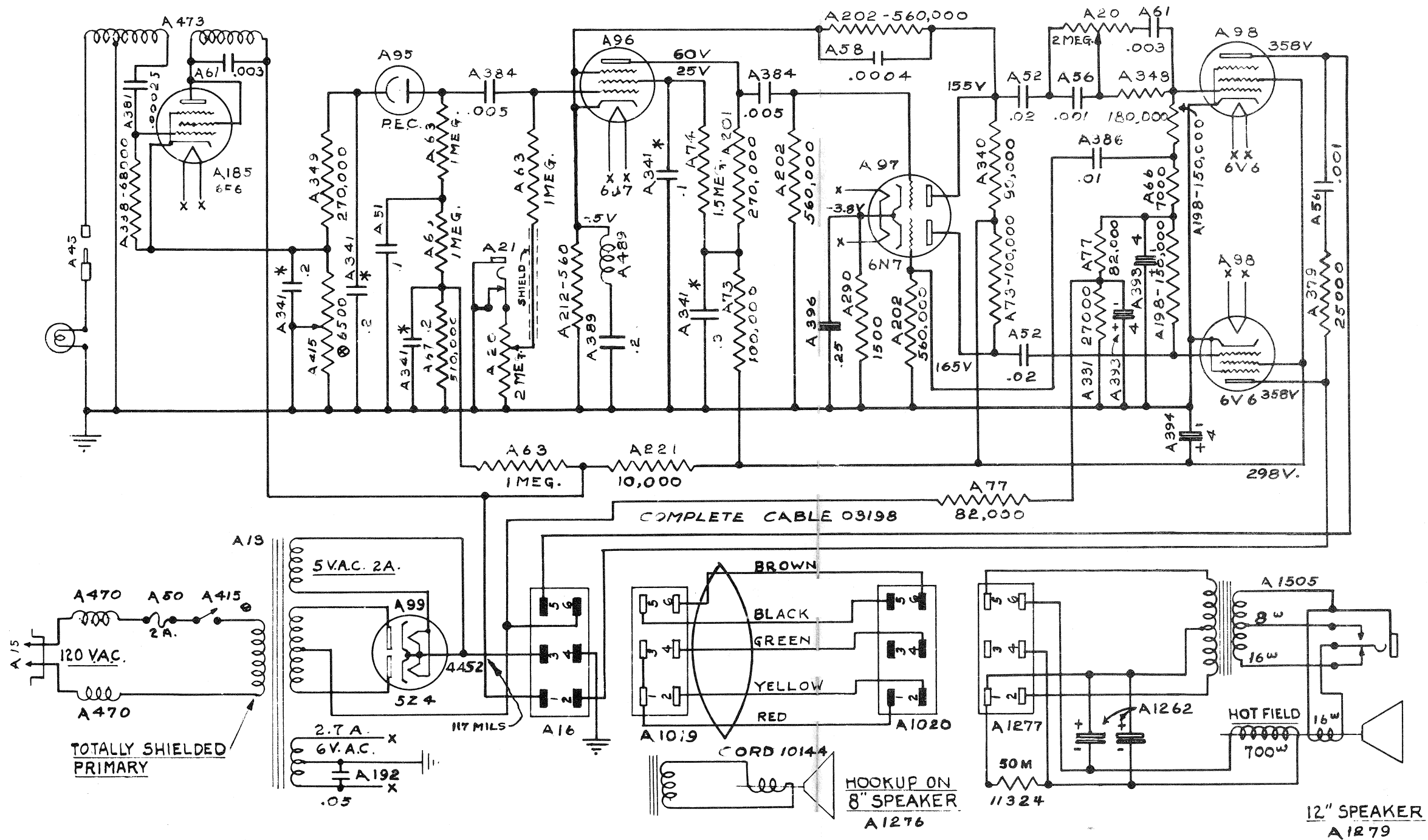
While the circuits vary somewhat, speakers are all interchangeable for testing purposes. The relay used in the later ones is only for discharging the filter condensers.

DESIGN 138, AMPLIFIER NO. 03202

GENERAL INFORMATION.

This amplifier uses a 6F6 tube as an oscillator. The speaker is different from the rest of these models, having a 50M, 10-watt resistor, part No. 11324, in the circuit. No relay is used.

Note that inverse feedback is used and that the tone control is in the input circuit of one of the output tubes.



NOTE: * @ DENOTE COMPONENTS
OF SAME UNIT.

ALL GROUND LEADS ARE GREEN.
EX. VOLTS MIN. = 1.9 V.
EX. VOLTS MAX. = 4.1 V

BELL & HOWELL CO. CHICAGO U.S.A.

FILMOSOUND
DESIGN 138 MODELS R S T RA SA TA

SUPERSEDES	M & MA	4-12-38	REVISED 12 21 45
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12 20 45

SERVICE DATA

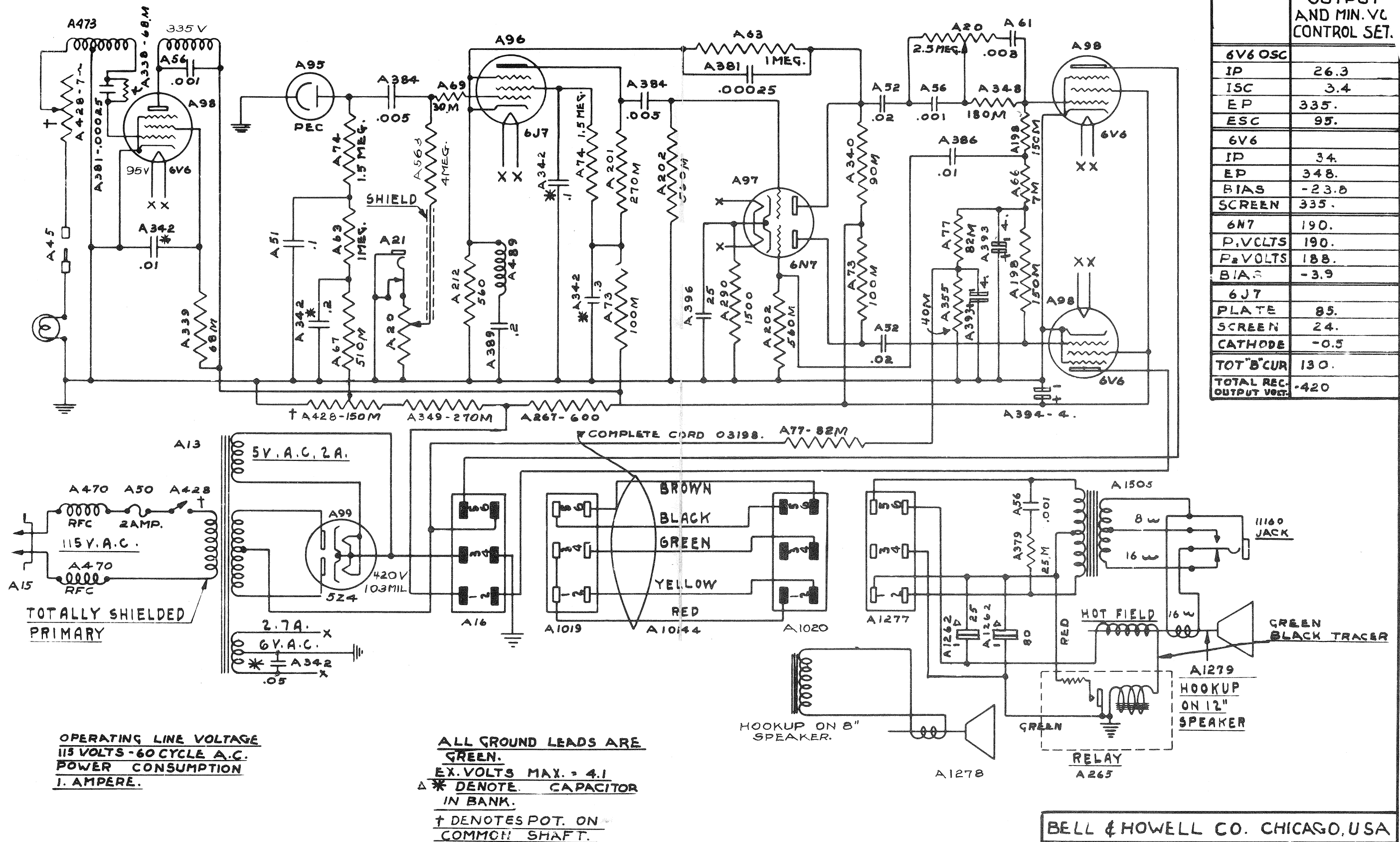
DRAWN
APVD

03202. FOR AMPLIFIER WITH SERIAL NOS. FROM 76615 TO 77214 INC

DESIGN 138, AMPLIFIER NO. 03389GENERAL INFORMATION.

Many of these amplifiers became unstable after being in use for some time. Therefore, the following changes must be made whenever an amplifier wired like the diagram on page E-14 is encountered. A 7,000-10,000-ohm, 1/2-watt resistor should be inserted between the oscillator grid leak condenser combination and the tube grid or oscillator coil lead. The 70M screen resistor should be changed to a 30M, 1/2-watt resistor, A-170, and the bypass condenser should be disconnected and taped. Do not clip the lead at the condenser. Resistors A74 and A67 in the photocell and 6J7 grid circuit should be transposed. When re-installing resistor A-67, mount it with very short leads and place close to the coupling condenser A384. If amplifier is microphonic, move the condenser resistor combination slightly by means of a thin screw driver placed thru one of the bottom plate holes. Install a 50M, 1-watt resistor, A336, across the outside terminals of the photocell section of the volume control. The series feed resistor A349 (275M) should be changed to resistor A1043, 100M, 1/2-watt. The voltage at the junction point of the control and resistor should be between 100 and 120 volts. If the voltage is too high or too low, change the 100M resistor to one of lower or higher value. Do not remove original resistor from terminal strip. Lay new resistor in chassis close to the bottom plate stud, connecting it to the opposite end of original resistor which fed A428. Change microphone control A20.

The majority of these amplifiers have already been changed and are usually marked with a dot of red paint on one of the base plate rivets.



	AT ZERO OUTPUT AND MIN. V _C CONTROL SET.
6V6 OSC	
IP	26.3
ISC	3.4
EP	335.
ESC	95.
6V6	
IP	34.
EP	348.
BIAS	-23.0
SCREEN	335.
6N7	190.
P ₁ VOLTS	190.
P ₂ VOLTS	188.
BIAS	-3.9
6J7	
PLATE	85.
SCREEN	24.
CATHODE	-0.5
TOT ^{al} B ^{ias} CUR	130.
TOTAL REC. OUTPUT VOLT.	-420

BELL & HOWELL CO. CHICAGO, USA

FILMOSOUND. R.S.T.
DESIGN 138 MODELS RA, SA, TA

SUPERSEDES A.S.T. RA.SA.TA 12-1-38

1-3-46

SERVICE
DATA

DRAWN. C J N
A P V D.

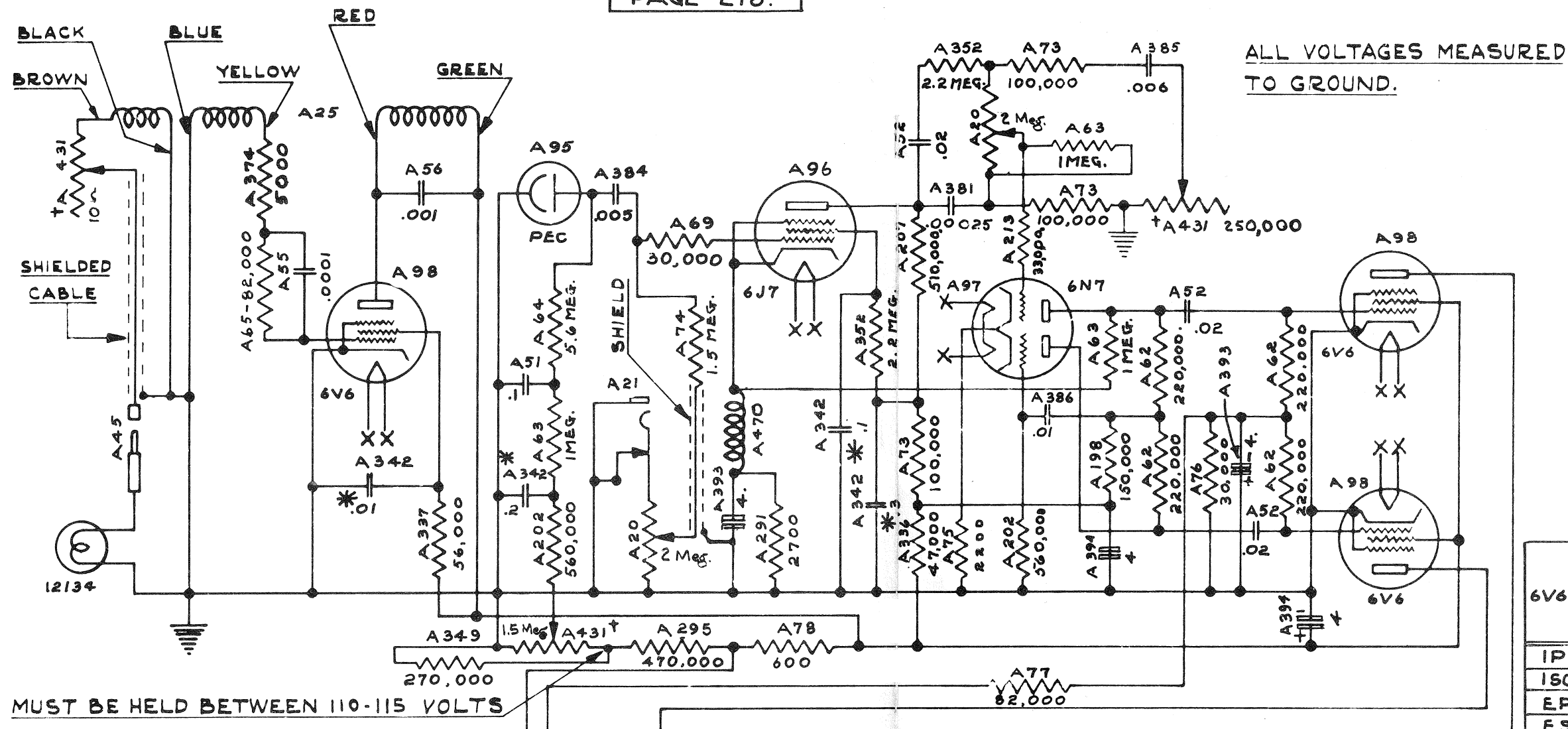
FOR USE WITH AMPLIFIER 03389.

DESIGN 138, AMPLIFIER NO. 03401

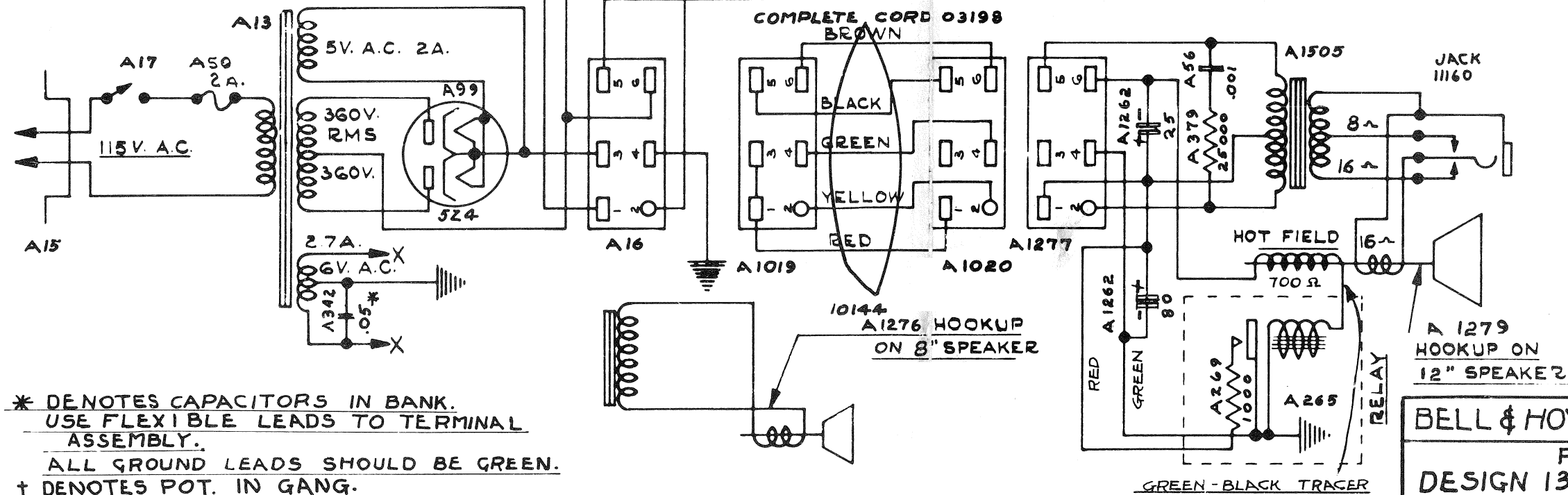
GENERAL INFORMATION.

Failure of exciter lamp to operate may be due to shorted turns in oscillator coil. If tubes are known to be good and all voltages are correct then change coil.

When the exciter lamp voltage is excessive, remove the No. A337 screen resistor. Replace it with a 30M resistor No. A170 and disconnect the by-pass condenser lead. Tape up. Do not clip off at condenser bank.



MUST BE HELD BETWEEN 110-115 VOLTS



* DENOTES CAPACITORS IN BANK.
USE FLEXIBLE LEADS TO TERMINAL
ASSEMBLY.
ALL GROUND LEADS SHOULD BE GREEN.
† DENOTES POT. IN GANG.

6V6 OSC.	AT ZERO OUTPUT AND MIN.VOLCON SETTING	AT MAX. UNDISTORT ED OUTPUT MAX.VOL.CON SETTING.
IP	30.	
ISC	2.8	
EP	326.	
ESC	140.	
6VA		
IP	36.	32.
EP	338.	328.
BIE	-20.	-23.0
SCREEN	326.	316.
6N7		
P ₁ VOLTS	75.	72.
P ₂ VOLTS	76.	72.
BIAS	-2.	1.8
6J7		
PLATE	60.	55.
SCREEN	27.5	24.
CATHODE	-1.0	-1.0
TOTAL "B" CURRENT	110	120
TOTAL REC. OUTPUT VOLT	425	405

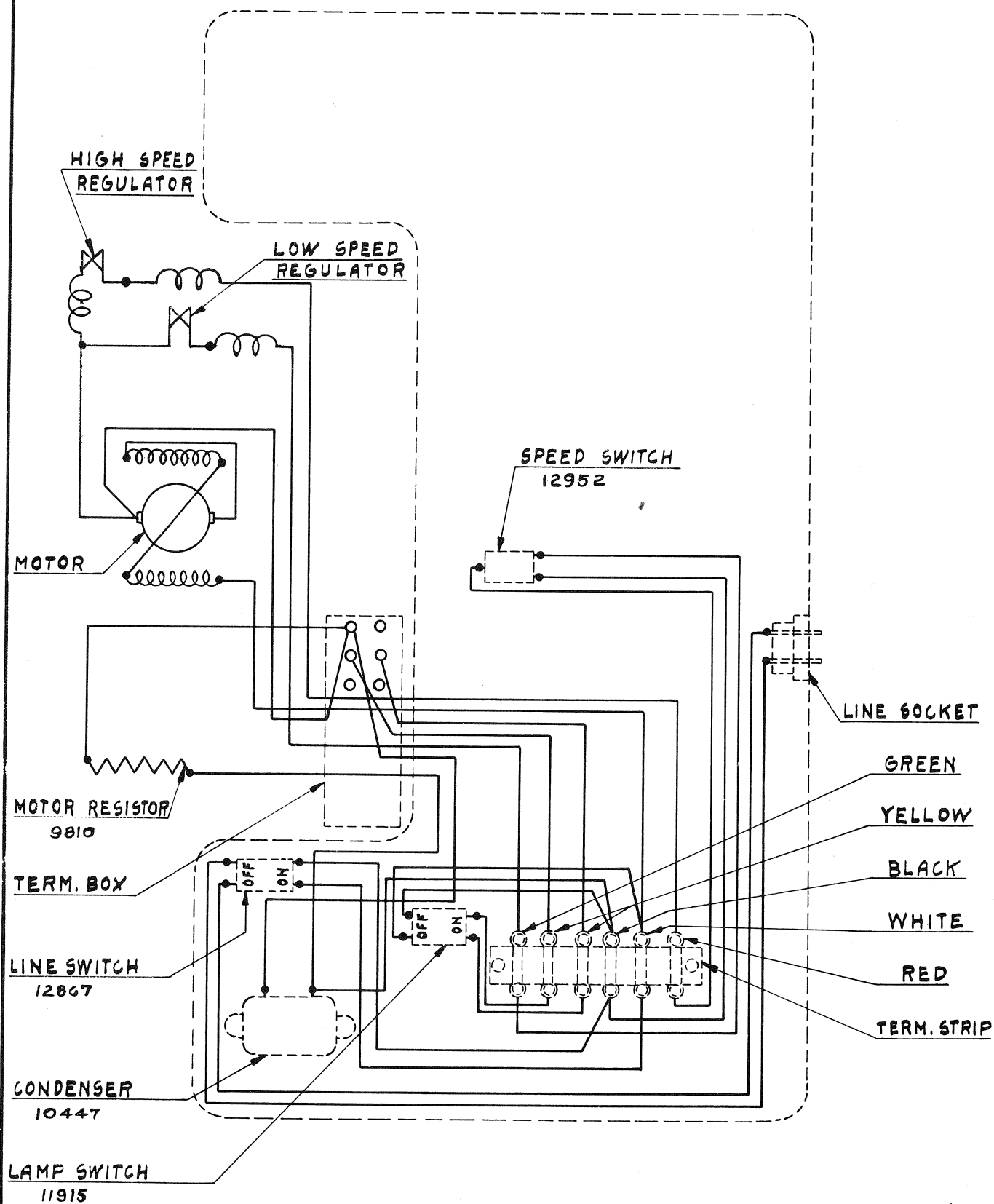
BELL & HOWELL CO. CHICAGO, USA.

FILMOSOUND TA.
DESIGN 138 MODELS RST, RASA

2-1-46

SERVICE DATA	DRAWN C.J.N. APVD.
-----------------	-----------------------

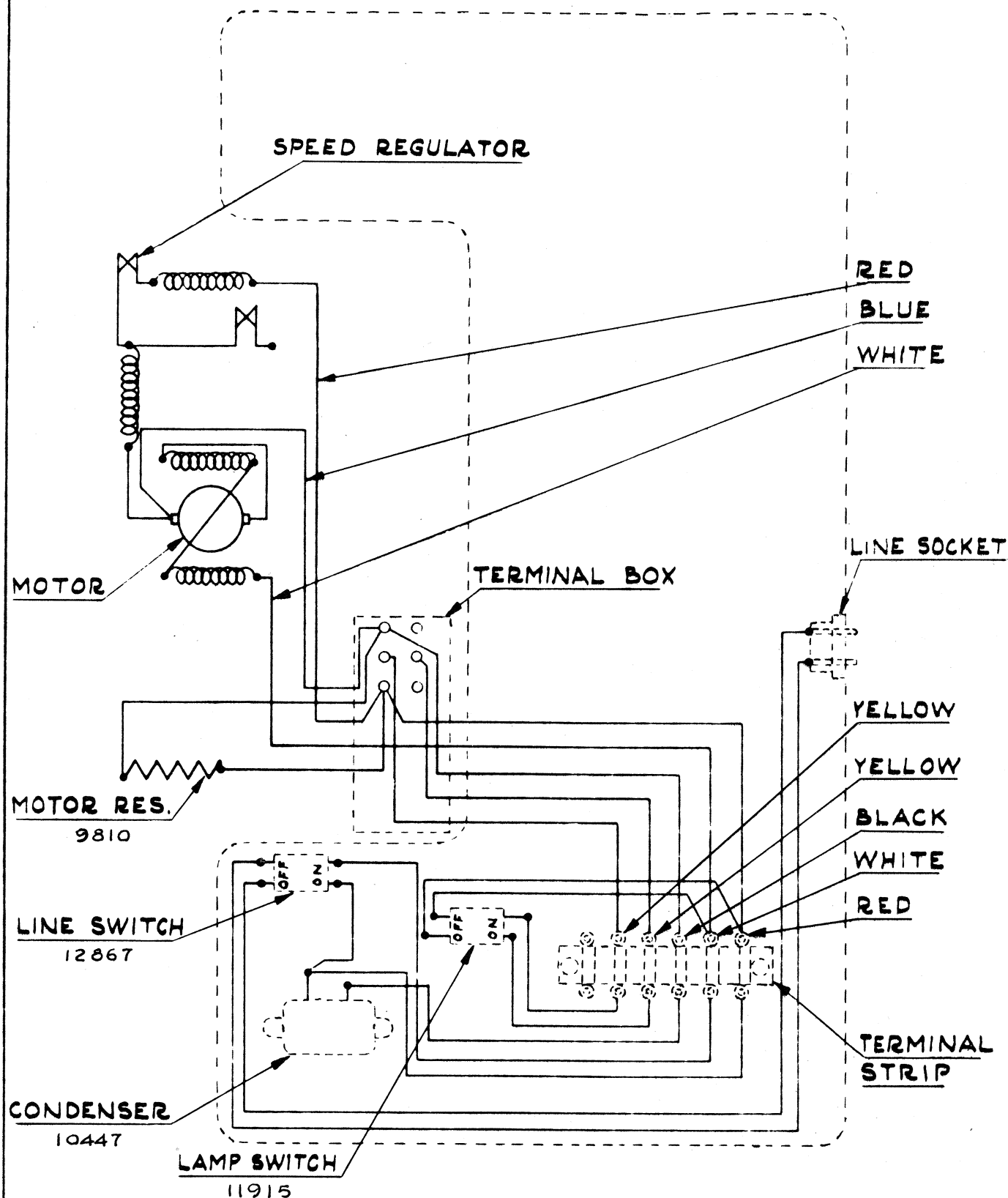
FOR USE WITH AMPLIFIER 03401



BOTTOM VIEW OF BASE ASSEMBLY
SHOWING WIRING

ACADEMY

BELL & HOWELL CO. CHICAGO U.S.A.	
FILMOSOUND DESIGN 138	
SERVICE DATA	DRAWN F.L. APRD. 10-24-38

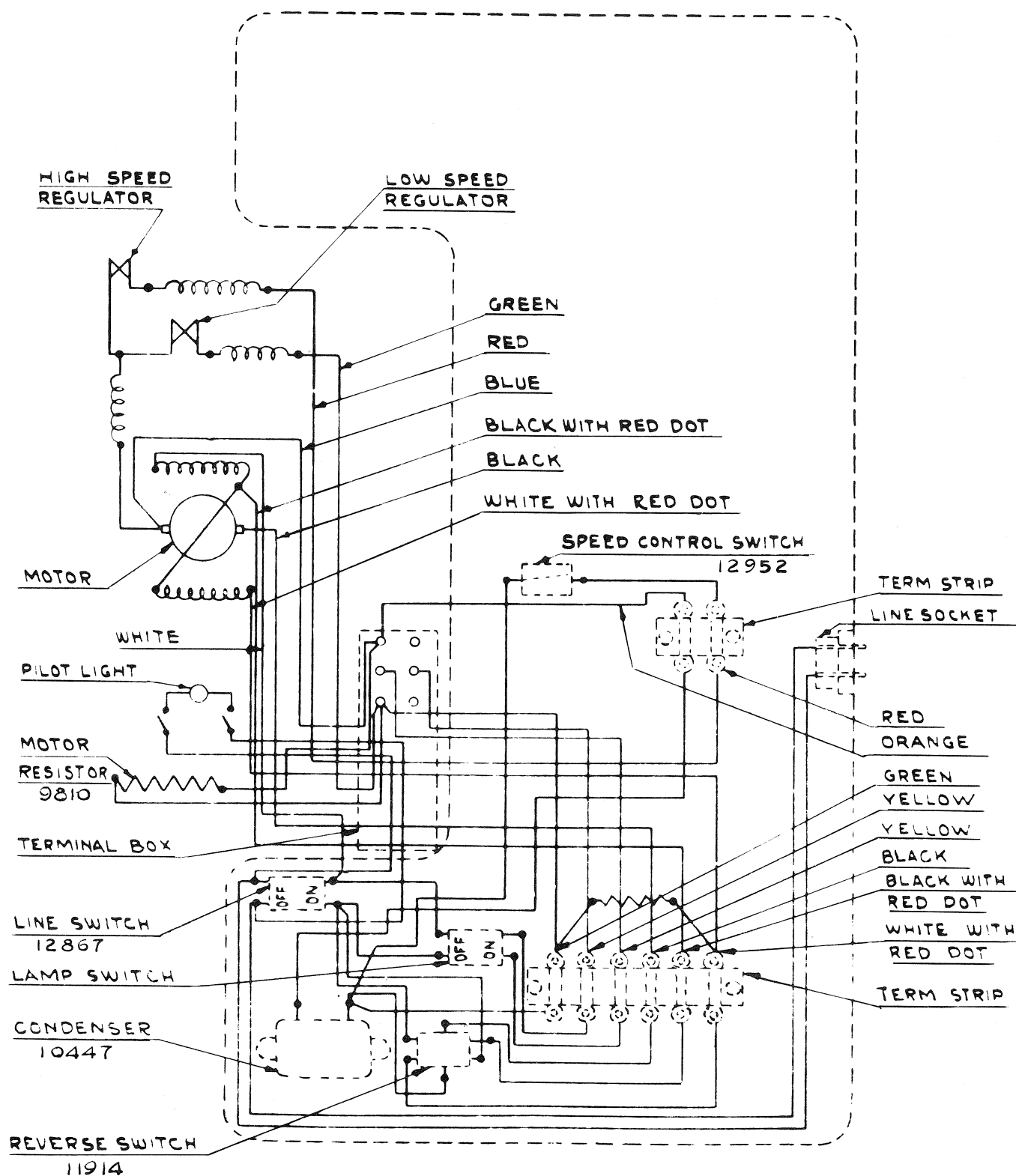


**BASE ASSEMBLY SEEN FROM BOTTOM
SHOWING WIRING**

COMMERCIAL

MOD'S. S-SA-SB
SUPERSEDES (10-21-38)

BELL & HOWELL CO CHICAGO, ILL.	
FILMOSOUND DESIGN 138 MODELS	
SERVICE DATA	DRAWN ROL APVD 1-19-39



BASE ASSEMBLY SEEN FROM BOTTOM
FOR WIRING

UTILITY

BELL & HOWELL CO	
CHICAGO, U.S.A.	
FILMOSOUND	
DESIGN 138	
SERVICE DATA	DRAWN BY APVD 11-29-34

DESIGN 138, AMPLIFIERS NO. 03413, 03473, 03634, and 12634

GENERAL INFORMATION.

All of the above amplifiers are very much alike, the main difference being in the tone control circuits.

Low volume may be caused by a shorted section in condenser A37 and leaking between sections of condenser A38. The latter will usually become very hot when it is not in satisfactory condition. Fading of volume can also be caused by this condenser.

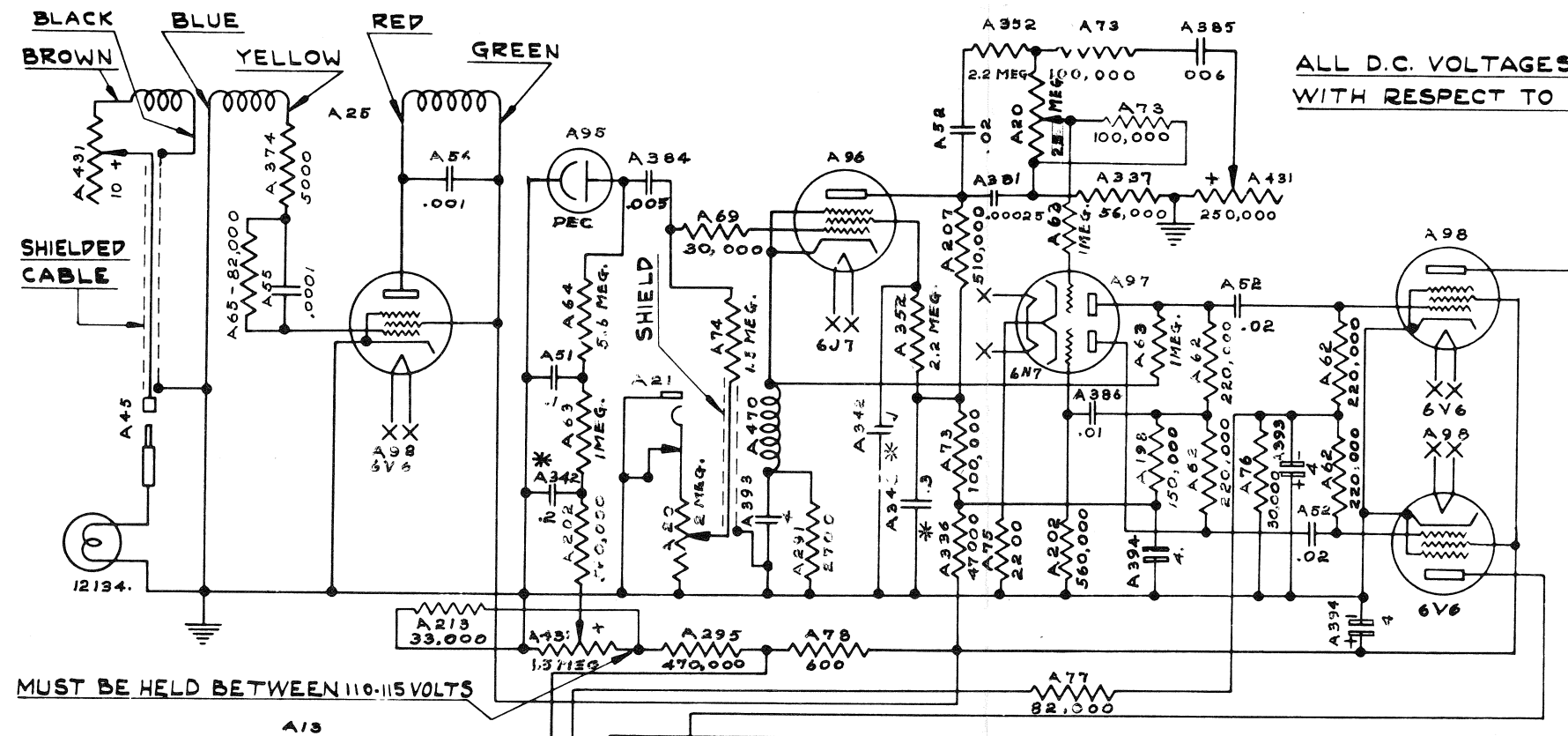
NOTE

The 03634 and 12634 amplifiers use a 6SC7 phase inverter tube rather than the 6N7 tube.

The two tubes are not interchangeable.

Metal 6V6 tubes may be used thruout although a glass 6V6GT tube will usually be found in the oscillator socket. 6V6GT tubes may be used exclusively but it will be necessary to install grounded metal shields on the tubes in the output sockets.

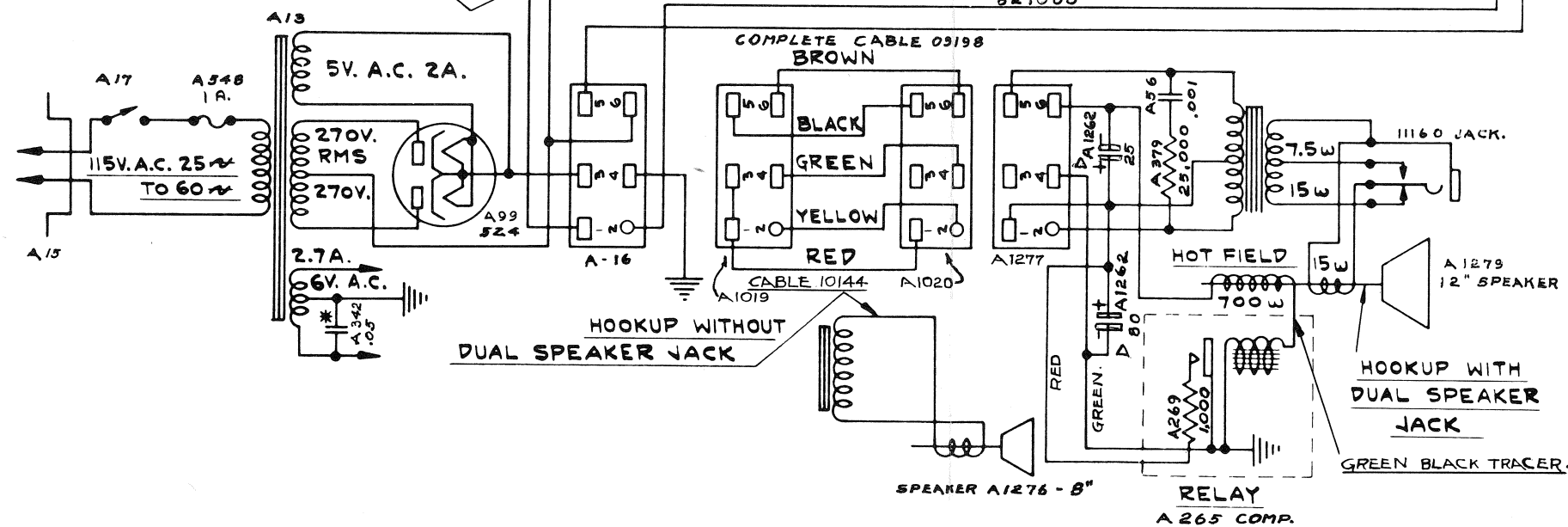
The 03413 amplifier is a 25-cycle amplifier. There are three series of them -- all bearing the same part number. The first series followed the 03401 circuit, the second the 03473 circuit and the third the 12634 circuit. Diagrams of the first two circuits are shown.



ALL D.C. VOLTAGES ARE WITH RESPECT TO GROUND.

	AT ZERO OUT PUT AND MAXIMUM VOLUME CONTROL SETTING
6V6 OSC.	
IP	28 MA
ISC	4.5 MA
EP	250 VOLTS
ESC	250 VOLTS
6V6	
IP	28 MA
EP	265 VOLTS
BIAS	-15.6 VOLTS
SCREEN	250 VOLTS
6N7	
P1 VOLTS	70 VOLTS
P2 VOLTS	75 VOLTS
BIAS	1.2 VOLTS
6J7	
PLATE	42 VOLTS
SCREEN	22 VOLTS
CATHODE	-1 VOLT
TOTAL B+ CURR.	90 MA
TOTAL RECT. OUTPUT VOLTS	330

MUST BE HELD BETWEEN 110-115 VOLTS



S INDICATES TERMINAL AT CLOCKWISE STOP.

ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH EXCITER LAMP FULL ON AND NO SIGNAL AT 115V. LINE. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED TO GROUND.

† INDICATES CONTROLS ON SAME SHAFT.

*A DENOTE CAPACITORS LOCATED IN BANKS.

WIRING COLOR CODE.
WHITE - GROUND BROWN - SCREEN
YELLOW - CATHODE BLUE - PLATE
RED - B+ BLACK - HEATER.
GREEN - GRID

BELL & HOWELL CO. CHICAGO U.S.A.

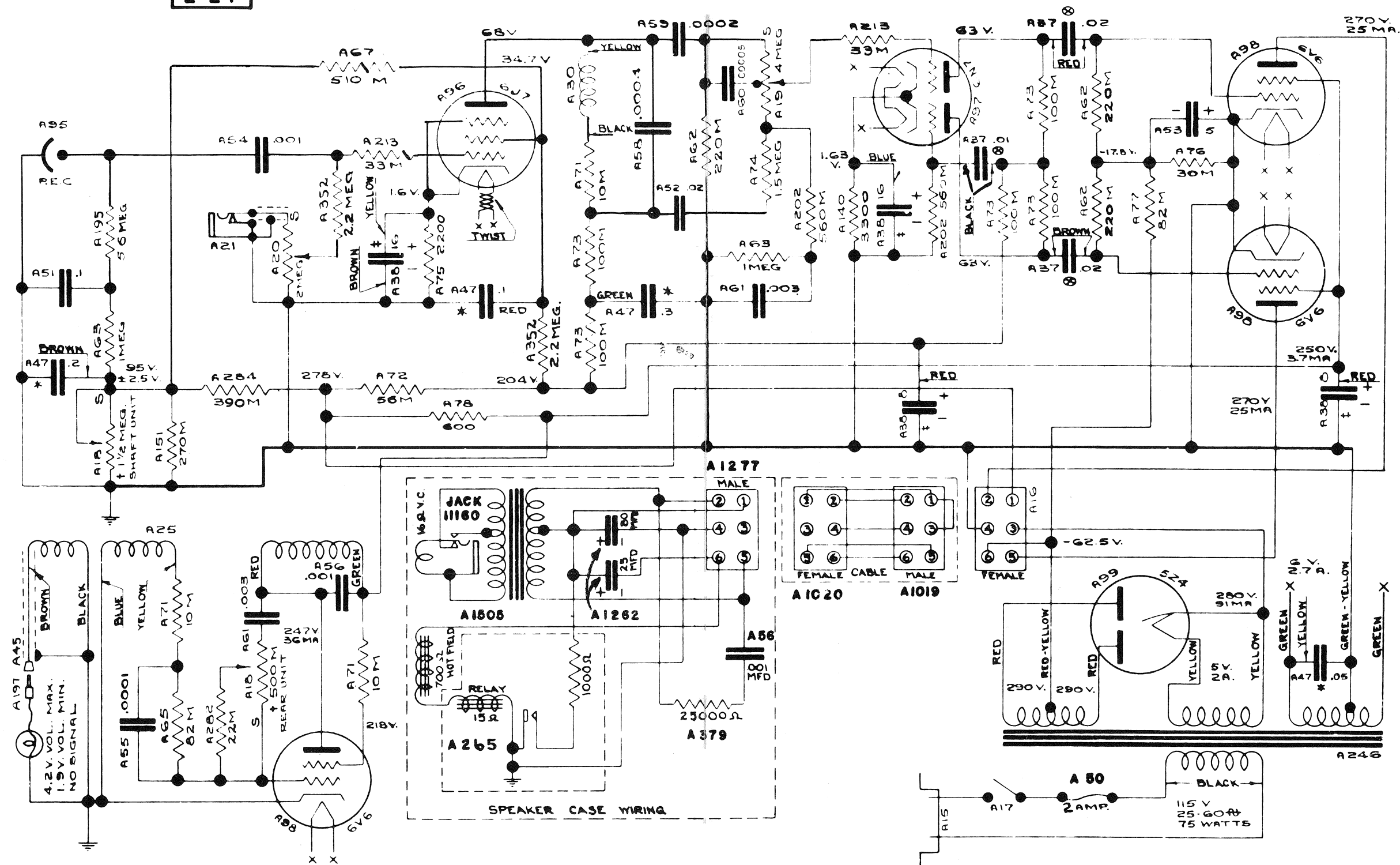
FILMOSOUND
DESIGN 138 MODELS RB SBTB

29-12-45 SERVICE DATA DRAWN CJN
APVD.

FOR USE WITH AMPLIFIER *03413.

EX. VOLTS MIN. NO SIGNAL 1.5 VOLTS
EX. VOLTS MAX. NO SIGNAL 4 VOLTS
WITH V.T. METER.

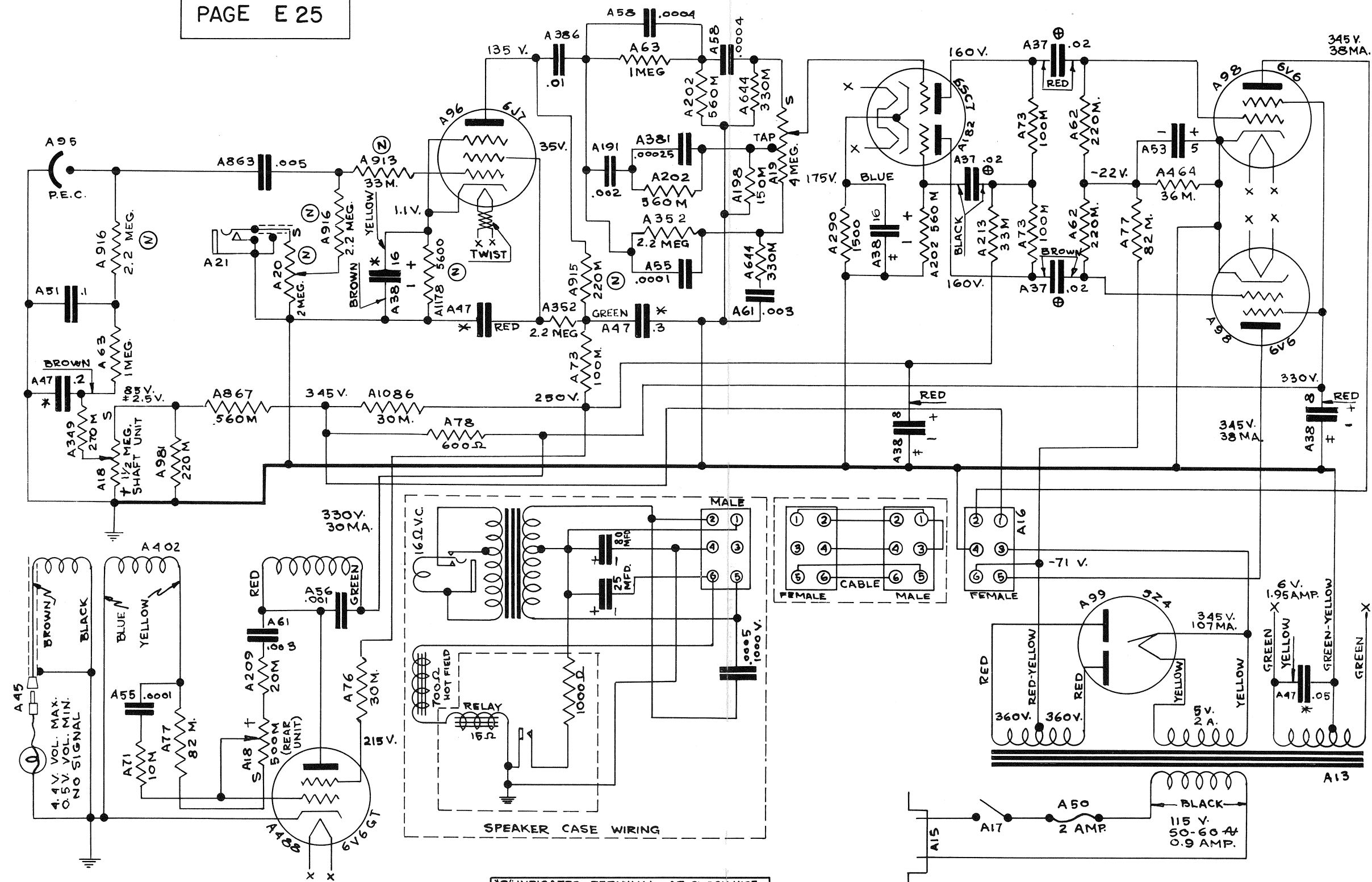
COMMERCIAL
ACADEMY
UTILITY.



SERVICE DATA

AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM

COMMERCIAL, ACADEMY, & UTILITY
25 CYCLE FILMOSOUNDFOR USE ONLY WITH
AMPLIFIER PART NO. 03413 DATE 3-22-40



"S" INDICATES TERMINAL AT CLOCKWISE STOP. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH EXCITER LAMP FULL ON AND NO SIGNAL AT 115V. LINE. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED TO GROUND.
 * ≠ ⊕ DENOTE CAPACITORS LOCATED IN BANK.
 † INDICATES CONTROLS ON SAME SHAFT
 (N) INDICATES NOISE TESTED RESISTOR

WIRING COLOR CODE	
WHITE - GROUND	BROWN - SCREEN
YELLOW - CATHODE	BLUE - PLATE
RED - B+	BLACK - HEATER
GREEN - GRID	

AS 117

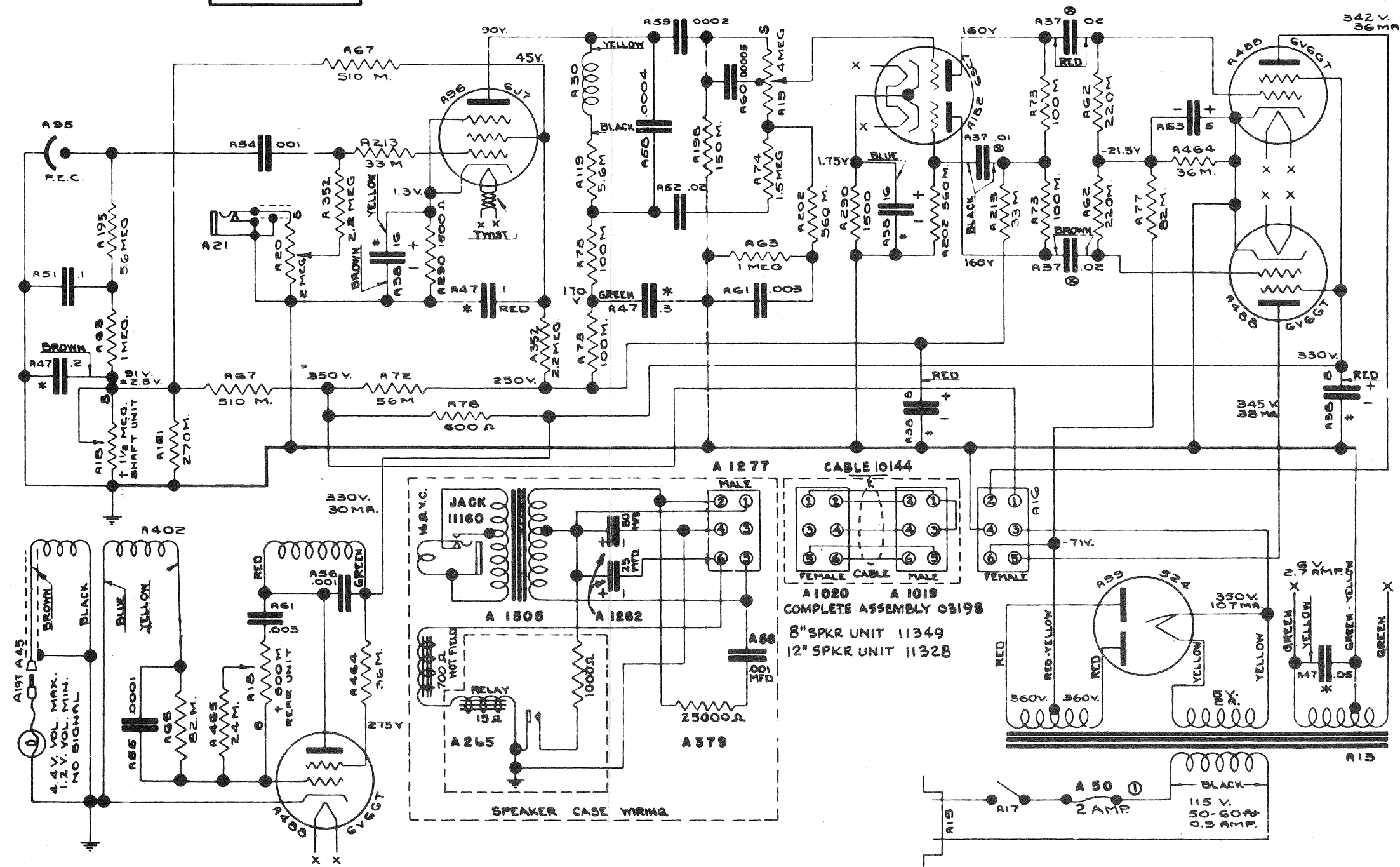
SERVICE DATA

AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM

COMMERICAL ACADEMY & UTILITY
60 CYCLE FILMOSOUND

FOR USE WITH
AMPLIFIER 03473

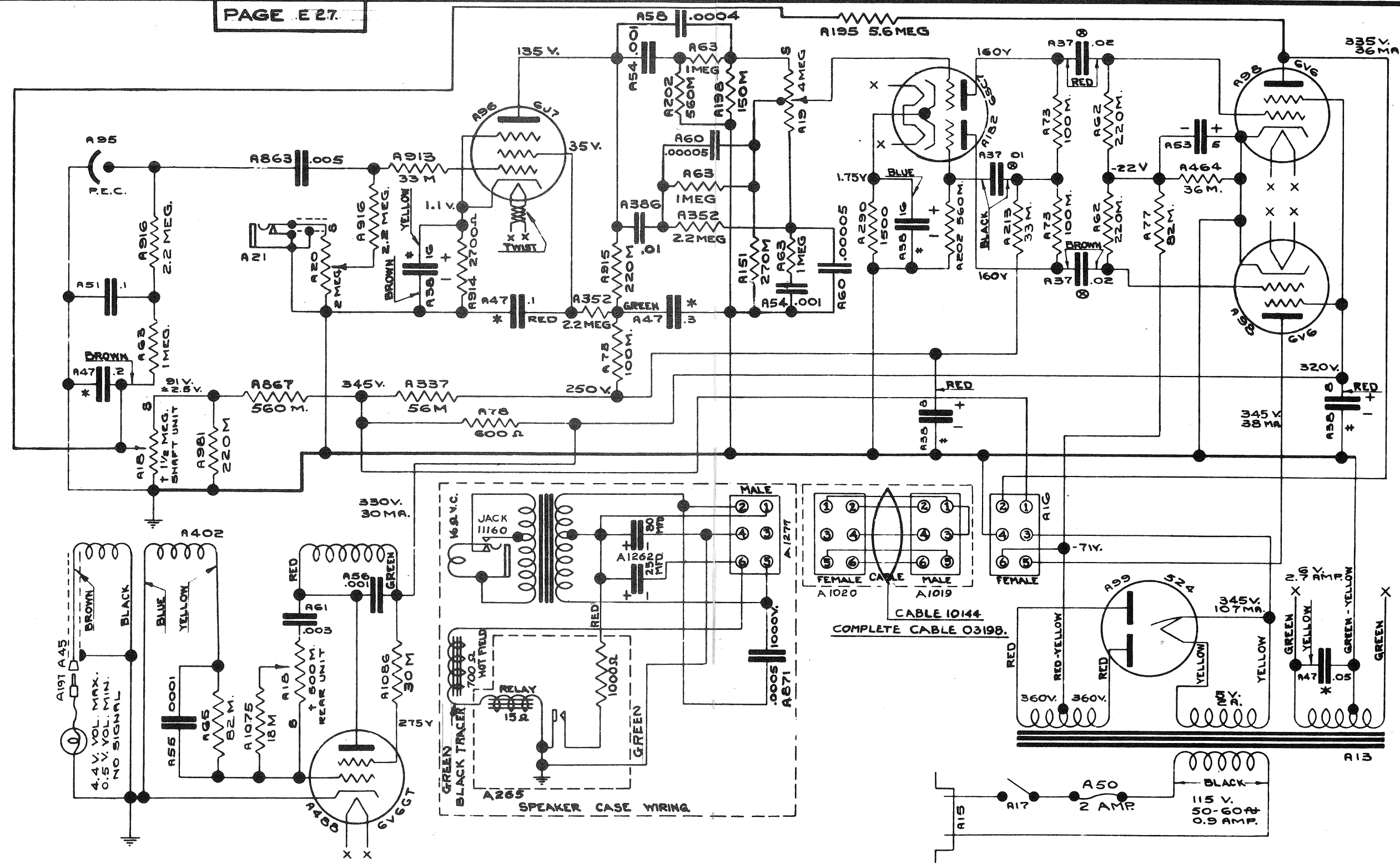
DATE 6-14-46



"S" INDICATES TERMINAL AT CLOCKWISE STOP. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH EXCITER LAMP FULL ON AND NO SIGNAL AT 115 V. LINE. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED TO GROUND
 * & # DENOTE CAPACITORS LOCATED IN BANK
 † INDICATED CONTROLS ON SAME SHAFT

WIRING COLOR CODE	
WHITE - GROUND	BROWN - SCREEN
YELLOW - CATHODE	BLUE - PLATE
RED - B+	BLACK - HEATER
GREEN - GRID	

SERVICE DATA	
AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM	
COMMERICAL . ACADEMY . & UTILITY	
60 CYCLE FILMOSOUND	
FOR USE ONLY WITH AMPLIFIER PART NO. 03634	DATE 3-22-40



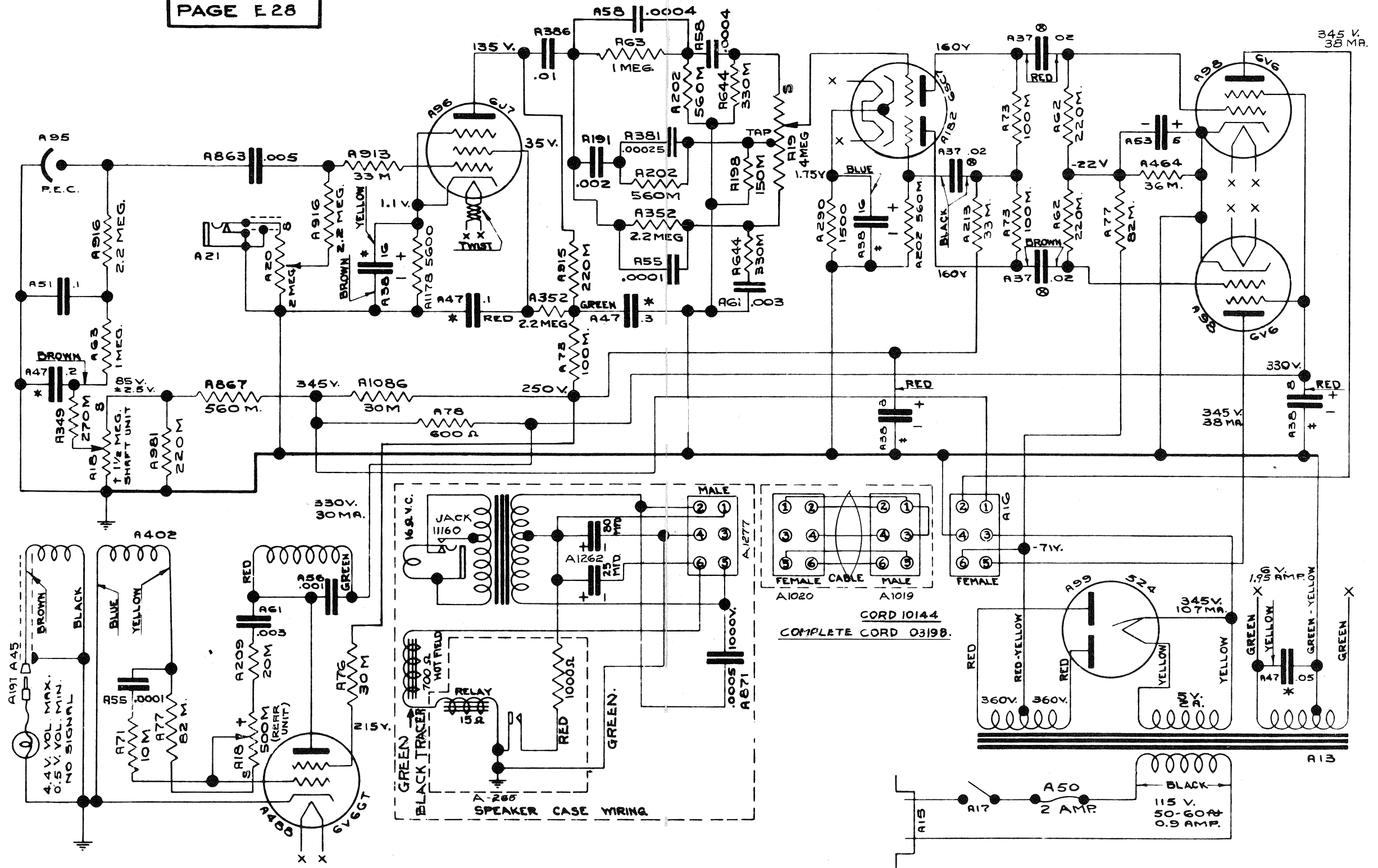
"S" INDICATES TERMINAL AT CLOCKWISE STOP. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH EXCITER LAMP FULL ON AND NO SIGNAL AT 115 V. LINE. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED TO GROUND. * & † DENOTE CAPACITORS LOCATED IN BANK. † INDICATED CONTROLS ON SAME SHAFT

WIRING COLOR CODE	
WHITE - GROUND	BROWN - SCREEN
YELLOW - CATHODE	BLUE - PLATE
RED - B +	BLACK - HEATER
GREEN - GRID	

FOR USE WITH AMPLIFIERS BEARING SERIAL NUMBERS FROM 100001 TO 100900 INCLUSIVE.

SERVICE DATA	
AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM	
COMMERICAL, ACADEMY & UTILITY	
60 CYCLE FILMOSOUND	
FOR USE ONLY WITH AMPLIFIER PART NO. 12634	DATE 7-31-40

AS9



"S" INDICATES TERMINAL AT CLOCKWISE STOP. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH EXCITER LAMP FULL ON AND NO SIGNAL AT 115 V. LINE. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED TO GROUND.
* † ⊕ DENOTE CAPACITORS LOCATED IN BANK.
† INDICATED CONTROLS ON SAME SHAFT

WIRING COLOR CODE	
WHITE - GROUND	BROWN - SCREEN
YELLOW - CATHODE	BLUE - PLATE
RED - B+	BLACK - HEATER
GREEN - GRID	

FOR USE WITH AMPLIFIERS
BEARING SERIAL NUMBERS
STARTING WITH 100901.

REVISED (X)
C.O. 244 3-23-44

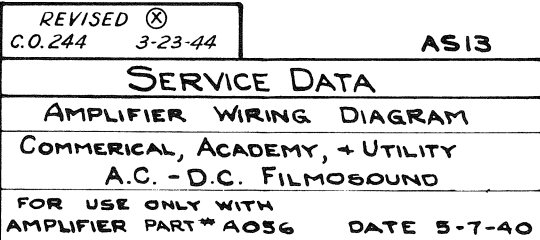
AS 37

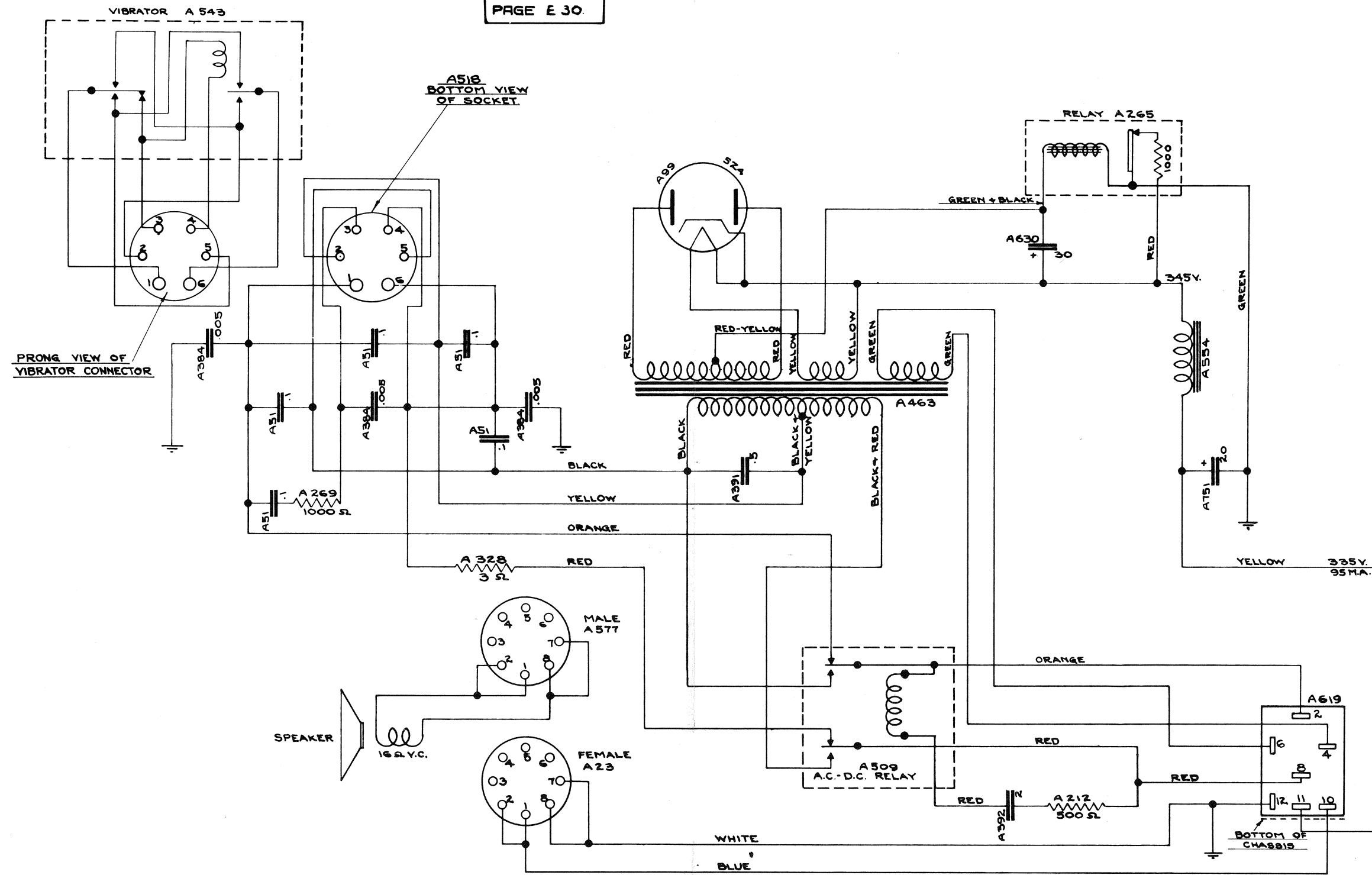
SERVICE DATA

AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM

COMMERICAL . ACADEMY . & UTILITY
60 CYCLE FILMOSOUND

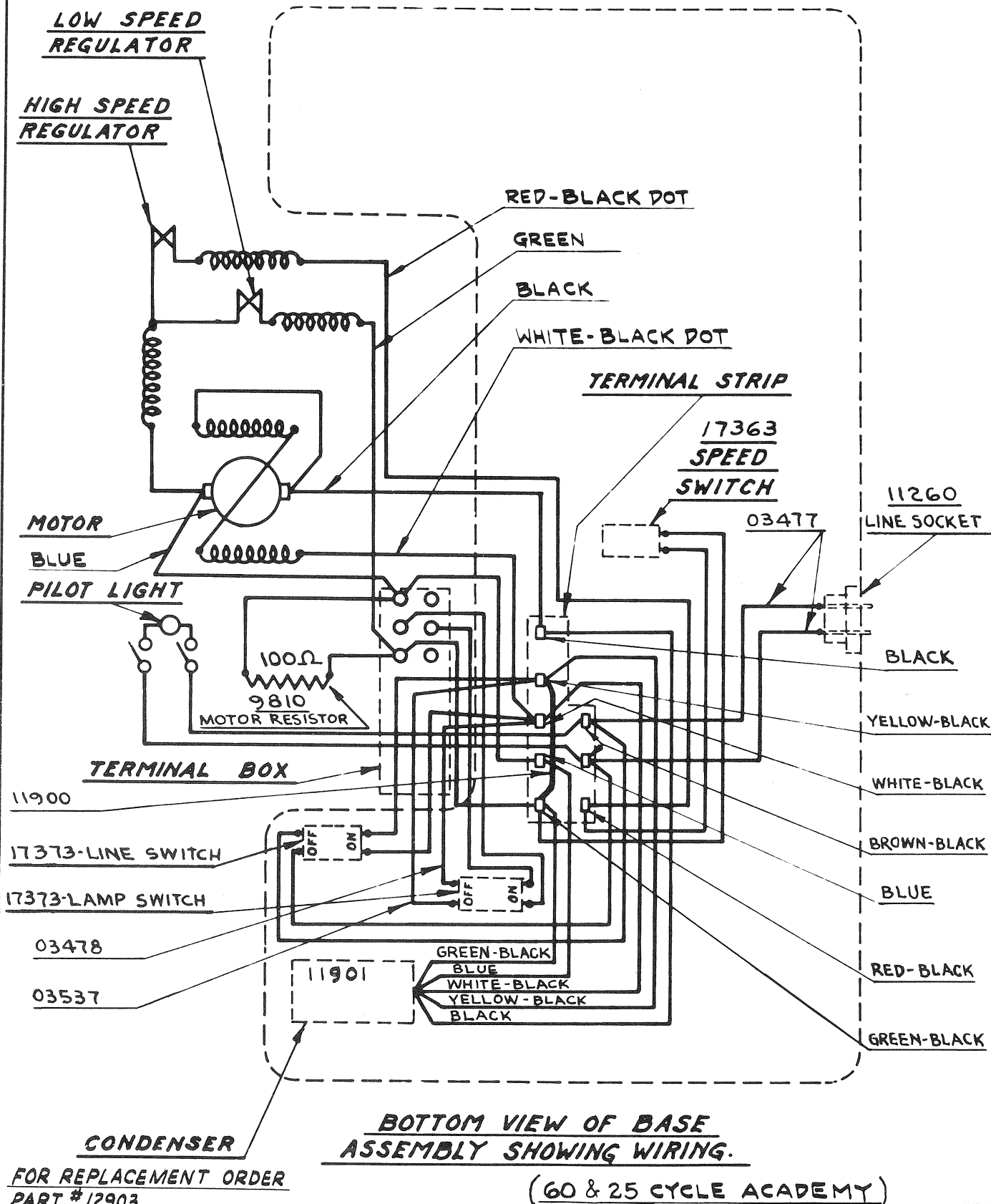
FOR USE ONLY WITH
AMPLIFIER PART NO. 12634 DATE 2-6-41





A528

SERVICE DATA	
POWER SUPPLY WIRING DIAGRAM	
COMMERICAL, ACADEMY & UTILITY	
A.C.-D.C. FILMOSOUND	
FOR USE ONLY WITH	DATE 5-8-40
POWER SUPPLY PART# A051	



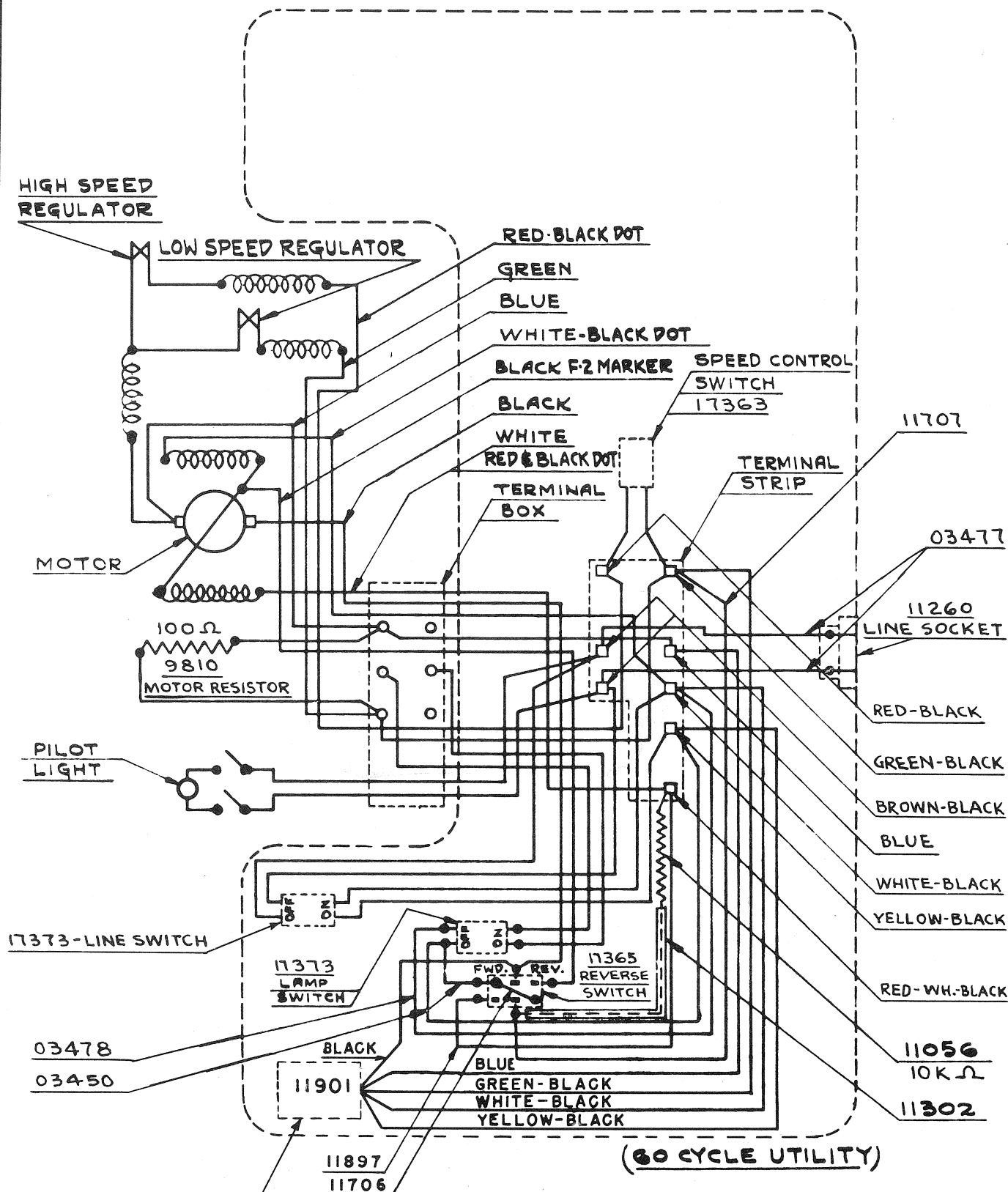
COLOR CODE	
11901	12903
GREEN - BLACK	= WHITE WITH BLACK & GREEN
BLUE	= WHITE WITH GREEN & RED
WHITE - BLACK	= WHITE WITH BROWN
YELLOW - BLACK	= WHITE WITH BLACK & ORANGE
BLACK	= WHITE WITH BLACK & RED

Bell & Howell Co. Chicago, Ill. U.S.A.

PROJECTOR WIRING DIAGRAM FOR
DESIGN 138 MODELS T-W-Z

DATE 2-17-53

SERVICE
DATADRAWN
APVD.



CONDENSER
FOR REPLACEMENT ORDER
PART #12903

COLOR CODE

11901	12903
GREEN-BLACK	= WHITE WITH BLACK & GREEN
BLUE	= WHITE WITH GREEN & RED
WHITE-BLACK	= WHITE WITH BROWN
YELLOW-BLACK	= WHITE WITH BLACK & ORANGE
BLACK	= WHITE WITH BLACK & RED

BOTTOM VIEW OF BASE
ASSEMBLY SHOWING WIRING

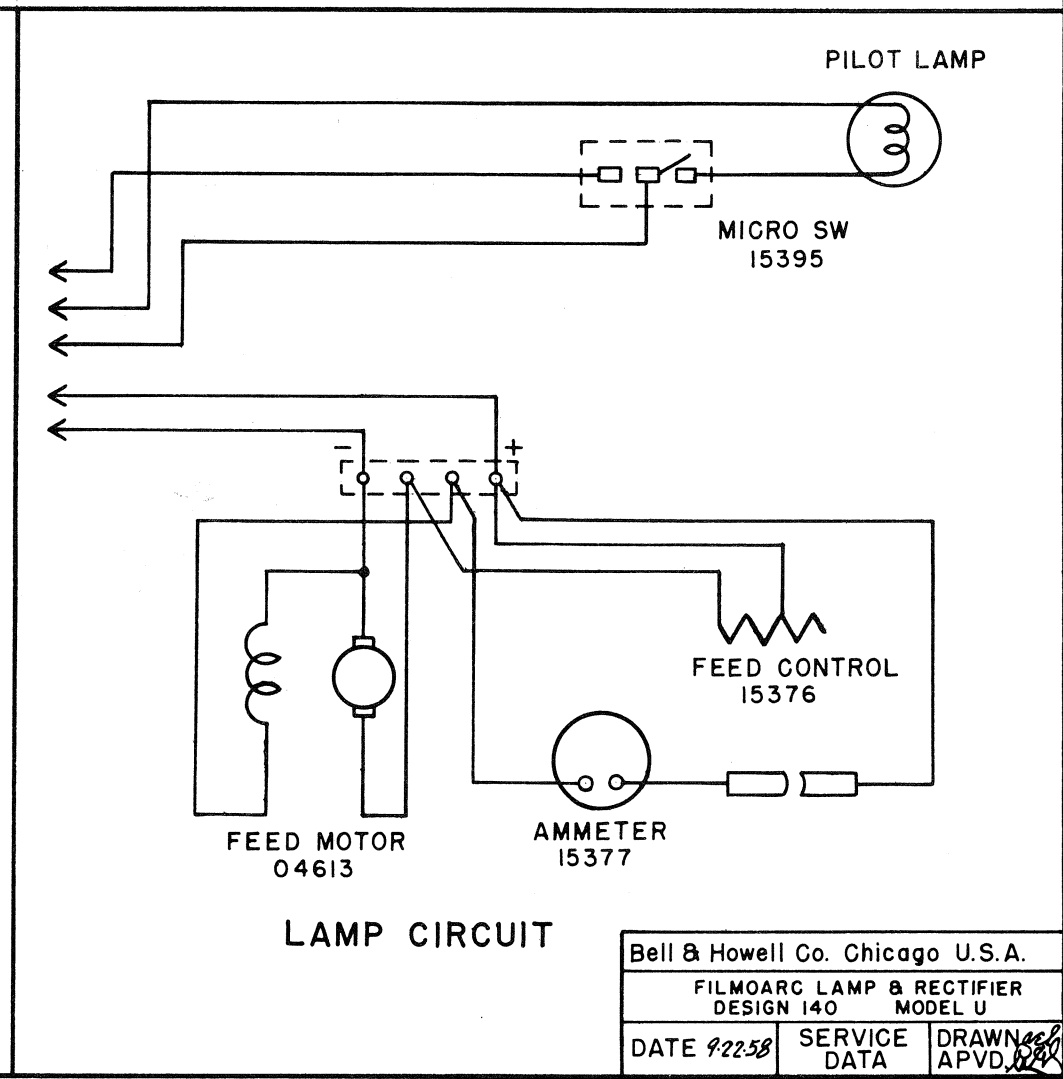
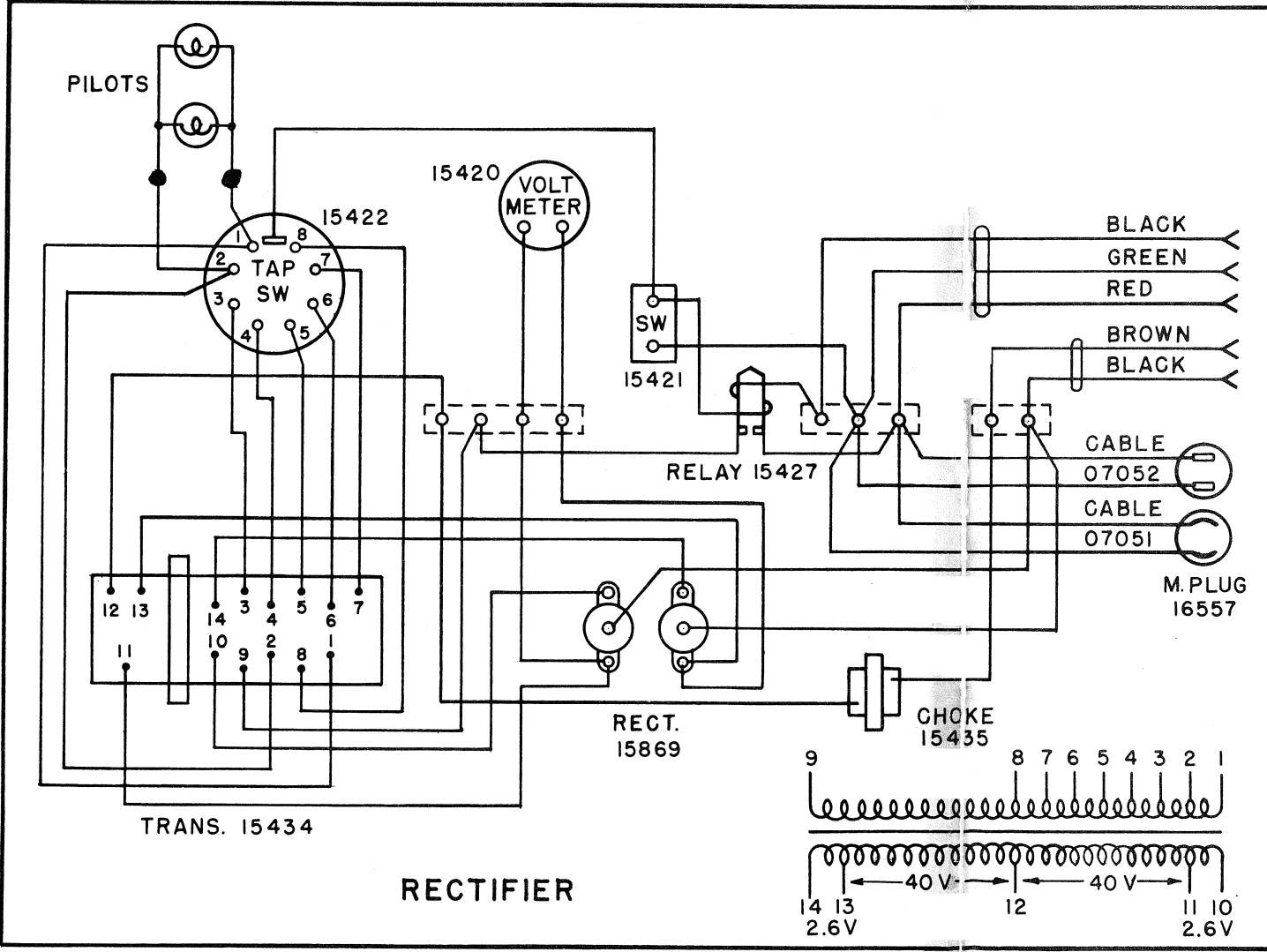
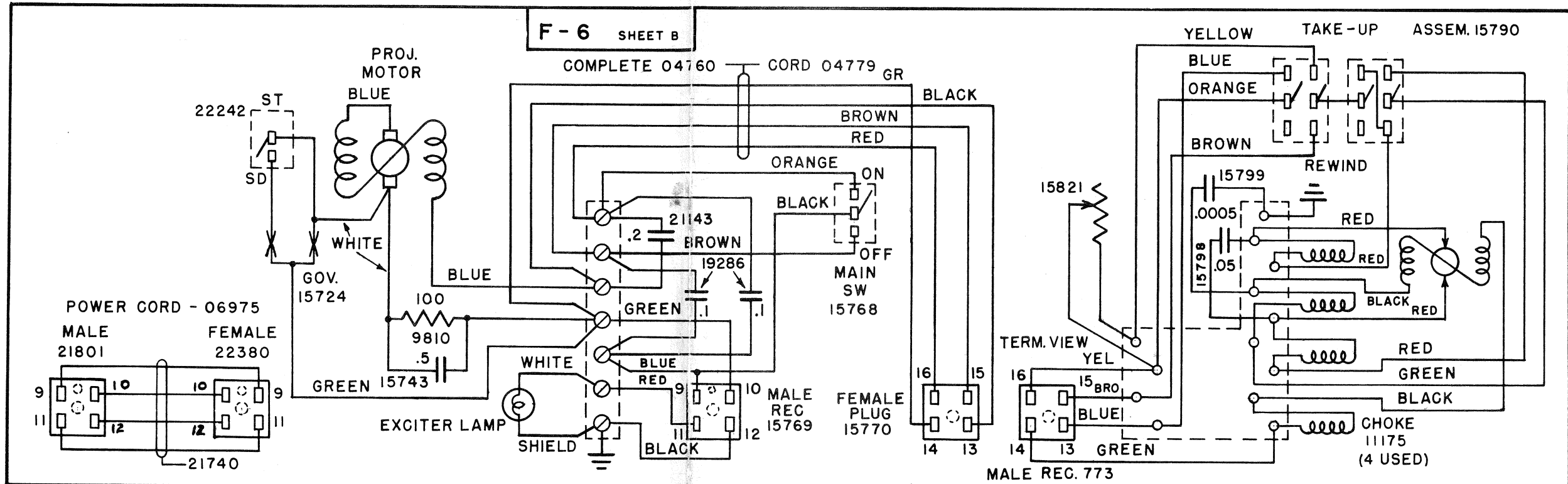
Bell & Howell Co. Chicago, Ill. U.S.A.

PROJECTOR WIRING DIAGRAM FOR
 DESIGN 138 MODELS R-U-X

DATE 2-17-53

SERVICE
 DATA

DRAWN
 APVD.



Bell & Howell Co. Chicago U.S.A.		
FILMOARC LAMP & RECTIFIER		
DESIGN 140 MODEL U		
DATE 9-22-58	SERVICE DATA	DRAWN APVD

SECTION G

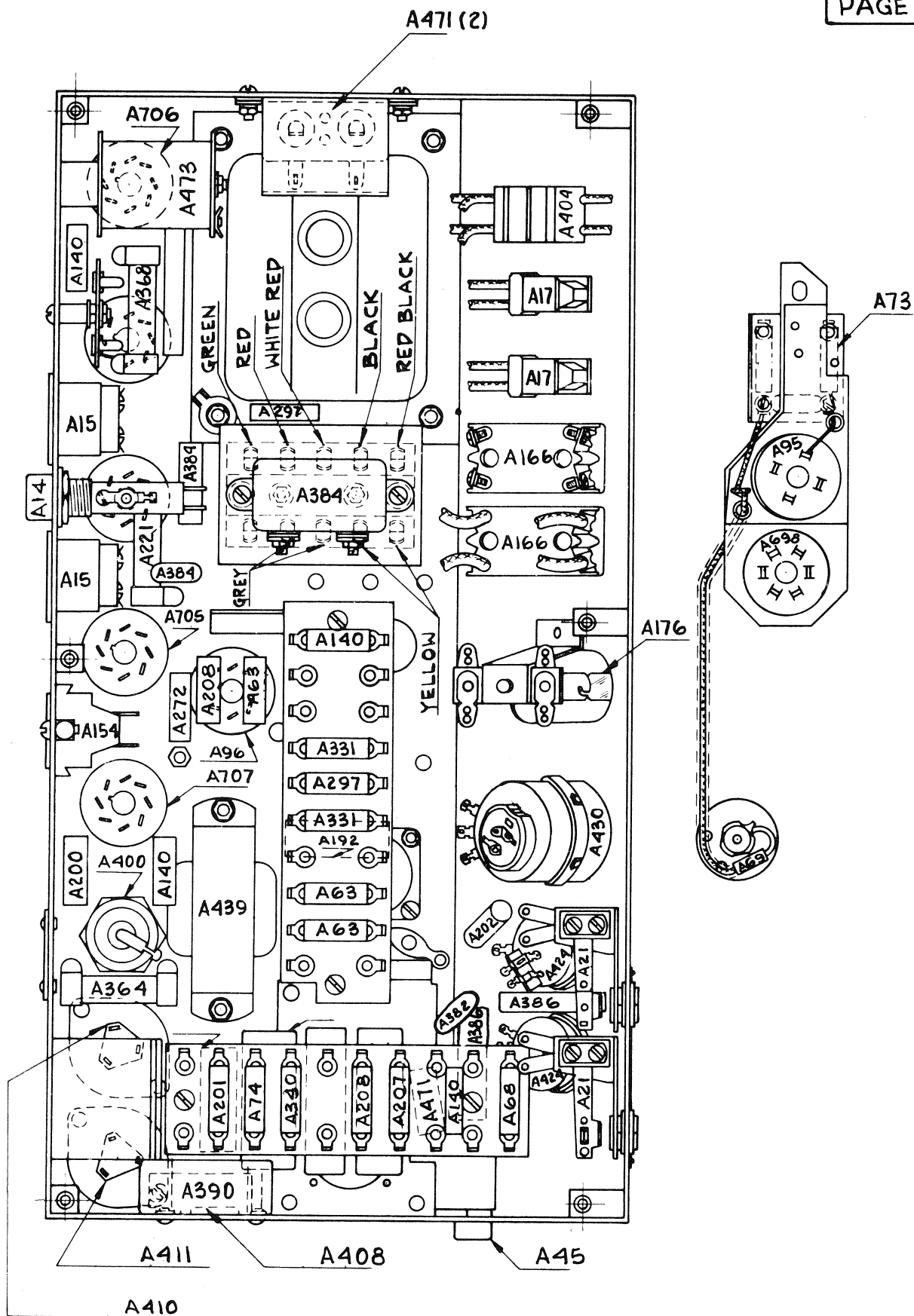
DESIGN 142, MODEL AGENERAL INFORMATION.

This amplifier used 6F6G tubes in the output. Note that the 6F8G tube is cascade operated, and not phase inverted. The power output is approximately 15 watts. Do not substitute metal for glass 6F6G tubes. Use only 2-ampere fuses.

If the exciter lamp life is short and if the line voltage is not over 117 volts, a change should be made in the oscillator tube wiring. The .003 MFD mica condenser, A-61, which tunes the oscillator is changed to a .001 MFD mica condenser, A604. The 3000-ohms screen resistor A140 is changed to a 5000-ohms, 1-watt resistor A293; the 1000-ohms resistor A368 is changed to a 5000-ohm, 1-watt resistor A293; and the 1000-ohm resistor A368 is changed to a 4000-ohm, 10-watt resistor A373. Resistor A368 is usually found mounted on the oscillator coil terminal on the end plates. Lay resistor A-293 against the oscillator tube socket terminals and connect it to terminals 4 and 6. Resistor A604 is then laid beside resistor A-293 and is connected to terminals 3 & 6.

In cases of high line voltage and where the rectifier tube arcs over and results in fuse blowing, a 150-ohm, 10-watt resistor can be connected in series with the output of the rectifier. Be sure it is connected between the rectifier and first filter condenser. A convenient location for the resistor is in back of the speaker receptacle.

All speaker cables do not have terminals 9 and 10 strapped together in the male plugs. Be sure to do this.



SERVICE DATA

PLACEMENT OF PARTS

FILMOSOUND

DESIGN 142

FOR USE ONLY WITH
PART NO.

MODEL A
DATE 1-3-46

DESIGN 142, MODEL BGENERAL INFORMATION.

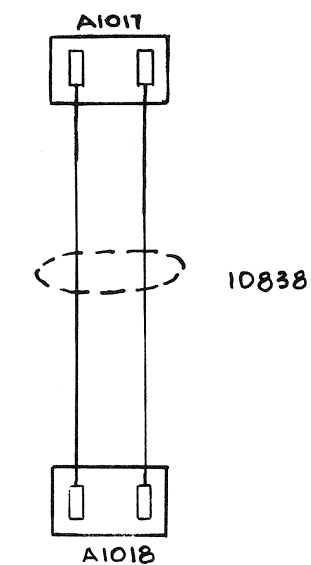
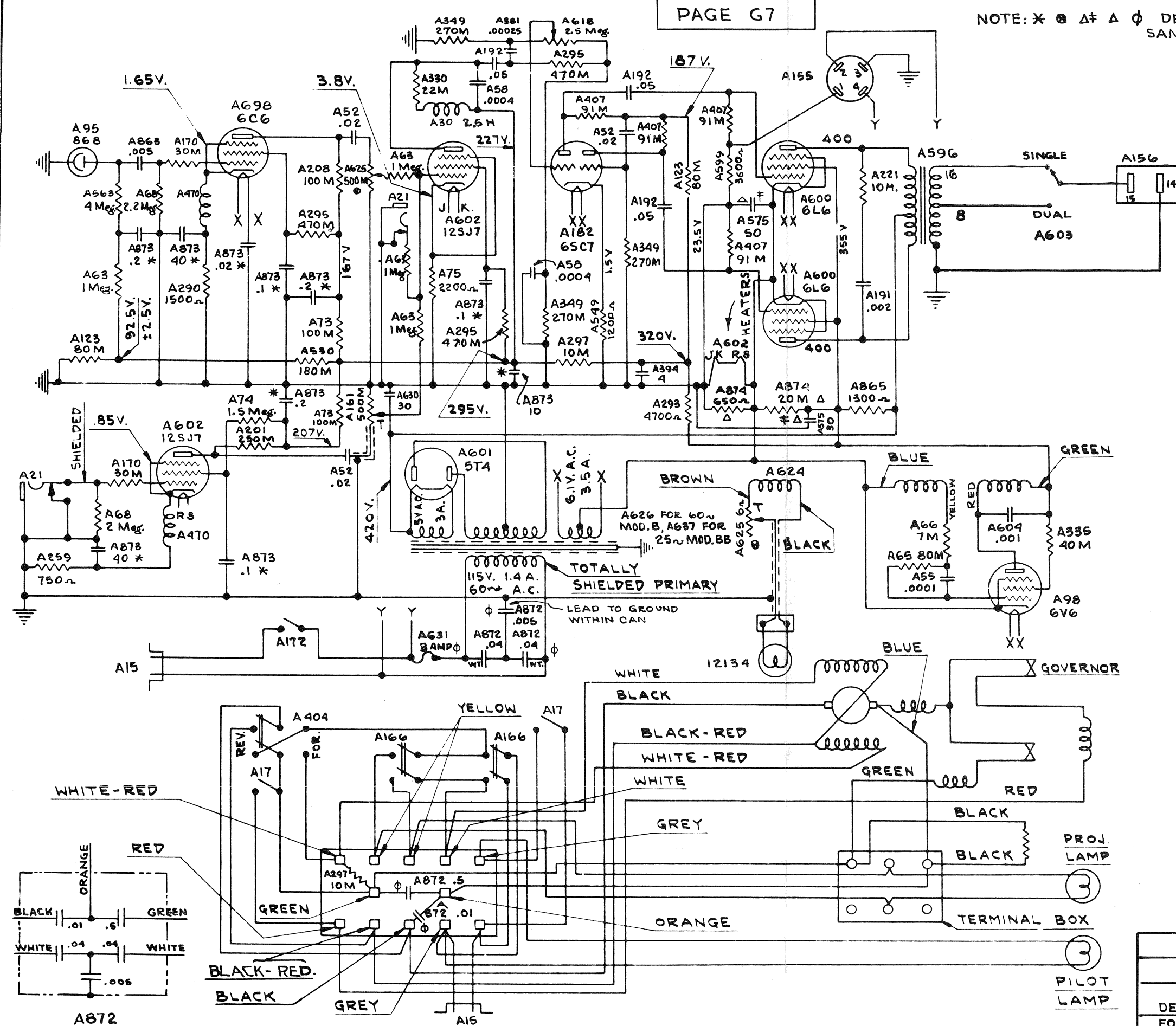
This amplifier as well as the Model C and D amplifiers differs from all other Filmosound amplifiers in that two of the tubes have their filaments energized by some of the current flowing in the 6L6 output tubes bias circuit. Consequently, if one of the output tubes is bad it will upset the entire circuit.

The fuse used is a 3-ampere, type 3AG.

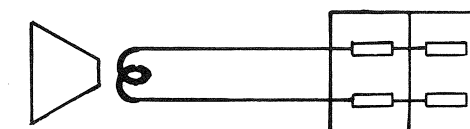
The 142B & BB (25-cycle) amplifiers were made in two series. The difference was in the tone control circuit.

The power output is 25 watts.

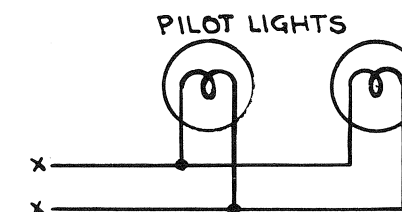
NOTE: * @ Δ ≠ Δ φ DENOTE COMPONENTS OF
SAME UNIT.



SPEAKER CORD COMPLETE 02937



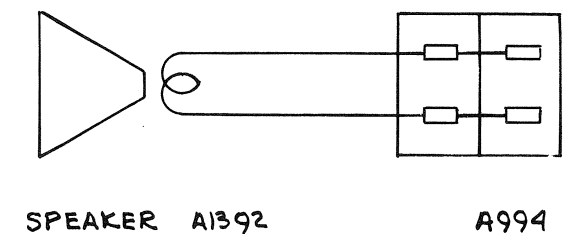
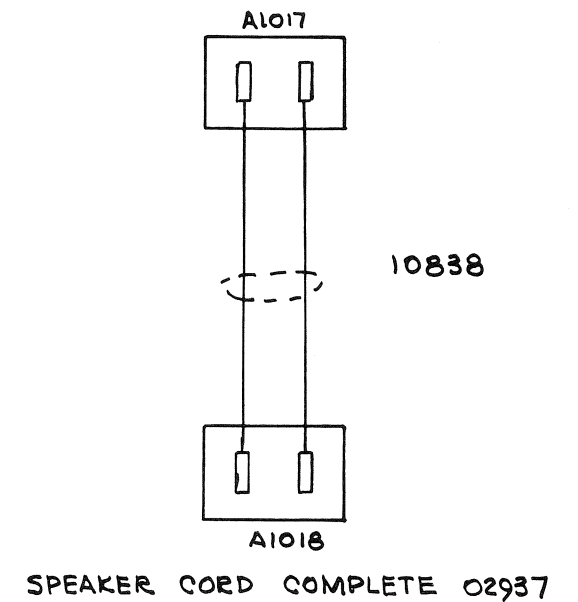
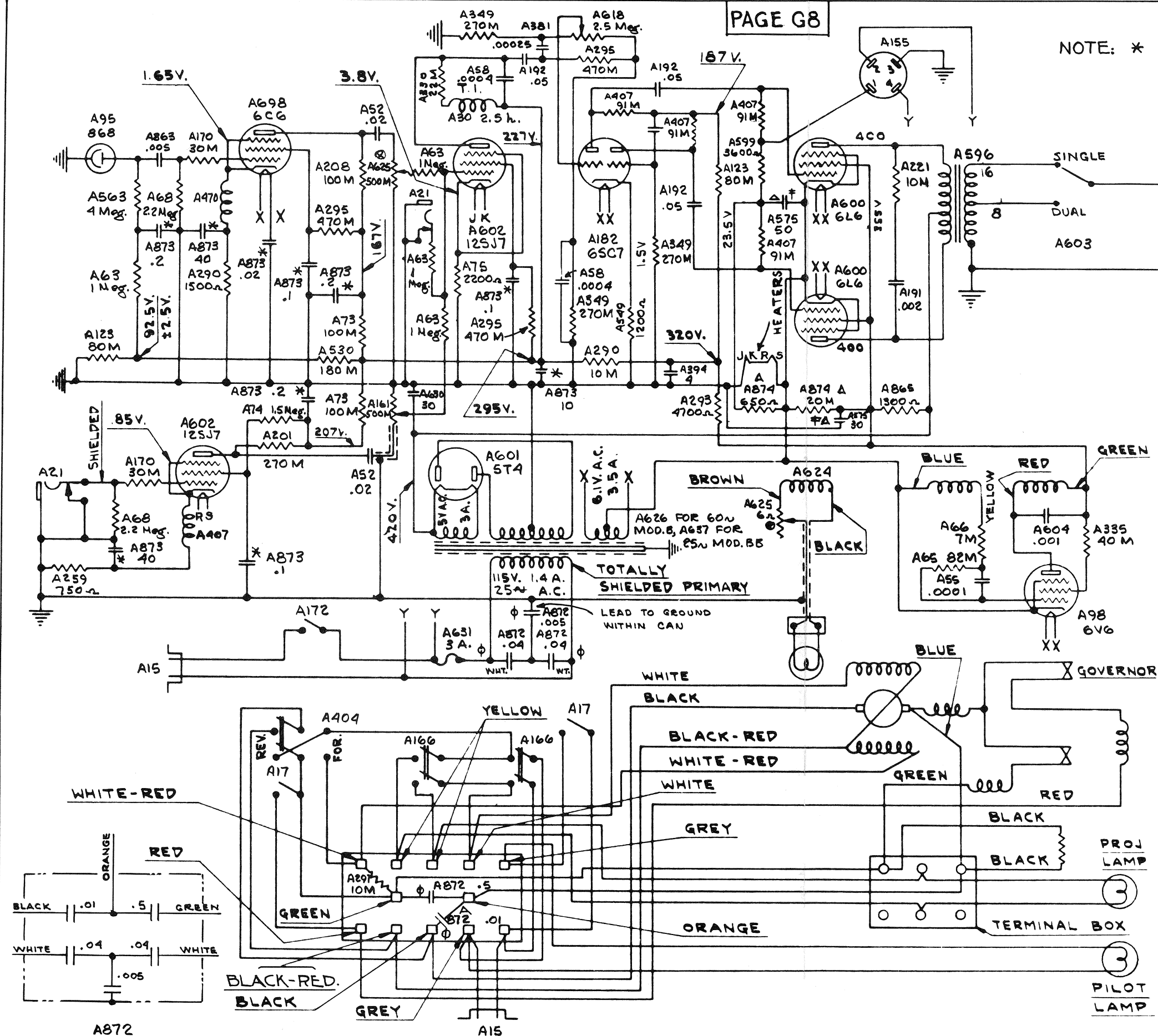
SPEAKER A1392 A994



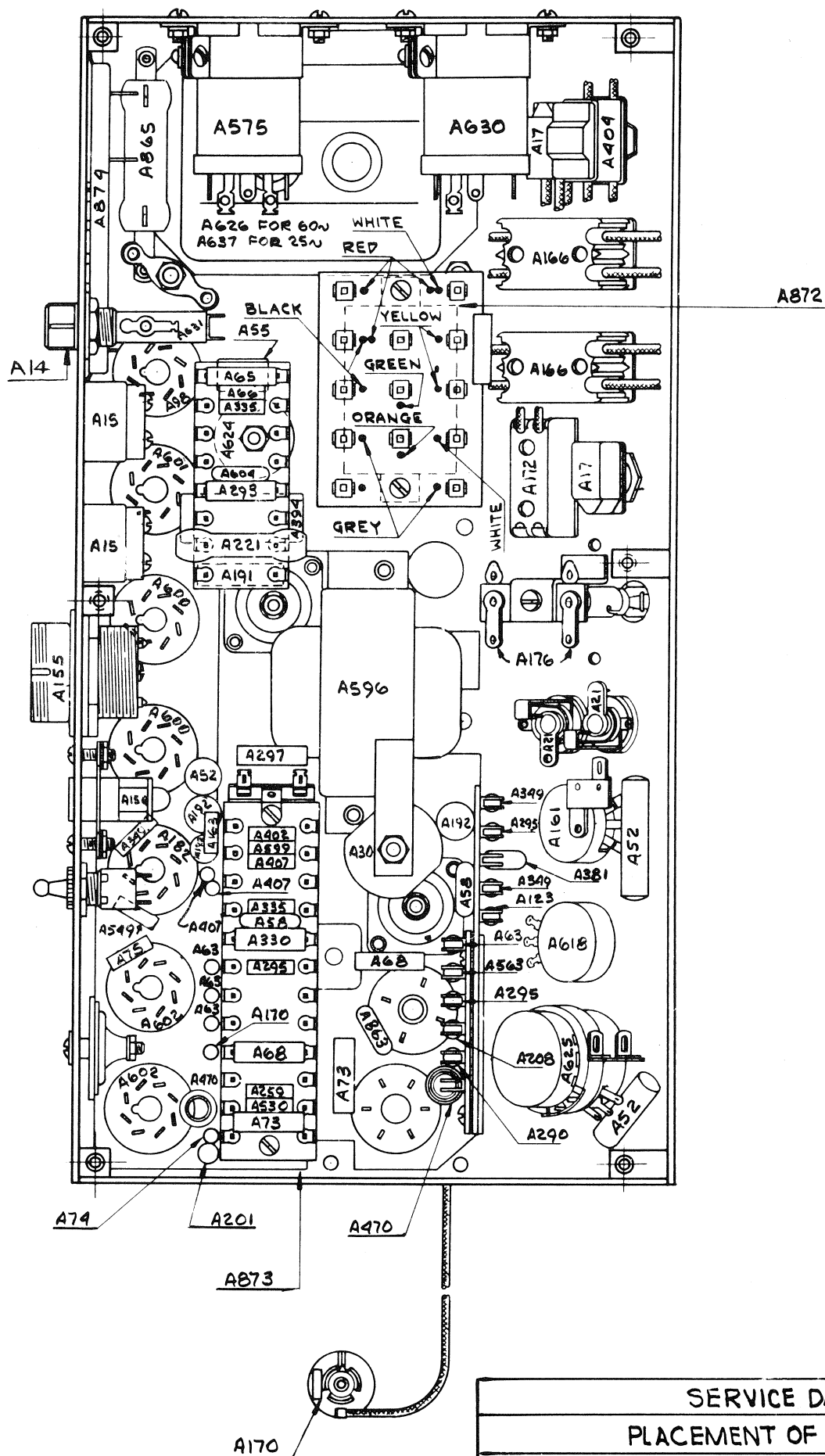
PILOT LIGHTS

SERVICE DATA	
WIRING DIAGRAM	
FILMOSOUND	
DESIGN 142	MODEL B
FOR USE WITH AMPLIFIER *03304	DATE: 1-4-46
SERIAL NO'S 90427-90651, 93711-93960 INCL.	

NOTE: * Δ Φ Δ† ⊗ DENOTE COMPONENTS OF SAME UNIT.



SERVICE DATA	
WIRING DIAGRAM	
FILMOSOUND	
DESIGN 142	MODEL 55
FOR USE WITH AMPLIFIER #03312	DATE: 1-5-46
SERIAL NO. 90652 - 90676 INCL.	



SERVICE DATA	
PLACEMENT OF PARTS	
FILMOSOUND	
DESIGN 142	MODEL B
FOR USE ONLY WITH	DATE: 1-5-46
PART NO.	

DESIGN 142, MODEL C

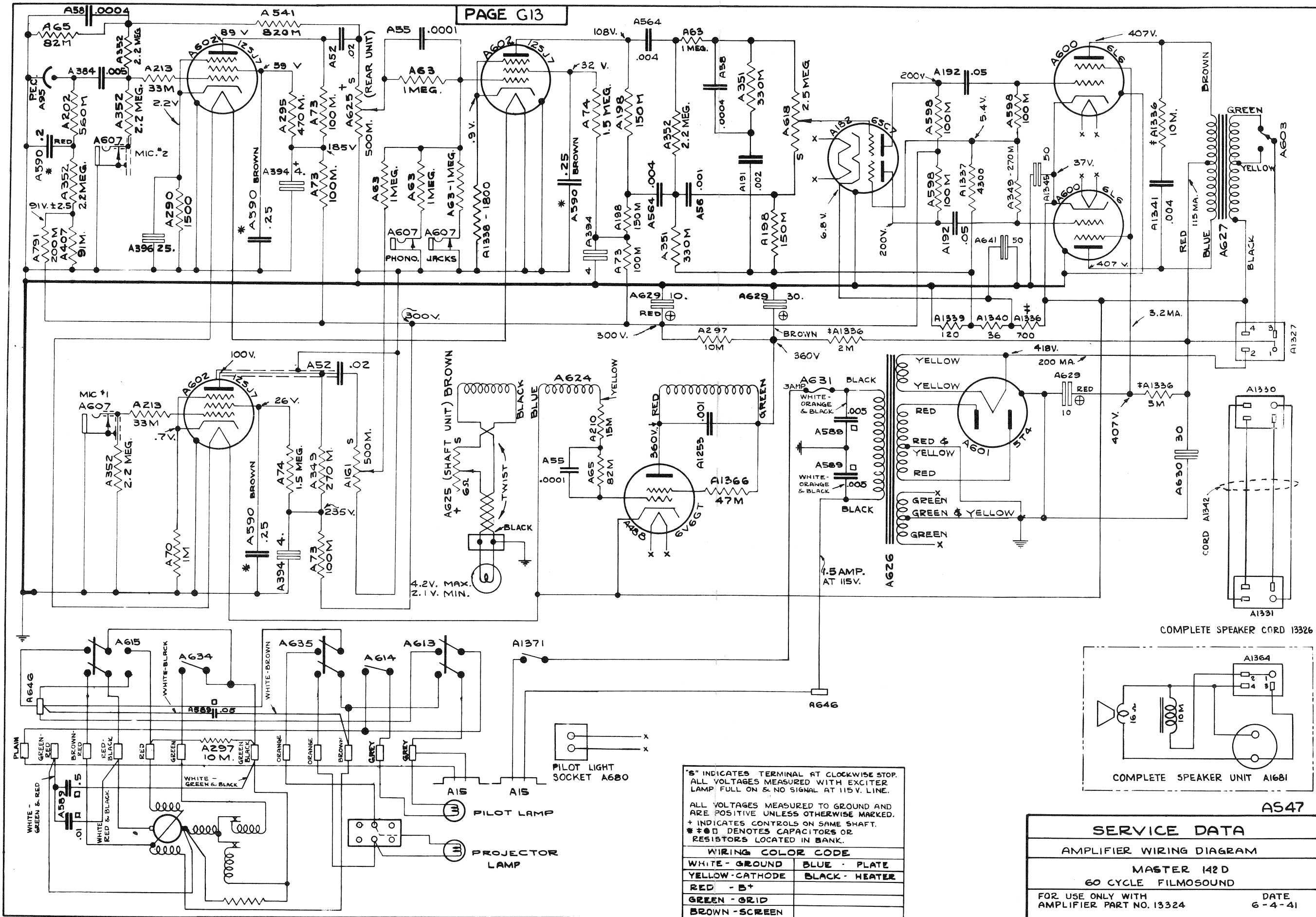
GENERAL INFORMATION.

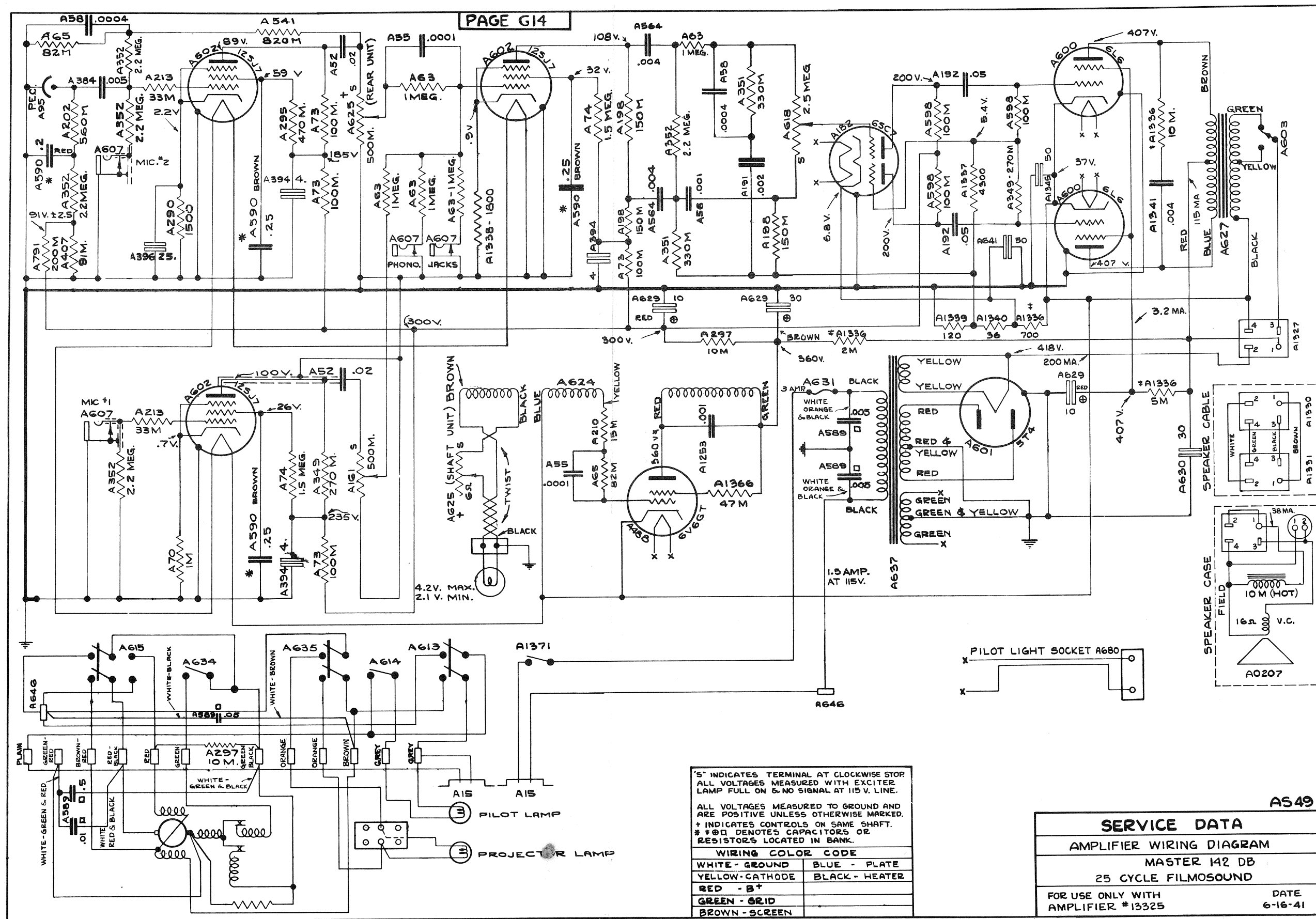
Amplifiers beginning with serial number 100901 do not have provisions for connecting a booster amplifier.

The three 12-volt tube filaments are series operated from the 6L6 tubes' cathode circuit.

The fuse used is a 3-ampere, type 3AG.

The power output is 25 watts.





DESIGN 156, ALL MODELS

GENERAL INFORMATION.

Amplifiers part #12814, 12815, 13728, and 13817 use an electrodynamic speaker. The field consists of two windings. The 19000-ohm winding is across the B Power supply and the 4000-ohm winding feeds the oscillator. Should the latter winding short out it will cause excessive exciter lamp voltage. Should the 19000-ohm winding open up the field will not be properly energized, causing the volume to be low.

While the base pins and connection are alike, the 5Z4 and 5Y3GT rectifiers are not interchangeable in these amplifiers. Use the one indicated on the drawing.

All projectors using these amplifiers are equipped with a remote volume control jack. The control consists of a series rheostat connected into the exciter lamp circuit. The plug and jack are undersized phone type so that a microphone may not be accidentally connected to the circuit.

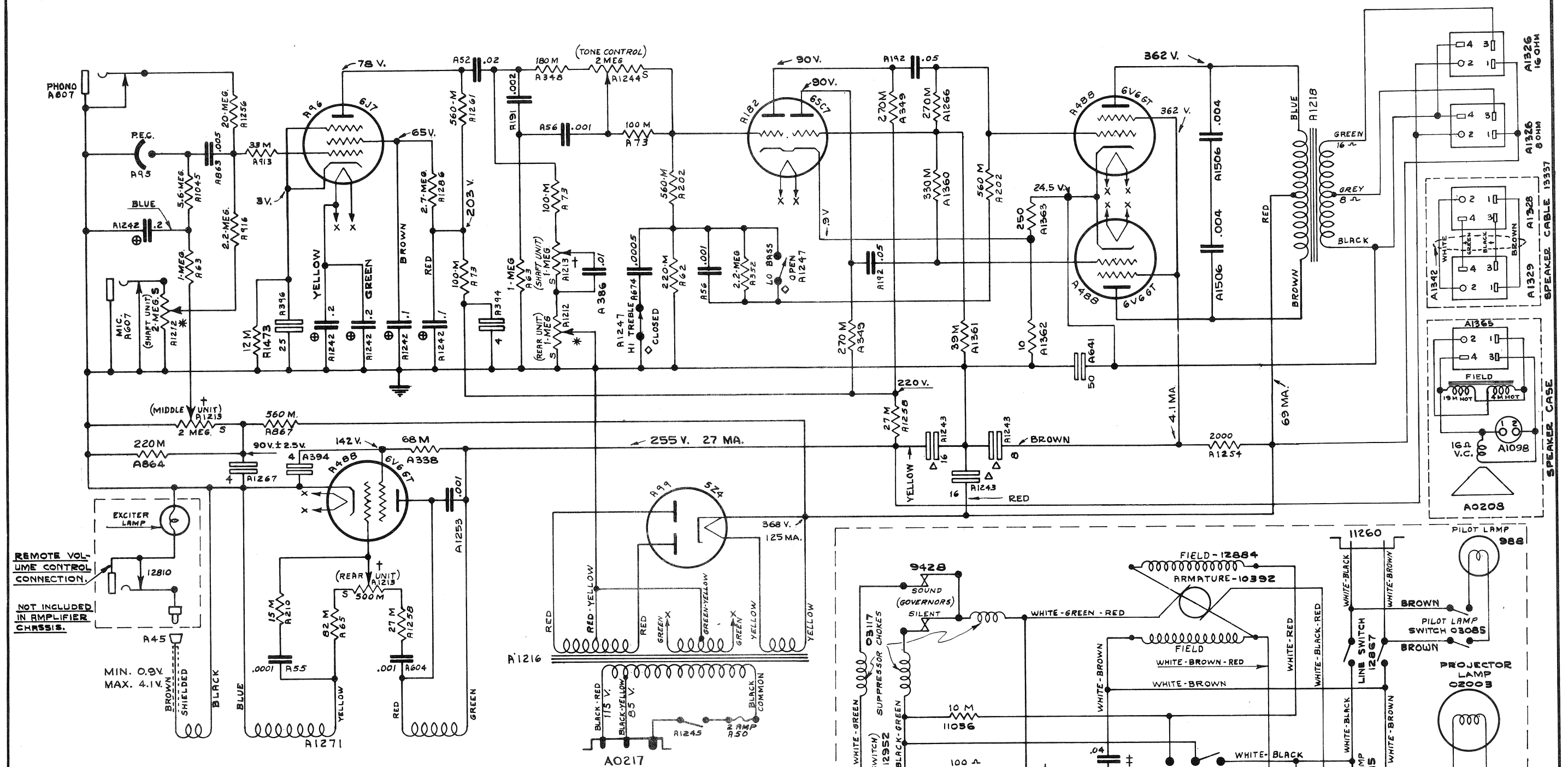
The special A. C. receptacle on the amplifiers is for connecting a polarity changer to a lower voltage tap on the power transformer in addition to making the regular line connection to the amplifier transformer.

Amplifiers part #12814, 12815, 13728 have two input circuits in addition to film. The microphone input has a volume control while the phonograph input does not.

All Design 156 amplifiers deliver 12 watts of power.

DESIGN 156, AMPLIFIER NO. 12814

Two series of these amplifiers were manufactured. The difference was in the tone control circuits. The first series used one variable control and two switches. These switches shifted the frequency characteristics of the variable control circuit. The second series had two separate variable controls.



S* INDICATES TERMINAL AT CLOCKWISE STOP.
ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH EXCITER
LAMP FULL ON AND NO SIGNAL AT
115 VOLT LINE. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED
TO GROUND.
⊙ Δ INDICATES CAPACITORS LOCATED IN
BANK.
+ * INDICATES CONTROLS ON SAME
SHAFT.
◇ SWITCHES SHOWN WITH SLIDE BUTTONS
IN DOWN POSITION.

WIRING COLOR CODE			
WHITE	GROUND	BROWN	SCREEN
YELLOW	CATHODE	BLUE	PLATE
RED	B+	BLACK	HEATER
GREEN	GRID		

NOTE:-

FOR USE WITH AMPLIFIERS BEARING
SERIAL NUMBERS UP TO #100,852 INCL.

‡ 12903 CONDENSER BANK
PROJECTOR WIRING DIAGRAM (156 "UTILITY")
NOT INCLUDED IN AMPLIFIER CHASSIS

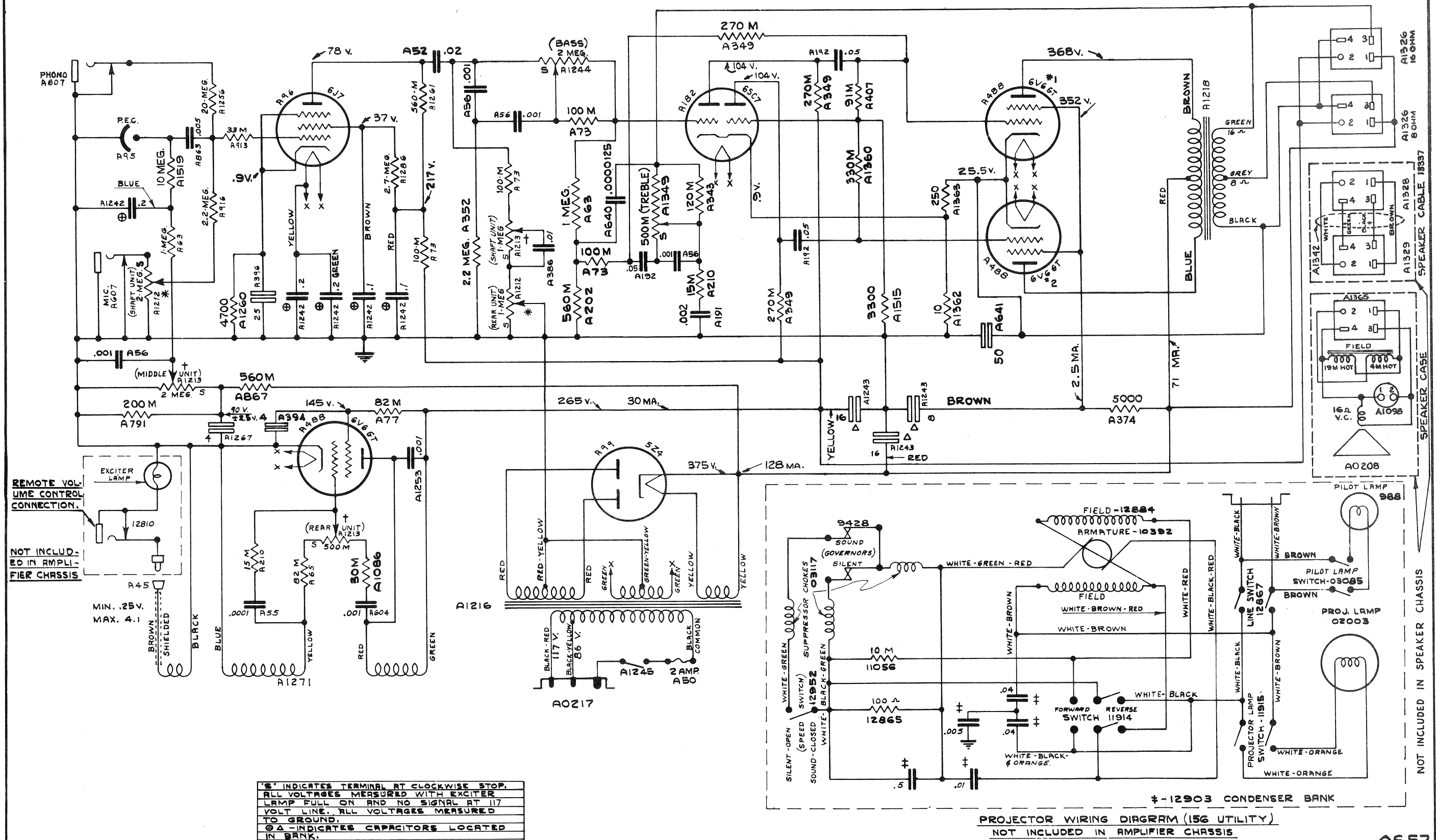
AS 43

SERVICE DATA

AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM

UTILITY, ACADEMY, & COMMERCIAL
DESIGN 156 FILMOSOUND - 60 CYCLE

FOR USE ONLY WITH AMPLIFIER PART NO. 12814	DATE 4-7-41
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NOTE:
FOR USE WITH AMPLIFIERS BEARING
SERIAL NUMBER STARTING WITH #100,853

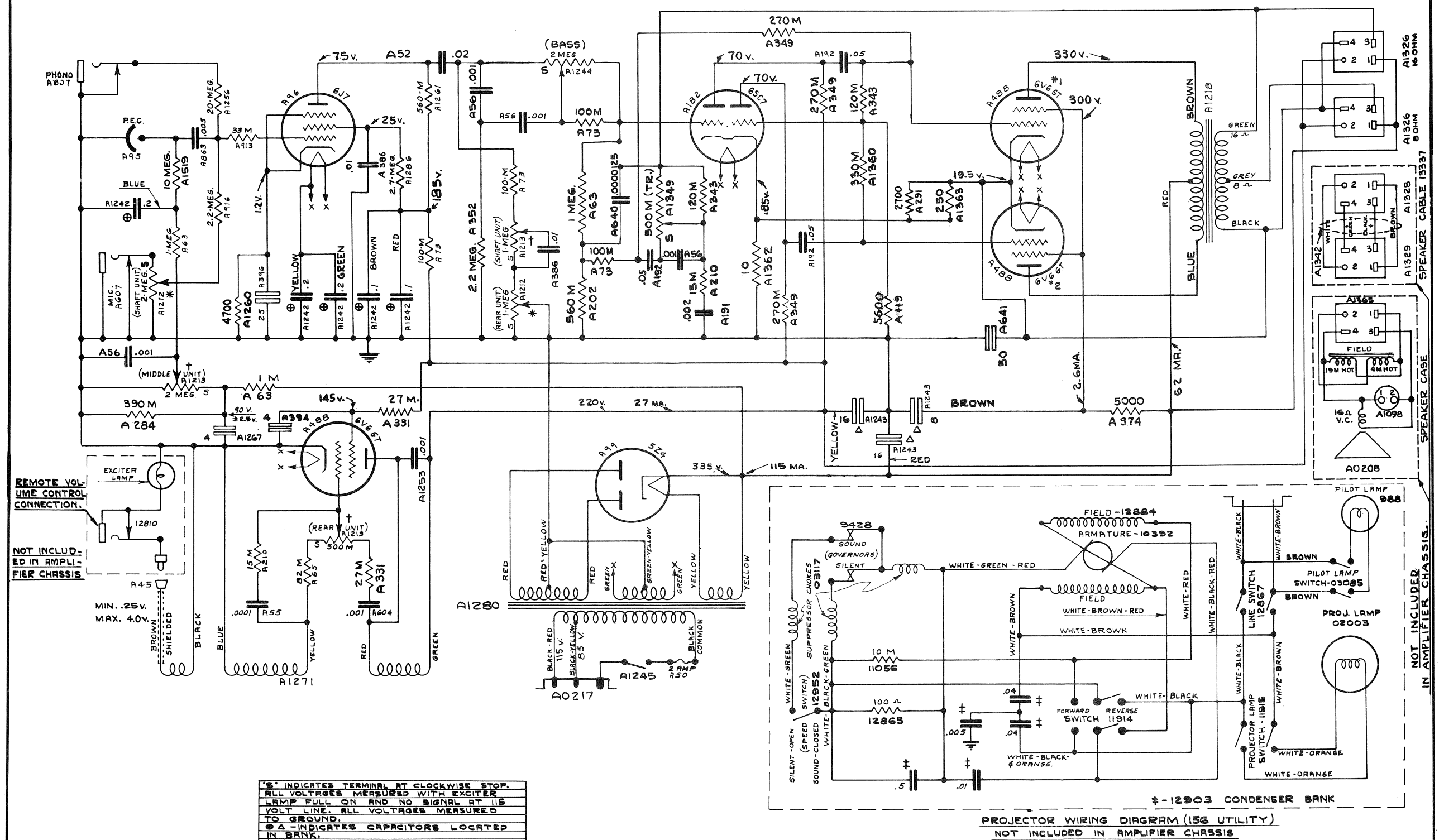
SERVICE DATA

AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM

UTILITY, ACADEMY, & COMMERCIAL
DESIGN 156 FILMOSOUND 60 CYCLE

FOR USE ONLY WITH
AMPLIFIER PART NO. 12814

DATE
9-16-42



RS44

SERVICE DATA

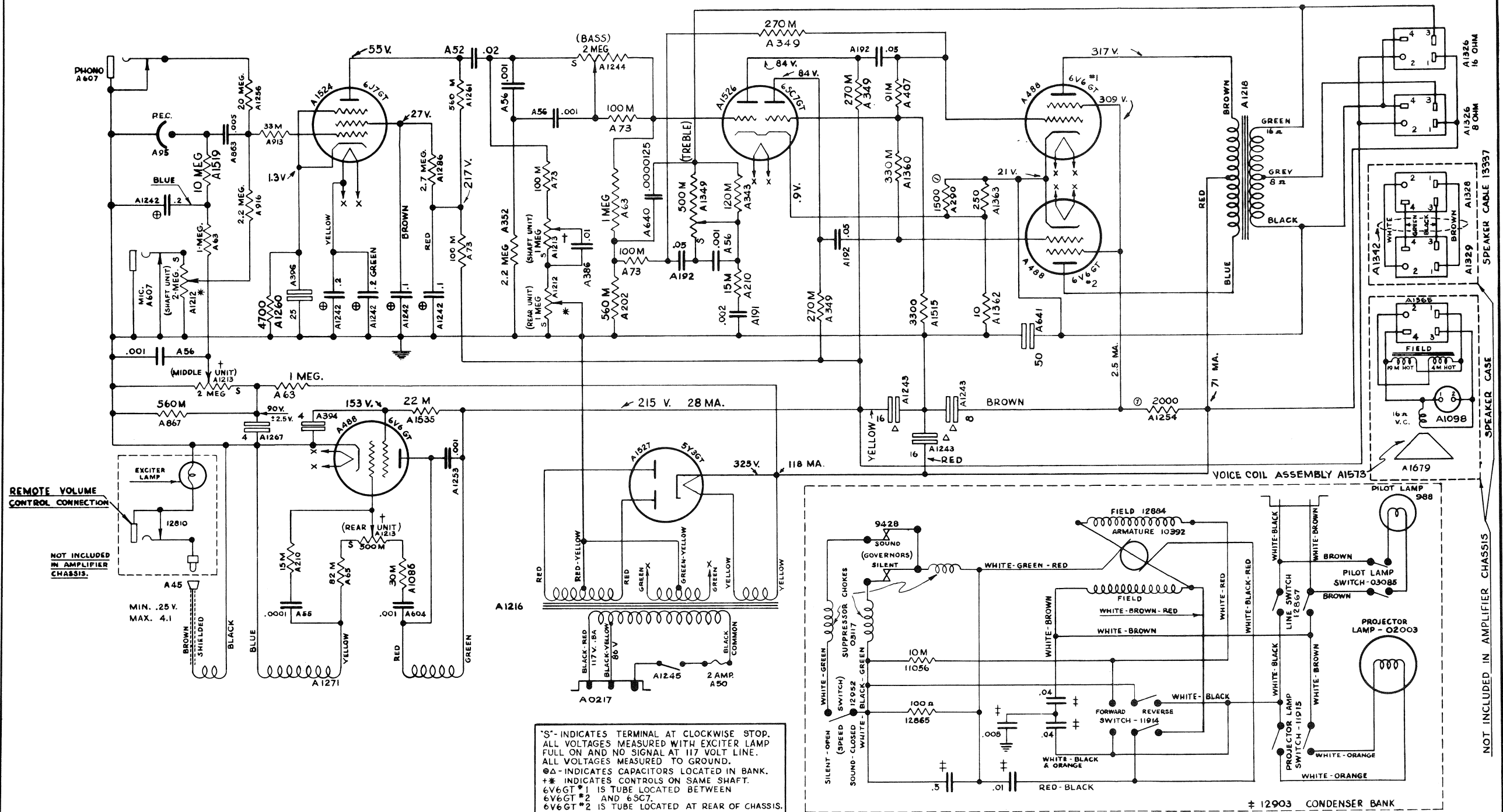
AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM

UTILITY, ACADEMY, & COMMERCIAL
DESIGN 156 FILMOSOUND - 25 CYCLEFOR USE ONLY WITH
AMPLIFIER PART NO. 12815DATE
3-6-42

DESIGN 156, AMPLIFIER NO. 13728

This amplifier is very similar to the 12814.

It uses a 5Y3 GT rectifier and the voltages are correspondingly lower on many of the tube elements. Glass-type tubes are used throughout but the equivalent metal type may be substituted.



"S"-INDICATES TERMINAL AT CLOCKWISE STOP.
 ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH EXCITER LAMP
 FULL ON AND NO SIGNAL AT I17 VOLT LINE.
 ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED TO GROUND.
 @Δ-INDICATES CAPACITORS LOCATED IN BANK.
 +* INDICATES CONTROLS ON SAME SHAFT.
 6V6GT #1 IS TUBE LOCATED BETWEEN
 6V6GT #2 AND 6CS7.
 6V6GT #2 IS TUBE LOCATED AT REAR OF CHASSIS.

PROJECTOR WIRING DIAGRAM (156 UTILITY)
NOT INCLUDED IN AMPLIFIER CHASSIS

① REVISED 11-28-42

AS 64

SERVICE DATA

AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM

UTILITY, ACADEMY, & COMMERCIAL
DESIGN 156 FILMOSOUND - 60 CYCLE

FOR USE ONLY WITH
AMPLIFIER PART NO. 13728

DATE
9-22-42

DESIGN 156, AMPLIFIER NO. 13817

This amplifier is used in all Model 156-V Filmosounds.

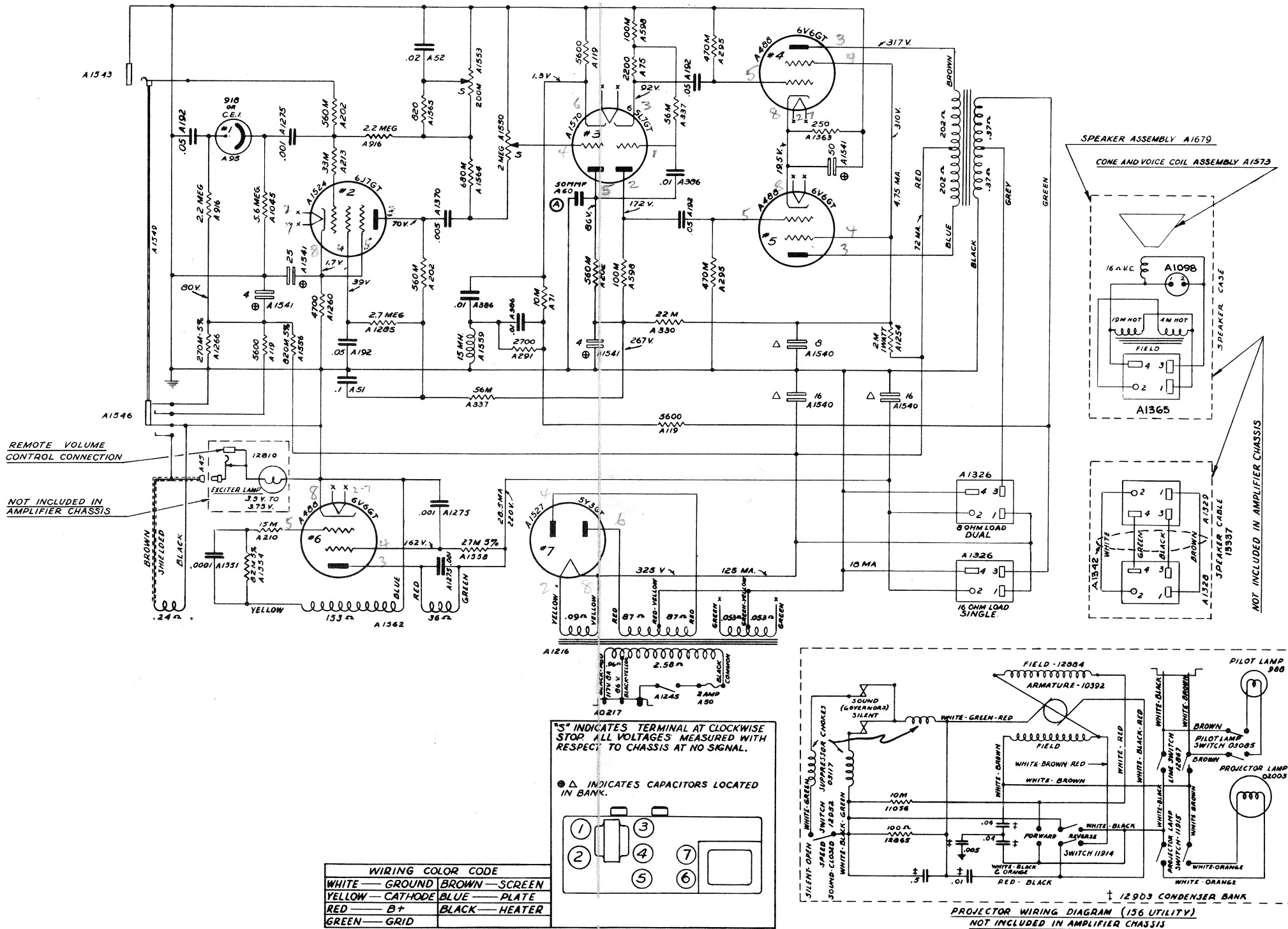
The circuits are considerably different from the preceding amplifiers of this design. Note that the gain control is in the second tube grid circuit. There is but one external input. Do not confuse jack A1546, which is a jack switch located within the amplifier, with an input jack. It is operated by means of an insulated rod A1549 when a microphone or phonograph is plugged into the input jack A1543. The purpose of the switch jack is to short out the exciter lamp. Contacts are normally open.

There is no control on the exciter lamp or P.E. voltage.

In cases of poor tone quality and instability, check choke, part number A1559. Part has the appearance of a metal-encased fixed condenser.

In the event that this amplifier lies idle for indefinite periods or is used under high humidity conditions, the photocell and associated circuits should be rewired as per amplifier, part number 14027, revised page H-16. See General Service Bulletin F-20.

Note especially that new part A1911, 240M resistor does not connect to ground but runs to the output tube cathodes.



AS 67

SERVICE DATA	
AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM	
DESIGN 156 V. FILMOSOUND 60 CYCLE	
FOR USE ONLY WITH AMPLIFIER PART NO.13817	DATE 4-6-43

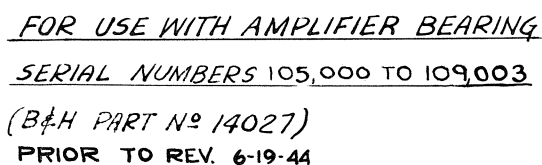
DESIGN 156 AND 179, AMPLIFIER NO. 14027
(Amplifier serial number 100000 to 109003)

These amplifiers are similar to amplifier No. 13817. They use a permanent-magnet type of dynamic speaker.

In the event that these amplifiers lie idle for indefinite periods, which may cause the volume to be low, the photocell and associated circuits should be rewired as per General Service Bulletin F-20.

These three amplifiers are very similar. Note that the plate filter on output tubes is used only on the first of the series.

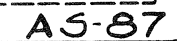
Some of these amplifiers may have the filament center tap connected to the output tube cathodes instead of direct to ground. This is to reduce hum which may be encountered when using certain makes of tubes.



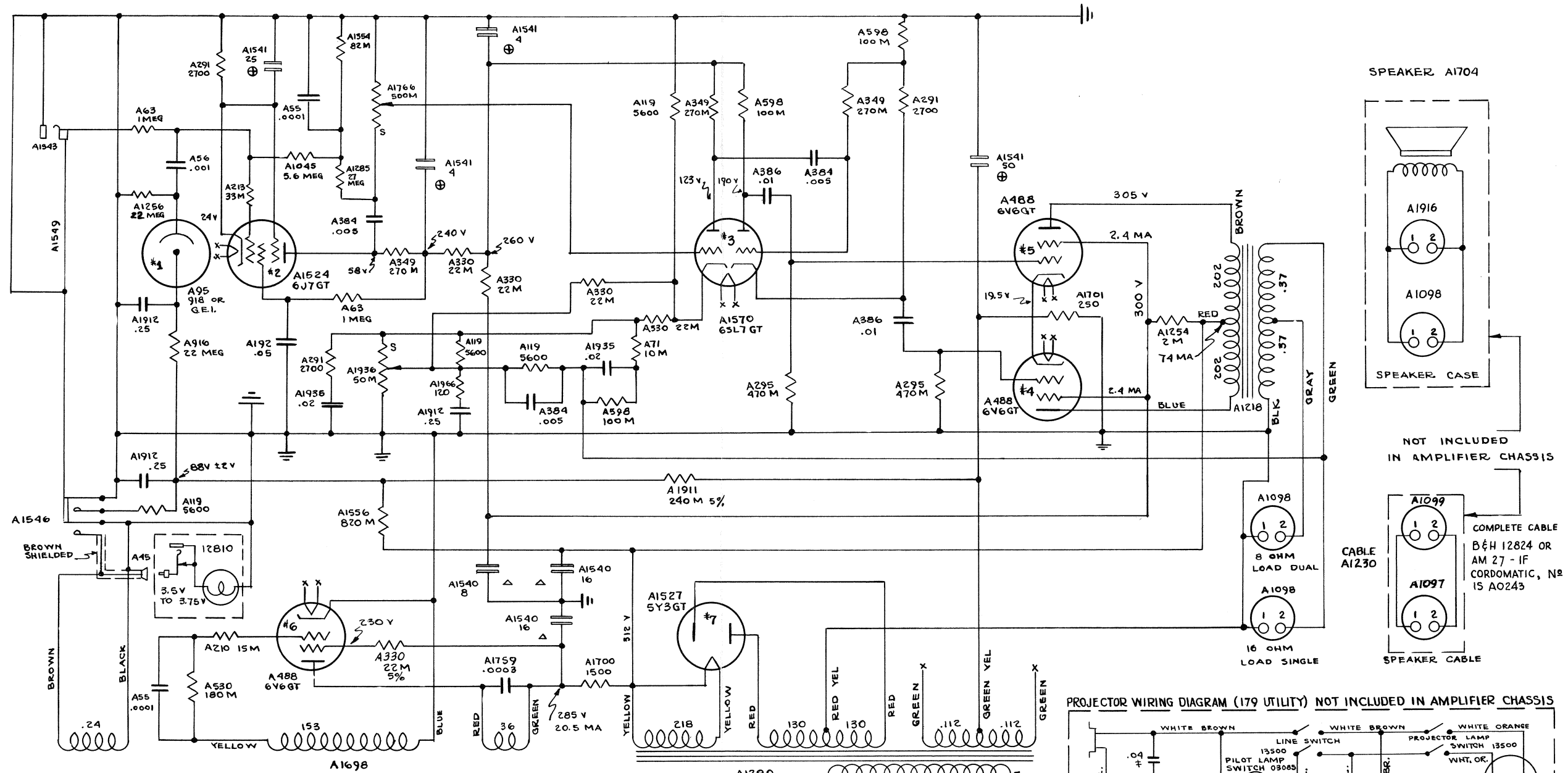
	SERVICE DATA	
REVISED 1-12-45	AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM	
REVISED 10-11-44	DESIGN 156 MODELS G&H 60 CYCLE	
REVISED 8-28-44	FOR USE ONLY WITH AMPLIFIER	DATE
REVISED 6-19-44	PART NO 14027	6-5-44.

DESIGN 179, AMPLIFIER NO. 14027 (Revised)
(Amplifier serial numbers 109003 to 110002, and 114003 and up)

Several changes have been made in this amplifier as compared to other 14027 types. The volume control value is different. Most notable of all is the complete change in method of tone control. Note also that the filament winding center tap does not run to ground but is connected to the output tube cathodes. This brings all heaters above ground, the purpose of which is to reduce hum when certain makes of tubes are used.



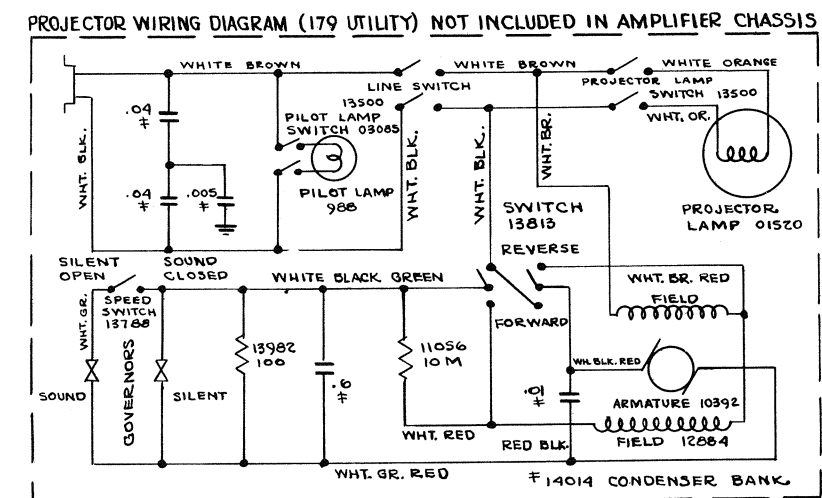
SERVICE DATA	
AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM	
DESIGN 179 MODEL A - 60 CYCLE	
FOR USE ONLY WITH AMPLIFIER PART NO 14027	12-15-4



WIRING COLOR CODE	
WHITE-GROUND	BROWN-SCREEN
YELLOW-CATHODE	BLUE-PLATE
RED-B+	BLACK-HEATER
GREEN-GRID	

S INDICATES TERMINAL AT CLOCKWISE
 STOP ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED
 WITH RESPECT TO CHASSIS & TONE
 CONTROL BASS.

⊕ INDICATE
CAPACITORS
IN BANK



SERVICE DATA	
AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM	
FILMOSOUND	
DESIGN 179AB	MODEL AB
FOR USE ONLY WITH PART NO. 14100	DATE 10-19-45

DESIGN 179, AMPLIFIER NO. 05311

This amplifier is a rather radical departure from any past Bell & Howell amplifier. It is not an AC-DC amplifier.

The power output is 10 watts maximum - 8 watts minimum.

In order to reduce weight, the power transformer has been eliminated.

Two selenium dry disc rectifiers connected in a voltage doubler circuit supply the high voltage DC for the tubes.

Tube filaments are series connected across the line.

The sound-silent projector switch partially shorts the exciter lamp when operating projector at silent speed.

An isolation transformer is used in the phono-microphone input circuit.

A .1 mfd condenser, part #17030, is connected from line to chassis to reduce motor crackle. In the event of shock complaint, the condenser should be changed to .03. It may, however, reduce the amplifier sensitivity. This condenser must be moulded plastic or metal encased. Aerovox Duranite 600 Volt .033 MFD may be used.

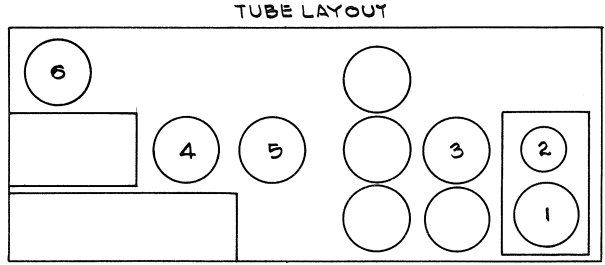
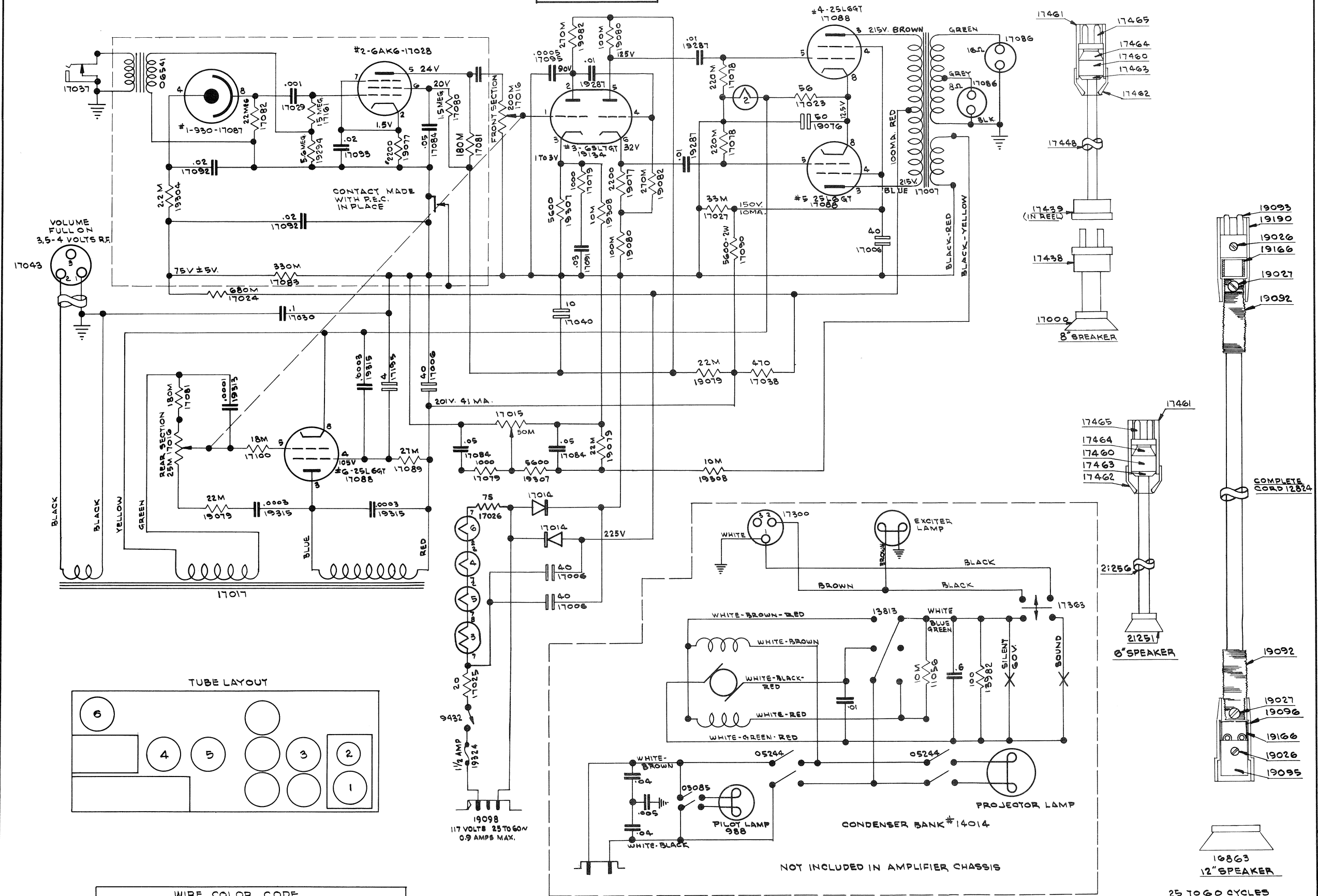
Complaints of noise, static, etc. are usually caused by a damaged photocell cover, part #06543. A sharp blow against the cover will loosen the angle bracket bond to cover. They cannot be repaired except at the factory. It is suggested that each Service Station have two covers in stock. The damaged cover may be returned for repair.

A loose PEC socket will also cause noise. Tighten by soldering locking ring to chassis.

Loss of volume (sudden) and sometimes noise are usually caused by electrolytic condenser (rear) having been hit, so that grounding ring on condenser is loose. Change condenser to repair.

Low volume is usually corrected by changing or interchanging 25L6G tubes.

H 19



WIRE COLOR CODE			
WHITE	GROUND	BROWN	SCREEN
YELLOW	CATHODE	BLACK	AC
RED	B+	WHITE & BLACK	B-
GREEN	GRID		
BLUE	PLATE		

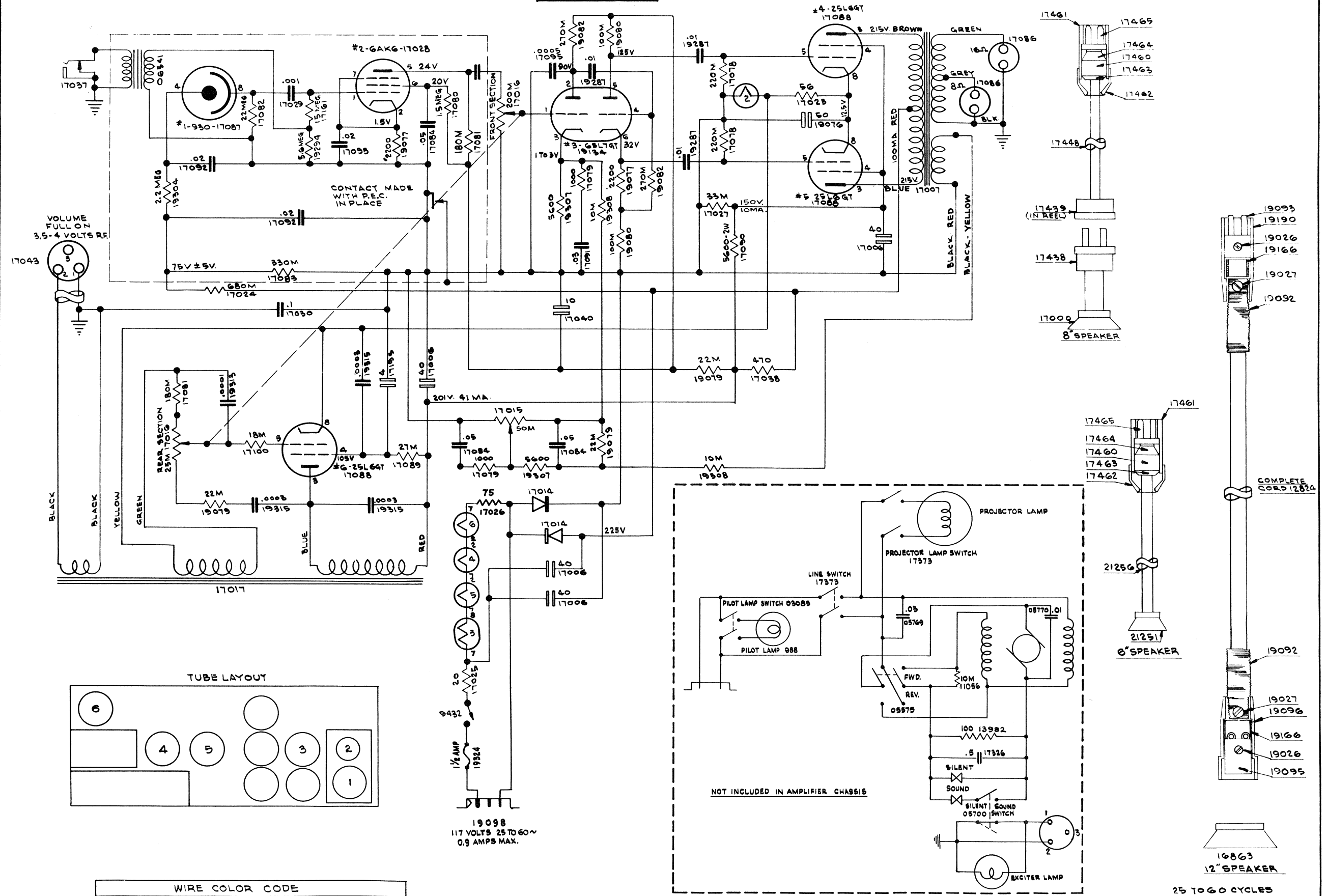
ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH METER
WITH 11 MEGOHM INPUT.

Bell & Howell Co. Chicago U.S.A.

AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM 05311
FOR DESIGNS 179 H, J, K-

DATE 1-27-49 SERVICE DATA DRAWN E. J. APVD. A. J.

H 20



WIRE COLOR CODE			
WHITE	GROUND	BROWN	SCREEN
YELLOW	CATHODE	BLACK	AC
RED	B+	WHITE & BLACK	B-
GREEN	GRID		
BLUE	PLATE		

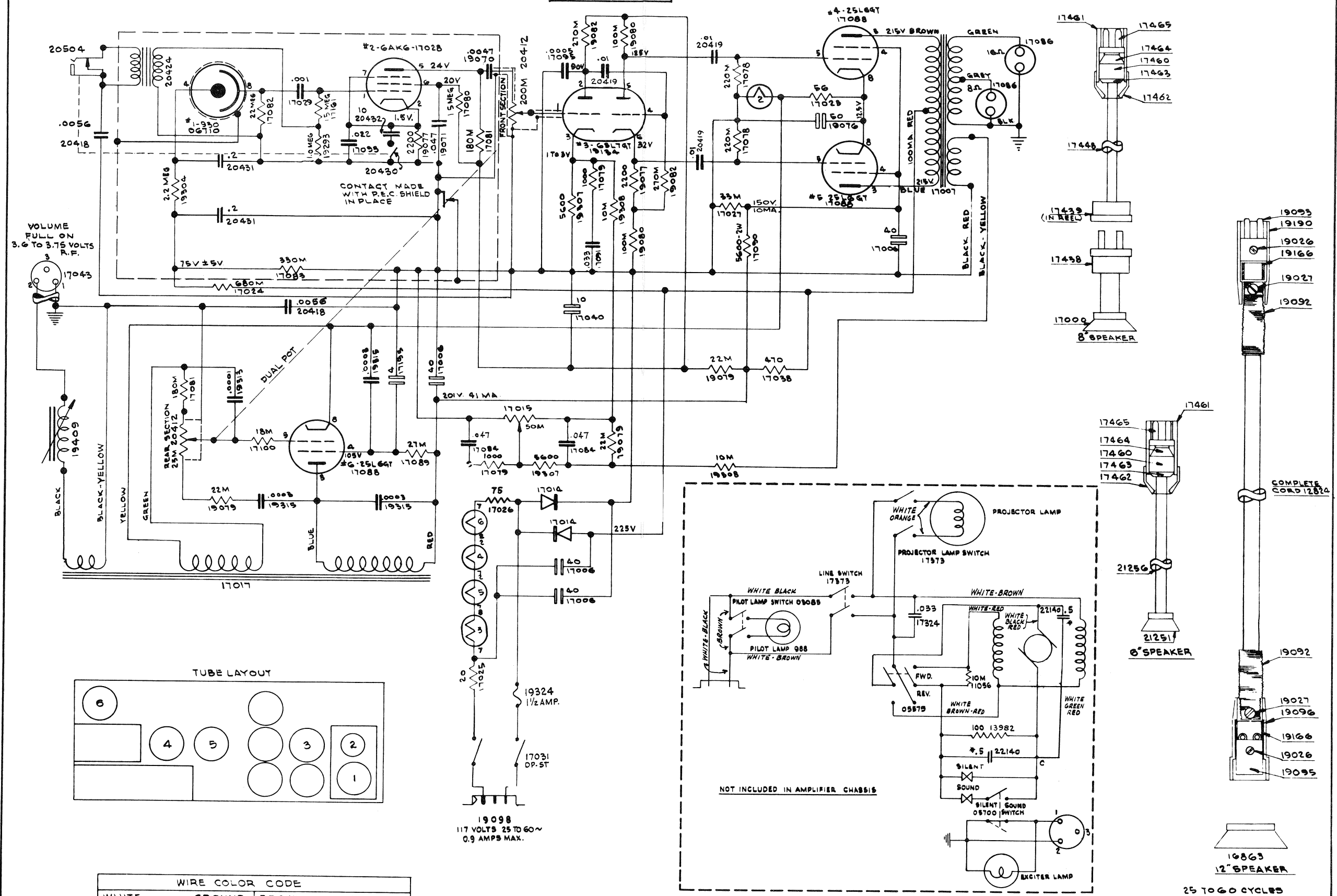
ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH METER
WITH 11 MEGOHM INPUT.

Bell & Howell Co. Chicago U.S.A.

AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM 05311
FOR DESIGNS 185 (ALL)

DATE 1-27-49	SERVICE DATA	DRAWN E.G. APVD. <i>[Signature]</i>
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H-21



WIRE COLOR CODE			
WHITE	GROUND	BROWN	SCREEN
YELLOW	CATHODE	BLACK	AC
RED	B+	WHITE & BLACK	B-
GREEN	GRID		
BLUE	PLATE		

ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH METER
WITH 11 MEGOHM INPUT.

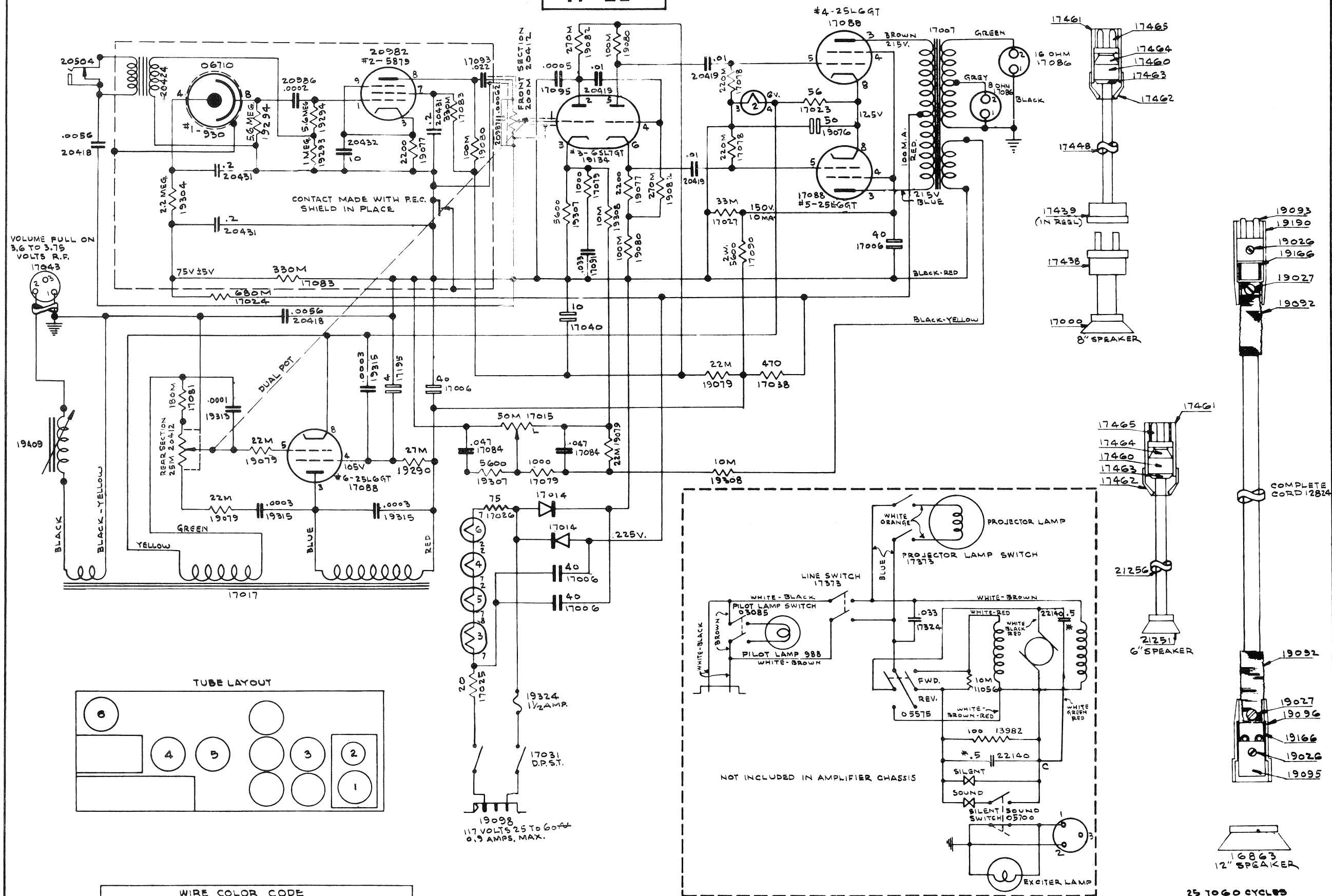
F.O.S. SERIAL 721173 TO 767267

Bell & Howell Co. Chicago U.S.A.

AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM 05973
FOR DESIGNS 185 (ALL)

DATE 8-11-50	SERVICE DATA	DRAWN FOR APVD. <i>[Signature]</i>
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H - 22



WIRE COLOR CODE			
WHITE	GROUND	BROWN	SCREEN
YELLOW	CATHODE	BLACK	AC
RED	B+	WHITE & BLACK	B-
GREEN	GRID		
BLUE	PLATE		

ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH METER
WITH 11 MEGOHM INPUT.

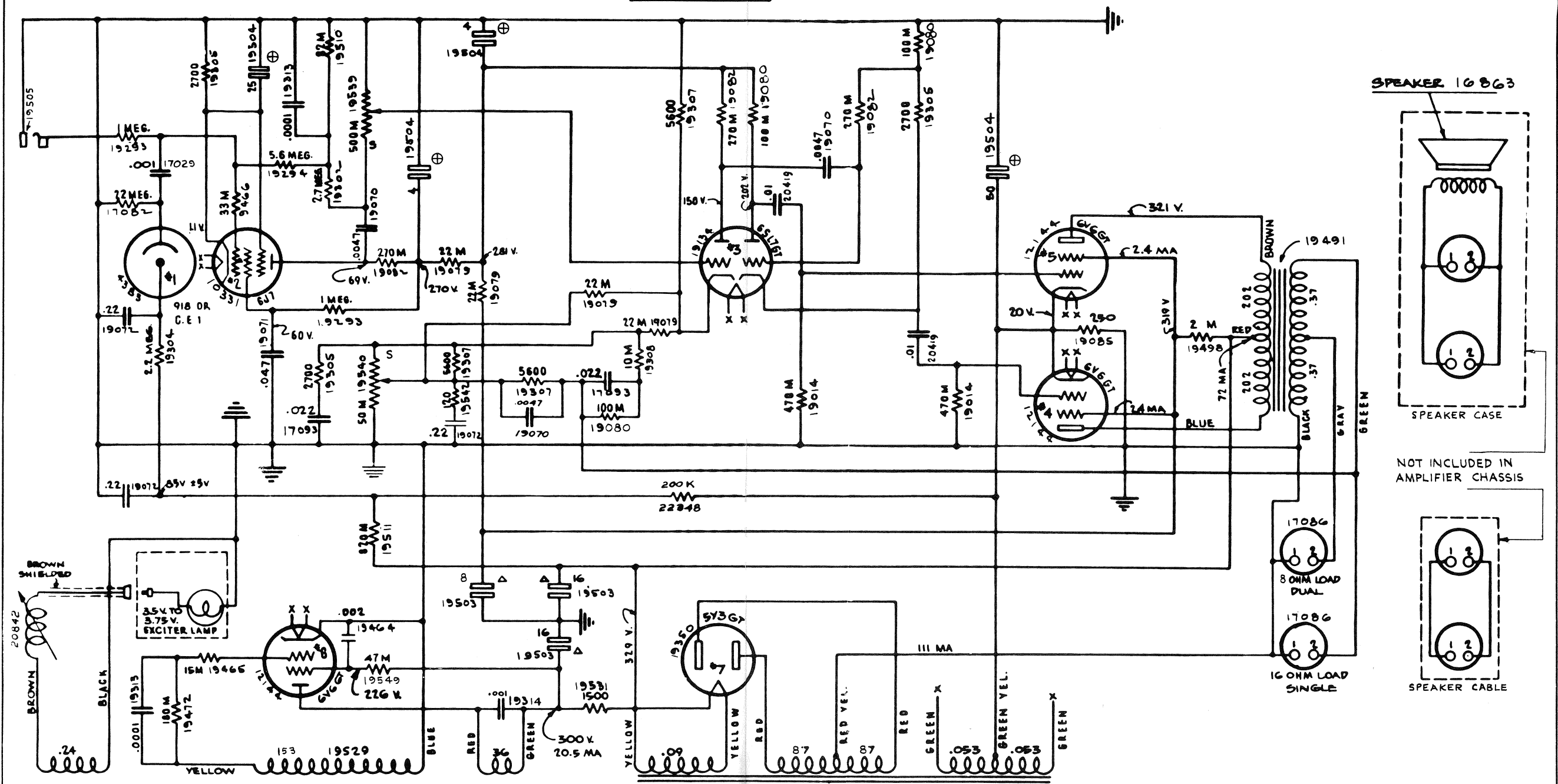
F.O.S. SERIAL NO'S. 767267 & UP

REVISION OF OCTOBER 1950

Bell & Howell Co. Chicago U.S.A.

AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM 05973
FOR DESIGNS 185 (ALL)

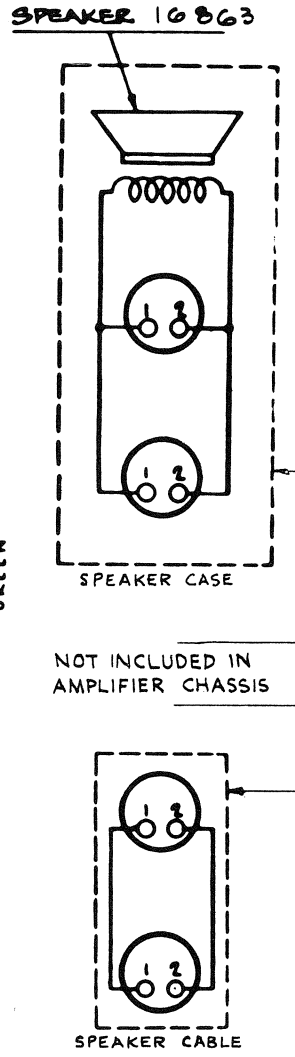
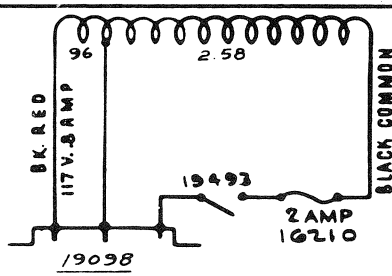
DATE 6-20-51	SERVICE DATA	DRAWN BY APVD. <i>[Signature]</i>
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FREQUENCY RESPONSE (DB±1)			
INPUT SIGNAL APPLIED THRU 20 MEGS TO P.E.C. CATHODE VOL. CONTROL ON FULL			
TONE CONTROL POSITION	①	②	③
INPUT VOLTAGE	.050	.050	.050
FREQUENCY	DB	DB	DB
50	-16.0	-12.0	-1.0
100	-15.0	-11.5	-0.0
500	-7.5	-7.5	-3.5
1000	-4.5	-6.0	-4.0
3000	-1.5	-5.0	-3.5
5000	-2.5	-5.0	-4.0
7000	-4.5	-6.0	-5.0
10,000	-7.0	-8.5	-7.0

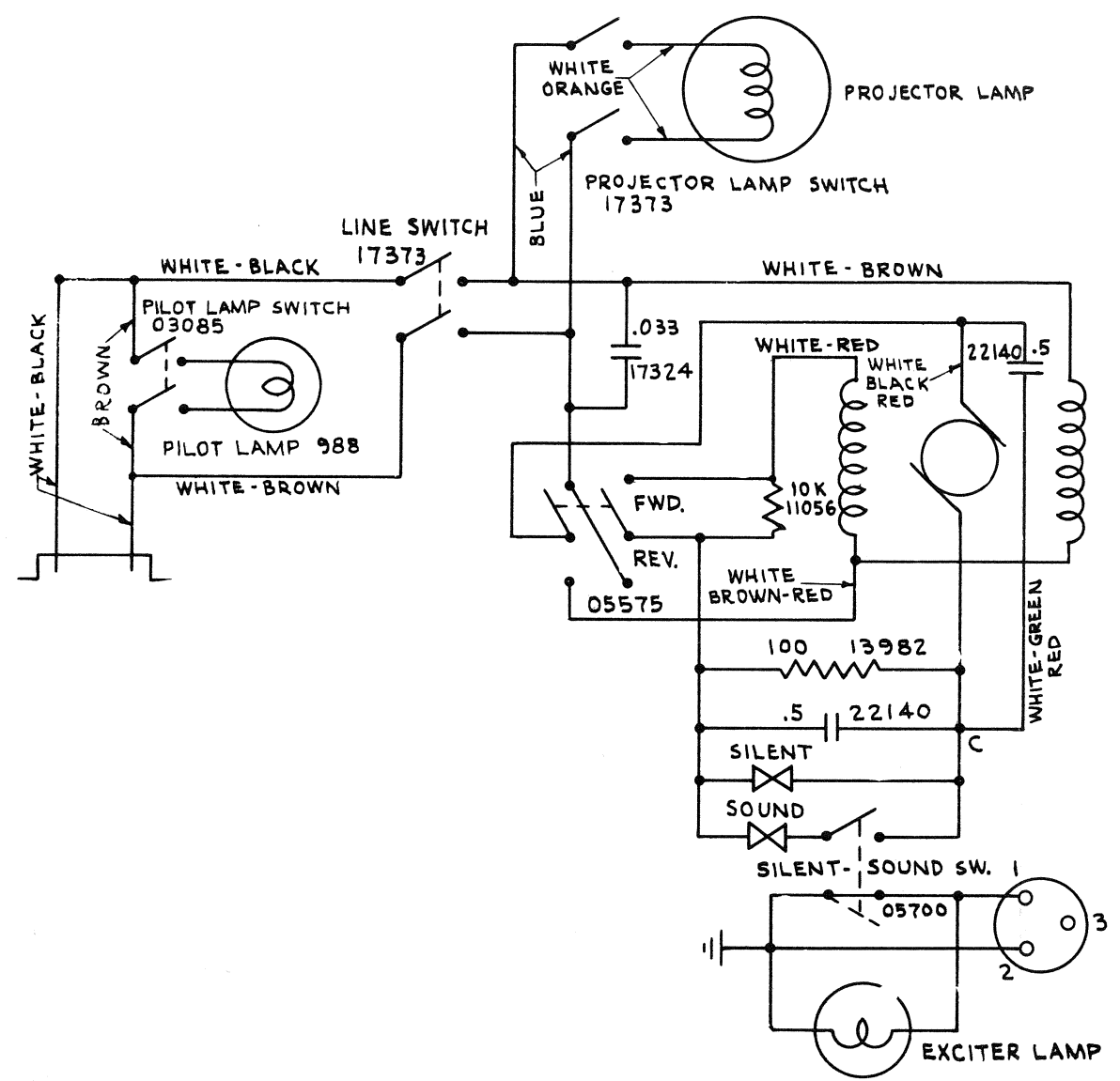
SENSITIVITY			
MEASURED AT 8 WATT OUTPUT AT 1000 CYCLES. TONE CONTROL BASS. VOLUME CONTROL SET AT MAXIMUM			
MICROPHONE INPUT: 0.013 VOLTS APPLIED DIRECTLY TO MIKE JACK			
FILM INPUT CHANNEL: 0.120 VOLTS APPLIED THRU 20 MEGS TO P.E.C. CATHODE			
POWER OUTPUT AT 5% DISTORTION			
LINE VOLTS	FREQUENCY	WATTS	TOLERANCE
117	400	12.0	±12%
MEASURED WITH VOLUME CONTROL AT MAXIMUM AND TONE CONTROL BASS RESISTANCE OUTPUT LOAD.			
ALL MEASUREMENTS MADE WITH 117 VOLT AC. 60 CYCLE LINE.			

WIRING COLOR CODE			
WHITE - GROUND	BROWN - SCREEN		
YELLOW - CATHODE	BLUE - PLATE		
RED - B+	BLACK - HEATER		
GREEN - GRID			
*S INDICATES TERMINAL AT CLOCK-WISE STOP. ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO CHASSIS AND TONE CONTROL BASS.			
⊕ INDICATES CAPACITORS IN BANK.			
①	②	③	④
⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧

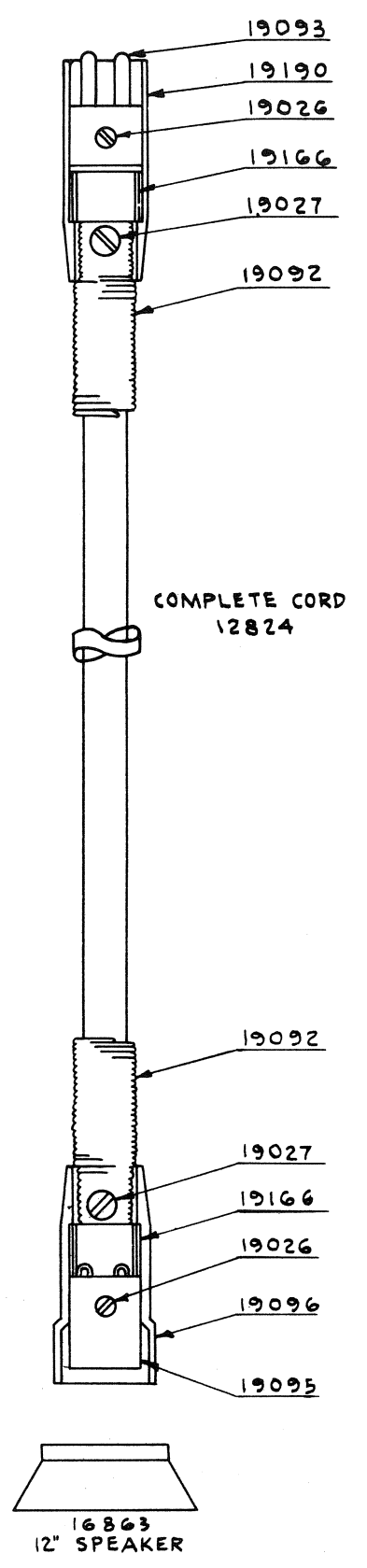
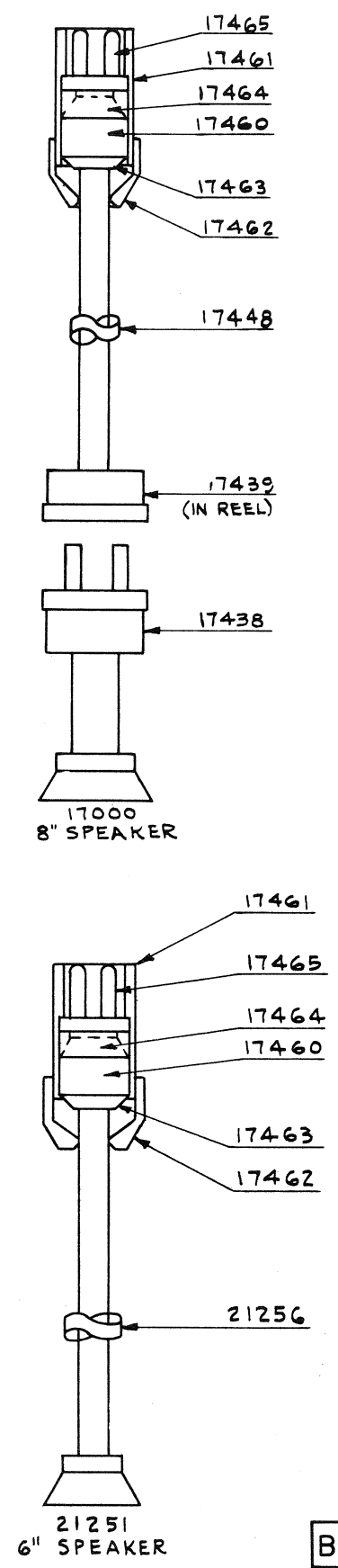


WIRE COLOR CODE			
WHITE	GROUND	BLUE	PLATE
YELLOW	CATHODE	BROWN	SCREEN
RED	B+	BLACK	AC
GREEN	GRID	BLACK & WHITE	B-

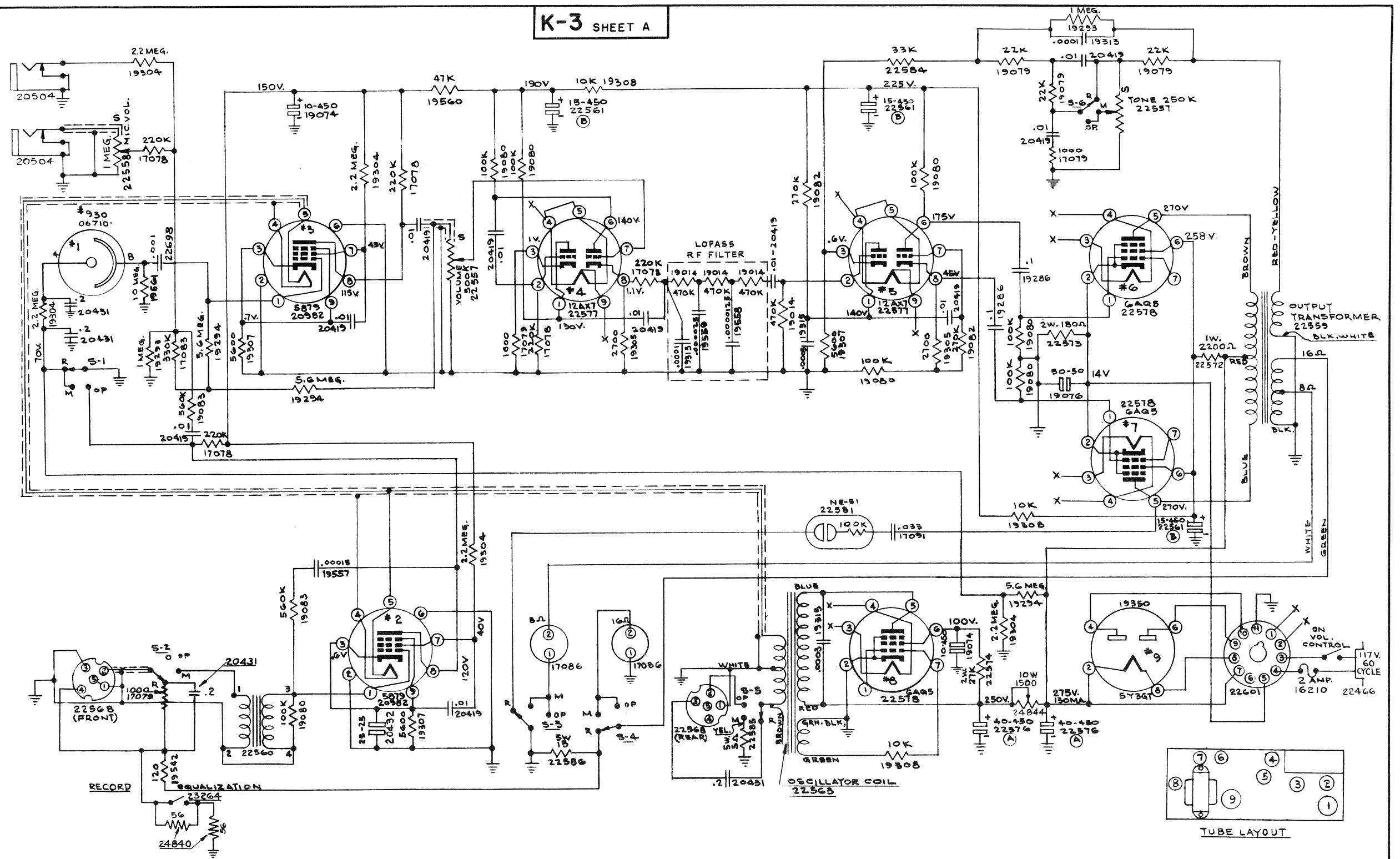
50 TO 60 CYCLES		
Bell & Howell Co. Chicago U.S.A.		
14W AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM FOR DESIGNS 185 (ALL) (06580)		
DATE 3-6-52	SERVICE DATA	DRAWN <i>ael</i> APVD. <i>ael</i>



PARTS ON THIS SHEET NOT INCLUDED IN AMPLIFIER CHASSIS



Bell & Howell Co. Chicago U.S.A.		
PROJECTOR WIRING DIAGRAM & CABLES FOR DESIGNS 1B5 (ALL)		
DATE 3-3-52	SERVICE DATA	DRAWN <i>ad</i> APVD <i>LL</i>



NOTE: VOLTAGES POINT TO POINT ARE
BASED ON 117 VOLT A.C. LINE INPUT.

(A) - INDICATES CAPACITORS IN SAME CAN (22576)
(B) - INDICATES CAPACITORS IN SAME CAN (22561)
S - INDICATES TERMINAL AT CLOCKWISE STOP.
VOLTAGES INDICATED MEASURED TO CHASSIS GROUND.
(FUNCTION SWITCH IN MAG. OR OPT. PLAY BACK POSITION)
ALL RESISTORS 1/2 WATT UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE
S-1 TO S-6 (INCL) INDICATE SECTIONS OF SELECTOR SWITCH
(22558)

WIRE COLOR CODE			
WHITE	GROUND	BROWN	SCREEN
YELLOW	CATHODE	BLACK	AC
RED	B+	WHITE & BLACK	B-
GREEN	GRID		
BLUE	PLATE		

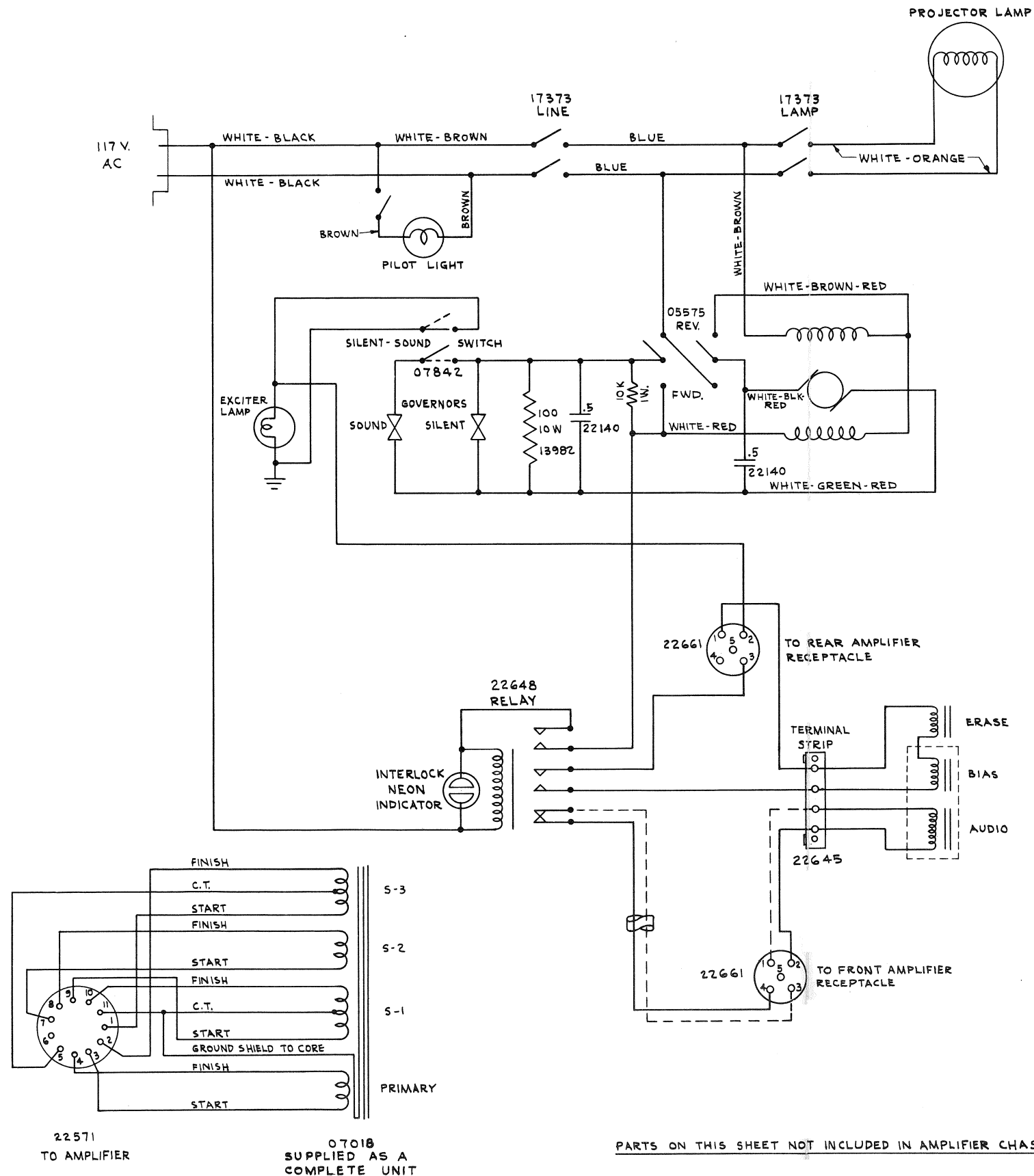
Bell & Howell Co. Chicago U.S.A.

AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM
FOR DESIGNS 202 (ALL)

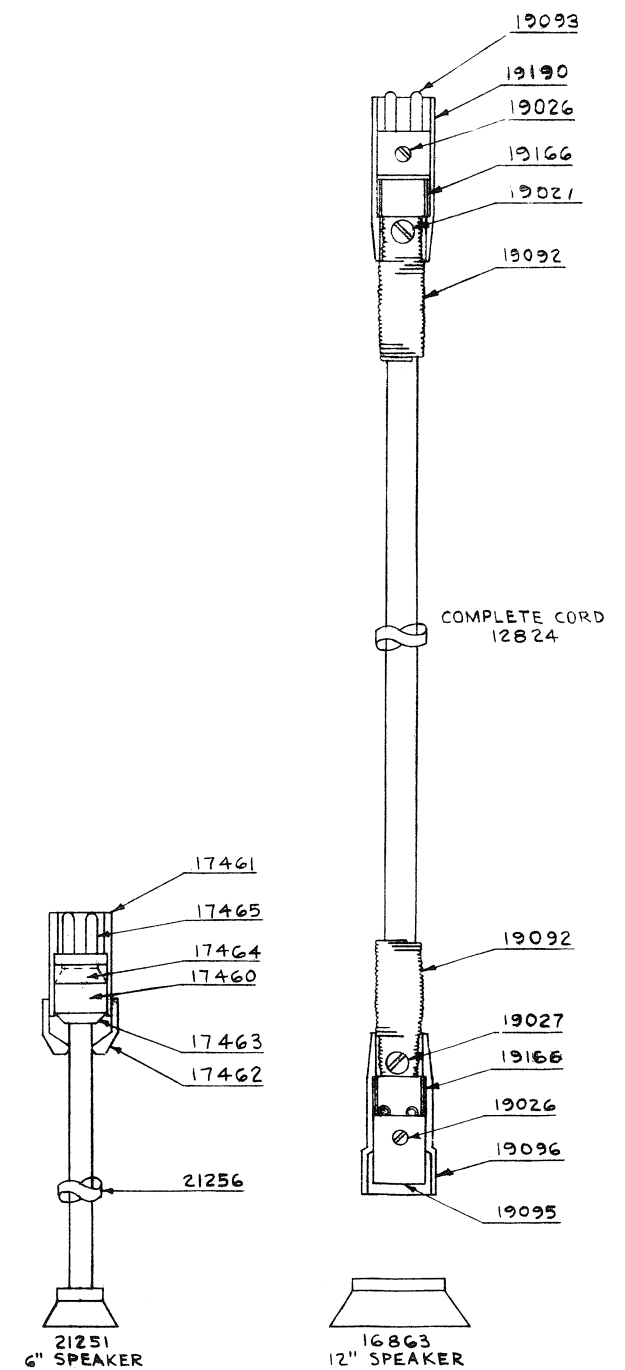
DATE 3-3-52
REVISED- 4-25-52

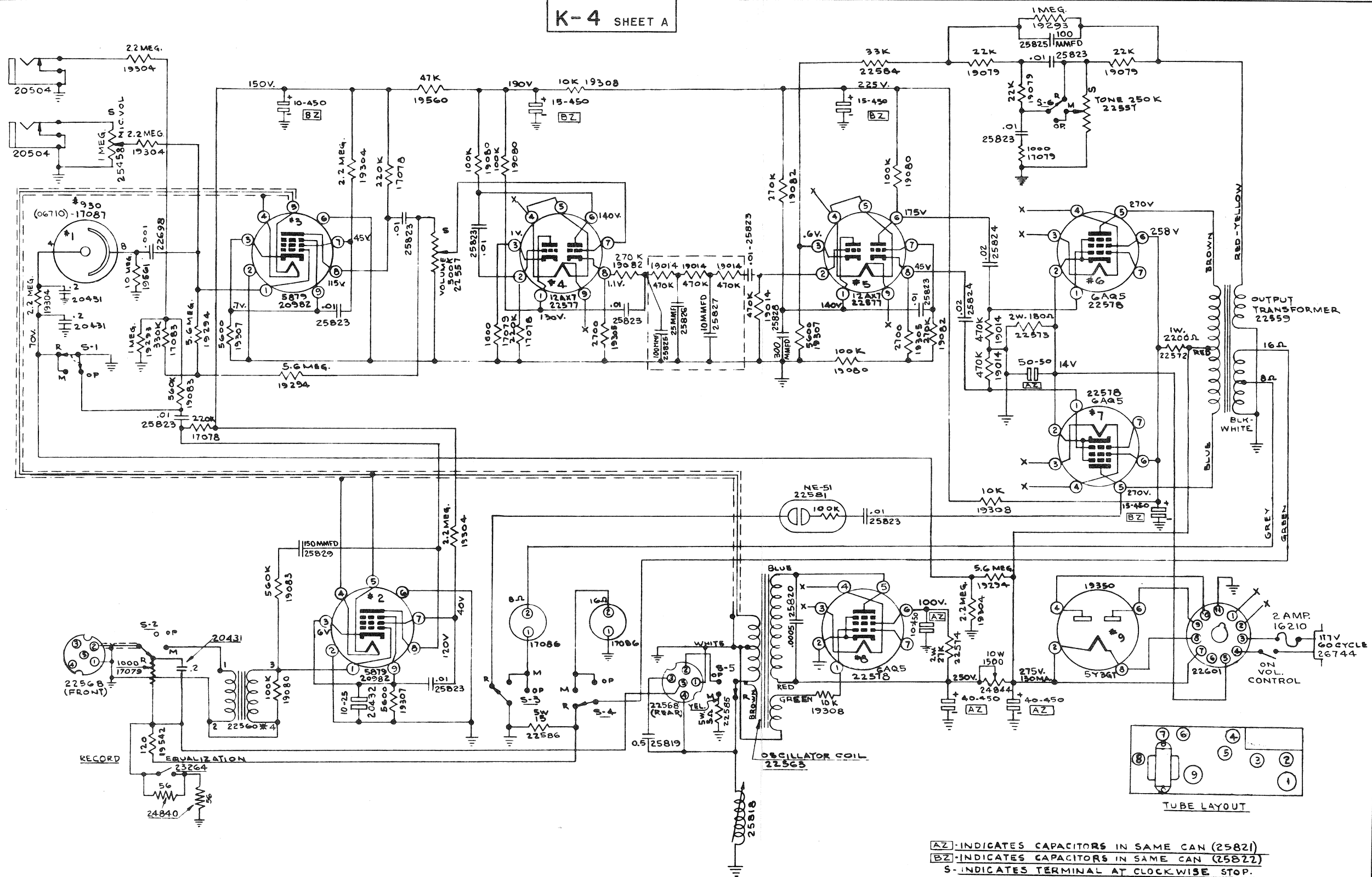
SERVICE DATA

DRAWN *ad*
APVD. *LL*



PARTS ON THIS SHEET NOT INCLUDED IN AMPLIFIER CHASSIS



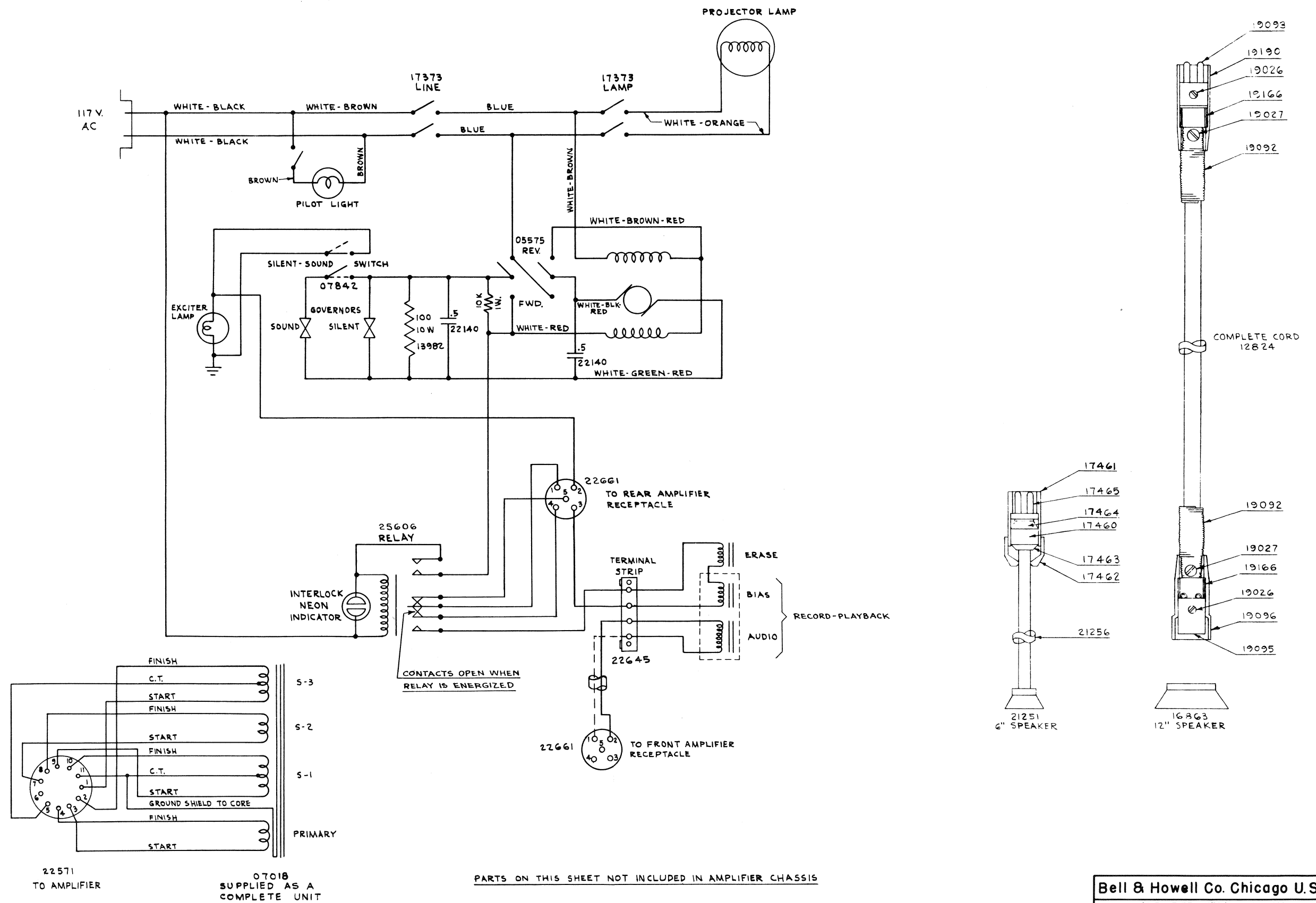


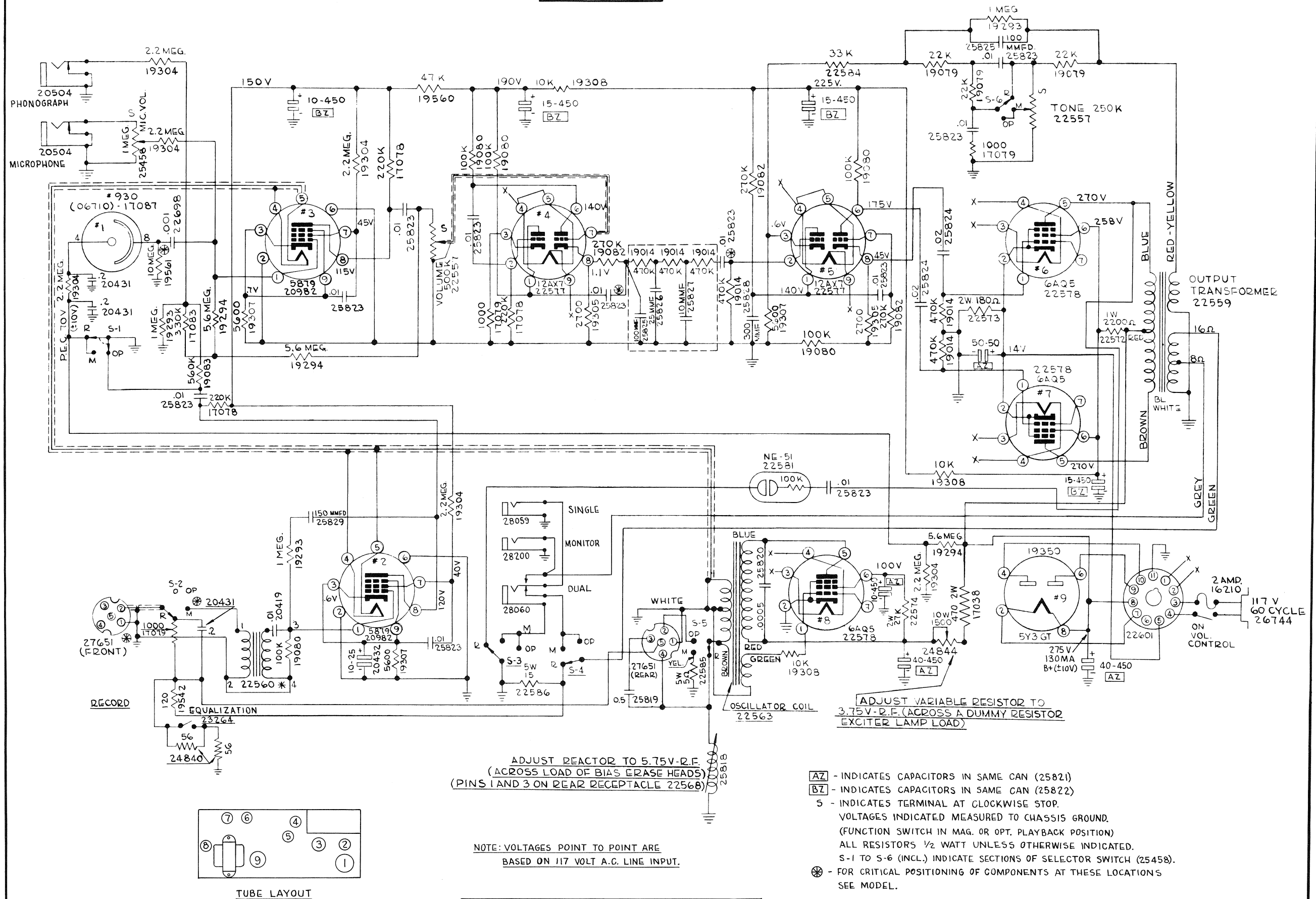
NOTE: VOLTAGES POINT TO POINT ARE
BASED ON 117 VOLT A.C. LINE INPUT.

[AZ] INDICATES CAPACITORS IN SAME CAN (25821)
[BZ] INDICATES CAPACITORS IN SAME CAN (25822)
S- INDICATES TERMINAL AT CLOCKWISE STOP.
VOLTAGES INDICATED MEASURED TO CHASSIS GROUND.
(FUNCTION SWITCH IN MAG. OR OPT. PLAY BACK POSITION)
ALL RESISTORS 1/2 WATT UNLESS INDICATED OTHERWISE.
S-1 TO S-6 (INCL) INDICATE SECTIONS OF SELECTOR SWITCH (25458)

WIRE COLOR CODE			
WHITE	GROUND	BLUE	PLATE
YELLOW	CATHODE	BROWN	SCREEN
RED	B+	BLACK	AC
GREEN	GRID	WHITE & BLACK	B-

Bell & Howell Co. Chicago U.S.A.		
AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM FOR DESIGNS 202 (ALL) (08256)		
DATE 11-6-53	SERVICE DATA	DRAWN <i>ael</i> APVD. <i>ael</i>



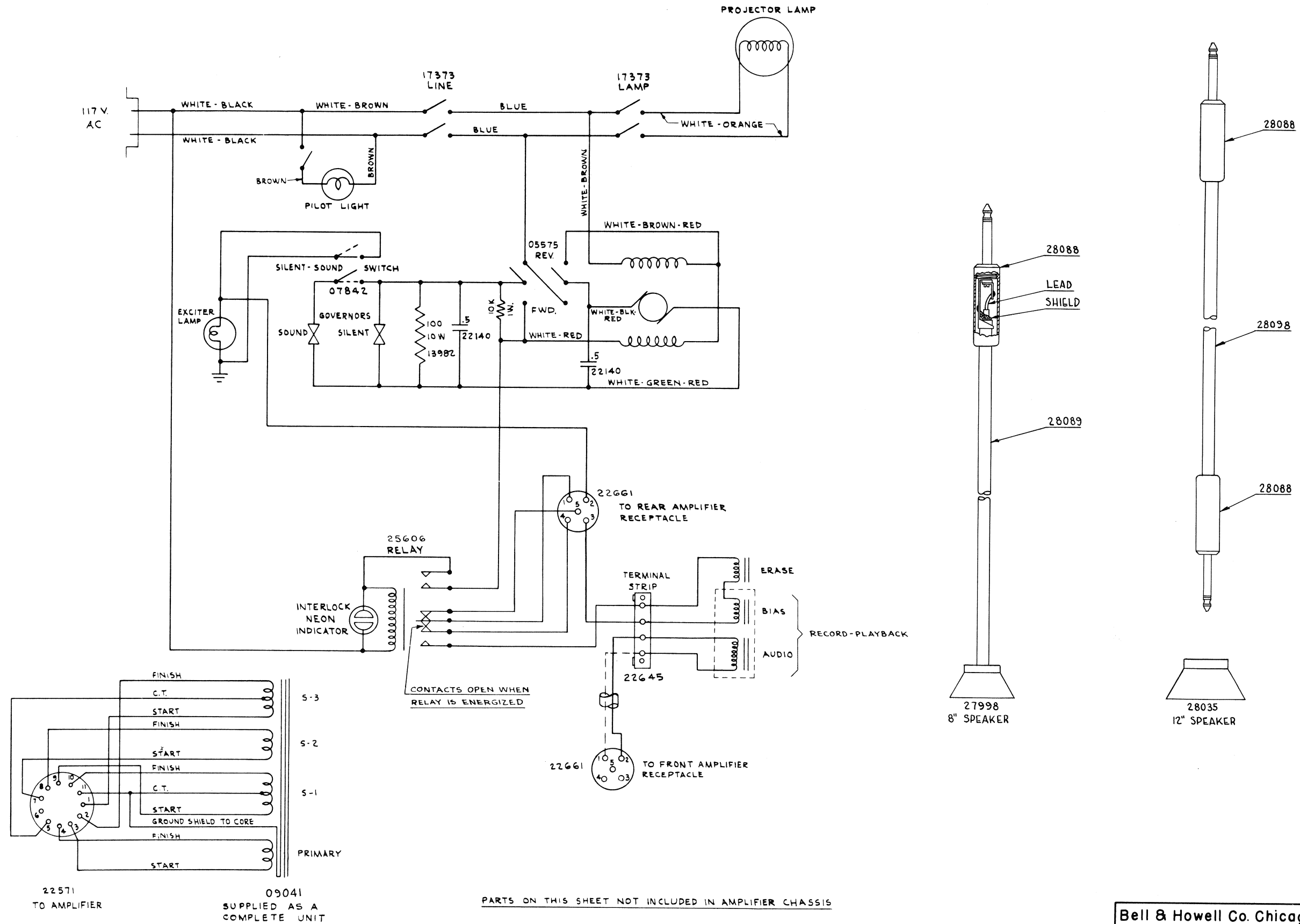


ADJUST REACTOR TO 5.75V-R.F.
(ACROSS LOAD OF BIAS ERASE HEADS)
(PINS 1 AND 3 ON REAR RECEPTACLE 22568)

NOTE: VOLTAGES POINT TO POINT ARE
BASED ON 117 VOLT A.C. LINE INPUT.

- AZ - INDICATES CAPACITORS IN SAME CAN (25821)
BZ - INDICATES CAPACITORS IN SAME CAN (25822)
S - INDICATES TERMINAL AT CLOCKWISE STOP.
VOLTAGES INDICATED MEASURED TO CHASSIS GROUND.
(FUNCTION SWITCH IN MAG. OR OPT. PLAYBACK POSITION)
ALL RESISTORS 1/2 WATT UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
S-1 TO S-6 (INCL.) INDICATE SECTIONS OF SELECTOR SWITCH (25458).
⊗ - FOR CRITICAL POSITIONING OF COMPONENTS AT THESE LOCATIONS
SEE MODEL.

WIRE COLOR CODE			
WHITE	GROUND	BLUE	PLATE
YELLOW	CATHODE	BROWN	SCREEN
RED	B+	BLACK	AC
GREEN	GRID	WHITE & BLACK	B-



Bell & Howell Co. Chicago U.S.A.

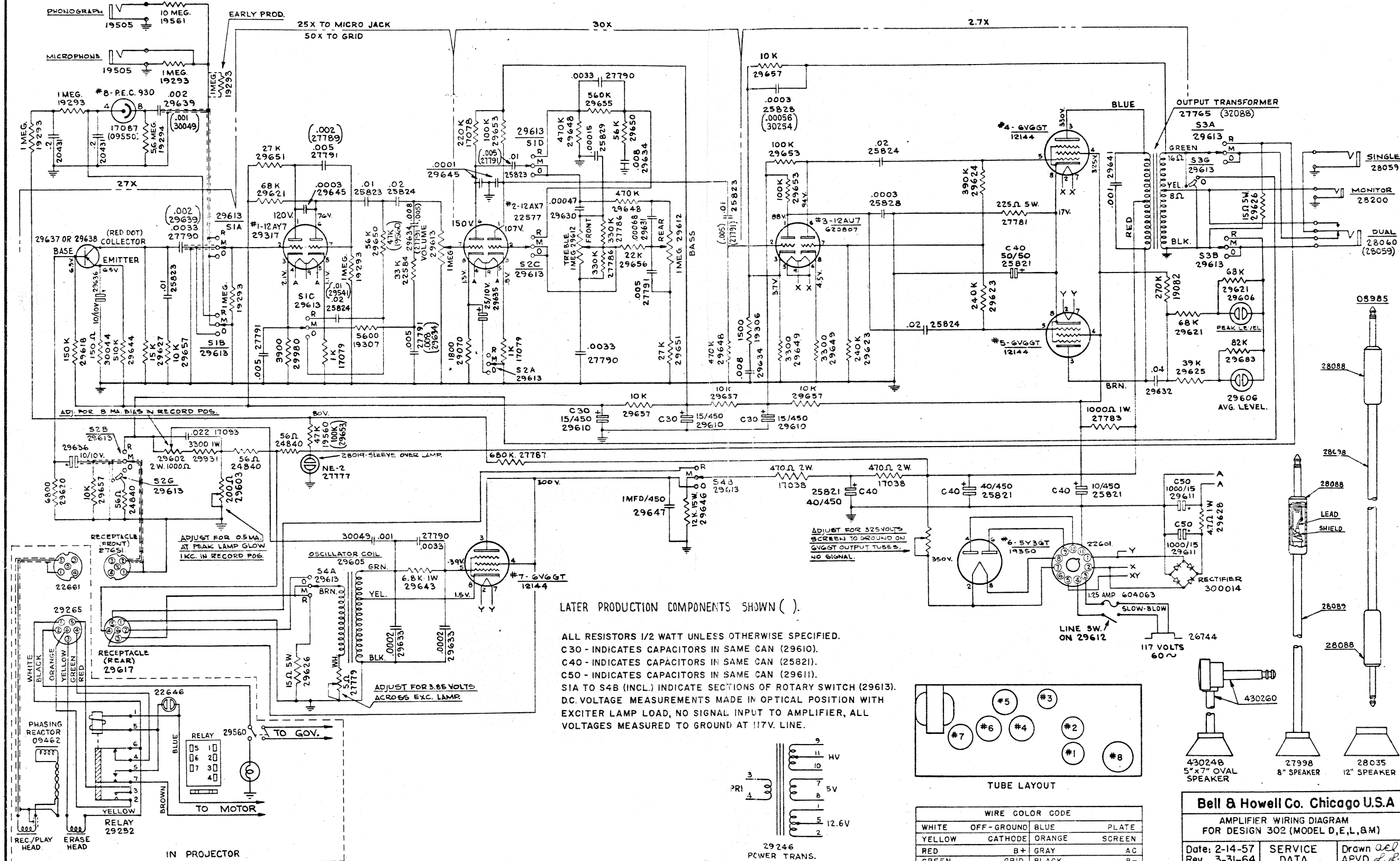
AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM
FOR DESIGNS 302 (ALL)

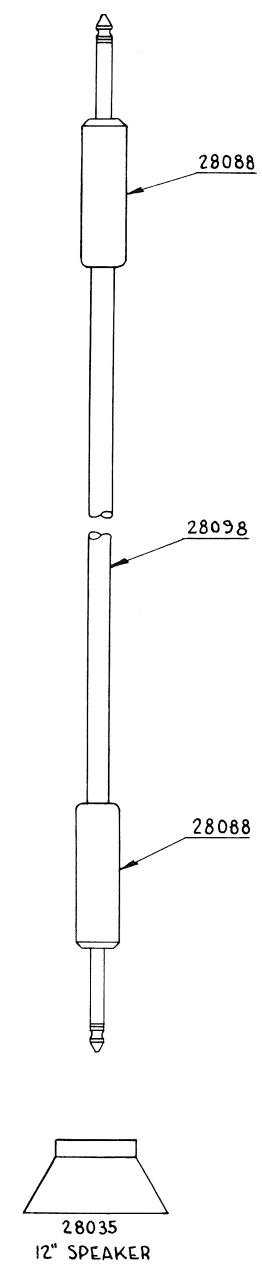
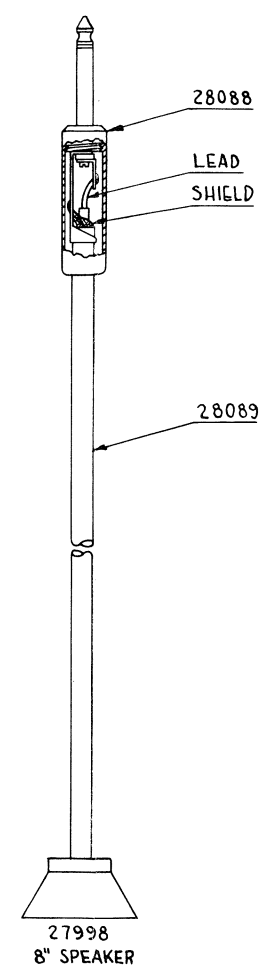
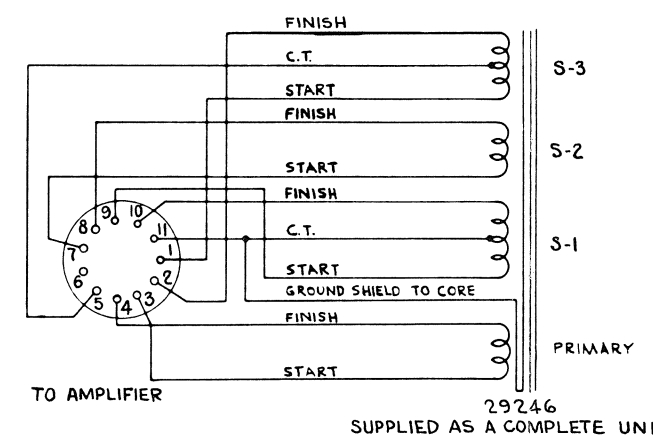
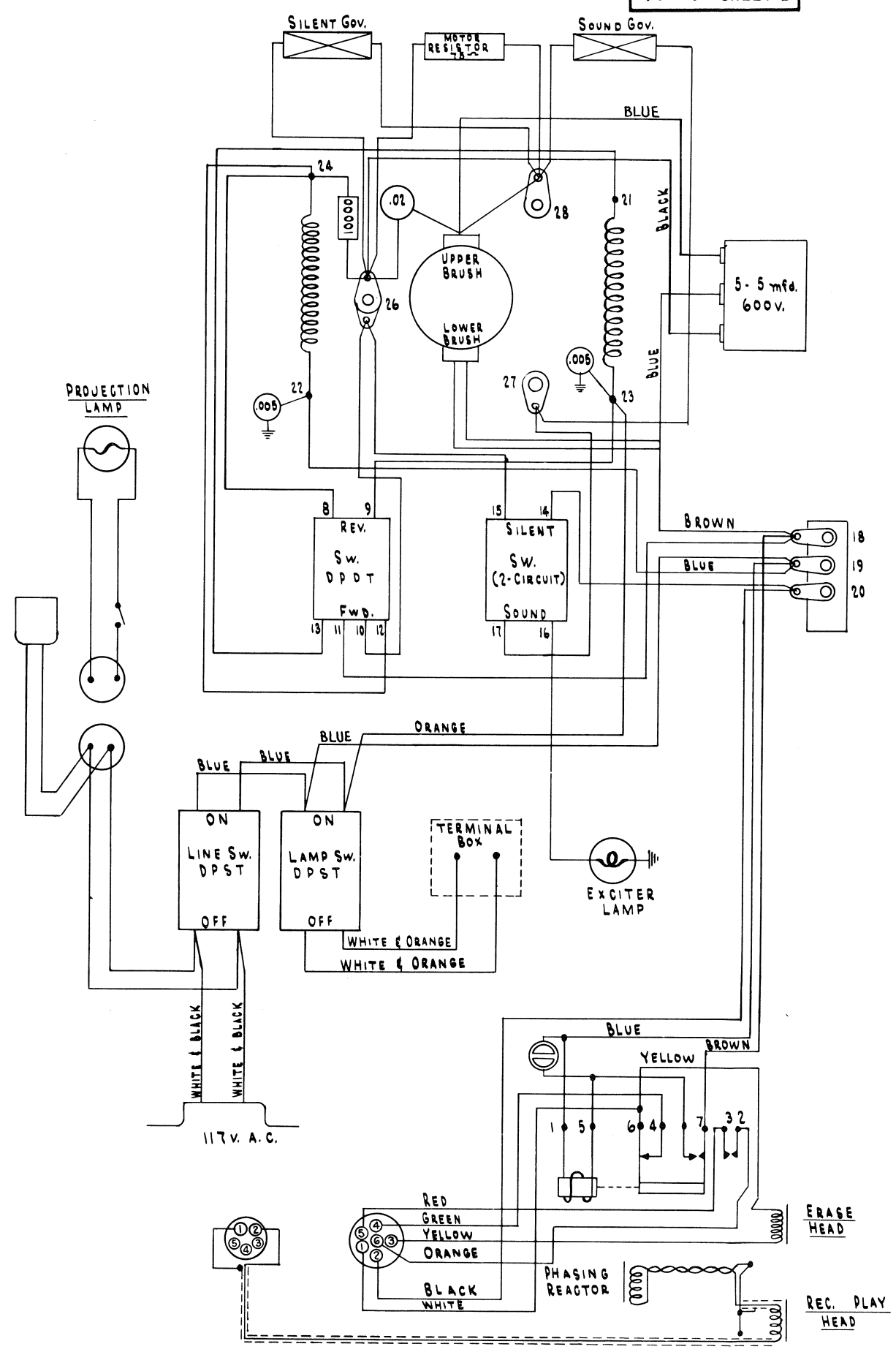
DATE 11-25-55

SERVICE DATA

DRAWN <i>ael</i> APVD. <i>L.L.</i>

K-7 SHEET A

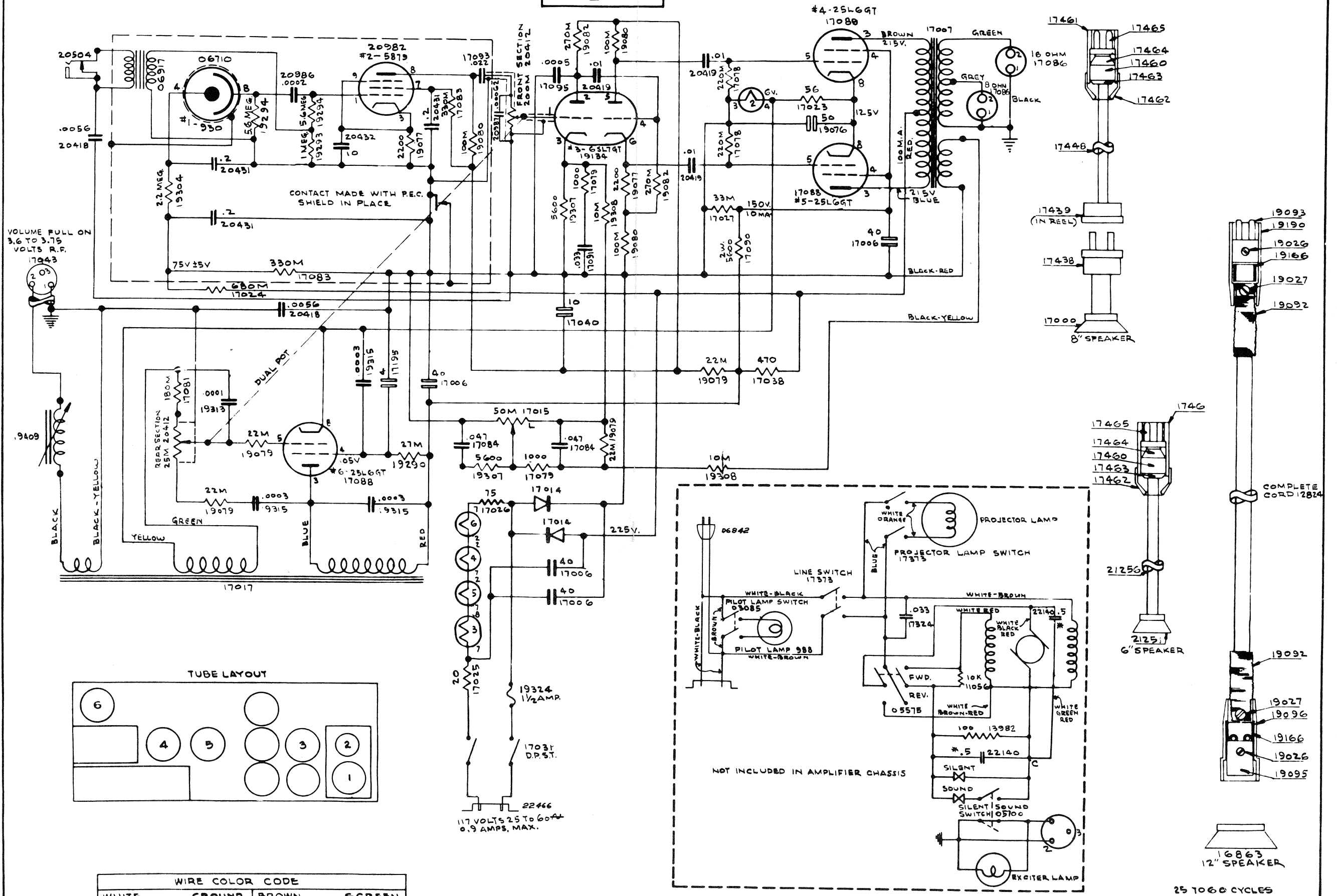




PARTS ON THIS SHEET NOT INCLUDED IN AMPLIFIER CHASSIS.

Bell & Howell Co. Chicago U.S.A.		
AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM		
FOR DESIGN 302 (MOD. D & E) (09431)		
DATE 2-14-57	SERVICE DATA	DRAWN <i>ael</i> APVD <i>xx</i>

L-2



WIRE COLOR CODE			
WHITE	GROUND	BROWN	SCREEN
YELLOW	CATHODE	BLACK	AC
RED	B+	WHITE & BLACK	B-
GREEN	GRID		
BLUE	PLATE		

ALL VOLTAGES MEASURED WITH METER
WITH 11 MEGOHM INPUT.

Bell & Howell Co. Chicago U.S.A.

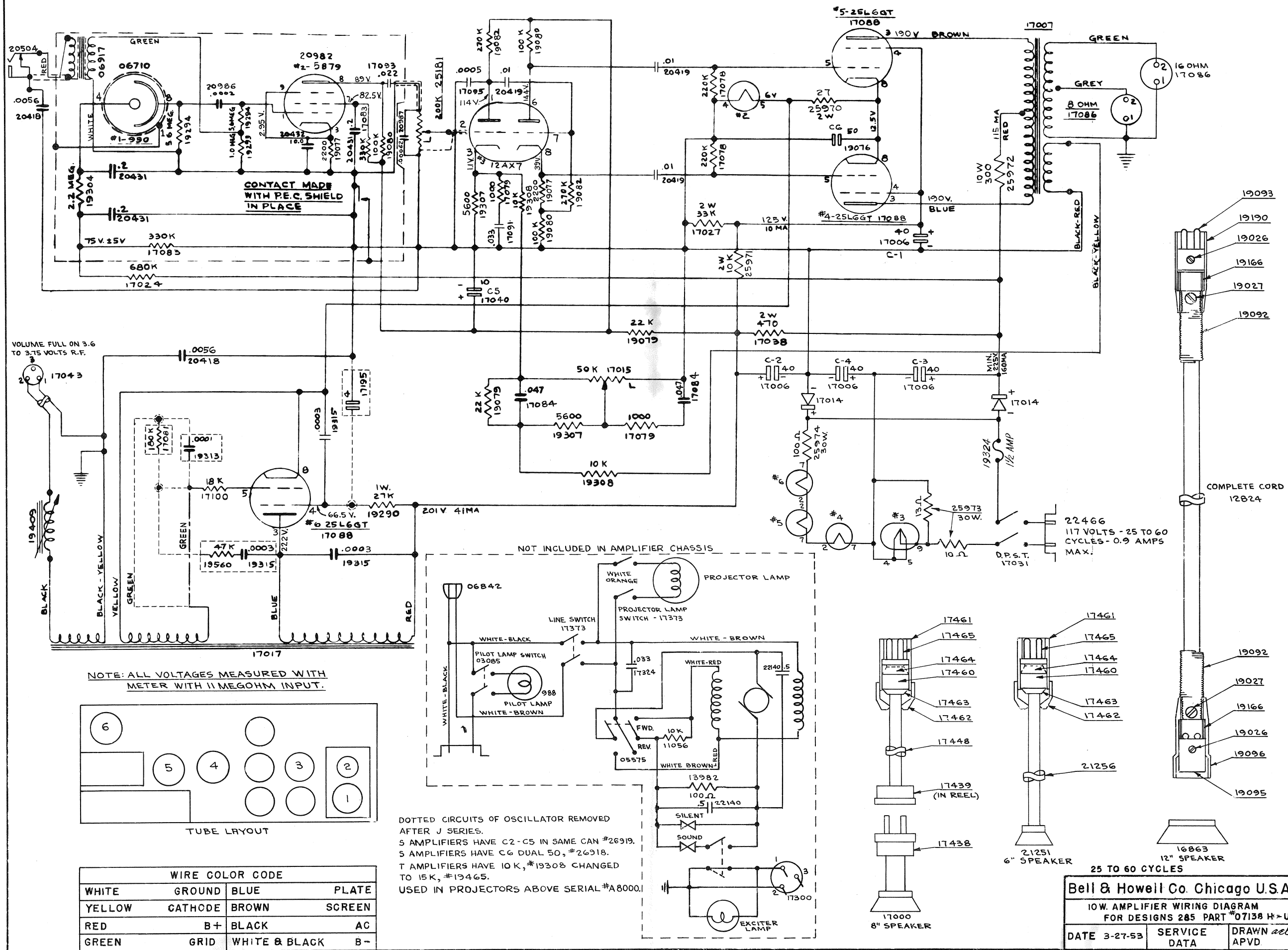
10W. AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM
FOR DESIGNS 285 (ALL) (07138)

DATE 5-23-51

SERVICE DATA

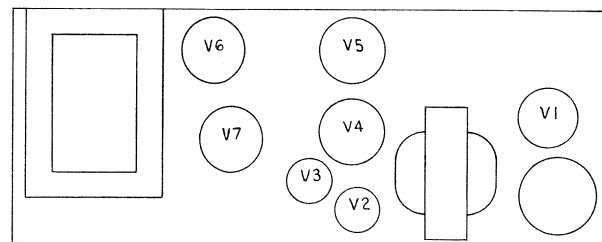
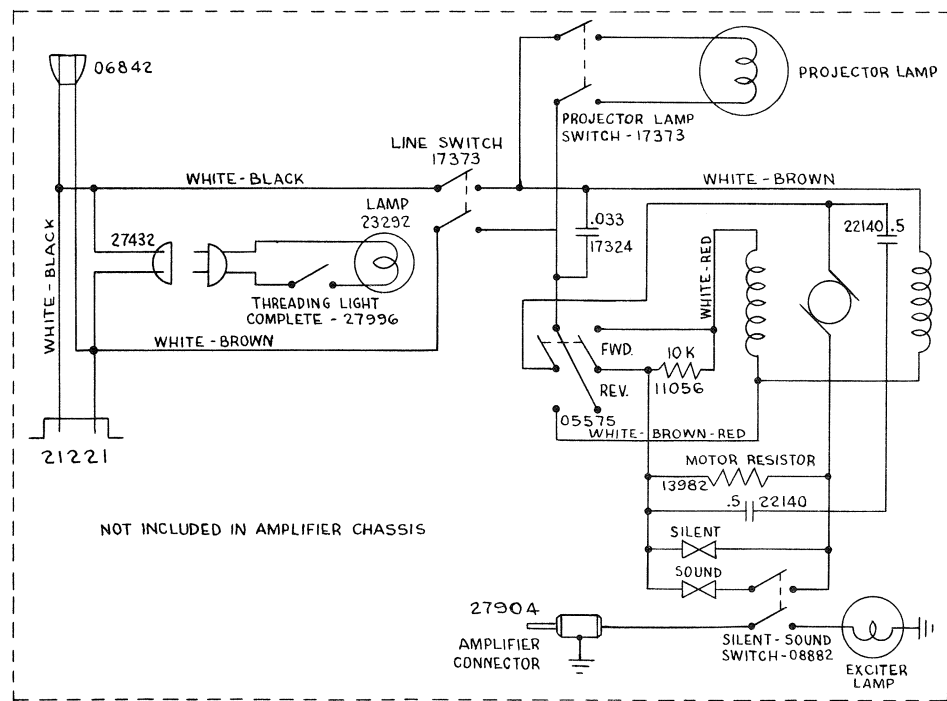
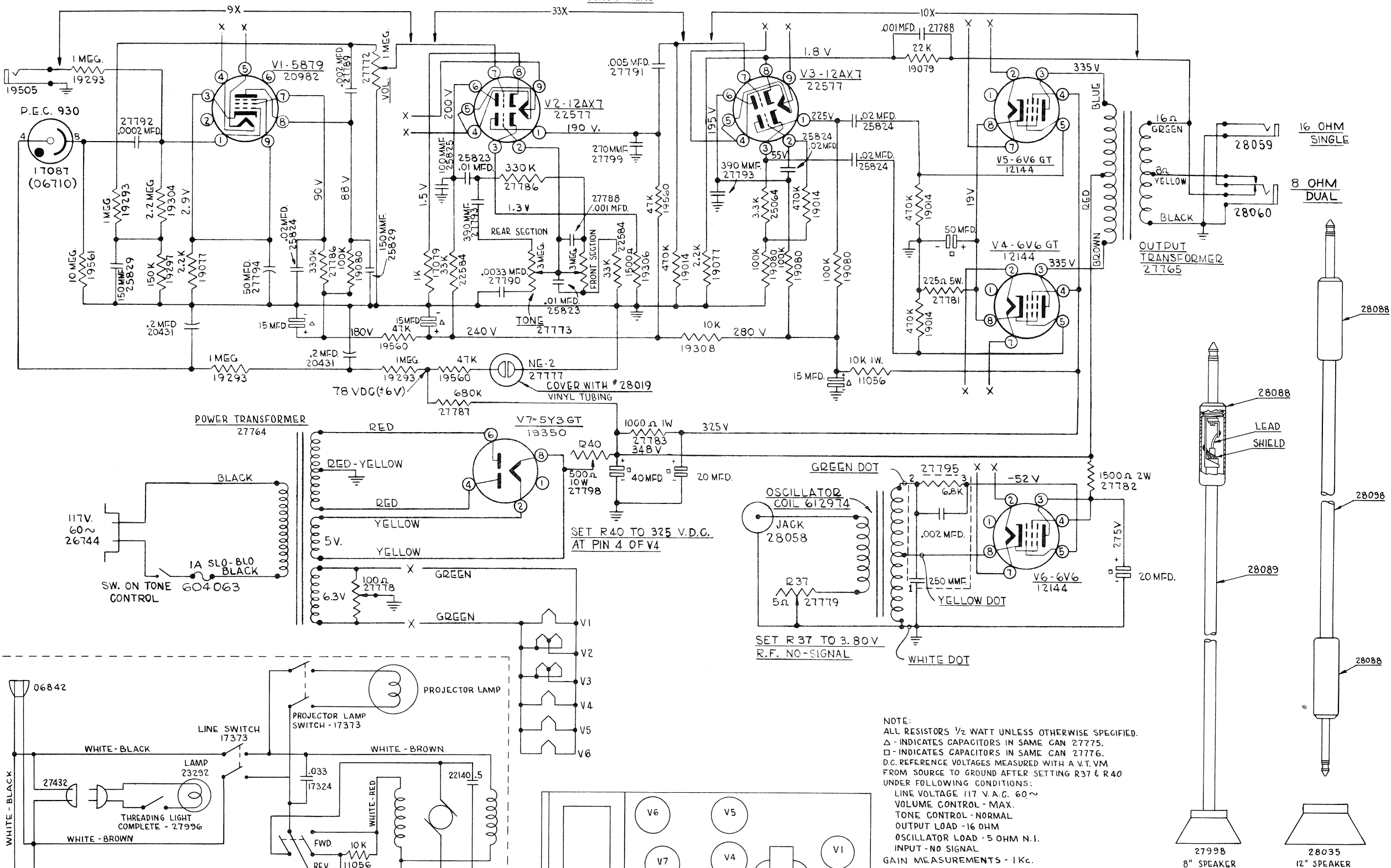
DRAWN *wt*
APPROX *2 1/2*

APVU 22



M-1

STAGE GAINS

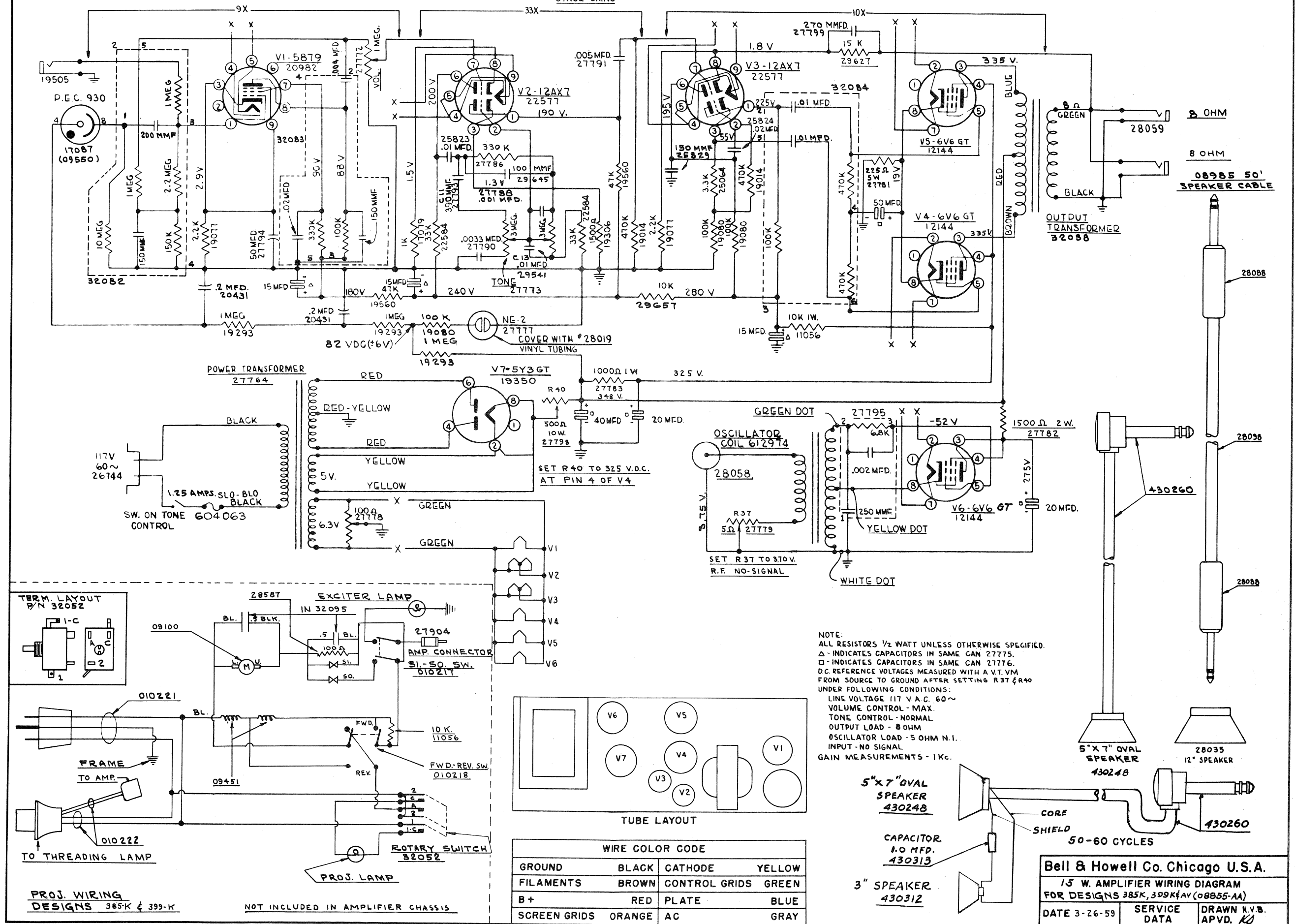


WIRE COLOR CODE			
GROUND	BLACK	CATHODE	YELLOW
FILAMENTS	BROWN	CONTROL GRIDS	GREEN
B +	RED	PLATE	BLUE
SCREEN GRIDS	ORANGE	AC	GRAY

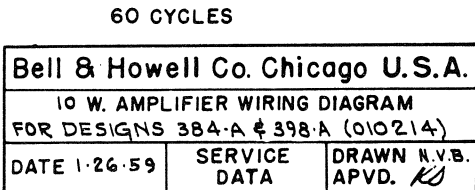
60 CYCLES		
Bell & Howell Co. Chicago U.S.A.		
15 W. AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM FOR DESIGNS 385 (08855)		
DATE 11-10-55	SERVICE DATA	DRAWN ael APVD.

M-2

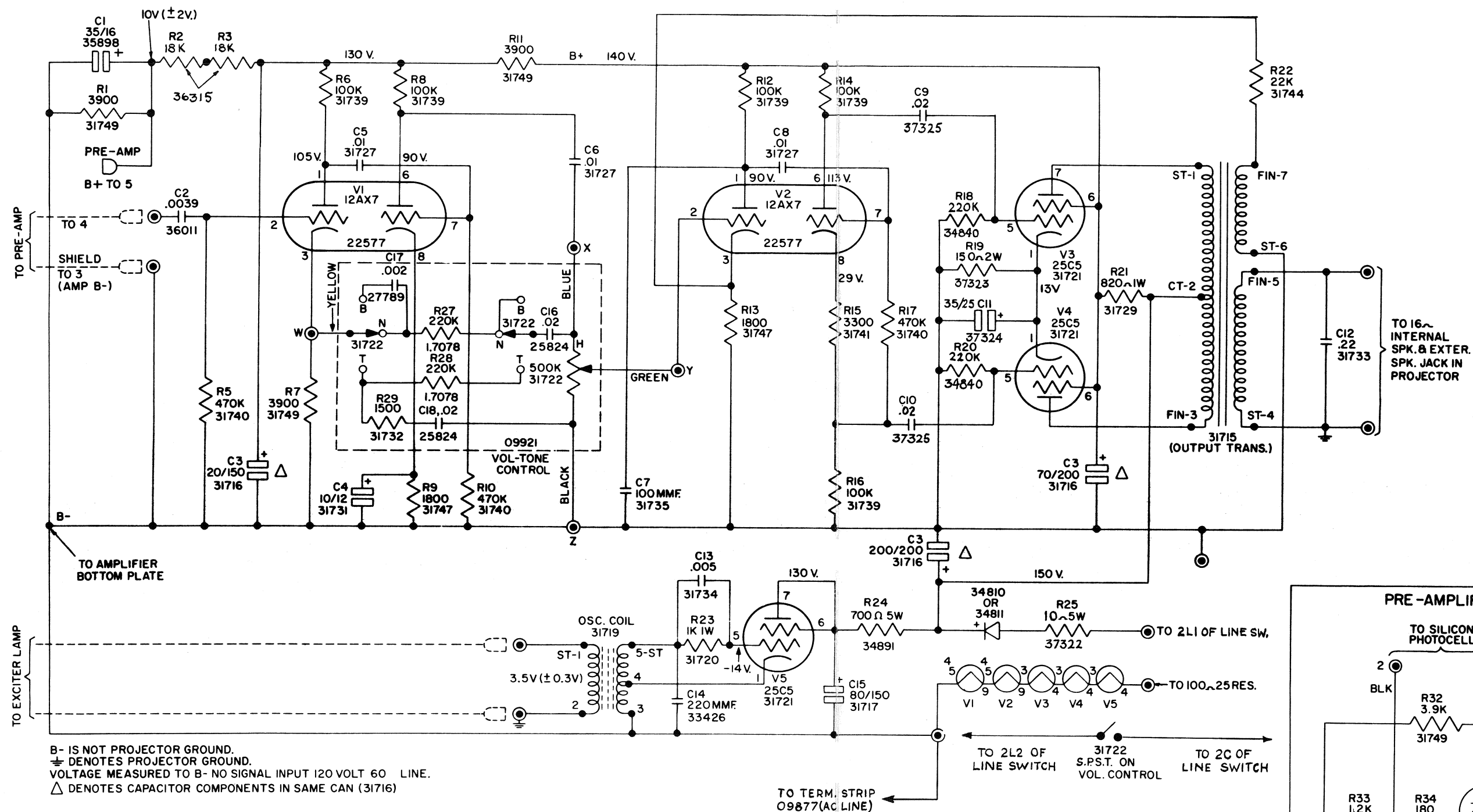
STAGE GAINS



STAGE GAINS



P-3A



NOTE: Amplifier component changes were made on Ser. No. 12464 to 15199 projectors and on projectors above Ser. No. 22201

BELL & HOWELL CO.-CHICAGO, U.S.A.

AMPLIFIER WIRING DIAGRAM
(SILICON CELL)
DES. 500 SERIES FILMOSOUNDS

DATE 6-15-64	SERVICE DATA	DRAWN LAZ APPVD. EGP
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